WINNER AND M'NUTT FREE.

THEY LEAVE THE KANSAS PENITENTIARY.

A FAMOUS WESTERN CRIMINAL CASE.

For Twenty Years They Have Been Confined Within Prison Walls for a Fiendish Crime—The Story of a Long, Hard Fight for Pardon—Both Men to Immediately Go Into Business.

KANSAS CITY, MO., June 11.—For the first time in twenty years Arthur Winner of Kansas City and Joseph W. McNutt will at sunrise to-morrow morning be free men. They went into the Kansas penitentiary as boys twenty years ago to-morrow, sentenced to be hanged, and they will leave it to-morrow men well along in middle life. They will leave behind them only one man who was there before the penitentiary gate closed behind them.

The Winner and McNutt case is probably the most famous in the criminal history of Kansas. Early in 1873 Winner and young McNutt went to Wichita, Kan., and started a paint shop. Winner was 19 years old and McNutt was 20. Soon afterward McNutt insured his life in favor of Winner for $5,000. One night a few months after the young men settled in Wichita some one discovered that their shop was on fire. The people of the town turned out and extinguished the fire, but McNutt was missing. The partly burned body of a man was found in the ruins of the building. Winner declared that it was McNutt, but the people of Wichita did not believe him. The body was recognized as that of a tramp known as "Texas." The sudden departure of McNutt and the fact that his life insurance was in favor of Winner, though McNutt was married and father of a child, excited so much suspicion that Winner was arrested the next day. A few weeks later McNutt was captured in the woods in Newton county, Mo. They were tried for murder. The evidence was so convincing that they were convicted, and sentenced by Judge W. P. Campbell, now department commander of Kansas, to be hanged, under the law they went to the penitentiary for life.

A letter written by McNutt's wife, then living in Kansas City, played an important part in the trial. She had been informed of the plot by her husband and on the morning after the murder a letter was found from her imploring him not to commit the crime. In that letter were these words which led to the conviction of her husband and his accomplice: "If you carry that on we will all be ruined. Before I will have the name of murdering and stealing for wealth, I will beg on my hands and knees." She said she had only one dime left in the world and she sent it as a Christmas present to her husband with her blessing.

The young men began to serve their sentence June 10, 1874, just twenty years ago. McNutt's wife secured a divorce and a few years later was married again. She is living in Clay county, Missouri, and has a family of growing children.

For five years nothing was done for the young men in the penitentiary. Then began efforts to secure a pardon. Winner's father set his heart on securing the release of his son, but in every petition McNutt was mentioned as prominently as Winner. The Kansas board of pardons refused to report favorably and one governor after another refused to hear the plea for clemency. Governor Glick is said to have partly signed a pardon, but stopped for political reasons. Letters asking him to sign the pardon were sent from all over Missouri and Kansas. Finally when the legislature of 1891 was in session, the senate committee on penitentiary affairs visited Lansing. Among the members was O. H. Bentley, a senator from Sedgwick county and a well known lawyer. Winner secured permission to talk with him and Bentley promised to ascertain the sentiment on the matter among the people at home. The next day he was retained by Winner's father and went to work.

No effort was made to [illegible] the guilt of the prisoners or to plead extenuating circumstances. The claim for a pardon was based on the theory that punishment is not for revenge but to deter men from committing crime by making examples of criminals. There was a long, hard fight, but at last Mr. Bentley went before Governor Humphrey without paying any attention to the board of pardons. On the last day of Humphrey's administration Bentley made a final appeal, an hour before he turned the governor's office over to Governor Lewelling, Governor Humphrey commuted the sentence to twenty-five years of imprisonment. Good conduct reduces the length of a sentence, and Winner and McNutt were given five years off for good conduct. Neither had in twenty years received a demerit mark. Winner has worked in the shoe department and is now bookkeeper for the prison contractor. When he leaves the prison he will go on the road for the same contractor as a traveling man. McNutt is a foreman in the paint shop and will open a paint shop in Leavenworth. He is an expert in his trade and it was he who painted and decorated the penitentiary chapel. His mother, who is his only living relative, now lives in Nova Scotia. She will come to Leavenworth and keep house for him. McNutt's work kept him in a close room and for nineteen years he did not see beyond the prison walls. Several times he has been on the point of becoming insane from despair and only [illegible] the fact that Winner's friends were working for his release [illegible] him. Both men have read the [illegible] library through four times. [illegible] is an excellent one and Senator Bentley said this morning that he could not name two men in Kansas better informed on current literature than they are. He went to Lansing to-day to meet them and be with them when they are released.

WHEAT CONDITIONS IMPROVED

A Gain of 2 Per Cent in Winter Wheat—Oats Not Poor.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The June report of the department of agriculture make the acreage of spring and winter wheat for the whole country 95.3 per cent of last year, making a total area in round numbers of 33,000,000 acre. The acreage of winter wheat sown compared with that which was harvested last year was 99 per cent. There is an increase of acreage as compared with 1893 in but ten states, the principal part of which was made in the states of Kansas and Illinois. The percentage of winter wheat acreage of the principal states are: Ohio, 95; Michigan, 85; Indiana, 91; Illinois, 122; Kansas, 126 and California 103.

The percentage of spring wheat area for the whole country is 87.8 per cent. The percentages of spring wheat acreage of the principal states are: Minnesota, 87; Nebraska, 81; South Dakota, 85; North Dakota, 90.

The condition of the winter wheat has improved since last report a little less than two points, being 83.2 per centage against 81.4 on May 1. The percentage of the principal states are as follows: Ohio, 96, Michigan, 89; Indiana, 92, Illinois 84; Missouri, 82; Kansas 57, California 60.

The condition of spring wheat presents an average for the entire country of 88 per cent and for the principal spring wheat states as follows: Wisconsin, 96; Minnesota, 99; Iowa, 90; Nebraska, 44; South Dakota, 79; North Dakota, 97; Washington, 80; Oregon, 96.

The acreage of oats is nearly one point less than last year, the general average for the whole country is 99.1. The returns show the condition to be 87, against 88.9 last June.

VEST GROWS WRATHY.

The Missouri Senator Roundly Scores Republicans for Their Tariff Course.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—In the senate to-day Messrs. Hale, McMillan and Dolph protested against the reduction of the duty on baled hay as injurious to the interests of the farmers in the states along the Canadian border and Mr. Vest, in a passionate outburst, arraigned not only the Republican side for delaying progress on the bill, but some of his Democratic associates, for refusing to co-operate in pushing its consideration.

"If you are going to defeat this bill," said Mr. Vest, turning to the Republican side, his words flowing in a perfect torrent, "defeat it like men, not like thieves in the night by parliamentary assassination. I understand that the senator from New Hampshire, Mr. Chandler, keeps standing at the head of the editorial columns of his paper in black proud type, his slogan that it is better to kill time than to kill industries. At this rate the bill will not be disposed of in six months and you over there (shaking his fist menacingly at the other side) want to kill this bill like an ox in the shambles while the people are holding up their trembling and helpless hands praying for action. I protest in the language of the distinguished chairman of the ways and means committee (Mr. Mills) when his bill was before the house, if you are to defeat the bill, strike it down in open debate, don't nibble it to death like pismires or kick it to death like grasshoppers."

OKLAHOMA'S MONSTROSITY.

Girl Baby Makes Its Advent in Jonesville With Two Heads.

SOUTH ENID, Ok., June 11.—Mrs. McMan, wife of a justice of the peace in the first addition north, called Jonesville, gave birth yesterday afternoon to a girl baby which had two heads. They were about equal size and were in an inverse order, that is, the faces were in opposite directions. The eyes, ears, nose and mouth of the head which faced backward were not perfect, as it could not breathe, see, hear, taste nor smell. The scalp, however, was perfect. Dr. Roiscon, the attending physician, cut off the head facing backwards and the baby is doing well. He thinks it may live.

Ex-Governor Cornell Marries.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Ex-Governor Alonzo B. Cornell and Mrs. B. Hastings were married at the residence of Dr. Egbert Guernsey last night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Brown of St. Thomas church. The event was witnessed only by a few friends, to whom the announcement, made a couple of hours before, was a complete surprise.

Oil for Four Cents.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Oil sold by the Standard Oil company has touched the lowest point ever reached in Chicago—four cents a gallon—the result of a fight against outside dealers. Firms which are running oil wagons independent of the Standard company have declared that they will meet the cut, and a merry war is expected.

The Worst Over at Portland.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 11.—The river here has fallen about four inches since yesterday. In Northern Oregon and Washington a lower temperature is prevailing and the Columbia at Umatilla and the Snake at Riparia are slowly subsiding.

New Mexico Miners Stay at Work.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., June 11.—The committee of coal miners who have been agitating through this district have been unsuccessful. Not a miner has quit in the Crescent mines and only a few from the Cerrillos company mines have stopped work.

Quiet in Western Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 11.—The strike situation in Western Pennsylvania remains quiet. There has been no disorder at any point for forty-eight hours, and the hope is expressed that the worst is over.

To Release the Stanford Estate.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Senator Hoar has introduced a bill to release the estate of the late Senator Stanford from the claim of the United States account of the Central Pacific debt.

BILL DALTON SHOT DEAD.

THE NOTORIOUS OUTLAW INSTANTLY KILLED.

LAID LOW BY A WINCHESTER BULLET

Surprised by a Posse of Deputy Marshals—His Body Lies Cold in Death at Ardmore—His Wife Telegraphs Relatives Announcing the Death of the Bandit—Sketch of the Daltons.

ARDMORE, Ind. Ter., June 11.—Stretched out on a pine board in the rooms of UndertakerAppolis, on Caddo street, in this city, Bill Dalton, the noted desperado, bank robber and murderer, lies stiff and cold, a victim of the unerring aim of C. Loss Hart, a deputy United States marshal attached to the force of Captain L. L. Stowe of this city. A wound on the right side of the spinal column near the hip shows where the deadly messenger did its work.

The identification is complete. His widow is here under arrest and has sent two telegrams, signing her name "Mrs. Jennie Dalton." The first went to C. H. Blivens, 1407 Van Ness avenue, San Francisco, and read: "My husband, Bill Dalton, lies here dead. Come at once. I want his remains sent home." The other one was addressed to Mrs. A. L. Dalton, Kingfisher, and read: "Bill Dalton here dead. Come at once if you wish to see him."

Thursday afternoon a man named Wallace went to the express office and called for a package, which was given him. He was arrested on suspicion, the package broken into and found to contain several gallons of whisky. From him it was learned the whisky was for other people, said to be living near Elk, and from incautious remarks the officers concluded it to belong to the Daltons, the Longview bank robbers, who were known to be in the neighborhood of Elk, a small town twenty-five miles northwest of here. The man was locked up and a posse of United States Deputy marshals started for the freebooters' rendezvous.

Dalton Taken by Surprise.

Yesterday while the men were taking their positions Dalton was seen to come out, look around and immediately return. The officers on the east side were discovered by him through a window or by some one in the house, and pistol in hand he jumped through a window on the north and started to run east. Loss Hart, one of the posse, was less than thirty yards from the house and called on him to halt. For reply he tried to take aim while running and just then the Winchester of the officer spoke.

The two jumps into the air were the only motions after this by the fleeing man. His pistol fell from his hand and with a groan he sank down. Mr. Hart ran up to him and asked what he was doing there, but he was too near dead to reply, and expired without a word. The house was searched, and over 150 letters, besides numerous rolls of crisp bank bills were found, the address proving him to be Bill Dalton and the money proving him to have been the leader of the Longview bank robbery.

The remains were brought to this city, and when his wife was told that Bill Dalton was dead she became hysterical and almost succumbed to the shock. Dalton was a man about five feet nine inches tall, weighed about 170 pounds and had black curly hair; clean shaven, large head and neck and well built. He was dressed in a woolen shirt, yellow suspenders, black pants and top boots, and looked the typical outlaw.

The Outlaw's Wife Talks.

In the Sherman house Mrs. Bill Dalton, nee Jennie Blivins, lies stricken from the blow which killed her husband. In reply to questions Mrs. Dalton said: "I was born and raised in California, where I first met Mr. Dalton. We were married March 14, 1884, in Merced county in that state, where we lived together until 1891, when he left for this country. I followed in 1893, and we have remained here since that time.

"Mr. Dalton was 29 years of age and has a mother aged 60 and four brothers, Charles, Coleman, Littleton and Simon who live at present in Oklahoma Territory. We have lived with the Wallace family only a month and were in no way related to them. My people live in San Francisco, my father's residence being 1407 Van Ness avenue, and I also have two brothers and one sister living in that state."

Mrs. Dalton is a blonde, intelligent, refined and cultured, and keenly feels her present position. She is 27 years of age and has two children, the eldest, Charles, being 8 years old, while a daughter, Gracie, aged 6, is a hopeless invalid. Messrs. Dick and Brown, attorneys of this city, have been engaged to defend Wallace who was arrested, and will also represent Mrs. Dalton in the legal complications which may arise. There can no longer be a question of the identity of the dead man, as Mrs. Dalton, replying to a direct question said: "Yes, that is Bill Dalton, and I and my children are his lawful and sorrowing wife and orphans."

The ladies of the English royal family have a fad which thus far is all their own. All, including, it is said, the queen herself, beguile the hours by plaiting straw for the fabrication of hats to be presented to their sons and husbands.

Author, to his wife—Rejoice, oh! wife of my bosom: I have gained a prize of 500 marks for my latest effort. Wife—Which article was it? Author—Oh! that essay of mine: "The Defects of a Wife: A Study From Nature."

Mrs. Honeymoon, to bridegroom in train—Do you love me? Old Party, confidentially, from the other seat, to bridegroom—She's asked you that forty-seven times already. I get out here, but I'll leave the score with this

HOW TO KEEP BREAD.

It Should Be Exposed to the Air When It Leaves the Oven.

Don't shut bread in airtight boxes to keep it moist. Such barbarous treatment of bread may be efficacious in keeping it moist, but bread from which fresh air is excluded always has a disagreeable, clayey flavor and is unpalatable to people of cultured tastes, who appreciate the nutty sweetness that is a prominent characteristic of all good bread.

The foolish notion of keeping bread moist had its origin in bad cookery. Most of the stuff made by bakers has to be eaten fresh and moist or not eaten at all. It is so light and woolly that if exposed to the air a few hours it grows dry and husky and is almost as unsavory and innutritious as chips.

A large proportion of homemade bread is similar in character and is affected in a similar manner by exposure to the air. But properly made bread—such bread as ought to be in every intelligent home and on every Christian table three times a day—grows sweeter by exposure to the air and is not at its best until two or three days old. Bread should be kept in a well covered box or jar, but it should not be wrapped in cloths, and the box or jar in which it is kept should have small holes in the top or sides, through which the fresh air can have access. As soon as loaves of bread are taken from the oven they should be exposed freely to pure air, and at no time afterward should they be excluded from it. Make good bread, put it in a well ventilated box after it is perfectly cool, and it will keep sufficiently moist at least a week.

How to Care For the Teeth.

Cleanse the teeth thoroughly at least twice a day, after each meal being still better. A brush of medium stiffness and water from which the chill has been taken should be preferred. Two or three times a week some good tooth powder is desirable. Wooden tooth picks are injurious, as the splinters may break off between the teeth. Endure all reasonable pain for a time rather than have a tooth extracted, as a partially restored tooth is better than a false substitute.

How "Turkey Red" Is Made.

An oil bath is prepared composed of 100 gallons of water and 50 pounds of oil—sufficient for 100 pounds of cotton—and in this bath the cotton is handled until thoroughly impregnated; then pressed out and dried at a temperature not exceeding 40 degrees C. For mordanting, a bath of aluminate of soda is made by dissolving 80 pounds sulphate of alumina and 180 of soda in from six to eight times their weight of water, the soda solution being slowly added to the sulphate solution, and when all is added the liquor is made to stand at 6 degrees B. Into this bath the oil and dried cotton are entered and turned over eight to ten times to impregnate the fiber; then allowed to steep in the bath over night, being next day wrung out and dried at a temperature of 43 degrees C. The mordanted cotton after being dried is worked for 15 minutes in a bath containing eight to ten pounds of chalk; then rinsed and dried.

How to Do Up Linen Shades.

After the shades are washed, starched and dried roll them down in thin cold starch, letting them lie awhile. Begin to iron at the raw edged end. Iron about a foot, and when perfectly dry tack on to the roller. When this is smoothly rolled, iron a foot more, and so on till all is done. All must be absolutely dry before rolling.

How to Make Cold Cream.

The basis of cold cream is always mutton tallow. Get this at the butcher's and select some very fine tallow. Cut it into bits and put it into a saucepan without any water. Set the saucepan into a jar of boiling water and let all remain until the fat is thoroughly "tried" out of the tallow. Strain through a fine sieve, and while it is still warm stir in a teaspoonful of the essence of camphor to every cup of tallow; next a tablespoonful of your favorite perfume and stir until all is a sweet smelling liquid. Before it has had time to cool pour in a little toilet jar and set upon the ice over night. It will keep indefinitely and will be found one of the best remedies in the world for skin that gets rough and "winter sore."

How to Prevent New Griddles From Sticking.

Scour them well with salt before using. Then grease a few times, letting the grease heat well into the pan. Wipe off quickly with a clean rag all grease; then when ready to use pour on the grease and pour batter on at once.

Errors of Youth.

SUFFERERS FROM Nervous Debility, Youthful Indiscretions, Lost Manhood, BE YOUR OWN PHYSICIAN.

Many men, from the effects of youthful imprudence, have brought about a state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever being suspected, they are doctored for everything but the right one. Notwithstanding the many valuable remedies that medical science has produced for the relief of this class of patients, some of the ordinary modes of treatment fail to effect a cure. During our extensive college and hospital practice we have experimented with and discovered new and concentrated remedies. The astonishing prescription offered as a CERTAIN AND STRONG CURE, as hundreds of cases in our practice have been restored to perfect health by its use after all other remedies failed, perfectly pure ingredients must be used in the preparation of this prescription.

R— Erythroxylon coca, 1 drachm. Jaborandi, 4 drachm. Hypophosphites calcicum, 2 drachm. Glycerine, 4 ounces. Ext. quassia amara fluidum, 2 grains. Ext. nux vomica, 2 grains. Ext. damiana, 2 ounces. Bitter orange, q. s. Mix.

Make 60 pills. Take 1 pill at 6 p. m., and another on going to bed. In some cases it will be necessary for the patient to take two pills at bedtime, making the number three a day. This remedy is adapted to every condition of nervous debility and weakness in either sex, and especially in those cases resulting from indiscretion. The concentrated powers of this combination are truly astonishing, and its use continued for a short time changes the languid, despondent, nervous individual to one of renewed life and vigor.

As we are constantly in receipt of letters of inquiry relative to this remedy, we would say to those who would prefer to obtain it of us, by enclosing it in a securely sealed package containing 60 pills, carefully compounded, will be sent by return mail from our private laboratory, or we will furnish 6 packages, which will cure most cases for $5.

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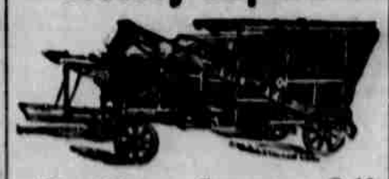

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LOCAL RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

STANDARD CENTRAL TIME.

Arrival and departure of trains carrying passengers at Lincoln, Neb. Trains marked * Daily; †, Daily except Sunday; ‡Daily except Monday; §, Daily except Saturday; ‖, Sundays only; ¶, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only; **, Monday, Wednesday and Friday only.

Burlington & Missouri River.

[C., B. & Q. R. R.]

Ticket offices at depot, Seventh and P sts; and corner Tenth and O Sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Plattsmouth, via Se. Bend and Louisville	†10:10 a. m.	† 6:19 p. m.
Wahoo and Schuyler	† 4:55 p. m.	†11:50 a. m.
Omaha and Chicago via Ashland cut-off	* 8:00 a. m.	*11:50 a. m.
	* 2:20 p. m.	* 6:19 p. m.
Ashland, Omaha and Plattsmouth	†10:10 a. m.	† 8:30 p. m.
	† 4:55 p. m.	† 9:50 a. m.
Crete, Hastings and Denver	*12:20 p. m.	* 7:40 a. m.
Lowell and Kearney	†12:20 p. m.	† 1:40 p. m.
St. Francis and Oberlin	§11:58 p. m.	‡ 7:40 a. m.
Holyoke & Cheyenne	§ 6:30 p. m.	‡ 7:40 a. m.
"Burlington Special" to Denver and coast	* 6:30 p. m.	* 1:40 p. m.
Crete, Beatrice and Wymore	*11:58 p. m.	*10:00 a. m.
	† 6:35 p. m.	† 4:40 p. m.
Washington and Concordia	†11:58 p. m.	† 4:40 p. m.
Endicott and Red Cloud	*11:58 p. m.	† 4:40 p. m.
Bennet, Syracuse, Nebraska City and east	† 1:53 p. m.	†11:55 a. m.
	† 4:00 a. m.	§10:45 p. m.
Grand Island Broken Bow, Alliance, Newcastle, Sheridan and Deadwood	*12:20 p. m.	* 1:35 p. m.
Seward, York, and Grand Island	† 6:45 p. m.	†10:00 a. m.
Atchison, St. Joe, Kansas City, St. Louis and south	* 1:45 p. m.	* 6:10 p. m.
Tecumseh and Table Rock	†10:00 a. m.	†10:35 p. m.
	§ 6:35 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.
Milford, David City, and Columbus	† 6:40 p. m.	†11:35 a. m.
	† 7:15 a. m.	§10:50 p. m.

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.

Passenger station corner O and Twentieth Sts. City office, 1045 O Street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Fast express to Topeka, Kan. City, and all points in Kansas Oklahoma, and Texas. West	† 8:20 a. m.	†10:11 p. m.
Local freight accommodation, east	†12:35 p. m.	†11:45 a. m.
Local freight accommodation, west	†12:35 p. m.	†11:30 a. m.
Fast exp for Omaha, Co. Bluffs, D. Moines St. Paul, Chic, & east	* 2:55 p. m.	* 4:03 p. m.
Fast exp to Denver, Col. Springs, Pueblo and west	* 4:03 p. m.	* 2:55 p. m.
Local pass for Omaha and Council Bluffs	†10:11 p. m.	† 8:20 a. m.

Union Pacific Railway.

Depot corner O and Fourth street. City ticket office 1044 O street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Omaha, Co. Bluffs, Chicago, Valley, east and west	† 9:20 a. m.	† 7:30 p. m.
Beatrice, Blue Sprgs, Manhattan, east & west, Topeka, Kansas City, east, south	† 8:00 a. m.	† 8:25 p. m.
David City Stromsbrg	† 6:00 p. m.	†10:40 a. m.
Sioux City, David City Columbus, Denver, Salt Lake, Helena, San Francisco and Portland	* 1:10 p. m.	* 4:10 a. m.
Beatrice, Cortland	† 7:30 p. m.	† 9:20 a. m.

Missouri Pacific Railway.

Ticket offices at depot and corner of Twelfth and O streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Auburn and Nebraska City Express	*11:50 p. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
St. Louis day express	*11:50 p. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
Auburn and Nebraska City Express	* 9:35 p. m.	* 6:05 a. m.
St. Louis night exp	* 9:35 p. m.	* 6:05 a. m.

Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley

(CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN LINE.)

Depot corner Eighth and S streets. City Ticket office 1133 O street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago and east	* 1:45 p. m.	*12:30 p. m.
Fremont, Omaha, Sioux City, St. Paul, Duluth Marshalltown, Cedar Rapids, Clinton, Des Moin's, Pierre, Aberdeen, Oakes	* 1:45 p. m.	*12:30 p. m.
Omaha	† 7:35 a. m.	10:00 p. m.
	* 1:45 p. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
Wahoo, Fremont, Norfolk, O'Neill, Longpine, Chadron, Casper, Hot Sprgs Rapid City, Deadwood	* 7:35 a. m.	* 5:05 p. m.
Fremont accom dat'n	† 3:00 p. m.	* 9:20 a. m.
Fremont freight	*11:00 a. m.	† 7:15 p. m.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS.

Via the Missouri Pacific Route.

On the second Tuesday in December 1893, January, February, March, April and May, 1894, the Missouri Pacific Route will sell round trip tickets to all stations in Texas, with final limit to return in thirty days from date of sale. Stop-overs are allowed in Arkansas, Texas and Oklahoma, New Mexico and Indian Territory. Come and take a trip to the south. PHIL DANIELS, C. P. & T. A. 1201 O street.

Call on Geo. Natterman & Co. for carriages, wagons, binders, and all farm implements. We'll use you right.

Use Northwestern line to Chicago Low rates. Fast trains. Office 1133