

cheese and salt meat should be sparingly eaten.

Many good physicians and nurses use Wizard Oil for obstinate rheumatism and neuralgia. It's the right thing to do.

Where bread is wanting, all's to be sold.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOS. ROBINSON, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1903.

The old man has given all to his son.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, cures wind colic, and is a bottle.

It takes a level headed man to survive a stroke of good fortune.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O! Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/2 the price of coffee. 15c and 30c per package. Sold by all grocers.

Knowledge bereft of reason is the most miserable of widows.

The Best Way.

If you are going to take advantage of the Cheap Rate to California in July, account of the Epworth League Convention to be held at San Francisco, remember that the Southern Pacific Company can offer more attractions in the way of diverse routes to and from and through California than any other line. Send to the undersigned for a map of California, which will show how you can reach all points of interest via the Southern Pacific Lines and how you can have your ticket to San Francisco reading over one line and returning another. These cheap rate Round-Trip Tickets will be on sale July 6th to 13th inclusive and will be good for return until August 31st. W. G. Neimyer, General Western Agent, 238 Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

An artist's work is finished when he draws his last breath.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

The dealer in kitchen utensils is one sort of pan-American.

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 16-oz. starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The obese man has no friends in a crowded street car.

HO! FOR OKLAHOMA! New lands soon to open. Be ready! Morgan's Manual, with supplement containing prospectus, map, showing allotments, County seats, etc. \$1. Supplement & Map, 50c. Agents Wanted. LICK T. MORRIS, Perry, O. T.

Fact is the rock against which the waves of theory break.

GREATLY REDUCED RATES VIA OMAHA AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Buffalo, N. Y., on sale May 15th to Sept. 30th.

Kansas City, Mo., on sale June 7th to 11th.

Detroit, Mich., on sale July 5th, 6th and 7th.

Cincinnati, O., on sale July 4th, 5th and 6th.

Chicago, Ill., on sale July 23rd, 24th and 25th.

Louisville, Ky., on sale Aug. 24th, 25th and 26th.

Cleveland, O., on sale Sept. 8th to 12th. Half rates to most all points south first and third Tuesday each month. Summer tourist rates to all summer resorts now on sale. For descriptive matter regarding the Pan-American Exposition, summer tours, rates and all information call at O. & St. L. City Office, 1415 Farmington street (Paxton Hotel building), or write Harry E. Moores, C. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb., or A. J. Bandy, G. P. A., Kansas City, Mo.

The "Peanut King's" Start.

F. W. Mills as a "peanut king" has had an interesting career. He began life as a peanut vendor on a train. When only 12 years old he had contracts with several railroads running out of Chicago for the exclusive right to sell peanuts on the trains. This lad of 12 had grown men in his employ. Mills, the peanut vendor, is now the employer of more than 600 men. He is manager of a company that makes slot machines, which supply salted peanuts.

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 16-oz. starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The Young Crokers Not "Horsy."

It is regarded as somewhat singular that neither Richard Croker's sons has taken to the turf, or even to horses except in a small way. They prefer to be dog fanciers and each has some very fine animals—bull dogs and bull terriers. Later on they may take up "the sport of kings." Their father had nothing to do with racing until he was 50.

A GLORIOUS SIGHT.

Fields of Wheat in Which the Shocks Were So Thick It Was Almost Impossible to Drive Between Them.

To the Editor: A gentleman from Duluth made a trip through a portion of Western Canada last summer and writing of what he saw, says:

"Wheat, for instance, will average twenty-five or thirty bushels to the acre. I saw shocks so thick in the field that it would be almost impossible to drive between them. Winters, it is said are longer than near Duluth, but the Japan current, warm chinook winds and dry atmosphere make the winters comparatively mild."

Thousands of such testimonials are to be had from settlers who have taken advantage of the low-priced lands of Western Canada. During the present year new districts will be opened up in the Saskatchewan valley and advantage should be taken of this at once. Information can be had from any agent of the government, whose advertisement appears elsewhere in your column. Yours truly, OLD READER.

REPUBLICANS DIVID

ON THE PROBLEMS OF THE TARIFF AND THE TRUSTS.

Reciprocity or Tariff Reform is Raising Cain in the Ranks of the "G. O. P."—Facing a Crisis in Career—

The republican party is facing a dilemma that will not down and must be met at the meeting of the Fifty-seventh Congress. The domination of the trusts has been so, imprinted on the public mind, especially regarding those trusts that are directly benefited by the protective tariff, that many of the most partisan republican newspapers and politicians have already pronounced for the repeal of those schedules that cover the products of some of the most monopolistic of the trusts. The other faction, to which Hanna and President McKinley belong, declare that the tariff law must not be meddled with and that reciprocity is the only relief that must be attempted. Section 3 of the Dingley tariff act under the head of the Free List is the reciprocity section and provides that the president may, for the purpose of equalizing the trade of the United States with foreign countries producing and exporting the following articles: Argols, or crude tartar, or wine less, crude; brandies, or other spirits; champagne and all other sparkling wines; still wines, and vermouth; paintings and statuary; may enter into a commercial agreement that will allow the before named articles to be imported at special rate of duties from 5 to 15 per cent and on brandies, champagne and wines from 35c to \$1.75 per gallon.

Under section 4 the president is authorized to make reciprocity treaties that will admit, other articles under a reduction of 20 per cent off of the regular tariff duties, or may transfer from the dutiable list to the free list, "such goods, wares and merchandise, being the natural products of such foreign country or countries and not of the United States."

Thus it will be seen that the reciprocity powers granted the president are very circumscribed and does not touch the trust monopolies except as the 20 per cent reduction of the present duties may affect them. As the duties on iron and steel range from 4 to 10 to 1/2 cent a pound it will be seen that the reduction of 20 per cent on that schedule would not injure the trust or allow foreign steel to compete in our market especially as the steel trust is successfully competing with foreigners on their own ground.

The same remarks apply to other schedules. Reciprocity is a one-sided affair that will allow a few luxuries such as wines and champagne to be imported at reduced duties, but the necessities of life would remain about the same, at all events not enough reduction to bring competition and reduce their cost to our consumers. It can hardly be wondered that the United States Senate refused to ratify the reciprocity treaties already made by the president and it is doubtful, even if the republicans should have the necessary two-thirds—which they will not have in the next Congress—that all these will be found ready to ratify such reciprocity.

There remains for the republicans the other horn of the dilemma and that is a reform of the tariff by adding to the free list such articles as are monopolized by trusts or reducing the same to a tariff for revenue basis. This is the Democratic position and doubtless the Democratic members of congress will be quite willing to join hands with those republicans that are ready to act for this sensible reform.

There is another phase of reciprocity that has been suggested by the Chicago Chronicle, which says:

The administration is said to have arranged with the different governments concerned to keep the reciprocity treaties suspended another year in the hope of bringing the senate over. Probably it will avail nothing to keep the treaties pending. Senators opposing them may be influenced by constitutional as well as protectionist considerations. They may be satisfied that the supreme court would declare the treaties void in case they should be ratified, on the ground that under the constitution congress alone has the power to lay duties and cannot turn that power over to the president and senate in their treaty making capacity. That the framers of the Dingley law perceived this difficulty appears from the fact that in framing section 4 of that law, relating to reciprocity treaties, they inserted the provision that "when such treaty shall have been duly ratified by the senate and approved by congress" then the duties therein agreed upon shall be effective. This is obviously an attempt to get around the constitutional difficulty. But probably senators are convinced that the attempt would not prove successful if the question should get up to the supreme court, as it almost certainly would if the treaties were ratified.

CHEAP GOODS TO FOREIGNERS.

The trusts and combines have inaugurated a new scheme to keep the home market to themselves at the highest possible figure and not decrease their output. To do this the surplus after supplying the home trade must be disposed of. To reduce the price here would make it impossible to pay interest on the vast over-capitalization of the new corporations. To reduce the production would entail the shutting down of plants and bring on a depressed condition of trade that would make it impossible to market

the stocks which have been issued in such enormous sums and which have been, in many instances, put up with the banks as collateral for loans. The interest on those loans must be paid and a five or six per cent dividend must be declared to cover the bank charges.

To dispose of these surplus products the markets of Europe were looked over and it was found that by making a price at about cost and in some cases even less, the foreigners would take them. This amounts in a great measure, for the increase of our exports. It also shows the wonderful workings of the protective tariff, which while protecting the home market for the benefit of the trusts, forces cheap goods on the foreigners at our expense. As evidence of the fact that while our people are paying the highest price and in addition the profit that should be paid by the foreigner, the Chicago Chronicle says:

The industrial commission continues to accumulate testimony to the effect that the tariff protected combines not only can, but in fact do, exact higher from their own countrymen than from foreigners. A Chicago witness Herman B. Butler, representing the iron firm of J. T. Ryerson & Co., testified to that effect Thursday. He said that "merchants" sold iron goods much cheaper in foreign markets than in home markets. This implies, or at least very strongly suggests, that the merchants can get concessions from the manufacturers when the goods are for export. Merchants would have no strong motive to discriminate against home consumers if they were not getting a "divvy" from the manufacturers. Mr. Butler expressed the belief that if combines put up prices so as to insure abnormal profits competition would arise and bring prices down. No doubt. But from the fact which he stated about selling cheaper abroad we must conclude that some competition, on a level basis from the outside, is necessary to protect the home consumer against extortion. That is to say, free trade alone can protect the home consumer.

THE UNPARDONABLE SIN.

The Worcester Methodist ministers are stirred to their depths, says the Johnstown Democrat. Their moral sensibilities have been shocked. Their religious feelings have been deeply outraged. And today they are looking upon the major as a man of sin. All because the major is said to have looked down his imperial Napoleonic nose at the bottom of a champagne glass.

This was the straw that broke the ministerial camel's back Worcester Methodist pulpites could regard the abandonment of plain duty without a sense of shame. They could contemplate a criminal aggression without a qualm. They could see slavery reinstated under the flag with pious equanimity. They could brook the recognition of Mohammedan polygamy under government protection without wincing. They could read the story of Cuban betrayal to the greed of syndicates and trusts and the nation branded in the face of the world as a perjurer with a sense of righteousness fulfilled, and of religion vindicated. They could even applaud the butchery of the Filipinos who had been our friends and allies; they could magnify the name of an alien conqueror who steeped a hapless country in blood for the gratification of lust and greed and glory; but they draw the line at a glance of sparkling champagne.

The major may shed oceans of blood; he may burn and lay waste whole cities and towns and villages in pursuit of duty and destiny; he may betray allies and degrade the nation's flag; he may trample on the constitution and belittle the Declaration of Independence; he may mouth pious lies and bubble over with cant and affection in the concealment of his shameless immorality in dealing with weaker people; but he must not look upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth its color to the cup. Nay, for wine is a mocker and strong drink is raging. Let his only libations be of blood. Let him kick over states and set up imperial strappings on the ruins of free institutions, but let him not take a drop for his stomach's sake.

And let no man wonder that the church is losing its hold upon the masses. Let it rather be wondered that it has not fallen into absolute contempt. That it has not so fallen surely is no fault of the Worcester Methodist Ministerial association.

GIFTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

The most insignificant of us much dislike to place ourselves under obligations to any one to whom we cannot reciprocate. Those who are rich and powerful seldom do so, especially when to receive gifts would cause their motives in taking them to be called in question.

William McKinley should have informed the corporations which are junketing him and his imperial suite across the continent that he would pay his own bills, which he can afford to do out of \$450,000 a year and "found." It would have been good politics as well as good taste for Mr. McKinley to have added that it is unseemly for a president of the United States to assume personal obligations to interests which may be affected by bills coming before him for official consideration.

As, however, Mr. McKinley has been dispensing his official favors from the beginning of his first term into the second, according to his sense of private obligations, such an expression of Republican delicacy and equity was not to be expected at his hands.

Mr. McKinley is of the type which takes everything it can get without sensitiveness as to the source or the implied obligation.

Cheap Artificial Stone.

The preparation of a simple and cheap artificial stone is becoming an important German industry and is likely to eventually supplant brickmaking. The ingredients are only lime and sand in the proportion of four to six parts of the former to between ninety-six and ninety-four parts of the latter. The materials are thoroughly mixed and shaped into blocks of the desired size. The latter are then put in a boiler, which is sealed, and submitted to a steam pressure of from 120 to 150 pounds to the square inch. This operation gives a flinty character to the blocks, making them very hard.

For Health and Decency.

Disregard for the law against expectorating in public conveyances has at last moved the New York health department to action. Tuesday morning seventy officers of the department in citizen's attire were detailed to travel all day in the cars of the various companies throughout the city and on all the ferry boats. They had orders to arrest any person found violating the ordinance. Before noon several men were compelled to accompany the officers to a magistrate's court, where they were fined and warned against a repetition of the offense.

Couldn't Wear Shoes.

Sumpter, Ill., June 10th.—Mrs. J. B. Flanigan, of this place, had suffered from dropsy for fifteen years. She was so very bad that for the last three years she has not been able to wear her shoes. She had doctored all the time, but was gradually getting worse. Last winter Mr. Flanigan, who was very much discouraged, called for some medicine at Mr. J. Dale's drug store in Carmel. Mr. Dale persuaded him to have his wife try Dodd's Kidney Pills, and he bought six boxes. His wife used five out of the six, before she was entirely cured. She is now as sound and as well as ever she was, completely restored to health, and free from any symptom whatever of dropsy.

To say that Mrs. Flanigan is pleased at her wonderful deliverance does not half express her feelings, and she and Mr. Flanigan are loud in their praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and of Mr. Dale for recommending this wonderful remedy to them.

The fact that Dodd's Kidney Pills cured Mrs. Flanigan of such a severe case of dropsy, after the doctors had given her up, has made them the most talked of remedy ever known in White county.

Honors for a Very Old Painter.

Thomas Sidney Cooper the dean of English painters, will celebrate his 98th birthday in September next, and preparations are being made by the English Royal academy to observe the occasion by one of the largest artistic dinners ever given in London.

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 16-oz. starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

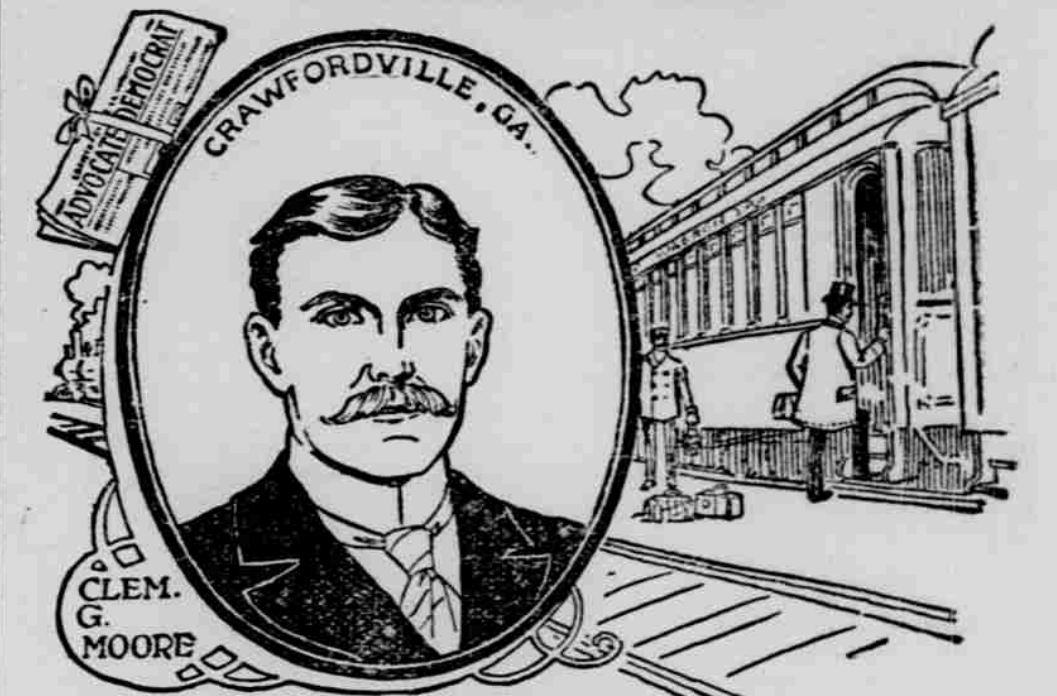
Beware of meat twice boiled, and an old foe reconciled!

W. L. Douglas's Permanent Cure. Sufferers on nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 501 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

O fool! to undress thyself before thou art going to bed.

FOR SYSTEMIC CATARRH

Peculiar to Summer Pe-ru-na Gives Prompt and Permanent Relief.



Clem G. Moore, Editor of the Advocate-Democrat of Crawfordsville, Ga., writes the Peruna Medicine Company as follows: "Gentlemen—After four years of intense suffering, caused by systemic catarrh, which I contracted while editing, and traveling for my paper, I have been greatly relieved by the use of Peruna. I gave up work during these years of torture, tried various remedies and many doctors, but all the permanent relief came from the use of Peruna. My trouble was called indigestion, but it was catarrh all through my system, and a few bottles of Peruna made me feel like another person, noting the improvement after I had used the first bottle. Peruna is undoubtedly the best catarrh remedy ever compounded.—Clem G. Moore." Captain Percy W. Moss, Paragould, Ark., says: "I think Peruna is undoubtedly the finest and surest catarrh cure ever prepared, and it has taken but two bottles to convince me of this fact." Judge Wm. T. Zenor, of Washington, D. C., writes from 213 N. Capital Street, Washington, D. C.: "I take pleasure in saying that I can cheerfully recommend the use of Peruna as a remedy for catarrhal trouble and a most excellent tonic for general conditions."—Wm. T. Zenor. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3. & \$3.50 SHOES UNION MADE. WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS. Real worth of W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes is \$2 to \$2.50. My \$4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price. It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the lining that have planned the best this, has a perfect model. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. Take the substitute. Trust on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

VISIT THE PAN-AMERICAN AND THE EXPOSITION BUFFALO EAST. LAKE MICH. CHICAGO LOW RATES NIAGARA FALLS BUFFALO TOLEDO CLEVELAND CHAUTAUQUA LAKE FREQUENT TRAINS. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Full particulars on application to F. M. BYRON, General Western Agent, CHICAGO.

APPENDICITIS



that dreadful fiend that threatens the life of rich and poor, can attack and kill only those whose bowels are not kept thoroughly cleaned out, purified and disinfected the year round. One whose liver is dead, whose bowels and stomach are full of half decayed food, whose whole body is unclean inside, is a quick and ready victim of appendicitis.

If you want to be safe against the scourge, keep in good health all the time, KEEP CLEAN INSIDE! Use the only tonic laxative, that will make your bowels strong and healthy, and keep them pure and clean, protected against appendicitis and ALL EPIDEMIC DISEASES. It's CAS-CARETS, that will keep and save you. Take them regularly and you will find that all diseases are absolutely

PREVENTED BY CAS-CARETS LIVER TONIC BEST FOR THE BOWELS NEVER SOLD IN BULK. 10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS. CURE: All bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, yellow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CAS-CARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CAS-CARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CAS-CARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CAS-CARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, the 50c. boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c. box, return the unused 50c. box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will find that you are well. You first started the use of CAS-CARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.