

RALLY AT PAWNEE.

A Grand Silver Rally was Held at Pawnee City Yesterday. The speakers were United States Senator William V. Allen, Hon. J. H. Broady, free silver candidate for congress from the First district, and Hon. Judge Gregory, a free silver republican of Omaha.

NINE-TENTHS FOR BRYAN.

Wonderful Showing of a Poll of Railroad Employes in Chicago. Chicago, Ill., Sept. 26.—The polls taken by railroad employes in Chicago, on roads which are not exercising intimidation and bulldozing, show that more than nine-tenths of the railroad men will vote for Bryan and free silver.

IN STARK COUNTY.

The Silver Sentiment Unusually Warm in that Locality. Silver people who have been reading about the great crowds that are flocking to Canton to greet the goldbug nominee are requested to read the following letter written to the secretary of the Lincoln Bimetallic League:

Dear Sir: Will you mail me at once your best literature for distribution through our silver club of seventy-five members. This is McKinley's county and the silver sentiment is beginning to "boil".

M. M. BAUER, Lake, Stark Co., O. All Join Hands. NELSON, Neb., Sept. 25, 1896. TO THE EDITOR: As the election approaches all the reform forces become more closely united and more enthusiastic for Bryan, Sutherland, and free silver.

Nuckolls county has been in the van of reform since the inception of the populist party and may safely be counted upon for 500 majority for the entire ticket this fall.

A GREAT REMEDY.

For Sufferers from Piles. Dr. Radmond, a specialist in the study and treatment of Piles and rectal diseases, recently stated that the Pyramid Pile Cure, the new discovery for the cure of piles, was the most remarkable remedy he had ever seen or tried in one respect; and that was the instant relief experienced in all cases, no matter how severe, from the moment the remedy was applied; this was the more surprising to him, because he had carefully analyzed the preparation and no trace of opium, cocaine or similar poison could be detected.

Bryan's Boston Welcome. Boston, Mass., Sep., 26.—One stop only, and that South Framingham, was made by candidate Bryan on his trip from Worcester to Boston.

One Honest Man. Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially, I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Lack of Confidence, etc.

LET THEM ANSWER.

Mr. Bryan arrived in Boston at 5:37 yesterday afternoon. He came over the Boston & Albany railroad and was met at the station by a delegation of the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club. About 20,000 people assembled to get a glimpse of the democratic candidate.

When Mr. Bryan appeared upon the platform of his car there was a cheer and a mighty rush by the crowd. The police resorted to force, and at last pushed the crowd back and made way for Mr. Bryan and Mr. Williams.

Mr. Bryan quickly entered the carriage and was driven to the American house, where, after a short reception, at which a few members of the bimetallic union and Hon. Arthur Sewall of Bath, were present, he took luncheon with prominent silver men.

IS IT A TRIFLE?

That Common Trouble, Acid Dyspepsia or Sour Stomach. Now Recognized as a Cause of Serious Disease. Acid dyspepsia, commonly called heartburn or sour stomach, is a form of indigestion resulting from fermentation of the food.

Stuart's dyspepsia Tablets have been placed before the public and are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. It is prepared by the Stuart Chemical Co., Marshall, Mich., and while it promptly and effectually restores a vigorous digestion, at the same time it is perfectly harmless and will not injure the most delicate stomach.

Trusdale at Blue Springs. Blue Springs, Neb., Sept. 25.—Judge Trusdale of Chicago spoke to a large and enthusiastic crowd of citizens at the Bryan headquarters Tuesday night, and the candid way in which he presented the silver question carried conviction to the minds of the republicans.

THE MORNING PREVARICATOR.

A Little Instance of the Terrible Habit it Has Gotten Into. In this Morning's Journal appears the following:

CORTLAND, Neb., Sept. 24.—(Special).—The ladies of Cortland have organized a McKinley and Hobart glee club with a membership of forty-five. At their last meeting they elected the following officers: Miss L. L. Grotjan, president; Miss Susie Mickel, vice-president; Miss Edith McKenle, secretary; Miss Adelia Clark, treasurer.

It will be seen from the above that the Journal has only placed the number who joined the McKinley club twenty-three above the actual number and those who joined the Bryan club at seven below the total enrollment.

10 campaign subscriptions \$1.00. Send in your orders. Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially, I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Lack of Confidence, etc.

LET THEM ANSWER.

A Writer Wants the Republicans to Give Him Some Reasons. CENTRAL CITY, Neb., Sept. 25, 1896. TO THE EDITOR:—Will you give me space to ask a few questions of our opponents on the political issues of the day?

First—Will our republican friends tell us why we need an international agreement to establish a ratio of silver to gold? All the leading nations of the world have changed their ratio and so has the United States up to this time without any assistance from an outside party.

Second—All the great statesmen (?) in the republican party have spoken this fall say that to have free coinage of both metals will raise the price of products at least 50 per cent, and some say 100. Now, if these great men tell the truth, then we must infer that when the free coinage stopped our products were cut down one-half in price.

Again, Mr. Republican, why is it that the nations using silver are the most prosperous? That is, have the least debt compared with assessed valuation. The debt of Europe is twenty-seven times our own, and the valuation two and one-half times our own—eleven times less prosperous.

Do you wish to engage in business with parties whose debts average over one-eighth of their capital while our own is about one-sixtieth? Show me conclusively that we Americans should not stand up for America every time. That we must now with one-fourth of the wealth of the world go back to the cradle and bottle and cringe and creep up to those devils, who during our civil war encouraged the south to fight on until we were all dead, and then they would reap the reward of blood.

M. M. HALLECK.

A Happy Couple.

Squire Moore and His Estimable Wife Interest a Reporter. From Tribune, Greeley, Colorado.

Among the many good people residing in Greeley, Colorado, Squire Moore and his amiable wife are the best known and the most respected. This happy couple were born in West Riding, of New York, England, in 1820. In 1848 they emigrated to this country and settled in Derby, Conn., where they resided for a number of years.

A reporter called on them recently and was received cordially and in response to his inquiries, Mrs. Moore said: "For four years I was miserable, hardly a week passed during that time but what I suffered from extreme lassitude. The least exertion fatigued me. At times when I was sewing or reading, I would be troubled with tingling sensations, like the pricking of pins in hands, feet, arms and legs.

"One evening while reading the New York Tribune he read to me a statement of a wonderful cure perfected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He and I had at times read similar testimonials describing the great powers and virtues of these pills. But this night in particular, I was impressed with what he read and told him it wouldn't do any harm to try a box. The next morning he purchased a box of the Pink Pills and I commenced taking them according to directions, three times a day. Within a week I felt better, and when I had finished that box I asked my husband to get me another and he laughingly complied, saying, 'conceit is as bad as consumption, but even if you think they are doing you

some good there is a great relief experienced.' After that he purchased for me about a dozen more boxes, and for nearly two years I continued taking them. The result was I regained my strength, the tingling in arms and legs, hands and feet ceased and the frequent sweats which I had been subject to left me. "That is," she laughingly remarked, "as new as you can make a woman who is now in her seventy-sixth year." And in truth, Mrs. Moore's closing remarks are well founded, for she is as hale and healthy looking as any woman could be who has lived her great age.

My commission expires May 14th 1900. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100,) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

GIVEN M'KINLEY BUTTONS.

Employees at Swift's Packing House at Kansas City Influenced.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 25.—At Swift's packing house, yesterday, when the time checks were given out, each employe was offered a McKinley button. Some refused them, some took them, but said they would not wear them, and many others refused point blank.

"Will a man's support of Bryan affect his job?" he was asked. "No, sir," answered Mr. Wilder. "We are not that narrow-minded a house."

FALL FESTIVITIES AT ST. LOUIS.

September 9. to October 24th, 1896. A Grand Continuous Reign of Mirth, Melody and Mystery.

The committee having in charge the St. Louis Fall Festivities, which have contributed so much to the pleasures of the good people of the Mississippi Valley, as well as those residing in adjacent states, again announces its program covering the nineteenth annual season of mirth, melody and mystery.

The first attraction announced on the program of glee is the opening of the thirtieth annual St. Louis exposition, which throws its doors open to the public September 9th, and for forty days and nights, until October 24th.

The master of ceremonies next announces our newly discovered but highly esteemed friend, King Hotu, supreme high chief of the Funny Fellows. The jolly king with his band of humorous chaps will entertain the young and old on Saturday afternoon, October 3d, by a mirth-provoking parade through the decorated thoroughfares of the city.

Missouri: "We pledge ourselves to continue to work for bimetalism." Nebraska: "We favor bimetalism and demand the use of both gold and silver as standard money." Ohio: "We favor bimetalism. Silver coinage should be steadily maintained and constantly encouraged by the national government. We advocate a policy which will most speedily restore to silver its rightful place."

Madison, Neb., Sept., 25.—Ex-Senator Frank Fuller of Wayne spoke here last night on the issues of the day from the standpoint of a republican who had seen the error of his ways and joined the forces of bimetalism. The house was crowded and at every telling point the speaker was heartily applauded.

THE GOLD STANDARD WOLF.

Why the Bently Crowd Got so Many Railroad Passes.

It is wonderful what a change has taken place in the hearts of republican leaders. There is nothing too good for any body who proposes to vote for Bently or Levering. Even the Journal weeps tears bigger than potatoes over the prospect that the prohibition vote will suffer a falling off, and the railroad companies are so interested that they give transportation to every prohibition worker, his aunts and his cousins.

But the Bently and Levering men say, keep on voting whether there is a possibility of accomplishing anything or not. They remind us of the man who undertook to teach his boy how to kill bear.

We have worked faithfully for more than fifty years to save drunkard's homes and have voted the prohibition ticket for the past twelve years, now it is our purpose to give one vote for the homes of sober men. And who will say that it is not right?

Where They Stood in 1894.

Numerous correspondents ask the Post what were the views of the republican party on the money question in 1894. The Post has several times answered the question and takes pleasure in again reviewing the ground.

Arkansas republicans demanded bimetalism, "both gold and silver as a standard money." California republicans said: "We favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1."

Michigan republicans in 1894 said: "We pledge the republican party of Michigan to use every effort in its power to restore silver to its proper position in the United States as a money metal. We pledge this in the belief that permanent prosperity will not be assured or justice be done until silver takes its time honored place side by side with gold as one of the two great money metals of the world."

Missouri: "We pledge ourselves to continue to work for bimetalism." Nebraska: "We favor bimetalism and demand the use of both gold and silver as standard money." Ohio: "We favor bimetalism. Silver coinage should be steadily maintained and constantly encouraged by the national government. We advocate a policy which will most speedily restore to silver its rightful place."

Such was the attitude of the republican party in 1894, before Wall street got complete possession of the conventions and platform making. The same soulless and powerful machine which de-

monetized silver in 1873, stopped silver coinage in 1893, issued \$262,000,000 of gold bonds, now owns the republican party—platforms, bosses, candidates and all.

An Open Letter. About the recent comments made by the goldbug press in this state concerning Mr. A. R. Talbot and the desire expressed that he come out and allow himself to be heard in this campaign, we herewith publish the following open letter:

Hon. A. R. Talbot—Dear Sir: If the attitude of the goldbug press is any indication of what the local party machine which calls itself the republican party, yet fails to put into practice a single principle of that party, it is demanded of you, you will soon be called upon to go about the small, envious politicians who nightly abuse, malign and misquote your old associates for no other reason than that he has dared to be consistent, honest, loyal and brave in his defense of the rights of the people of this great country, in the face of all opposition and in spite of all persecution, as he understood and now understands the interests of the people.

You know that he is honest, that he is clean in all his acts and thoughts; that he is so able in his defense of the right as he sees it that these men with whom you are expected to co-operate in a campaign of bulldozing, misrepresentation and mud slinging, do not try to meet his arguments, because they cannot. You know they cannot, for you have worked for months trying to store your mind with facts out of which to make one able honest argument to the people of this state which would prove him wrong upon the real issues to be settled in this campaign and you have been unable to do so.

Numerous correspondents ask the Post what were the views of the republican party on the money question in 1894. The Post has several times answered the question and takes pleasure in again reviewing the ground.

Illinois: "We favor bimetalism." Iowa endorsed the Minneapolis platform of 1892 and the "largest possible use of silver." Kansas: "The American people favor bimetalism and the republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money."

Michigan republicans in 1894 said: "We pledge the republican party of Michigan to use every effort in its power to restore silver to its proper position in the United States as a money metal. We pledge this in the belief that permanent prosperity will not be assured or justice be done until silver takes its time honored place side by side with gold as one of the two great money metals of the world."

Missouri: "We pledge ourselves to continue to work for bimetalism." Nebraska: "We favor bimetalism and demand the use of both gold and silver as standard money." Ohio: "We favor bimetalism. Silver coinage should be steadily maintained and constantly encouraged by the national government. We advocate a policy which will most speedily restore to silver its rightful place."

In answering a correspondent the New York World quotes from the census of 1890 to show that 3,000 families own over \$12,000,000,000—over twelve thousand million dollars—of the wealth of the United States.