SOVEREIGN ON SILVER.

An Able Portrayal of Labor's Interests by the Champion of the Toiler.

General Master Workman Sovereign has sent to this paper the following communication which needs no further explanation:

There is no middle ground on which labor and non-producing, speculating capitalists can ever meet in harmany and friendship. The one class is the mortal foe of the other. Since the dawn of civilization these two elements have maintained, in one form or another, one unbroken chain of hostility towards each other. They meet and clash like the meeting of tidal waves and then recede to meet and clash again at the first commotion. These twiever contending elements will meet at the ballot box next November, the speculative class representing a monetary system based on gold, bonds and banking autocracy ruling over the nation's currency. On the other hand labor representing free coinage of silver, payment of bonds, and the government issue of all the money of the country.

The non-producing speculators in money being few and labor many, the gold-grabbing and gold-gambling speculators in this contest invade the ranks of labor for recruits to carry on their work of degredation and destruction. They first make a false claim to all the honesty, all the morality and all the philanthropy in the world. They then charge the advocates of free silver with dishonesty, repudiation and anarchy. They then pose before the world as the ordained defenders and saviors of the down-trodden working people. If ever there was a case of stealing the livery of heaven to serve the devil it is expressed in the attitude of the money power towards labor at the opening of this campaign.

But they do not stop there. They put into operation the three most potent powers known to conspirators; deception, bribery and coercion. The orders already given by the money power when epitomized mean: Persuade all who will be persuaded buy all who will be bought and coerce the balance. Their persuaders, their buyers and their coercers are already in the field. And the victim they seek is labor. Wall street is taking snuff in the name of labor and all the money sharks are sneezing for the poor working people of America. From Rothchild to Mark Hanna they hold out a gilded palm to labor:

"Oh labor, won't you be mine!
This chance to win I never can miss,
I'll buy and coerce you in line,
For the hand that smote you must kiss."

The farmer has made two blades of grass grow where one grew before and the money power has taken in two dollars where it took in one before. The farmer has had to turn over his blades of grass and mortgage the land on which they grew. Yet in the name of the agricultural classes the confederated banks plead for a continuation of the single gold standard. The wage workers have seen their wages go below the living point, their homes taken from them and then crowded into the army of enforced idlers or driven to the squalid quarters of the tenement districts while the gold power has amassed untold millions and grown haughty and despotic on the necessities and misfortunes of the poor. Yet the money power holds up gold alone as the only hope of labor.

Every reader of the world's history knows that gold when it stands alone is a coward in war, a robber in peace, and a villian all the time. Through the medium of a single gold standard the subjugation of labor and the concentration of the wealth of nations in the hands of the few has been accomplished. The system has desolated every country and impoverished every people it ever infested. There is not a single exception to this rule. Let labor glance at the money centers of this country from whence comes the demand for a single gold standard and there will be found in the forefront of the agitation for gold a few arrogant, haughty, domineering aristocrats who despise the name of labor and scorn the hand of an honest toiler. Go on Wall street, the nucleus of the gold agitation in America today, and like their prototypes in the old world they believe that a working man is born with a saddle on his back and themselves with boots and spurs to ride him by the grace of God. Let Baron Rothchild, the Czar of Russia and all the oppressors of the poor in England and Europe come to America during this campaign and would they call on Mark Hanna? Would they be received by the Belmonts and the Morgans, the Vanderbilts and the Sages? Or would they call on and encourage that matchless champion of the people, W. J. Bryan? The natural answers to these questions answers for labor all the argument the advocates of a single gold standard can make during a thousand years.

The quality of principles and policies in politics are never above the business and character of the men who originate and propagate them. The principles of a single gold standard can never rise above the character of Wall street. It can never rise above the selfishness and greed of the plutocratic combinations behind it. The clamor of the avaricious Shylocks and usurers of the world for a single gold standard is the true test of its virtue and the only test of its character. The agitation for a single gold standard did not originate with labor. On the contrary it originated with the supercilious millionaire classes who have for years maintained an organized brigandage on labor and the honest business interests of the country. Why should labor be dragooned into the service of an avowed enemy on false promises and delusive theories?

The money power wants a single gold standard for purely selfish reasons. They know that if they can destroy silver as a money metal no other legislation will be needed to change the payment of the outstanding government bonds, both principal and interest, from coin to gold, and with the scarcity of gold the government will never be able to pay its bonded debt, and with the gold of the world in their control they can lock it up or send it to a foreign country and force the government to increase its debt at their will. The same is true of all private debts. This scheme of the money power, if successful, will change all debts to gold payments. The aggregate indebtedness of the American people is reported to be forty billion dollars but for the purpose of this illustration cut it down to twenty billion and supposing it draws only three per cent interest per annum we then find that with a gold production of fifty million per year (it is only forth-six million) we produce only one dollar in gold for every twelve million we are obligated to pay. This scheme is a conspiracy to force labor into the preposterous position of agreeing to pay Shylock what it has not and can never get.

Already the American people are driven to the direful position of paying interest to foreign money chargers aggregating annually more than twice as much as our entire gold production.

The creditor classes know that the debtor classes cannot perform a physical impossibility and they hope through a single gold standard to confiscate the homes of the people and enslave labor for the payment of the fixed incomes of the idle rich.

Again the advocates of a single gold standard know that there is not now and never will be enough gold in the world to meet ten per cent of the demand for money, and therefore they propose to destroy all government money except gold and then authorize the banks to issue the currency of the country which will increase the debts of the people another billion dollars and afford an opportunity to the banks to compound their incomes from the necessities of the people and enslave labor to an oligarchy of speculating wealth.

If any laboring man doubts that the real designs and purposes of the gold power are to destroy every form of government money except gold and force a transfer of the monetary prerogatives of the government to the banks, let him read House Roll No. 171, now on the calender of the lower house of congress and then read a statement from the committee on banking and currency of the lower house of congress published in the American banker of New York city, January 8, of this year. They will convince the most prejudiced advocate of gold among the laboring people that his only interest in a single gold standard is to defeat it at the coming election.

The money power in its desperation to conquer the people is now closely canvassing the employes of great corporations and an implied threat of discharge is imposed on employes if they dare support the free coinage of silver. They pay employes in silver and then taunt them with the ridiculous cry about fifty-cent dollars, but they never pay off in gold for they know that there is not enough gold in the country to pay off the laboring people for a single month if they were all working at a dollar a day. It would require the entire gold production of this country for a space of more than ten years to pay off our twenty million working people for a single month if they were all working at the present low rate of wages. But the money power is just now weeping and wailing over the ridiculous statement that the wages of the poor will be cut in two if we have free coinage of silver in this country. Yet from the credit strengthening act to the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law every statement made to labor by this combine has proven to be a lie and every promise they have made has proven false. In fact they have not redeemed a single pledge they have made to labor since the day Christ scourged them from the temple, and every one who knows their history knows that if free coinage of silver would reduce wages they would be among the first to advocate it.

Nearly every campaign document they issue, nearly every speech they make and nearly every editorial they write contains a threat against the people. They threaten to withdraw credits, foreclose mortgages, confiscate collaterals, bankrupt industries and pauperize labor if free coinage of silver is adopted in this country. They invade the sacred rights of citizenship by threatening to discharge tens of thousands of working people for their political opinions. On the 22d day of last May the authrized mouthpiece of Wall street, Henry Clews, in his letter, proclaimed the disposition of Wall street to destroy the last vestige of free government in America. He openly boasted that if the people elect a two-thirds majority of congress in favor of free silver Wall street will evoke conditions and events that no congress has ever yet dared to disregard and that the cause of free silver will be defeated when its success seems most certain. Then like the boasting edicts of a king he said: It is on this reserve power that Wall stree is now reposing."

In the name of labor I want to say we are willing that the gold-gamblers shall use their persuasive powers among the people, but they shall not succeed by threats, they shall not coerce labor by any form of duress nor buy the presidency with Shylock gold. These gold-gamblers come to labor from the club rooms of the associated banks in the form of a sham angel with borrowed robes of virtue and a stolen sceptre of authority, trying to persuade the world that fortitude and submission combined are lovely, that a suffering creature on bended knees with teeth set to endure every form of persecution is a spectacle worthy of sympathy and reverence. To this counterfeit angel labor is asked to write sad stories and pathetic poems and yield up their lives with a martyr's confident hope of reward, but to the entreaties as well as threats of this angel of greed and gold we reply that submission to evil is tacit encouragement of the evil itself, to submit to the pain is to sanction the torture. Submission to wrong that cannot be righted is a virtue, but submission to wrong that can be righted is a crime. The working man who is willing to sell himself into slavery rather than suffer temporary inconvenience or incur the displeasure of this hybrid angel deserves to wear the yoke of bondage.

To the end that the working people may concentrate their forces to stay the hand of this social robber and feel secure and encouraged through the organized efforts of their friends, I have determined to establish a campaign labor bureau at Chicago. All labor organizations will be represented. Able labor leaders will be placed in the field and such literature distributed as will treat our most sacred cause of labor from a labor standpoint and I most earnestly appeal to the friends of labor, free silver and good government everywhere to contribute financially and otherwise to the support of this campaign labor bureau. I desire to place one hundred or more labor speakers in the doubtful territory and open communication with the working people. Let us meet the enemy on its own field and steer the ship of state from the rocks of monarchy and despotism against which it is about to dash to pieces and wreck the frame work of a superstructure that cost so much of human sacrifice and so much of human blood to construct.

Address me at box 34, Sulphus Springs, Arkansas. J. R. SOVEREIGN,
Gentral Master Workman Knights of Labor.

Banker and Life Insurance President (in pathetic double snuffle): "My dear sir, you won't vote for free silver and the cutting in two of your bank balance and insurance policy, will you?"

Despairing Worker: "Gentlemen, I'm less worried about bank balances and insurance policies than I am about getting work to support my family."
—National Bimetallist.

A GREAT SURPRISE

Chancellor Dungan Resigns as Head of Cotner University.

Chancellor Dungan of Cotner university has sent in his resignation as head of that institution, thereby causing an intense surprise on the part of the university people and the citizens generally. During the greater part of the summer he has been in the field in the interests of the institution but has met with little or no success. At a meeting of the friends of Cotner recently he gave a statement of the financial condition of the institution and averred that it would require a bonus of $1,000 to open the school this fall. Of this amount only $250 had been promised, that by Mr. Call of St. Louis.

At the meeting in question a committee was appointed to solicit pledges for the remainder of the amount. In some manner or other it reached the ears of the chancellor that this committee intended asking that he send in his resignation and it was to prevent such that he took the step himself.

The people of Bethany regret the chancellor's resignation deeply as he has always been a true and loyal friend of the university. As yet the board has not acted on his resignation and it is asserted in some quarters that it will refuse to accept it.

ASSISTANT REPUBLICANS

Meet in Convntion and Adopt the Following Platform at Indianapolis.

Against Free Coinage of Silver.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind, Sept. 3.—The platform agreed upon by the resolutions committee after an all night session of the subcommittee and an all morning debate by the full committee is as follows:

"This covention has assembled to uphold the principles upon which depend the honor and welfare of the American people in order that Democrats throughout the union may unite their patriotic efforts to avert disaster from their country and ruin from their party.

"The Democratic party is pledged to equal and exact justice to all men of every creed and condition: to the largest freedom of the individual consistent with good government: to the preservation of the federal government in its constitutional vigor and to the support of the states in all their just rights; to economy in the public expenditures; to the maintenance of the public faith and sound money; and it is opposed to paternalism and all class legislation.

CHICAGO CONVENTION.

"The declarations of the Chicago convention attack individual freedom, the right of private contract, the independence of the judiciary, and the authority of the President to enforce federal laws. They advocate a reckless attempt to increase the price of silver by legislation to the debasement of our monetary standard and threaten unlimited issues of paper money by the government: they abandon for Republican allies the Democratic cause of tariff reform to court the favor of protectionists to SENATOR CAFFERY OF LOUISIANA, PERMANENT CHAIRMAN,

their fiscal heresy. In view of these and other grave departures from Democratic principles, we cannot support the candidate of that convention, nor be bound by its acts. The Democratic party has survived many defeats, but could not survive a victory won in behalf of the doctrine and policy proclaimed in its name at Chicago. The conditions, however, which make possible such utterances for a national convention are the direct result of class legislation by the Republican party. It still proclaims as it has for years the power and duty of government to raise and maintain prices by law, and it proposes no remedy for existing evils except oppressive and unjust taxation. The National Democracy here convened therefore renews its declaration of a faith in Democratic principles, especially as applicable to the conditions of the times.

TAXATION AND TARIFF.

"Taxation, tariff, excise or direct, is rightfully imposed only for public purposes and not for private gain. Its amount is justly measured by public expenditures, which should be limited by scrupulous economy. The sum derived by the treasury from tariff and excise levies is affected by the state of trade and of consumption. The amount required by the treasury is determined by the appropriations made by Congress. The demand of the Republican party for an increase in the tariff tax has its pretex in the deficiency of revenue which has its causes in the stagnation of trade and reduced consumption, due entirely to the loss of confidenc that has followed the Populist threat of free coinage and depreciation of our money and the Republican practice of extravagant appropriations beyond the needs of good government.

"We arraign and condemn the Populistic conventions of Chicago and St. Louis for their co-operation with the Republican party, in pressing these conditions, which are pleaded in justification of a heavy increase in the burdens of the people and a further resort to protection. We, therefore, denounce protection and its ally, free coinage of silver, as schemes for the personal profit of a few at the expense of the many, and oppose the two parties which stand for these schemes as hostile to the people of the republic, whose food and shelter, comfort and property are attacked by higher taxes and depreciated money. In fine, we reaffirm the historic Democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only.

AMERICAN SHIPPING.

"We demand that henceforth modern and liberal policies toward American shipping shall take the place of our imitation of the restricted statutes of the eighteenth century, which were abandoned by every maritime power but the United States, and which, to the nation's humiliation, have driven American capital to the use of alien flags and alien crews, have made the Stars and Stripes an almost unknown emblem in foreign countries and have almost extinguished the race of American seamen. We oppose the pretense that discriminating duties will promote shipping and that scheme is an invitation to commercial warfare upon the United States unAmerican in the light of our great commercial treaties, offering no gain whatever to American shipping, while greatly increasing ocean freights on our agricultural and manufactured products.

GOLD AND SILVER.

"The experience of mankind has shown that, by reason of their natural qualities, gold is the necessary money of the large affairs of commerce and business, while silver is conveniently adapted to minor transactions, and the most beneficial use of both together can be insured only by the adoption of the former as a standard of monetary measures and the maintenance of silver at a parity with gold by its limited coinage under such safeguards of law. Thus is the largest possible enjoyment of both metals gained with the value universally accepted throughout the world, which constitutes the only practical currency assuring the most stable standard and especially the best and safest money for all who earn a livelihood by labor or the produce of husbandry. They cannot suffer when paid in the best money known to man, but are the peculiar and most defenseless victims of a debased and fluctuating currency, which offers continued profits to the money changer at their cost. Realizing these truths, demonstrated by long public inconvenience and loss, the Democratic party, in the interests of the masses and of equal justice to all, practically established by the legislation of 1834 and 1873 the gold standard of monetary measurement and likewise entirely divorced the government from banking and currency issues. To this long established Democratic policy we adhere and insist upon the maintenance of the gold standard and of the parity therewith of every dollar issued by the government, and we are firmly opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and to the compulsory purchase of silver bullion.

CURRENCY REFORM.

"But we denounce also the further maintenance of the present costly patchwork of national paper currency as constant source of injury and peril. We assert the necessity of such intelligent currency reforms as will confine the government to its legitimate functions, completely separated from the banking business and afford to all sections of our country a uniform, safe and elastic bank currency under government supervision, measured in volume by the needs of business.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

"The patriotism, fidelity and courage with which President Cleveland has fulfilled his great public trust, the high character of his administrtaion, its wisdom and energy in the maintenance of civil order and the enforcement of the laws, its equal regard for the rights of every class and every section, its firm and dignified conduct of foreign affairs and its sturdy persistence in upholding the credit and honor of the nation are fully recognized by the Democratic party and will secure him a place in history beside the father of the republic.

"We also commend the administration for the great progress made in the reform of the public service and we indorse its efforts to extend the merit system still further. We demand that no backward step be taken but that the reform be supported and advanced until the undemocratic spoils system of appointment shall be eradicated.

"We demand strict economy in the appropriations and in the administration of the government.

"We favor arbitration for the settlement of international disputes.

"We favor a liberal policy of pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors of the United States.

THE SUPREME COURT.

"The Supreme court of the United States was wisely established by the framers of our constitution as one of the three co-ordinate branches of the government. Its independence and authority to interpret the law of the land without fear or favor must be maintained. We condemn all efforts to defame the tribunal or impair the confidence and respect which it has deservedly had. The Democratic party ever has maintained and ever will maintain the supremacy of law, the independence of its judicial administration, the inviolability of contract and the obligations of all good citizens to resist every illegal trust, combination and attempt against the just rights of property and the good order of society, in which are bound up the peace and happiness of our people.

"Believing these principles to be essential to the well being of the republic, we submit them to the consideration of the American people."

The platform was adopted without dissent amid prolonged cheers.

Why he Left.

They say you'll get relief through the republican party. Now let us see. Only eleven out of forty-nine in the committee voted for a resolution to commit the country to the free coinage of silver. I then proposed to coin American silver and it was voted down. I then proposed a compromise and they voted that down and I rose in the convention and moved the substitution of a free coinage plank and then it was voted down by a vote of 7 to 1. Is that an expression of the republican convention? It must be taken as that and then I said that my convictions and loyalty to my constituents demanded that I leave the convention and left.—Henry M. Teller.

D. P. Sims, dentist rooms 42, 43 Burr Bl'k., Lincoln, Nebraska. 14

BRYAN IN INDIANA.

The Conquering Hero Again Addresses a Vast Multitude.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Sept 10.—The presence in South Bend of William J. Bryan was made the occasion of a democratic rally last night in a spacious open square, known as "the government lot." Like the open air meetings at Columbus and Toledo this week, the affair was remarkable in the vast concourse of people that gathered to hear the democratic nominee speak. With the thousands of excursionists who came from many points in Indiana and Michigan to augment the throng of interested towns people, the crowd is believed to have numbered 25,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were escorted to the scene of the meeting by a number of local and visiting silver clubs, many of which had bands with them. Senator Blackburn and B. Shively, democratic candidate for governor, were on the stand. George Feldman, chairman of the democratic committee, opened the meeting and was followed by Mr. Shively who presented Mr. Bryan.

There was almost a panic just after Mr. Bryan began, owing to the attempts of those who came late to get into positions near enough to hear. The pressure from outside started the crowd swaying back and forth, and as this spread over the vast mass of humanity the throng became a series of surging waves that caused some excitement. Mr. Bryan was obliged to pause and Mr. Shively, realizing the serious aspect of affairs, began addressing the people in calm, clear tones, begging for order. His words brought the audience to his senses and Mr. Bryan went on.

PUTS PRINCIPLE FIRST.

Democratic Nominee for Vice President is Working for the Cause.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 4.—Several days ago Chairman Jones of the democratic notional committee wrote Mr. Arthur Sewell, stating that many democrats throughout the county, and especially throughout the west, were objecting to fusion with the populist on the electoral tickets, for the reason that they do not wish to be disloyal to Mr. Sewell. It reply to Senator Jones' letter Mr. Sewall forwarded the following copy of a letter written to Mr. Bryan:

Bath, Me., July 25, 1896.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb.—My Dear Mr. Bryan: In view of the action of the St. Louis convention today I cannot refrain from giving my thoughts on the situation.

My advices are that you have been nominated as candidate for president and Mr. Watson for vice president. I also learn through press dispatches that you are somewhat undecided whether you ought to accept or decline. Now, I desire to say to you, with the utmost frankness and good feeling that you must not allow any personal consideration for me to influence you in your action.

I desire that you do just what you believe is best for the success of the ticket. The principles we are fighting for are so paramount to any personal considerations that the latter should not have any weight or influence whatever in your action.

I cannot for a moment allow myself to be a factor in any action on your part that could in the slightest degree hazard an electoral vote for you.

With kind regards to Mrs. Bryan, and believe me your sincere friend,
ARTHUR SEWALL.

NOMINEE ENTERS INDIANA.

Each Town in Turn Gives Mr. Bryan a Warm Welcome.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Sept. 4.—Mr. Bryan made a few remarks at Hudson and Hillsdale yesterday. At Jonesville there was a throng of nearly 2,000 people. The usual wild scramble in an endeavor to shake the candidate's hand was witnessed. The same was repeated at Quincy and Cold Water, Mich. At Sturgis, where Mr. Bryan was met by the Elkhart committee with a special train, he found another crowd and much enthusiasm. At these points he repeated his query:

"If the gold standard is a good thing, why does the republican party pledge itself to get rid of it as soon as other nations will come to our help?(Applause.) If the gold standard is a bad thing, then why keep that bad thing for a single moment? The American people are entitled to good things. They are not deserving of being punished with bad things that other nations may want to impose upon them. We did not consult the nations of the earth when we desired to set up a government for ourselves. Neither should we consult them when we want to establish a financial policy of our own. (Applause.) The republican party has done what no party heretofore has done. It has declared that we must endure a financial policy that is satisfactory to European nations until those European nations come to us and permit us to have what we ourselves want. (Applause.) I am not surprised that people are feeling interested in this campaign. I am not surprised that there is an earnestness that has not often been manifested before."

Mr. Bryan arrived at Elkhart shortly afternoon and was given a hearty greeting at the railway station by 2,000 or more people. A procession, in which appeared many local democrats, members of silver clubs, escorted Mr. and Mrs. Bryan to a hotel, where dinner was served. Governor Claude Matthews met Mr. Bryan and presided at the open air meeting held later in the day.

In clubs of ten or more, Campaign Subscriptions 10c each. No commission allowed.

Legal Tender Function.

Why does the dollar maintain itself? Because it performs all the functions of a gold dollar and if you make it legal tender for all debts, it will retain its value. We had greenbacks issued in the war and a great many thought they would never be redeemed. They were depreciated, because they would not pay all government debts. That's what depreciated it. Give to the silver dollar legal functions, make them pay debts, and they will maintain themselves and not any sooner than a gold dollar would, will they depreciate.—Henry M. Teller.

The hardship of the present financial crisis in forcing people to practice the most stringent economy was very forcibly and clearly demonstrated by a little episode that occured at the Burlington depot yesterday. An old couple who were journeying westward to grow up with the country stopped over between trains. They started about town taking in what was to be seen and finally their interest was centered upon a sale of cheap clothing. The bargains offered were more than the old gentleman could resist, and before leaving the store he had bown himself to the extent of a $4.00 suit. Either because he was from the east and as a consequence somewhat unsophisticated and unaccustomed to western ways or else through a desire to be economical he neglected to engage a room at a hotel to change his apparal but proceeded to convert the platform opposite the depot into a gents dressing room much to the embarrassment of the ladies who happened to be in that vicinity. The old boy, however got on his new clothes and went on his way rejoicing in the happy thought that he could spruce up "just as much as them city fellers."

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

DR. S. E. COOK,
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat.
1215 O STREET, LINCOLN.

YELLOW STONE PARK

Is more and more impressing itself upon the public, as the years go by, as being the great park of the land. The strong feature of it is the fact that it is not a man made park, True enough man has built roads and bridges and hotels in order that he may see the park, but he has not yet tried his hand at constructing new-fangled geysers, or readorning or resculpturing the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone. These are as God left them. There, too, the elk, bear, deer and other animals are not enclosed in wire fences. They wander free and unfretted whethersoever they will. Man's handiwork is but little seen and the park is the grander for it. Send Chas, S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agt. Northern Pacific R. R. 6c for Wonderland '96 and read about the park.

The New Hook Spoon Free to All

I read in the Christian Standard that Miss A, M. Fritz, station A., St. Louis, Mo., would give an elegant plated hook spoon to anyone sending her ten 2-cent stamps. I sent for one and found it so useful that I showed it to my friends, and made $13.00 in two hours, taking orders for the spoon. The hook spoon is a household necessity. It cannot slip into the dish or cooking vessel, being held in the place by a hook on the back. The spoon is something that housekeepers have needed ever since spoons were first invented. Anyone can get a sample spoon by sending ten 2-cent stamps to Miss Fritz. This is a splendid way to make money around home.
11-13t Very truly, Jeanette S.

One Honest Man.

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially, I will mail in a sealed letter the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Lack of Confidence, etc. I have no scheme to extort money from any one whomsoever. I was robbed and swindled by quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all. Having nothing to sell or send C.O.D., I want no money. Address Jas. A. Harris, Box 825, Delray, Mich.

J. S. KIRKPATRICK

Attorney at Law. Lincoln, Neb.

LEGAL NOTICE.

To William A. Baugh, Non-resident Defendant:

You are hereby notified that on the 20th day August, 1896, Lillie L. Baugh filed a petition against you in the District court of Lancaster County, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from you on the ground that you have wilfully and maliciously failed to support her, although you are financially well able to do so, and that you have been guilty of extreme cruelty toward her without any cause, and that you have committed adultry with one Nellie Mason in Appleton City, Missouri, and with other women, whose names are unknown to this plaintiff, in the same city.

The plaintiff prays judgment for the custody of the two children and for a divorce.

You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 28th day of September, 1896.

JNO. S. KIRKPATRICK,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Ho For Colorado.

Would you like to own a Fruit Farm, a Berry Farm, a Vineyard, a Potato Farm, a Melon Farm, an Alfalfa Farm, a Stock Farm, a Dairy Farm, a Bee Farm, a Farm or Country Home, for profit, health and independence, with the best soil, best climate, best irrigating canal, best water supply, best railroad facilities, best markets, best titles, and the most rapidly growing country in America? The Colorado Immigration & Development Co., 1621 Curtis St., Denver, Colo., is a state organization for assisting people to just such locations. Write them fully and receive by return mail handsomely illustrated literature telling about the climate, irrigation and wonderful profits to be made in Colorado by growing fruit and other farm products. Prices on fine irrigated farm and orchard lands were never so low as today, and those who take advantage of the opportunities now existing will never regret their change. 12t52

It is Just Wonderful

The time the Union Pacific "Overland" FAST MAIL No. 3 makes to Ogden, Salt Lake, Butte, Helena, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco and Los Angeles. THE DAILY METEOR has the finest equipment consisting of Pullman Palace and Upholstered Tourist Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars, and Diner. For full information call on or address E. B. Slosson, General Agent, 1044 O St., or J. T. Mastin, C. T. A.