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The white goat, or Rocky Mountain goat, as it is indiscriminately called, is a species of big game rarely hunted by sportsmen. This is not so much because of the difficulty of killing the animal, nor because of its actual rarity. It is a stupid animal, easily shot when once found. It is not, however, found in the usual hunting grounds, as are bear, deer, elk, etc. It is remote from the common localities, but where found is in goodly numbers. It ranges very high up in the mountains, above timber line usually, among rocks and cliffs. This requires great labor to get at it, but once there, the hunter will get his game nine times out of ten.

If you care to read of a goat hunt made in the Bitter Root range in Montana, in the fall of 1895, send six cents to Charles S. Fee, General passenger agent, Northern Pacific railroad, St. Paul, Minn., for Wonderland '96, which recounts such a hunting expedition.

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**THEY REFUSE TO OBEY**

The Nebraska Veterans will Not Vote for McKinley.

**WILLIAM J. BRYAN THEIR IDOL**

The Existing Gold Standard Too Much for Them to Swallow.

Give Their Reasons.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Aug. 25.—In the World-Herald of August 10th there is an appeal or command to veterans and sons of veterans from the officers of the late war, of New York City, U. S. A., warning us that unless we enlist in the support of Major McKinley he will be defeated, our pensions paid in 50c dollars, etc., etc.

To this appeal from these generals, colonels and majors of the late unpleasantness, we, the undersigned privates in the same affair, respond as follows:

We are glad to learn from so high a source that the major is likely to be defeated. We fully and painfully remember that during the time when both officers and privates were engaged in defending the life and honor of our country we received pay for our respective services as follows: Major-general, \$20.16 per day; brigadier-general, \$15.30 per day; colonel, \$9.72 per day; lieutenant-colonel, \$7.22 per day; major, \$5.83 per day; privates, \$0.43 per day.

Now, financially, you officers beat us privates to death, and ever since the war you have been honored with offices galore. At this time we only recall two privates who have been so honored—Senator Allen of Nebraska and Governor Pfeifer of Illinois. And then in the matter of pensions you have kept up the ratio, and for how many generations this is to continue God only knows. Those well-fed privates at the enormous pay of 43¢ cents per day of 24 hours, who stood guard at your tent doors day and night through the whole of that conflict while you slept, or your thoughts went wool-gathering through cigar smoke, propose now to vote in accordance with their own convictions, without dictations from officers whose commissions expired thirty-one years ago. You cannot justly complain, as you were well paid for all you ever did. We have read somewhere that "all men were created free and equal," and were raised in that faith and went through the war firm in that belief, but when pension day comes round we find that neither we or our wives rank equally with you and your wives (financially, we mean). We also have a faint recollection of the depreciated currency of that period brought about by this same class of mammoth worshippers who are today enlisted in support of Major McKinley and have contributed to his campaign. This class was so patriotic that they refused all financial aid to our government in its hour of peril, and by their wicked acts and counsels they greatly embarrassed and nearly defeated the government in its financial policies. We remember this same class of patriots kept at a safe distance from danger during the late war while speculating in and preying upon the misfortunes of this country, and that for a generation they have continued and still continue in their nefarious work.

No, gentlemen! The kingdom of God cannot come; His will cannot "be done on earth, as it is in heaven," under the gold standard. This is as impossible as for God to lie. We believe while the existing gold standard prevails and continues, republican institutions, liberty, civilization, morals, eye religion, are in process of extinction, and so believing, we decline to obey your commands, and on November 3d will vote for W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, confident in the belief that if elected and permitted to carry out the policies for which he stands will make rapid strides to the time for which we are working and praying, namely: "Peace on earth and good will to man."

W. G. Swan, Company C, 2d Nebraska Cavalry.

J. M. Demaree, Company H, 10th Indiana Cavalry.

Charles H. Philpott, Company A, 80th Ohio Volunteer Infantry.

Amiziah Templeton, Company G, 33d Iowa.

J. W. Buffum, Company G, 83d regiment, Illinois Volunteer Infantry.

Alfred Canfield, Sergt. Company A, 2d N. Y. Cavalry.

Franklyn Taylor, Company G, 83d Illinois Volunteer Infantry.

Johnathan Grim, Company G, 83d Illinois Volunteers.

James S. Blythe, Company A, 3d Texas Mounted Volunteers (Mexican war).

A. B. Curran, Company I, 37th Illinois Volunteers.

John Reinhert, Company C, 7th Iowa Cavalry.

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Frederick Frels, Company K, 129th Volunteer Infantry.

J. O. Miller, Company F, 67th Illinois Volunteer Infantry.

B. F. Drake, 16th Indiana Light Artillery.

Samuel Fremole, Company A, 14th Illinois Cavalry.

Frederick Smith, Company K, 17th Illinois Infantry.

Thos. Mulvihill, 7th Con's Corp.

Charles McGinley, Company C, 2d U. S. Cavalry.

M. V. Easterday, Company F, 126th Illinois Infantry.

L. L. Cox, Company G, 83d Illinois Infantry.

A. Schloesser, Company F, 6th Missouri Infantry.

Geo. Warren, Sergt. Company B, 119th Illinois Infantry.

H. T. Casford, Company H, 151st Illinois Infantry.

An Immense Increase.

ADAMS, Neb., Aug. 25.—To the Editor: The Bryan campaign was enthusiastically opened here today. Although this is one of the hottest days of the year we have a good crowd and composed of as law-abiding citizens as can be found anywhere. Adams has always

boasted heretofore as the banner republican precinct of Gage county. We now have two political clubs in full running order, each claiming a membership of 90, and the remaining votes not enrolled are considered doubtful by both sides. We can conscientiously place Adams precinct on the doubtful list.

The speakers for the occasion were Hon. Geo. E. Bigelow of Lincoln, Hon. A. D. McAndrews of Wymore, and C. E. Bush of Beatrice. Everybody was enthusiastic in their praises of the efforts and manliness of the speakers. The truths were told in a light that all could plainly see and understand.—Cor.

**Bishop Newman's Anarchist.**

To the Editor: There is a word which is frequently applied to reformers of today that almost invariably causes some little animosity. It is a name that the average citizen is loth to be called, but it is now used with such utter unreasonableness that if one stops to think there is little need of becoming angry at being its recipient. This word is "anarchist."

There is little doubt that among some class of people this "scarerword" used by the opponents of just and equitable laws, will have its effect, for those who do not read and have not time to think are likely to be fooled by a sham pharisaical patriotism displayed by those who see fit to misuse this word.

But at the same time, there is a question whether it does not do more good than evil. For, ungodly as lies are, when once crushed they only make the truth shine forth the brighter. And just as often as this word is applied in a way which every person knows to be a lie—whether it be Bishop Newman who uses it, or some street politician—just that often are the minds of reading and thinking people set to new lines of thought. For who has read political and religious history that does not know that in every case of radical reform in the history of the world the advocates, and especially the standard-bearers, were marked for the most intolerant names that the impassioned enemy could hurl at them.

Did it ever occur to the "hushers" of social progress that such men as Cicero, Luther, Patrick Henry and Wendell Phillips were all "calamity howlers" in the times when they did the deeds for which we now so honor them? As some one has well said, "they are canonized now but canonized then," with just such harsh, unreasoned epithets as are cast in this enlightened century at every one who dares even try to alleviate the suffering of wronged humanity. And scarcely a man ever felt the burden of humanity and possessed the power and courage to strike the oppressor a blow but that was called a demagogue.

This is no new thing. It is an established policy of the enemies of justice and while it may intimidate some to have such a formidable word as "anarchist" hurled at them, yet it also shows that the other side are getting uneasy, that lines are being drawn closer and that victory is not far distant.

It is well to suppose that at least half the time when a champion of free silver, national ownership, government issue of money, or the income tax is derided as a friend of anarchy that the one who uses the word is aware of its meaning and is using it for the sole purpose of intimidation. But just about half the time the user does not really know the meaning of it—so much has the word of late years been abused—and are using it just because their bosses or political "heroes" have used it.

It would be hard to say to which of these classes Bishop Newman belongs, to the first or to the class who forget to consult their dictionaries. M. H.

**HOW WALL STREET HOWLS**

Because Millions of Republicans, Prohibits and Populists are Working for Bryan.

It was once said that all roads led to Rome so it seems today that all roads lead toward silver and Bryan. First the little prohibition party split and a branch road was opened running straight into the silver camp. Today there are a hundred thousand travelers on that road all facing toward silver and Bryan. Next the great republican party, that once stood for common humanity, right and justice, met and at once the silvers began to fly for a split was inevitable. Lions and lambs could not sleep together and have any lambs left. Pierpont Morgan was appealed to, but no Gilead balm was to be found in Wall street, nothing but yellow plasters to strengthen the backbone of the goldbugs. From this point nine republican states turned their faces the other way and are now treading the happy silver grounds among the Rocky mountains, solid as a single voter. A million more republican voters are now packing their collar boxes making ready to join the silver roundup next November.

Then followed the great split of all splits, the old democrat party went to pieces, lengthwise and crosswise, such old knarley sticks split apart, but this time it was rotten at the heart and the Bryan dynamite did quick work. What is remarkable, fourteen democratic states are found solid in one chunk, double plated with silver 16 to 1, and no nation on earth can hug them a hair.

Next to follow was the peoples party convention while at the same time and in the anteroom met the silver league and the labor knights. There will be no split here for there are no gold bugs in these organizations. The common people will run that machine without one millionaire to molest or make afraid. We are told that the Chicago convention was only a mob of populists. They must be invited to the feast with all other travelers facing the right way and we will all eat out of the same dish. Let Wall street howl. H. W. HARDY.

**Two to One.**

CALDWELL, Neb., Aug. 25.—To the Editor: 'Rah for Bryan and Watson! There are about two Bryan votes to one McKinley. A few years ago it was five republicans to one pop.—John Ray.

**Late Pence.**

The name of Late Pence, the brilliant ex-congressman from Colorado, is being mentioned in connection with the populist nomination for the governorship in that state.

**SELF DESTRUCTION.**

Shall Americans Pursue a Policy That Will End in Ruin?

To the Editor: It is no more true that a man will raise his hand against his own life than it is that a nation will adopt and pursue a policy utterly detrimental to its own interests and life.

This suicidal frenzy shows itself on every hand. If the demonization of silver was a crime in 1873, it has continued a crime ever since, and the great majority of the people witness its wasting virus to this very day. The overthrow of the Sherman law is a mighty stride towards wiping out all silver coinage laws from '73 till now.

The resumption of silver coinage in 1878 was utterly distasteful to President Hayes, John Sherman, secretary of the treasury, and the leading republicans. Sherman is still of the opinion, as he said a few days ago, that "the Bland-Allison bill added much to the difficulties of resumption of specie payments."

They are still bitterly opposed to silver dollar coinage.

Can any man tell what would have been our condition if no silver dollars had been coined from 1878 to 1891, as was intended by the republican party? With nothing back of all our paper but our stock of gold—reduced to \$800,000,000—our condition now would be pitiable indeed.

They deny now that these are hard times! The west is much worse off than the east, yet see the condition of New York state, ascertained by thorough investigation. "Farming land has depreciated 48 per cent; 30 per cent of the farmers were anxious to leave their farms; tenant farming was on the increase; 35 per cent of the farmers were losing money, 50 per cent dangerously near it, and only 14 per cent were making a profit."

Why this widespread depreciation of land prices? Just one only reason, viz: Low prices of farm products. The "bane" of our troubles is low prices. How did this come about? Listen! When foreign silver money was denied the function of legal tender between the United States and Europe silver was refused in payment of international commodities, and consequently gold alone had to stand for all the commodities that both metals together did before.

This was done to advance the demand and price of gold which England controlled and diminish the price of farm produce, of which the United States was a large exporter. It is clear to a well balanced brain force that this would be a losing game for the United States. Was Johnny Bull equal to the occasion? Let us see.

All menacing obstructions must be cleared away. Therefore the United States must be induced to go on a gold basis under the flimsy pretext that gold and silver could not work together. Though 200 years of the world's experience proved the contrary, England farmed our congressmen to "walk into their parlor." Hence our lack of "down." We are stripped almost naked, while English Johnny is fat and dressed. The "Sherman family" of politicians, which now includes the rump democracy, are wildly intent upon pressing this suicidal policy and thus destroying the second best industry in the country, viz: silver.

This deadly system has gone far enough to teach us that it is inimical and wholly destructive to our interests, and has not a salient feature for us.

Farming is our greatest industry, and therefore it is to the best interests of all our people that our gold and silver mines should be developed to the utmost extent. Now let us see what silver did for us from 1878 to 1893. In 1877 we were on the eve of a disastrous panic. John Sherman said "before fifty million dollars worth of silver could be put in circulation all the gold would be driven from circulation." The direct opposite was true. The first year we gained \$4,000,000 in foreign gold, the second year \$70,000,000, and the third year \$90,000,000; and in the twelve years during the operation of that law we gained \$221,000,000 of foreign gold.

Now let us see how the debt and credit stood during the operation of the Bland and Sherman laws, and the balance of the time when silver coinage was shut off. From 1873 to 1878 we run in debt \$84,251,700; while from 1878 to 1892 we paid off \$1,209,715,320 in principal, and \$793,720,241.55 in interest. But since 1893 we have borrowed to keep up the gold standard \$262,000,000 in gold, and \$20,000,000 more for which no bonds are yet given.

Gentlemen, which policy do you like best? Free and unlimited coinage will advance both commodities and wages—the latter will follow the former—Bourke Cochrane to the contrary notwithstanding.—S. M. Benedict.

**The Word of Truth.**

They told the people that he was a "boy orator," that he dealt in metaphors, that his voice carried him away, that he was unable to think, to reason or to write, they notified the people of the east that when Bryan came to New York they would have an example of the ravings of the idiotic buffoons of the wild west, and that the wisdom and culture of the great metropolis would be shocked at the ravings of the madman whom the democratic party had nominated for president of the United States. They represented him as an anarchist, a socialist, a tramp, a humbug and a chump, and predicted that his ravings in Madison Square Garden would satisfy the wise men of the east of the folly of the outlying provinces west of the Allegheny mountains. Bryan came and again all the vipers were vanquished. Instead of doing as they predicted and relying on the screeches of the eagle bird, he presented them with a well prepared mastery argument showing that he was a statesman of profound thought, and that he was capable of contending with anybody in any land on the great question of government and finance, and that there was no necessity for him to soar aloft to be out of the reach of the snake bites of the metropolitan press, that he carried with him the powerful weapons of logic, reason, common sense, justice and humanity, which baffled the snakes of the metropolis as effectually as the Word of Truth confounded Satan on the historic mountain of old.

**THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY**

William J. Bryan Royally Received in the Empire State.

**HE HAS MANY SUPPORTERS.**

Vast Crowds Pay Their Respects to the Nominee and His Wife.

Makes a Brief Speech

KINGSTON, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Reaching Rhinecliff at 1:30 p. m., yesterday, Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were met by Charles A. Schultz, representing the Winnisook club. At 2 o'clock the party crossed the Hudson to Kingston Point on a tug. The candidate was greeted at the landing by several hundred people, who so effectually barred his progress that quite a struggle ensued before he could reach the Delaware train waiting to take him to Big Indian. A special car had been attached to the train and, standing on the steps of this, Mr. Bryan, in response to loud calls, made a short speech. He said:

"I do not care to make a speech, but I never see people gathered together without wanting to make a speech. I believe I represent the interests of the American people. I believe in platforms—platforms not to get in on, but platforms to stand on when you get in. I believe the money question is the paramount issue of this campaign. I want you to study the question and when you study remember there are some people who firmly believe in the gold standard. (Voice in the crowd, 'That's good.')

EVERYONE IS INTERESTED.

"If you believe in bimetalism you ought to believe in it to the extent that you will vote with those who want to bring it about. No political party has ever declared for the gold standard. The man who advocates the gold standard in this country is a man without a party and the man who thinks the gold standard is a bad thing, but that this nation must suffer under it until some other nation come to our relief, will be a man without a party after this election, if I am anything of a prophet. We must make politics a business this year. A man who has a small business is as much interested in it as a man who has a large business. It is all you have and you have as much right to protect your small interests as other men have to protect their small interests. But I must close, for if I talk much longer I will have made a speech." "Cheers."

The people were very enthusiastic and cheered frequently. They shouted a hearty farewell as the train started.

A crowd of people was waiting to receive Mr. Bryan at the Kingston station. They shouted for a speech, but the candidate shook his head. "I am going to speak here for a few minutes tomorrow," he told them, "and, therefore, will not speak any today. I am glad to see you."

**CROWD ABOUT THE CAR.**

Most of the crowd took the remark for an invitation and pushed forward to speak with the nominee. The hand shaking was lively until ex-Assembly man John Cummins, standing beside Mr. Bryan on the platform, followed the announcement that Mr. Bryan would speak at the Kingston town hall at 1 o'clock this afternoon with the statement that Mrs. Bryan was present the opposite end of the car. Then there was a rush in Mrs. Bryan's direct on and until the train started at 2:35 she divided honors with her husband.

A large crowd was gathered at Big Indian and everybody seemed to be enthusiastic. The nominee was conducted to the porch of a hotel and here made a few remarks which seemed to please most of the crowd.

At places all along the ten miles of the rough road from Big Indian to Winnisook Lodge people were gathered to see the democratic candidate.

**GREETING AT WINNISOOK.**

It was 6:20 o'clock last evening when Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, under escort of Mr. Schultz and Mr. Preston, ex-examiner of state banks of New York, reached Winnisook Lodge after a long drive over mountain roads from Big Indian. They had greatly enjoyed the drive, and the warmth of their reception by the Winnisook club, their wives and families, made it all seem like a home coming instead of a greeting in "the enemy's country." Major Hinkley Mr. Benedict, Mrs. George K. French of Washington, Mrs. Schultz and others received Mr. and Mrs. Bryan as they alighted from their carriage in front of the Winnisook club house. The sojourners gathered there gave the club yell and the candidate and his wife bowed their thanks. Then Mr. Benedict and his daughter, Mrs. French, took them in charge and conducted them to the Benedict cottage. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan had supper in the club house with their many hosts, and later in the evening they were entertained there informally.

**Did You Ever See an Indian?**

Expect not, so send a two-cent stamp to General Passenger Agent Colorado Midland Railroad, Denver, and he will send you a fine colored picture of one. 24

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Would you like to own a Fruit Farm, a Berry Farm, a Vineyard, a Potato Farm, a Melon Farm, an Alfalfa Farm, a Stock Farm, a Dairy Farm, a Bee Farm, a Farm or Country Home, for profit, health and independence, with the best soil, best climate, best irrigating canal, best water supply, best railroad facilities, best markets, best titles, and the most rapidly growing country in America? The Colorado Immigration & Development Co., 1621 Curtis St., Denver, Colo., is a state organization for assisting people to just such locations. Write them fully and receive by return mail handsomely illustrated literature telling about the climate, irrigation and wonderful profits to be made in Colorado by growing fruit and other farm products. Prices on fine irrigated farm and orchard lands were never so low as today, and those who take advantage of the opportunities now existing will never regret their change. 12152

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Knott	C. C. Crockett	Knott
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Thomas	W. H. Williams	Thomas
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**A Churn that Churns in one Minute.**

I have been in the dairy business all my life and have many times churned for an hour before butter would appear, so when I saw a churn that would churn in a minute, I concluded to try it. Every day for a week I used it and not only could I churn in a minute, but I got more and better butter than with any other churn. This is very important information to butter makers. The churn works easily, and will churn an ordinary curdling in less than 90 seconds. I have sold two dozen of these churns in the past month. Every butter maker that has seen me churn in less than a minute has bought one. You can obtain all desired information regarding the churn by addressing J. F. Casey & Co., St. Louis, and they will give you prompt and courteous attention.

A Dairy Man.

**Business Directory.**

Men whose advertisements appear in this column are thoroughly reliable, and business entrusted to them will receive prompt and careful attention.

MCHENNEY & EAGER, Attorneys-at-Law, 1601 O Street, Lincoln, Neb. Telephone 566.

W. L. STARK, Attorney-at-Law, Aurora, Nebraska.

LONG & MATHEW, Attorneys-at-Law, Loup City, Nebraska.

DR. H. B. LOWRY, 117 North 11th Street, Lincoln, Nebraska.

CHARLES A. MUNN, Attorney-at-Law, Ord, Nebraska.

M. A. HILLS, Attorney-at-Law, Occola, Nebraska.

H. A. EDWARDS, Attorney-at-Law, Grand Island, Neb. Office over First Nat'l Bank.

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