They are as follows:

There is not a free coinage country in the world that is not on a silver basis 2. There is not a gold standard country in the world today that does not use silver along with gold.

3. There is not a silver standard country in the world that uses any gold as money along with silver. 4. There is not a silver standard country in the world that has more than one-third the circulation per capita of

the U.S. 5. There is not a silver standard country in the world today where the laboring man receives fair pay for his day's work?

Inasmuch as you claim that bi-metallism necessarily implies a silver standard, in considering these "points" we will take the two as synonymous-thus, for the sake of argument granting your first "point."

The second "point" we yield as true. The third is not true. We offer in evidence of our claim the fact that both Mexico and Russia, each an acknowledged silver standard country, coin gold, and that all bi-metallic standard countries, which your first "point" claims are on a silver basis, coin gold. Would they coin it if they did not use it after it was coined?

The fourth "point" is true if you take only the strictly silver countries into consideration. But if your first point is true this one cannot be, for the country having the highest per capita circulation is France, with \$36.81, or 180 per cent of that of the United States. Here let us parenthesize the statement that the country with the lowest per capita except China is Turkey, a gold standard country with but \$2.39.

Now please consider the following ta-GOLD STANDARD.

Silver.

Gold,

Paper. Cap.

Canada Egypt Germany United Kingdom Portugal Turkey	14 120 618 540 40 50	5 15 215 112 10 44	29 84 127 49	10.00 19.85 18.56 20.44 21.06 2.39
Total	1506	486	476	14.56
BI-MET	ALIC S	TANDA	RD.	
Nation.	Gold,	Silver.	Paper.	Per Cap,
Belgium France	54 '800	55 500	54 110	26,70 36.81
Greece	96 19	3 16.5 56	23 179 37	9.59 24.34

1024.5 800.5 520 20.18 When you have examined and noted that the seven gold standard countries with a total circulation of \$2,468,000 show an average per capita of a little less than \$14.56, while the seven bi-metalic standard countries with a total circulation of \$2,345,000 show an average per capita of \$20.18, you must perforce admit that if your first "point" be true

Total.

your fourth cannot be. Further, if you hold that the per capita is a true measure of a nation's prosperity, you must admit that those countries which have a bi-metallic standard, which is what we are contending for, are the more prosperous, as their per capita exceeds that of the gold countries as 20 is to 14.

About the fifth "point." It may be true: but how about Austro-Hungary, Egypt, Portugal, and Turkey-all single gold standard counties?

Does the laboring man in these countries receive "fair pay for his day's

Now we have considered all your "points" with the following result: The first point granted for the sake of argument; the second freely conceded; the third proved false in itself; the fourth proved inconsistent with the first and the fifth emasculated.

Falsus in unus, falsus in omne. Try again. You may succeed better Corn Hollow, Seward Co., Neb.

## Cleveland's Faith in Whitney

President Cleveland is turning toward Whitney as a successor, not wholly on account of old friendship or gratitude for what Whitney did for him three years ago, but more because he believes Whitney is the man to hold the Democratic party together and lead it to success. As the Democratic situation is viewed in this city and by eastern politicians generally, there is just one chance to defeat the-free and-unlimited-16-to-1-independent-of-allother-nations silver coinage in next year's national Democratic convention. This chancelies in the direction of international bimetallism, with a sop to the silverites, a plank broad enough for everyone to stand upon, and the nomination of a candidate in whom the business men of the country will have implicit confidence. Whitney is believed to be that man, and he has himself boldly and shrewdly in-dicated the method by which the Democratic party may escape destruction.

It it well known throughout the east that this is the policy of the Republican managers. The leading men of that party thoroughly understand the programme. Every possible concession is to be made to the silver Republicans of the west in order to keep them in line, but all these concessions will be in the resolutions. The candidates will be known of all men to stand squarely and safely for honest money-McKinley, Harrison, Reed or some other. Perceiving this tendency of the Republicans toward harmony within their ranks, Democrats everywhere are asking themselves and one another: "Why should we not do the same thing?" It is wholy accurate to say that the leading men of both parties have no notion of yielding to the free silver demand. They look upon that movement as a craze, skillfully nurtured by the mine owners, and making headway through the country largely on account of the hard times and the prevailing demand for a change. They be-lieve this movement has reached its flood and will soon recede; that it is even now receding before the growth of reason and the approach of better times in all parts of the country. The great desire of the managers of both parties is to temporize with the silver craze, to mollify its supporters, to hold their organization intact to prevent bolts and splits .- Walter Wellman, in Times-Herald.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN

Gov. Altgald Denounces The Action of the Supreme Court

A DANGEROUS PRECEDENT ESTAB-LISHED

The Right of Trial by Jury Taken Away -Autocratic Power Placed in the Hands of Judges

### Capital Enthroned and All-Powerful

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 2.-Governor John P. Altgeld is of the belief that the supreme court has established a dangerous precedent in remanding Eugene V. Debs and his friends to jail. He expressed himself in a very caustic manner today regarding the decision, and accuses the court of trampling on the rights of people and of being the tool of monopoly. He gives his views for publication in the following signed article:

"The remanding of Debs is in itself a matter of small consequence compared with the principle established, which is of transcendent importance. This decision marks a turning point in our history, for it establishes a new form of government never before heard of among menthat is, government by injunction. Under this procedure a federal judge sitting in a rear room can, on motion of some corporation lawyer, issue a ukase, which he calls an injunction, forbidding any-thing he chooses to, and which the law does not forbid. Where the law forbids a thing no injunction is necessary. In other words, he can legislate for himself, and, having done so, can then turn around and arrest and imprison as many people as he pleases, not for violating any law, but on the mere pretext that they had disregarded his injunction. And mind you, they are not tried by a jury, according to the forms of law, but the same judge who issued the ukase and who claims that his dignity was offended himself tries the case, and whether anything is proved or nothing is proved he can send men to prison at pleasure and there is no remedy. The provision of the constitution "that no man shall be deprived of his liberty without a trial by an impartial jury' is practically wiped out by the decision of the United States supreme court and the theory that ours was exclusively a government of law is now at an end, for every community is now subject to obey any whim or caprice which any federal judge may promulgate And if federal judges can do this, then it will not be long until state judges will follow this example.

"The constitution declares that our government has three departments—the legislative, judicial and executive—and that no one shall trench on the other; but under this new order of things a federal judge becomes at once legislator, court and executioner. For over a century our government has moved along the lines of the constitution, and we be-came great and powerful. Life and property was protected and the law was en-forced. Now we have made a departure. The bulwark of liberty has been undermined; trial by jury has been stricken

TWO CASES AGAINST DEBS.

"You know there were two separate proceedings against Debs. according to the established forms of law. He was indicted by a grand jury for acts alleged to have been done during the strike, and he was regularly tried by a jury and it turned out there was absolutely no case against him. Nothing was proved. It is true the jury was not allowed to bring in a verdiet, because near the end of the trial one of the jurors became ili and the prosecution refused to go on. Debs' attorneys offered to proceed with the remaining eleven or to add a new man and proceed, but the railroad lawyer, who also represented the government, feeling that he had no case at all would not consent, and he thereby prevented a verdict of acquittal and had the case postponed.

"The other proceeding was by injunction. A federal judge, on motion of some railroad attorneys, issued a ukase against the people of all the states in that judicial circuit, in which he forbade nearly everything that the ingenuity of man could think of and which the law did not forbid, and having thus legislated he then turned around and had Debs and others arrested, not for violating any law, but for failing to respect his ukase or injunction. And then this judge not only refused to give a jury trial, but he himself proceeded to determine whether his own dignity had been offended, and the judge being legislator, court and executioner. Had there been a jury trial the defendants would have been discharged, because it was not proved that they had violated any law. This would have been in harmony with the constitution, with the law of the land and with eternal justice. But the corporations wanted the constitution brushed aside, and the federal judge kindly obliged them and the supreme

court has now approved his acts. "For a number of years it has been remarked that the decisions of the United States courts were nearly always in favor of corporations. Then it will be noticed that no mau could be appointed to a federal judgeship unless he was satisfactory to those interests. Over a year ago the New York World talked about a packed supreme court, and that court has within a few days rendered two decisions which unfortunately tend to confirm this charge. A week ago it did violence to the constitution and laws of the land by holding that the government had no power to tax the rich of this country. Now it has stricken down trial by jury and has established government

by injunction.

CAPITAL ALL-POWERFUL. "Forty years ago the slave power predominated; today it is capitalism. George William Curtis described the slave power of forty years ago as follows: Slavery sat in the White House and made laws in the capitol; courts of justice were its ministers, and legislatures were its lackeys. It silenced the preacher in the pulpit; it muzzled the editor at his desk, and the professor in his lectureroom. It set the price upon the heads of peaceful citizens; it robbed the mails and denounced the vital principles of the declaration of independence at treason. Even in states whose laws did not tolerate slavery it ruled the club and the drawing-room, the factory and the office It swaggered at the dinner table and

Seadache bed? Get Dr. Miter Pain Pilla.

courged with scord a cowardly society. It tore the golden rule from school books and the pictured benignity of Christ from the prayerbook.' Now substitute the word 'capitalism' for the word 'slavery' and the above is an exact picture of our condition today. The American people crushed the slave power; they washed its stain off our flag, and saved our institu-tions. Can they rescue them again? Many say yes, but they have not reflect-ed that the crushing force that now confronts them is greater than was ever the slave power. Besides, slavery itself was sectional, and in the end it was possible to unite the rest of the country against it. But the corrupt money power has its withering finger on every pulse in the land and is destroying the rugged man-hood and love of liberty which alone can carry a people through a great crisis.
"What, then, is the situation today?

For over twenty years foreign and domestic capitalism has dominated. It sits in the White House and legislates in the capitol. Courts of justice are its ministers and legislatures are its lackeys And the whole machinery of fashionable society are its handmaid.

"Just see what a brood of evils has sprung from the power of capitalism since 1870. First, the striking down of over one-third of the money of the world thus crushing the debtor class and paralyzing trade. Second, the growing of that corrupt use of wealth is undermining our institutions, debauching public officials, shaping legislation and creating judges who do its bidding. Third, exemption of the rich from taxation. Fourth, the substitution of government by injunction for government by the conssitution and laws. Fifth, the striking down of trial by jury. Never has there been so much patriotic talk as in the last twenty-five pears and never were there so many influences at work strangling republican institutions.

JOHN P. ALTGELD.

### THE MEDDER-LARK

See the valler-throated cherub, Flittin' free as feathery foam, From the tallest, rankest grasses, From his flowery, bowery home; See him pick the tallest fence-post,

Hear the melody of June-That's the medder-lark a-singing, An' his soul is in his tune

See him give his wings a flicker, See him flirt his tail an' nod. Now he's listenin' an' lookin' To'ards the regions of his God. Thar's another bird a-comin',

Hear him twitter out his life That's the medder-lark a-sparkin' An' his sweetheart is his wife.

He's not edzackly purty, An' his clo'es is kindertame;

He don't make much pretensions, But he gits thar jist the same. Tho' he sings an' flirts an' twitters Till he's fairly in distress,

You kin see his body's bustin' With the things he can't express. The medder-lark's an orator, Without a touch of art;

The medder-lark's a poet, an' He's got his lines by heart; The medder-lark's a prophet, With a message to transmit-He's a songster an' a psalmist,

An' his music can't be writ. He's an angel dressed in feathers. He's a animated kiss. If I could have one hope fulfilled,

My idee would be this: Don't give us fame nor riches-Don't give us anything,

But jist some friends an' medder-larks An' never-endin' spring -Dan De Foe, in "Sports Affeld."

Now for a strong pull for '96! All together! Get up a club for this paper, only 30c. till November 1st!

Mary had h little lamb, How fast its wool did grow; In spring she sold her fluffy fleece To Summer, Morrison & Co,

A farmer, when he heard of it Said "By Jack b'leve I'il try 'em:" And when he counted out his cash Said "You bet, I'il stay by 'em." 111

He straightway told his neighbor Jones About his lucky hit. When Jones had heard him through, he "Sam Brown, I'll never quit."

IV "Till all this whole blamed naberhood Has heard that from my lips; An' every farmer here around Turns in right off and ships,"

"His own blame wool to that air firm That treats us all so fair; That gets us every cent they kin, An' settles on the square." VI

So here and there among his friends

This honest farmer went: And those he couldn't see himself One of his boys he sent. VII Miss Sm.th went out and told Miss Ayers, Miss Flynn told Mr. Burch Miss Marks alrendy knew it for She'd heard it down at church.

VIII Twas all the talk the whole week through In every set and faction, They were not making any noise, But they were taking action.

On Saturday they came to town, As if there were a show; That day a car of wool went out To Summer, Morrison & Co. 174 S. Water St., Chicago. All rights reserved.

### Beware of Redeemable Dollars Editor WEALTH MAKERS:

The remonatization of silver as advocated by the great mass of agitators will no more give us a true financial system such as is contemplated in the Omaha platform than the licensing of double the number of women would have to remove the social evil or the doubling the number of gambling houses to stop gambling. Any money of a realm made re-

deemable by some other money of the

same realm is a fraud of which the money dealer will in the future as in the past take advantage. Silver as money, gold as money and paper as money, has some great weaknesses, but is preterable to the redeemable in gold fallacy, and redeemable in gold and silver is preferable to gold alone, as the redeemer becomes more powerful. If our silver advocates have proved anything at all they have proved the cussedness of the redeemer principle. The mass of humanity has yet to learn that lustead of the argument that there must be intrinsic value in the unit the very opposite is only true, i. e., no possible commodity value, for thus stripped it must be used for the sole legitimate purpose of exchanging the varied products of labor and paying taxes. To do this the government must have full and complete control of all issue and loans. Anything outside of this is only a bolster, a putting off for a short time the evil day which must either hurl us into a frightful revolution, or bind the mass into the most debasing slavery The question today is as of old, whom will you have, Christ or Barrabus? A just monetary system dictated by and in the interests of the great American people, or one dictated by autocrats and despots for and in the interest of drones and legalized thieves?

Redeemable dollars,
Redeemable dollars,
Redeemable dollars,
Redeemable dollars,
Whether in silver or gold
Put on all tollers collars—
of iron;
But encircle the waists,
Necks and ankles as well,
Of wives and of daugnters
Of bond-holding swell
With gold.
It gives to the toller
Brown bread and water
And calico dresses
To wives and to daughters:
While it gives to the robbers
Champagne and roast beef,
Rich silks and rare jewels
To the folks of the thief.
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According to a Chicago daily there are only 1,200 holders of inside property in the city of Chicago. In twenty-five years the number of real estate owners there has been reduced sixty per cent.

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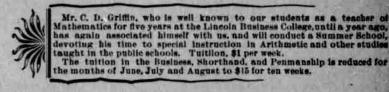
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