

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The larger pupils attending the Bunsen public school at Belleville, Ill., went on strike for a reduction in the hours of study.

At a special meeting of the directors of the Missouri Pacific at New York a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent was declared.

With several stolen letters in his pocket, Samuel S. Goodman, a clerk in the Chicago postoffice, was arrested for robbing the mails.

Frederick G. Roelker, one of the best known members of the Cincinnati bar, was found dead in his bed room with a bullet in his brain.

A tornado passed over the extreme southwest corner of Beadle county, S. D., Saturday afternoon, injuring ten persons and destroying much property.

James Shepherds, editor of a weekly society paper, committed suicide at his home in Chicago by shooting. His mind had been injured by brain fever.

It is estimated that the repairs to the Oregon, which has just arrived at San Francisco from the orient, rendered necessary by the damage sustained when she was wrecked in the Gulf of Pe Chi Li, will require about six months on the dry dock and cost \$250,000.

The Minnesota supreme court affirmed the decision of the Ramsey county court holding former State Treasurer Bobleter and his bondsmen responsible for the money of the state lost in defunct banks. The amount involved is about \$50,000. The bondsmen are liable in the sum of \$400,000.

Western roads have agreed to make reduced rates for July 4 from all the territory east of the Missouri river. Tickets will be sold at a fare and one-third for the round trip in all territory where the local rate is 3 cents a mile and at a rate of a fare and one-fifth for the round trip where it is over 3 cents a mile.

William Carson, manager of the Spot Cash mine, was fatally stabbed at Leadville, Colo., by P. F. Lynch. The men were playing a friendly game of cards for the drinks. Lynch accused Carson of cheating and a quarrel ensued, when Lynch drew his knife and stabbed Carson five times, the fatal wound being made in the abdomen.

The shirt waist problem has reached a crisis before the school board of the District of Columbia and promises to become such a serious problem in local municipal affairs as to engage the attention of the district commissioners. Twenty-five youths were sent home from the school because they wore shirt waists and the principal pronounced these garments improper attire.

Crop reports from the entire Northern Pacific system indicate very favorable conditions. The seventh bulletin issued from Vice President Hannaford's office states that throughout Minnesota there is plentiful moisture, with the ground in such condition that, without more rain, crops will not suffer until well into July. A few North Dakota points report slight damage from frost, but not enough to leave permanent traces. West of the Dakotas favorable conditions prevail.

Tracey Griffin, colored, was hanged at Brunswick, Ga., for murder.

It is semi-officially announced that President Looze, of the Baltimore & Ohio railway, is also to be made president of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern.

The National packing house at Mexico City, Mexico, burned. Loss \$300,000.

Jane Harriet Hamlin, sister of Winfield Scott Stratton, the Colorado multi-millionaire, is dead at her home in Jeffersonville, Ind.

The entire plant of the Wylie Cooperage company, at Interlochen, Mich., was wiped out by fire.

The population of Great Britain almost doubled in the Victorian era, but that of Ireland declined from 6,891,000 in 1821, to 4,455,000 in 1891.

Senator Hanna has announced the appointment of Hon. John Blodgett, of Grand Rapids, Mich., as a member of the republican national committee, to fill the vacancy in the national committee caused by the recent death of Wm. Elliott, of Michigan.

Julien Phelps, United States consul at Crefeld, Germany, has resigned. He was appointed from Iowa in 1897.

The Peoria, Ill., internal revenue district will this year contribute \$30,000,000 to the United States government.

The president has reappointed Miguel A. Otero governor of New Mexico. His term expired June 7th.

At the thirtieth annual commencement of the University of Nebraska degrees were conferred on 212 members of the senior class.

RED BOOK LOOKED INTO

The United States Government Reviews Its Foreign Relations.

COVERS THE SPANISH WAR PERIOD

Exhaustive Summary of Official Correspondence—Queen Listens to Pope—About to Decree Termination of Cuban Trouble.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The American red book for 1898 comprising the foreign relations during the eventful period of the Spanish-American war, has just made its appearance. It contains an exhaustive summary of the official correspondence. The Dupuy ed Lome incident and the blowing up of the Maine are treated under separate heads. The first official notification to Spain that the United States expected the independence of Cuba was in a dispatch from Secretary Hay to Minister Woodford on March 28, 1898. The president had previously instructed Mr. Woodford to endeavor to have Spain grant Cuba "full self-government." Spain at once asked the meaning of this term. In reply, Secretary Hay cabled, "Full self-government, with indemnity, would mean Cuban independence."

It appears that just before the war broke out Minister Woodford sent word that the queen regent, yielding to the request of the pope, was about to decree a termination of the war in Cuba for a period of six months. Mr. Woodford was hopeful this would avert a crisis in the trouble between Spain and the United States, but this hope was not realized, as congress soon after adopted the resolutions of intervention. The peace negotiations, both in Washington and Paris, are given in extenso. When the acquisition of the Philippines came up Secretary Hay cabled Mr. Day, saying: "The sentiment in the United States is almost universal that the people of the Philippines, whatever else be done, must be liberated from Spanish domination. In this sentiment the president fully concurs. Nor can we permit Spain to transfer any of the islands to another power. Nor can we invite another power or powers to join the United States in sovereignty over them. We must either hold them or turn them back to Spain. Consequently, grave as the responsibilities and unforeseen as are the difficulties which are before us, the president can see but one plain path of duty—the acceptance of the archipelago."

Early in the war the State department directed our ambassador at London to discreetly sound the British government upon war vessels using the Suez canal. In reply it was stated that the British government held that they were unquestionably entitled to the use of the canal for warships. The declarations of neutrality by most of the foreign governments, except Germany, are given, and as to Germany, Ambassador White gives a conference with Baron von Buelow, in which the latter says that Germany has not for twenty years issued a proclamation of neutrality.

NEXT MOVE IS AMERICA'S.

United States Must Lead if Russian Game is Played.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The situation as to the retaliatory tariff war between the United States and Russia is such that the next move must be made by the United States, if the contest is to be pursued. Secretary Gage, in his letter, raises the question whether the Russian government has not infringed upon the rights of the United States under treaty. Article vi of the treaty of commerce with Russia of 1832 reads: "No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the United States of any article the produce or manufacture of Russia; and no higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the empire of Russia of any article the product of manufacture of the United States than are or shall be payable on the like article being the produce or manufacture of any foreign country."

Heinze Gets the Mine.

BUTTE, Mont., June 20.—Judge Harney, in the district court this morning, awarded the Minnie Healy mine, valued at \$10,000,000 to F. August Heinze, deciding against Miles Finlan and the copper trust. Heinze bought the property from Finlan, who after spending \$54,000 in working the property, became discouraged and offered it to Heinze for the amount expended.

Corbin Starts Today.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Adjutant General Corbin will leave here tomorrow for the Philippine Islands, where he is to make a special inspection of military conditions and needs for the personal information of the president and secretary of war.

Mrs. McKinley Improving.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Dr. Rixey was at the White House this morning. He stated that Mrs. McKinley continues to improve.

THREE BONDSMEN ARE HELD.

District Court Jury Renders Verdict in the Bartley Litigation.

OMAHA, Neb., June 17.—The jury in the Bartley bond case brought in a verdict discharging W. A. Paxton, Thomas Swobe and Cadet Taylor from all obligations as sureties for Joseph E. Bartley, the defaulting state treasurer. John H. Ames, C. C. McNish and E. E. Brown were held to be liable for \$545,947.16, the amount of the shortage in Bartley's accounts.

This was the third action brought by the state to recover on the bond of the ex-treasurer. The defendants in the original case were Joseph S. Bartley, F. M. Cook, A. B. Clark, John H. Ames, C. A. Hanna, Mary Fitzgerald, Ed J. Fitzgerald, C. C. McNish, E. E. Brown, Thomas Swobe, Cadet Taylor, N. S. Harwood and W. A. Paxton. The case first came to trial in February of 1898, before Judge Powell, and a verdict was entered for the defendants. This decision was reversed by the supreme court.

On a second trial before Judge Fawcett a verdict was returned against all the defendants with the exception of Mary Fitzgerald, who escaped all obligations on a plea of insanity. This decision was reversed by the supreme court, and the case came back to the district court and has been on trial before Judge Baxter.

SHEEPSKINS FROM THE STATE

Two Hundred and Eighty-Two Young People Receive Them.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 17.—Two hundred and eighty-two young men and women received, in the presence of an audience that filled the large auditorium to its doors, the certificates showing that they had labored faithfully for four years at the University of Nebraska and were entitled to all the honors attaching thereto. Of these eighty-seven received the degree of bachelor of law and were admitted to practice in the courts of the state, seventy-two were granted the degree of bachelor of arts, and there were twenty post graduate students who were enrolled with the degree of master of arts. Wilbur C. Knight received the degree of doctor of philosophy, the highest honor conferred at the university.

Following the custom of previous years, a commencement procession, including the distinguished visitors, faculty, alumni, seniors and their friends, formed on the university campus and marched to the Auditorium, where the degrees were conferred.

Music Day and Night.

To hear the celebrated Bellstedt band there will necessarily have to be a hustle. The contract with the Omaha Musical union for a month of music has more than half expired, and soon all opportunity for hearing the famous Cincinnati band will have passed. Afternoon entertainments (matinees) can be enjoyed at reduced rates of admission. This is the identical musical organization that won such renown and was so popular at the two Omaha expositions in '98-'99. If heard at Omaha this year it must be in June, as the engagement closes with the month, when the band goes to Kansas City for a series of concerts.

National Guard Encampment.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 17.—At the next meeting of the State Military board an officer high in authority will submit a proposition to have the encampment of the Nebraska National guard this year held in some secluded and rough section of the state, preferably among the lakes in Cherry county, and at least forty miles from the nearest town or railroad station. Heretofore the guard has held its encampments near large cities.

Nebraska Funeral Directors.

BEATRICE, Neb., June 17.—The Nebraska Funeral Directors' association, in session here, elected officers as follows: President, H. B. Davis, Omaha; vice presidents, E. Ratnour, Weeping Water; A. H. Fellers, Humboldt; E. Livingstone, Harvard; secretary, George Brown, Superior; treasurer, N. P. Swanson, Omaha; executive board, H. K. Burket, Omaha; Jas. Heaton, Lincoln; W. G. Roberts, Lincoln; demonstrator, W. P. Hochen-schue, Iowa City, Ia.

Rains at-ct Chinch Bora.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., June 17.—Rains in this county are bringing out the small grain and corn in fine shape and are having a desirable effect on the chinch bugs, which were reported quite numerous in some localities.

Elects State Normal Teachers.

PERU, Neb., June 17.—The State Board of Education met here and elected teachers to fill vacancies at the State Normal. W. R. Hart of the University of Nebraska was elected professor of psychology and pedagogy at \$1,000; C. F. Beck, formerly deputy state superintendent, was elected assistant in mathematics at \$1,000; S. L. Caldwell was elected teacher of penmanship, drawing and spelling at \$600.

KEARNEY COTTON MILL

Owners Have Decided to Close Up the Manufactory.

HAS BEEN OPERATED AT A LOSS

The Mill to Be Sold as the Future Outlook is Not Encouraging—Outlook for the Coming State Fair Said to Be Bright—Miscellaneous Nebraska News.

KEARNEY, Neb., June 18.—It has been decided by the owners to close the Kearney cotton mill. For some time past, particularly since the closing of the Asiatic market, occasioned by the Chinese war, the mill has been operated at a loss. The Kearney mill was a direct shipper of special grades of cotton goods to China. The building of nearly 200 mills during the last year, more than three-fourths of them in the south, has overstocked the sheeting market, and it is understood there is now more than a year's supply of manufactured goods in storage in this country. The high price of cotton has made it impossible to manufacture without a loss. Eastern investors hold mortgage bonds for \$90,000, borrowed to use as working capital. The mortgage is in process of foreclosure and a decree is expected within thirty days.

The mill will then be sold. It is not improbable that the present owners will buy the property and reorganize, but at this time it is not possible to say whether the mill will be operated again or not. Considering the hard competition and the condition of the cotton goods trade the outlook is not encouraging. There have been various rumors regarding the purchase of the property by other interests and the use of the water power and building for other purposes, but these cannot be traced to a reliable source.

A Series of Popular Concerts.

The Belstedt band, widely and favorably known by reason of engagements at the Trans-Mississippi and Greater America expositions, is giving concerts at Omaha all during the month of June. The opportunity for hearing this celebrated musical organization may never again occur, and those who would enjoy a season of rare entertainment should remember that the engagement closes with the month. Concerts take place twice a day, the afternoon matinees being at reduced rates of admission. On certain days railroads are offering a cut in fares.

Bright Outlook for State Fair.

LINCOLN, June 18.—Secretary Furnas has issued the premium list for the thirty-third annual Nebraska state fair, to be held at Lincoln August 30 to September 6, 1901. The premium list was prepared in advance of securing a place to hold the fair and has been held back awaiting the decision of the board of public lands and buildings on the old fair grounds site at Lincoln. The state fair has an encouraging outlook for one of the best agricultural and live stock shows ever given in the state.

Man Hurled Into the Air.

ASHLAND, Neb., June 19.—While at work at the new stone quarry Roy Dean lighted a match to ignite a fuse, when the match broke and the burning end dropped. He struck another match, not noticing that the first one had dropped so as to light the fuse, and before he knew of it the blast went off, throwing him thirty feet into the air. As he came down he fell on the roof of a shed and the force of the fall was broken. He was badly burned and bruised, although no bones were broken.

The Miles Case.

FALLS CITY, Neb., June 18.—The Miles will case is to be reopened in the district court of Richardson county at Falls City at the next term, the bill in equity for this purpose having been filed. The man who wrote the second will, the one refused probate by the county judge, has been found and has made affidavit bearing out practically all of the contentions of the attorneys for the plaintiffs, which they were unable to prove at the trial held in the spring of 1900.

Knee Deep in Water.

WINSIDE, Neb., June 18.—The heaviest rain ever known fell here. Cellars and all the lowlands are flooded. The damage to the crops will be great, as the ground was already thoroughly soaked by the recent rains, and fields washed badly.

Sentenced for Cattle Stealing.

ST. PAUL, Neb., June 18.—Frank Waynes, who was tried by a jury in the district court here last week and found guilty of cattle stealing, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Returned for Trial.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., June 18.—Dr. Wood, who figured last February in a shooting affray here, has been returned for trial. He was located in Sherman county, Kansas.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.

CATTLE—There was not what might be called a heavy run of cattle here today, but still the market was very slow and lower. The reason seemed to be that packers claim prices did not go down nearly as much here last week as they did at other points and as a result they have to take off here this week. Packers started out bidding 10c lower on all grades of beef steers. Sellers, however, held on and cattle that did change hands were on the average about a dime lower. Some of the choicest bunches were perhaps not over a nickel lower, but to offset that the commoner grades were in some cases more than a dime lower. The cow market was also very slow and lower. Packers wanted to get their supplies 10c to 15c lower, and while sellers held on for better prices, they were unable to get them in the majority of cases. Bulls also took a drop in sympathy with the decline on cows and steers. Steers were also about a dime lower and veal calves were slow and weak. Stockers and feeders were more plentiful today than for some little time past and buyers took advantage of the opportunity to pound the market a little.

HOGS—There was just a fair run of hogs here today and the market opened 2 1/2 c higher. The first hogs sold mostly at \$5.72 1/2, with some of the lighter weights at \$5.35. Not many, however, changed hands on that basis, as it soon became evident that packers wanted the hogs and as a result sellers held for better prices. After the first round the market was a good nickel higher, with the bulk of the hogs selling at \$5.72 1/2 and \$5.50, with the choice heavy weights going as high as \$5.95. It was a good, active market and values improved as the morning advanced, so that the close was good and strong.

SHEEP—There was not a heavy run of sheep and lambs here today and as the demand on the part of packers was in fairly good shape they bought up what was offered at just about steady prices as compared with yesterday. There was a four-lamb bunch of Wyoming grass wethers on the market that sold for \$3.50, which was pronounced a good price, as compared with the way other sheep are selling. The clipped lambs on sale brought from \$4.25 to \$4.50, and spring lambs sold as high as \$5.25. It looked like just about a steady market all around.

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Beef steers, steady to easy; other cattle, steady to 10c lower; choice beef steers, \$5.49 1/2 to 5.90; fair to good, \$4.50 to 5.30; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to 4.50; western fed steers, \$4.65 to 5.70; Texans and Indians, \$3.50 to 4.25; Texas grass steers, \$3.00 to 3.75; cows, \$3.00 to 4.25; heifers, \$3.50 to 4.50; canners, \$2.00 to 2.85; bulls, \$3.25 to 4.50; calves, \$3.50 to 5.00.

HOGS—Market 2 1/2 c higher; top, \$6.00; bulk of sales, \$5.50 to 5.85; heavy, \$5.00 to 5.25; mixed packers, \$5.80 to 5.95; light, \$5.00 to 5.25; pigs, \$3.50 to 5.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Spring lambs, 10c lower; western lambs, \$4.25 to 4.50; western wethers, \$3.50 to 4.00; western yearlings, \$4.00 to 4.50; ewes, \$3.00 to 3.75; Texas grass sheep, \$3.00 to 3.25; Texas lambs, \$3.50 to 4.00; spring lambs, \$4.25 to 4.50.

HALF MAST FOR PINGREE.

Flags in Detroit Are Lowered in Honor of Ex-Governor.

DETROIT, Mich., June 20.—All the flags in the city are floating at half mast today out of respect to the memory of ex-Governor Pingree, whose death in London last night is almost the sole topic of conversation on the streets today. As a whole, the city is more deeply moved by Pingree's death than by the loss of any public man in many decades.

The body of Mr. Pingree has been embalmed. It will be removed to a private mortuary tonight, prior to embarkation on Sunday. Mr. Pingree, jr., is the recipient of cable messages of sympathy from all parts of the United States. The officials of the United States embassy have extended him every courtesy and assistance.

Clowry's Yacht Christened.

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., June 20.—Chicago society was well represented here this evening at an event highly interesting in yachting circles of Lake Geneva. It was the successful launching of Colonel R. C. Clowry's new steam yacht, which promises to be the fastest pleasure craft on the lake. The honors were gracefully borne by Mr. Clowry's niece, Miss Estabrook, daughter of Henry D. Estabrook, formerly of Omaha, who, breaking a bottle of champagne on the prow of the vessel, christened her the Blanche. An elaborate program was observed during the afternoon and evening, participated in by a large party of invited guests.

James G. Blaine Monument.

PITTSBURG, June 20.—It is stated that Andrew Carnegie will erect a monument to James G. Blaine. A personal friendship of many years and a warm admiration for the great champion of American industries inspire the philanthropist in his undertaking.

Naval Cadets a Trip.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The academic board at the Naval academy has recommended to Secretary Long that the young men designated for naval cadets be examined at or near their homes, instead of at the Naval academy.

Lynchers After Ecker.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 20.—Geo. Ecker, wanted at Big Piney for forgery committed there a year ago, shot and killed Deputy Sheriff C. B. Holden and seriously wounded Fred Rarden, a merchant at Big Piney. The killing occurred in the mountains seventy miles north of Opa, Wyo. Sheriff James of Evanston and a posse are in pursuit of the murderer, but it is feared he will be lynched before officers reach him.

Full Weight Counterfeiters.

A kind of counterfeiting that has become popular in England of late is the manufacture of spurious shillings out of genuine silver. As the same amount of silver contained in a shilling is worth only about one-half of that sum the coiners reap excellent profits. All of the false shillings detected heretofore have been cast in a mold, but it is pointed out that were the counterfeiter to enlist the service of an expert engraver and die-striker the detection would be almost impossible and the only obvious remedy would be to increase the size and weight of the coins.

Maclaren's Fun Won the "Mon."

Rev. John Watson ("lan Maclaren") and others, according to the Congressionalist, recently dined with W. S. Caine, member of parliament. Mr. Caine offered to give £50 to a hospital fund through the man who would make the best pun on his name within five minutes. Brains cogitated for a few minutes, and then, just as the time was about to expire, and Mr. Caine thought he was about to escape, John Watson said: "Don't be in such a hurry, Caine."

Sad to say there is such a thing as alert stupidity.

A Pike County Miracle.

Velpen, Ind., June 17.—Wm. O. B. Sullivan, a farmer of this place, and who is a brother of ex-Representative Sullivan of Pike and Dubois counties, has had a remarkable experience recently.

Mr. Sullivan is 49 years of age, and has been a citizen of Pike County for 30 years. For two years, he has suffered much with kidney trouble and rheumatism. His shoulders and side were very sore and stiff, and his back was so bad he could hardly straighten up at all. He had palpitation of the heart, and a smothering which was very distressing. He used three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and is as strong and well as ever he was. He pronounces his cure a miracle. Mr. Sullivan's statement of his case is startling.

"A month ago I was a cripple. Today I can do a hard day's work every day, and have not a single ache or pain."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have done some wonderful cures in Indiana, but none more miraculous than that in the case of Mr. Sullivan.

If you want to keep on the right side of the average mother speak well of her bad boy.

Are You Using Allen's Foot Ease?

It is the only cure for Scalds, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Drugists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

What some people don't know they are forever talking about.

WONDERFUL GEYSERS OF YELLOWSTONE PARK.

No Other Region in the World Abounds In Such a Variety of Attractions.

The most wonderful scenery in the world is in Yellowstone National Park, the great natural curiosity shop of the universe. Nowhere else, within equal bounds, are found so many natural wonders grouped, almost as if by design, for the special convenience of sight-seers. The wonders of the Alps and the Himalayas, could they be gathered together and compressed into an equal space, could not hope to rival in grandeur, in variety nor in number, the attractions of the Yellowstone. Were all the attractions except the geysers removed, the region would still be famed world wide, drawing nature lovers from all countries to witness the exhibitions of unequalled power of these matchless giants, which, with a roar that may be heard long distances, spout huge columns of seething water high into the air, sustaining them there for varying lengths of time. Old Faithful, with a regularity that begot its name, at intervals of 65 to 75 minutes, sends up a huge column of water 150 feet into the air, remaining active for four minutes. Giant, with a deafening roar, spouts 250 feet every third day for 90 minutes. White Geysers, at longer intervals and with slightly less power, maintains activity for twelve hours at a stretch. Many others, at intervals ranging from five minutes to several days, spout water to varying heights, remaining active for periods ranging from one second to an hour or more. In all, there are thirty-three members of this interesting Geyser family of sufficient importance to deserve special mention. Twenty-eight of these are in Upper basin, and when several of them, with their rainbow tints, spouting at once, the scene is indescribable. Other scenes of grandeur that abound in favored mountainous regions pass in endless review before the enchanted tourist, all sense of fleeting time being lost in their admiration.

Travel to the park, following improved transportation facilities, has greatly increased in recent years. Leaving the Oregon Short Line at Montida, Montana, after a pleasant ride through changing scenes from Salt Lake City, comfortable stage coaches run to and through the park, making the trip at easy stages in five days, four of which are spent among nature's wonders, and the other among delightful scenery. Good hotels are conveniently located in the park for sight-seers, where one may stay indefinitely, at very reasonable cost.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR GUNS WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Tough Syrup, Tastes Good, Use in Time. Sold by Druggists. CONSUMPTION