

NEBRASKA NEWS.

Fremont is going to have a department store.

Elwood has 400 inhabitants and no meat market.

A Modern Woodman camp has been organized at Ames.

The saloon men of Emerson refuse to pay the occupation tax of \$400.

Charley Watkins of Venango jumped out of a wagon dislocating his ankle when he lit.

J. E. Penoyer, an Omaha laundryman, was recently held up and relieved of \$35.

Falls City expects an attendance of ten thousand at their G. A. R. encampment in July.

The barbers of Wayne have reduced the price of a hair cut to ten cents, or three for a quarter.

Thomas Rogers of Dodge county had a hemorrhage of the stomach that nearly proved fatal.

Benkelman is without an irrigating joint, no one yet having filed an application for a license.

Progress Irrigation and Colonization society is the name of a new company organized at O'Neill.

The warm weather has thawed out the tramps and their activity is very trying to housewives.

Forty applications are in for the principalship of the Niobrara schools and as many more are expected.

Hall county boasts of having had ten inches of rainfall during April and the weather is still threatening.

Knox county dropped \$6,500 in the Bloomfield state bank, and is taking steps to recover a portion of it.

The Hardy council has placed liquor licenses so high that no one can engage in the business without losing money.

The Douglas county veterans' association will hold its reunion at Whitmore's grove, Valley, August 19, 20 and 21.

The house of Frankie Blatt in Norfolk was set on fire and burned to the ground, entailing considerable of a loss.

At a recent chattel mortgage sale in Bassett, nine head of work horses sold for \$54, an average price of \$6 per head.

The York Times says that from now on it will print every item entitled to be published as news, if it takes the skin off.

William Ross landed in Fremont from South Dakota sick and destitute. He was sent to the poor farm, where he died last week.

The four extreme western counties of this state are Sioux, Scotts Bluff, Banner and Kimball, from all of which big rains are reported.

Last Sunday Nelson Presbyterians celebrated the twentieth anniversary of the church organization. The pastor preached an historical sermon.

Several Lincoln county farmers find the irrigating ditches a convenient outlet for the surplus water that has somewhat impeded their efforts to get in a crop.

The eighth annual Sunday school convention for Banner county will be held at Harrisburg May 21 and 22. A number of workers from other parts will be present.

The Niobrara Pioneer states that the Niobrara river is the highest known for many years. The sand bars are all covered, quite an unusual thing for that turbid stream.

The editor of the Hyannis Tribune is a type-setter, and by way of diversion occasionally goes into court in the capacity of an interpreter of law and fact. He is slowly getting rich.

Miss Mae Phillips, the evangelist, now holding a revival at Pender, is very strongly prejudiced against the sterner sex. If she has her way very few men will get into the kingdom.

Miss Alice Sprague of Thayer county, returned from the asylum some months ago supposedly cured, has had a relapse and will have to receive further treatment for her mental trouble.

Joseph Van Vanlin of Nelson, while trying to break a colt, was thrown to the ground with considerable force, landing on the back of his head. He was unconscious for several hours, but the doctor says he will recover.

August Hahn, a printer just in from Chicago, applied to the Rees Printing company, Omaha, for work. In starting to leave he accidentally walked into the elevator shaft. He fell a distance of thirty-five feet, alighting on his head. He died almost instantly. His remains were shipped to the home of his parents in Chicago.

A traveller by the name of Chester Nicholson from Alabama was taken very sick with fever at Paxton one day last week. Dr. Eves of North Platte was called and attended him. He was a son of B. H. Nicholson of Atlanta, Ala., a very wealthy man, who telegraphed to give the young man all the care necessary and he would meet the bills.

On May 28 there will be held at Norfolk a convention of county commissioners and supervisors for the purpose of discussing matters of public interest and for the adoption of uniform methods for the transaction of public business by the county boards throughout the state. From expressions from those interested the attendance will be large. All railroads in the state have made a reduced rate of one fare and a third for the round trip.

We Will Carry Texas.

The Galveston Tribune, a goldbug democratic paper, admits that the populists will probably carry Texas.

This paper and The Silver Knight—National Watchman, all for one year for \$1.15.

A HEAVY WINDSTORM

LINCOLN EXPERIENCES A SMALL TORNADO.

Trees Either Uprooted or Branches Torn Off—Delivery Wagons and Billboards Overturned—Shingles Blown Off—Water Comes Down in Sheets.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 13.—Yesterday afternoon Lincoln presented a torn-up appearance. Portions of trees and other sorts of debris were scattered along the streets, while here and there an upturned delivery wagon or buggy dotted the pavements. Several buildings were overturned while others had shingles blown off. Most of the billboards in the city were either blown down or damaged to a greater or less extent. Awnings, especially those on the east and north sides of streets, were torn from their fastening. All this was caused by a very severe wind and rain storm which struck the city from the southwest about 4 o'clock. For three hours clouds gathered in the west and south and continued to gather in force till 4, at which time it came, gently at first, but increasing in force until it had attained a velocity of 80 miles per hour. A heavy rain came with the wind, accompanied by very little hail.

The following is a list of the injured: Mrs. Abbott, ankle badly sprained. Mrs. Moore of Ninth street, between Park and Munger, head hurt and one arm broken. J. Jacobson, hackman, cut on head and arm by flying glass. A. L. Woodward, 2035 P street, leg hurt below knee.

The storm lasted fully ten minutes and did considerable damage, which is only partially mentioned below.

Seventy nine cars were blown over in the Burlington yards. Out at the asylum the wind tore away the roof of the dynamo building and flooded all the electrical machinery. The iron roof was hurled 1,000 feet away, and iron rafters scattered in all directions. Large trees in the beautiful grove were broken as pipestems. Superintendent Abbott says the damage will run up into thousands.

At Lincoln park the new amphitheater was partially overturned and the roof blown off.

The Catholic mission at First and E was blown over and at Eighth and B the house of Wm. Lansing was blown to the ground, but the family escaped without injury.

The court house and several of the university buildings lost a portion of their slate shingles.

At Tenth and O a stranger was lifted from his feet and thrown to the pavement. He put his arms around a telephone pole, however, and held on for dear life, escaping with no more serious an injury than a thorough wetting.

William Wellman had an exciting experience west of the city on the flats where the Salt creek ditch crosses the road. He was in a wagon coming to town when the storm struck him, and he got out of his wagon to help a little girl who was lying flat in the road, unable to rise for the wind. Just then a fearful gust of wind took him off his feet and hurled him down the embankment into a shallow pond of water, where he had to lie until the wind subsided. When the worst of the storm was over he got up and found his team had run away, leaving his wagon a wreck. He carried the little girl to the first house he came to and where her father found her later.

A velocity of eighty miles an hour means a pressure of thirty-two pounds to the square foot exposed, and is what is called a hurricane. This velocity was maintained for five minutes, but a velocity of sixty miles was maintained for twenty minutes. Only twice before has a velocity of eighty miles an hour been reached in Lincoln, during the past six years, once in March 1893, and once in June 1894.

The precipitation was about 2.12.

MURDER TRIAL BEGINS.

G. A. Porter on Trial For His Life at Springfield.

SPRINGVIEW, Neb., May 13.—The G. A. Porter murder case came up for trial in the district court at this place yesterday and promises to be an interesting one. Judge Westover on the bench, County Attorney Lear for the prosecution and W. C. Brown of this city and the Harrington Bros. of O'Neill for the defense.

Steam Cook Blows Out.

OMAHA, Neb., May 13.—The "surface cook" of the engine attached to a special train conveying General Manager Holdrege of the Burlington to the Black Hills, blew out between Hyannis and Whitman yesterday afternoon. The fireman, B. L. Harris, was probably fatally scalded and injured. He was blown from the engine by the explosion and was later picked up by some section men and taken to Whitman. Engineer Cornwall was badly scalded, but remained with the engine. The locomotive could not be stopped and it ran at a terrific rate of speed for three miles before it "died."

She Prevented Bloodshed.

FALLS CITY, Neb., May 13.—Mary Carr, a blooming widow of thirty-eight who resides near the creamery, is so fortunate as to have two lovers, Theodore Defew and John Brannan, who were formerly her husband. Chance brought them together at her house yesterday afternoon. They quarrelled, naturally, and the reason why Defew is not dead and Brannan not a murderer, is because Mary hit the latter's hand and the bullet imbedded itself in the ceiling instead of in Defew. The parties were arrested and were bound over for trial.

Lincoln Business College Low Special Summer Rates. Write For Catalogue, Address D. B. Lillibridge Lincoln, Neb.

Populists Marching on.

Mr. Parsons, member of the national committee, writes from the eastern part of Oregon thus: "The campaign now has progressed so far that we can begin to reckon where 'we are at.' In this county we will elect our joint senator, three representatives and our full county ticket. Two years ago we polled 1234 votes. The republicans 1550, and democrats 800. We are making steady inroads upon the enemy and according to the precincts polled we have gained sufficient to give us a clear plurality. In every county in eastern Oregon a like condition exists and I believe we will carry nine out of every twelve counties in the eastern section of the state. In western Oregon our affairs look very promising and we will make great gains there. Portland has been our chief stumbling block in the past giving 5,000 republican majority. This year all is changed there. The republicans are divided into two nearly equal factions—Mitchell and anti-Mitchell, with hostile city and county tickets in the field. This insures the election of ex-Governor Penoyer as Mayor of Portland. His election will almost certainly carry with it the election of populist city and county tickets and means the control of the next legislature and a populist United States senator."

NEBRASKA'S SOLDIERS HOME.

It is Better Supplied and More Cheaply Maintained Than Ever Before.

GRAND ISLAND, NEBR., May 1, 1896.

SPECIAL TO THE NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT: Reaching Grand Island in my round of missionary work for the NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT and having a few hours on my hands between trains I concluded to visit the Soldiers and Sailors Home located at this place, and acting upon the thought I boarded the street car and after a half hour's ride we reached the home, about three miles distant from the post office in the city. Arriving at the home, we were shown into the office and met for the first time Commandant J. W. Wilson, Adjutant Dan. Aitken, Orderly Kirkpatrick and other officers and employees whose names we do not recollect, except Hannah, zimmer matron. It was my privilege through the kindness of Orderly Kirkpatrick to look through the books which are kept in connection with the business affairs of the home and I can truthfully state for the benefit of all concerned that the books are kept in a business and scholarly manner and that all branches of affairs of the home are conducted on the most improved and economic plans. In my talks with the boys who are making their home at this institution, I find the best of feeling, not only with Commandant Wilson, but with all the subordinate officers. They are especially pleased with Commandant Wilson's management and control of the home; to a large degree he has done away with the red tape practices of former Commandants which has operated in a large measure in bringing about a better discipline. The men being placed more on their honor as men and citizens than as common soldiers subject to the beck and call of an exacting officer. As a whole it may be stated without fear of successful contradiction, that compared with former times the home is, notwithstanding the large number and the necessarily different temperaments there congregated, a very happy and contented family. There is at this time a membership in the home of 243 and a total all told in the home of 266.

A DEMOCRAT'S IDEA.

HE SAYS THE FREE SILVER MEN WILL CARRY THE CHICAGO CONVENTION

And Insists That the Pops Ought to Support the Candidate.

CENTRAL CITY, NEB., May 5, '96.

EDITOR INDEPENDENT: I see by reading your paper that you still keep your "eye" on the middle of the road, and like the republicans try to make the whole world believe that Cleveland-Carlisle and Tobe Caster and a few more traitors are the democratic party, assuming that the goldbug element will control the Chicago convention. If you are informed as well as your paper indicates, you know there is not the slightest chance for the administration democrats to be in the majority at the Chicago convention. If we as silver democrats run the goldbugs out of the temple, as Christ did, for making his house of worship a den of thieves, are we not entitled to the respect of the people. When did you ever see the people of any political party rise up and rebuke their president as we democrats have done? If you had in former years witnessed the same in the republican party would the republican party have treated the traitors in their party as we are treating the traitors in ours? If you had, you would have never left or had any occasion for leaving the "grand old party," as they still call themselves.

You seem to think it would be an everlasting disgrace to fuse with the silver democrats and elect a president. You go on the plan of a goldbug republican. "If I can't get in myself, I would rather have a goldbug democrat in." The politicians and the editors of the pop party, if they can't get in power themselves would prefer to see the old party in power, where they got their training. It is not the reform you want so much, as it is you want to get into power. You are afraid if you help the free silver democrats and should succeed in electing a democrat president on the silver issue, you would lose the pop party. That of course is a delusion. I think the pop party is all right and if I had or do have occasion to leave my party your party would be my choice, but simply because we have had a few more traitors in our camp than you have had, is not in my judgment any good reason for me to leave. Whenever the traitors are in the majority, then and not 'till then, will I feel justified in leaving.

We still believe in the pure democratic principles many of which you have adopted in your platform with some others that you will ultimately drop. Do you think that any good can come out of a reform movement for the pops to fuse with the republicans as you have done in the last two years. If the republicans work in the senate and congress with you, and represent your principles more than that of the democrats, then I would say go with them, but you say you left the republican party because it went back on the pure principles your party represented, and now, you in many places join hands with them and can't join hands with the free silver democrats to get a silver president and a congress on the very question we both agree. You seem to think you would lose your party if you do this, but you know better. We democrats nominated Holcomb, your pop governor. Did we lose anything by it? I say no. We are glad of it and would do the same thing over. Why? Because we are in the minority in this state and love reform better than office. (see?) We did not lose our party organization and were not afraid of it, as you seem to fear a large skeleton dangling in front of the party.

There could be a union of all the forces and get the present reform if the pops would agree and yet you would hold your organization and promote the interest of the country. I believe the larger part of the pops want to affect this very movement, as they know, that divided we cannot win. Why not do this when it is so much needed? Respectfully yours, M. D. HADDOX, A subscriber of your paper.

P. S. Remember the pops tried walking in the middle of the road two years ago and they walked there all winter and those whom I know don't care to try it any more.

[If Mr Haddox will present a plan that will assuredly bring "a union of all the forces" and that will result in the reforms demanded for the relief of the people, every loyal populist in the United States will agree to it, instantaneously, forthwith" and without any delay whatever. Ed. INDEPENDENT.]

Minnesota Populists.

Minnesotans are arranging for jubilee celebrations in which the people are to be brought together in great crowds and enthrasud with stirring addresses and songs. Picnics and barbecues will be features of these celebrations and the proceeds of these meetings will be used for campaign purposes.

Will Boycott the Railroads.

California populists are making great preparations for their state convention at Sacramento, May 12. Delegates have been elected and many of them from interior counties will go to Sacramento by wagon, camping along the route and upon the capital grounds during the session.

Maine Democrats all Dead.

Reports from Maine indicate that the democratic party has been almost entirely wiped out of existence in that state. There are also a large number of republicans who are disgusted with the present conditions and liable to bolt their party this year. Proper effort on the part of populists in that state will result in large accessions to their ranks.

THE FRATERNAL ORDERS.

The Money Power is Determined to Down Them.

BENEDICT, Neb., May 9, 1896.

EDITOR INDEPENDENT:—Today I was in the office of J. E. Hoover, an attorney of this place, and he showed me a circular letter from a gentleman in Lincoln on the subject of selecting members for the next legislature, who will not be favorable to the legislation that is sure to be introduced in favor of the old line companies and against all mutual, fraternal and benevolent associations in the state. It seems that all fraternal orders in the state are at last waking up to the fact that the monopolistic money power of the country is determined that no organization shall live that does not belong to them, and that it alone has the God-given right to do the business of this land and tax the people what it thinks fit. The populist party has threatened the people many a day and many times a day that all institutions of the people must inevitably pass away and all power be given into the hands of monopoly unless the masses are willing to lay aside party prejudice and come together at the ballot box for self preservation. The trouble has never reached the benevolent orders like the A. O. U. W., M. W. A. and the K. O. T. M. They cry out in their fear to one another a vain cry, except they repent of partisan folly and bigotry. I send you a copy of Mr. Hoover's letter in reply to the gentleman. Mr. H. has been a strong populist since the founding of the party and believes with all his heart, soul, mind and strength in the right of the masses to earn an honest living, and keep and educate their families as Americans have the blood bought right to do.

Fraternally.

Mr. Hoover's Reply.

BENEDICT, Neb., May 9, 1896.

W. L. BROWN, Esq., Lincoln, Nebraska.

Dear Sir and Brother:—Wherever the people are represented by a populist there will be no danger of any legislation against mutual and fraternal organizations. This county will undoubtedly send two populists to the next house of representatives and one senator. That party is not owned and run by monopoly nor do its legislators do its bidding.

If the jolly whole souled men of this state, who form by far the majority of all fraternal organizations, expect our order to thrive and prosper untrammelled by accursed monopoly interference, they will be obliged to vote for populist legislators. There is no other name under Heaven whereby we can be saved. I have expected the trouble that now menaces us and have for the past six years. Old party men think the pops a set of d— fools, but we have pointed out the coming of every evil that has overtaken us in the last six years. Get into the ark Brother Browns for it will not always nor much longer be fair weather.

Yours for all benevolent societies,

J. E. HOOVER.

City ticket office Elkhorn-Northwestern line, 117 So. 10th St.

BANE & ALTSCHULER.

Attorneys 1101 O St.

In the District Court of Lancaster County, Neb.

NOTICE.

Russell J. Brydon, Plaintiff, vs. Laura A. Brydon, Defendant.

To Laura A. Brydon, non-resident defendant. You are hereby notified that on the 27th day of April, 1896, Russell J. Brydon filed a petition against you in the District Court of Lancaster County, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from you on the ground of extreme cruelty. You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 28th day of June, 1896.

RUSSEL J. BRYDON.

By BANE & ALTSCHULER, his Attorneys.

47-48

WILLIAM LEESE

Attorney at Law Lincoln, Nebraska

In the District Court of Lancaster County, Neb.

NOTICE OF ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Learned deceased.

Now on the 4th day of May 1896, Angeline L. Learned, administratrix of the estate of George W. Learned, deceased presented her petition duly verified, and filed heretofore, to the Hon. Edward P. Holmes, one of the Judges of the District Court of Lancaster county, and the said judge being fully advised in the premises, does now upon the application of said administratrix hereby order, that a notice of this proceeding be published, according to the statute in such cases made and provided, in the NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT newspaper, published in, and of general circulation in Lancaster county, for four successive weeks, as follows:

NOTICE.

To Ida L. Miller, Minnie M. Phinney, Lucien G. Learned, Helen Boynton, Amanda M. Myers and all persons interested. You and each of you are hereby notified, that Mrs. Angeline L. Learned, administratrix of the estate of George W. Learned, deceased has presented to the Hon. Edward P. Holmes one of the Judges of the District Court of Lancaster county Nebraska, her petition filed in said court on May 4th, 1896, praying for license to sell the southeast quarter of section 31, town 11, range 1 east of the 6th p. m., situated in Seward county Nebraska, and on said May 4th, 1896, the following order was made by said judge in accordance with the prayer of said petition:

In the District Court of Lancaster county: In the matter of the estate of George W. Learned deceased.

This cause came on for hearing upon the petition of Angeline L. Learned, administratrix of the estate of George W. Learned, deceased, praying for license to sell the southeast quarter of section 31, town 11, range 1 east, in Seward county Nebraska, or so much thereof or sufficient amount of the same, to bring the sum of \$1,500.00, for the payment of debts allowed against said estate, and the costs of administration, there not being any personal property to pay said debts and expenses. It is therefore ordered that Ada L. Miller of Lancaster county, Minnie M. Phinney of Sioux county, Lucien G. Learned of Lancaster county, Amanda M. Myers of Lancaster county and Helen Boynton non resident, and all persons interested in said estate, to appear before me at the court house in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county Nebraska, on the 17th day of June A. D. 1896 at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day, or as soon thereafter as said cause can be heard, to show cause, if any they have, why license should not be granted to said administratrix, to so much of the above described real estate of said deceased, as shall be necessary to pay said debts and expenses.

It is further ordered that notice of this proceeding be published in the NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT newspaper published in said Lancaster county for the period of four successive weeks prior to the 17th day of June 1896 the time set for said hearing.

EDWARD P. HOLMES, Judge of the District Court.

THE FRATERNAL ORDERS.

The Money Power is Determined to Down Them.

BENEDICT, Neb., May 9, 1896.

EDITOR INDEPENDENT:—Today I was in the office of J. E. Hoover, an attorney of this place, and he showed me a circular letter from a gentleman in Lincoln on the subject of selecting members for the next legislature, who will not be favorable to the legislation that is sure to be introduced in favor of the old line companies and against all mutual, fraternal and benevolent associations in the state. It seems that all fraternal orders in the state are at last waking up to the fact that the monopolistic money power of the country is determined that no organization shall live that does not belong to them, and that it alone has the God-given right to do the business of this land and tax the people what it thinks fit. The populist party has threatened the people many a day and many times a day that all institutions of the people must inevitably pass away and all power be given into the hands of monopoly unless the masses are willing to lay aside party prejudice and come together at the ballot box for self preservation. The trouble has never reached the benevolent orders like the A. O. U. W., M. W. A. and the K. O. T. M. They cry out in their fear to one another a vain cry, except they repent of partisan folly and bigotry. I send you a copy of Mr. Hoover's letter in reply to the gentleman. Mr. H. has been a strong populist since the founding of the party and believes with all his heart, soul, mind and strength in the right of the masses to earn an honest living, and keep and educate their families as Americans have the blood bought right to do.

Fraternally.

Mr. Hoover's Reply.

BENEDICT, Neb., May 9, 1896.

W. L. BROWN, Esq., Lincoln, Nebraska.

Dear Sir and Brother:—Wherever the people are represented by a populist there will be no danger of any legislation against mutual and fraternal organizations. This county will undoubtedly send two populists to the next house of representatives and one senator. That party is not owned and run by monopoly nor do its legislators do its bidding.

If the jolly whole souled men of this state, who form by far the majority of all fraternal organizations, expect our order to thrive and prosper untrammelled by accursed monopoly interference, they will be obliged to vote for populist legislators. There is no other name under Heaven whereby we can be saved. I have expected the trouble that now menaces us and have for the past six years. Old party men think the pops a set of d— fools, but we have pointed out the coming of every evil that has overtaken us in the last six years. Get into the ark Brother Browns for it will not always nor much longer be fair weather.

Yours for all benevolent societies,

J. E. HOOVER.

City ticket office Elkhorn-Northwestern line, 117 So. 10th St.

Monographs by General A. J. Warner.

- No. 1. Intrinsic Value.
2. Profit to the Miner.
3. "Put a Dollar's worth of silver in a Dollar."
4. What is an Honest Dollar?
5. "A Depreciated Dollar for the Laborer."
6. "A Dumping Ground for Silver."
7. Bimetallism.
8. Money and Credit.
9. Prices on a Gold Basis.
10. The Future of Prices Under the Gold Standard.
11. Our Debt Abroad.
12. Should Banks or the Government Issue the Paper Currency?
13. Greenbacks and the Gold Reserve.
14. Silver and Cotton.
15. A Silver Basis.
16. Agricultural Prices and How Price Levels are Determined.
17. Money and Property.

These monographs are especially valuable to students of the money question. Each one in itself is a complete argument for bimetallism at 16 to 1. We will mail them post paid to any address at five cents each, or the full set of 17 numbers for twenty-five cents. Write us for quantity price.

THE NEBRASKA INDEPENDENT, 1122 M St. Lincoln, Neb.

Celery Pills.

These pills are a powerful vitalizing force, the best remedy for exhaustion, and Nervous Debility weaknesses, caused from youthful errors, or excesses. Besides Extract of Celery, these pills contain other standard tonics, and give tone and strength to the general system, fully restoring vigor, and strength. Sent sealed in plain wrapper \$1. per box.

PENALTY PILLS, for ladies; just what you want. Safe, certain, and harmless. The equal of this remedy for the menstrual period, does not exist. Sent sealed in plain wrapper \$1. per box.

Address,

MIDLAND MEDICINE CO, Omaha Neb.

J. S. KIRKPATRICK,

Attorney at Law, Lincoln, Neb

SHERIFF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of the Third Judicial District of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster county, in an action wherein W. H. McCreey is plaintiff, and Peter Pearson, et al. defendants. I will, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the second day of June A. D. 1896 at the east door of the court house, in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate to-wit:

The west sixty (60) acres of the northeast quarter (n.e. 1/4) of section six (6) in township nine (9) of range six (6) in Lancaster county Nebraska, which has been platted into six (6) lots, from one (1) to six (6) inclusive and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Lancaster county as Pearson's subdivision, of part of the northeast quarter (n.e. 1/4) of section six (6) township nine (9) range six (6) east of the sixth P. M. in Lancaster county Nebraska. Given under my hand this 23d day of April, A. D. 1896.

JOHN J. TROMPER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of the Third Judicial District of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster county, in an action wherein Hiram Bailey is Plaintiff, and Kate Hall et al. defendants. I will, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 12th day of May A. D. 1896, at the east door of the Court House, in the City of Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot ten (10) and eleven (11) in block sixteen (16) in Junction Place addition to the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska. Given under my hand this 8th day of April A. D. 1896.

JOHN J. TROMPER, Sheriff.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

— Is the Shortest Route to —

KANSAS CITY, ST. LOUIS, HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

— And all Points South. —

If you are going South write us for illustrated and descriptive pamphlets. City Ticket Office, 1201 "O" Street.

F. D. CORNELL, C. P. & T. A. H. C. TOWNSEND, G. P. & T. A. St. Louis.