HOW A METHODIST MINISTER NOBODY ANXIOUS FOR GOLD CARRIES HIS YEARS.

From the Times, Oswego, N. Y. Probably no man is better known or more highly respected in Oswego, N. Y., than the Rev. William Young, of the Methodist church. Mr. Young holds a responsible position with the Oswego City Savings Bank, where he has been an employe for the past twenty years. In the spring of 1894 Mr. Young looked as if his time on earth was limited but, instead of failing as was predicted, he soon gained a more healthy look and appeared stronger. As the months went by this improvement continued, until now he is as rugged and apparently as healthy as a young man of thirty, although his gray locks denote a more advanced age. A Times reporter, determined to find out what had made this great change, called upon Mr. Young at the bank and put question direct and received the

"In truth I am a changed man, and I owe my present good health to Dr. Wil-Pink Pills. In the spring of 1894 I was all run down and had commenced to think that my time had come. I had to be prescribed for by physicians, and although I received temporary relief, the same old trouble came back again and I was worse than before. I had no strength or appetite, and physically I was in a miserable condition. After my work I would go home, but the general lassitude which hang over me left me without any ambition, and when I would go to the table to eat, my appetite failed me and I would have to leave without taking hardly any nourishment. My kidneys were also badly affected, and I was in utter despair. One day, here at the bank, I happened to pick up one of the local papers, and my eye fell on the ad-vertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The advertisement gave a description of a man who, afflicted as I then was had been cured by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was not a believer in that kind of doctoring, but concluded as a last resort to try a box of the pills, making up my mind that if they did not help me I certainly would not be injured any. Going to a drug store I purchased a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and commenced taking them ac cording to directions. Very soon af: I began to feel better and I saw I had made no mistake in trying the pills, and before the first box was emptied I felt so much improved that I immediately purchased another. I had taken seven boxes of the pills, and at the end of last summer I felt I was entirely cured and discontinued their use, but always keep a box handy if occasion requires. I am now entirely cured. The lassitude has left me, my kidneys are all right and my appetite-well, you should see me at the table. I am a new man again, and instead of feeling has a ran of 1717, which is my age. I feel like a youngster of twenty, and I give Pink Pills the full credit for this great change. I have recommended these pills to reveral of my neighbors and acquaintances, who have been relieved of their complaints."

WILLIAM YOUNG. (Signed) Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of May, 1895. BERNARD GALLAGHER. Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company. Schenectady. N. Y., for 50 cents per box,

Whenever you make a mistake, make it

Among the curious inventions issued last week as reported by Messrs Sues & Co., Patent Solicitors, Omaha, Neb., is found a pneumatic tire within the tread of which the inventor has placed a pocket which is filled with a selfhealing composition which as soon as the tire is punctured oozes out and automatically repairs and seals the puncture. Another noticeable device is that of a Frenchman who gets a patent for a thill or shaft composed of a series of compressed paper layers between which is fixed a flexible steel plate. A unique puzzle has been patented to a New Jersey inventor, which comprises a series of transparent pictures of notable persons which can all be placed in one frame and held up to the light. when a curious composite picture is the result. A Michigan man obtained a patent for a composition for destroying

Among the Nebraska inventors who secured patents were the following: Emil R. Draver, Alliance, Neb., grain scouring machine and a sifter or chop grader; George R. McCoy, Osceola, Neb., combined suspenders and shoulder braces; and Henry Obermeyer, Beatrice. Neb., churn.

Any information relating to the law and sale of patents may be had free upon addressing Sues & Co , Patent Solicitors, Bee Building, Omaha, Neb.

The secret of proonging life is not to at ridge it.

Summer Excursions Via. the Wabash R. R. St. Louis June 18th to 18th. HALF St. Louis Ju'y 2.d. FARE | Washington Ju y 7d to 6th.

Buffa o July 5th and tth. Now on sa e. Summer Tourist Tickets to an summer resorts good returning until Oct. list. Thos. Cook & Son's special tours of Europe. For rates, itineries, saiing of Steamers and jul information regarding summer vacation tours via. rai- or water call at the Wa- ash Ticket Office, No. 1415 Farnam St. (Faxton Hotel block), or write G. N. Clayton, N. W. P. A., Omaha, Netr.

If a policeman does not preserve order he gets into a pickle.

1 Summer Resort Book Free. Write to C. S. Crane, general passenger and ticket agent Wabash Railroad, St Louis, Mo., for a summer resort book, telling all about the beautiful lake region reached by the Wabash

Many a man is very liberal in tuying whiskey who does not pay for the meat and tread his children eat.

A cultivated devil has the sharpest

The June Atlantic begins with another installment of the letters of Dante Gabriel Rosetti, edited by George Birbeck Hill. This installment con-tains the letters for 1855. Striking features in this issue are an article upon The Politician and the Public School, by Mr. G. L. Jones, superintendent of schools, Cleveland, Ohio, and Restriction of Immigration, by President Francis A. Walker. The book reviews include a review of John T. Morse's Life and Letters of Oliver Wendell able sections of the road. Holmes and reviews of recent publica-

DOWN THERE.

Agricultural and Manufacturing Enterprises Bring Great Prosperity-The British Gold Standard Has No Hold There Farmers Growing Wealthy.

Mr. Curtis sometimes writes in such a vein as to lead one to suppose that he believes in the gold standard. When the direct question is raised, he disclaims being a silver man, and by implication he does the same when the point under consideration bears so immediately upon the main issue that its decision necessarily and palpably involves the entire question, as in the statement concerning silver production which is elsewhere commented upon. If he openly conceded that silver had fallen compared with gold, or, more properly, that gold had risen compared with silver, because of silver's demonetization, it would be a complete surrender of the gold side of the case. But wherever the connection is not so patent-where there is a chance for hedging, qualifying and explaining, the whole trend of his writings is against

the gold standard. A considerable portion of one of his recent letters to the Chicago Record is devoted to a statement by ex-Gov. Shepherd, relative to business conditions in Mexico. What the governor

says is here given in full: Ex-Gov. A. R. Shepherd, who is now principal owner and manager of the Batopilas silver mines, in Chihuahua, Mexico, has been spending the winter in Washington for the first time since he left here sixteen years ago, and before leaving for his Mexican home yesterday he addressed the following letter to Representative Newlands of Nevada, in reply to some inquiries from that gentleman concerning the economic condition of Mexico as a silver

"I have been a resident of Mexico since 1870. When I first went there the ratio between silver and gold was 151/2 to 1. The first exchange I bought was at the rate of 15 per cent in coin silver on a New York draft. Since then, owing to the demonetization of silver, many changes have occurred in the rate of exchange. During the famine, which existed the whole period from 1889 to 1892, when two-thirds of all the grain used for food in Mexico was brought from the United States, the rates of exchange ranged from 60 to 95 per cent, and at times went as high as 100. Notwithstanding this, Mexico met all her obligations, paid all

"The present condition of the silver market is leading the Mexican people to doing their own manufacturing. As an instance of this I may cite Chihuahua as an example. An iron foundry and machine shop was established there some time ago, with \$60,000 capital, for the purpose of manufacturing the mining and other machinery for which there was a large and growing demand in that vicinity and which was formerly supplied by the United States. The success of this venture may be realized when it is known that the capital stock was increased to \$300,000, and that the company secured a contract recently for a large amount of machinery in competition with the firm of Fraser & Chalmers and other large concerns in this country. Cheap clothing. all of which was formerly purchased in the United States and Europe, is now manufactured in Mexico. At Chihuahua a canning establishment, with a capital of \$1,500,000, is now being organized for the purpose of preserving meats and fruit, and a large brewery. with a capital of \$200,000, is being put in operation. A woolen factory, with \$200,000 capital, was started, and was enlarged last season to meet the increased demands upon it, and smelters at Chihuahua now treat the Mexican ores that were formerly sent across the border at heavy expense.

"Numerous other enterprises have been established and are contemplated, all having the effect of giving remunerative employment to Mexican artisans and laborers, and what is equally important, serving to keep Mexican money in Mexico, for the fruit of all these forms of industry represents the life necessities of which Mexico has hitherto been dependant on this country and

"The conditions in Chibuahua are truer of the more advanced portions of Mexico, and the development is steady and remarkable throughout. In the northwest of Mexico a railroad will be built within the next year, running from El Paso to a point south of Corralititas, a distance of 250 miles, opening up a country rich in mines and agricultural resources. The \$5,000,000 capital for the undertaking has been

furnished by New York parties. "The conditions of the people have improved correlatively with the development of the country. The district of El Fuerte, which furnishes the part of the mountains in which our mines are located, has doubled in population in the last fifteen years and its productive capacity correspondingly increased. Formerly the peon system of labor, which pervaded all Mexico, was the rule in El Fuerte. Now the scarcity of workmen is so great that almost everything is produced on shares, and it is almost impossible to raise a crop

unless the workmen are interested in it. "Another instance may be recited showing the wonderful progress of northwest Mexico. When the Mexican Central railroad was first opened it was thought that the northern part of it would be unremunerative. The opening of mines and the development of agriculture along this portion, however, has made it one of the most profit-

"Shortly before my departure I was tions in history and art. Poems and conversing with a very intelligent largely due to the manner in which; Winged time glides on insensibly, the usual departments complete the Mexican banker. He declared that he everybody has gone wild over Beards and deceives us; and there is nothing

and gold maintained, as it enabled the THE SUNDAY SCHOOL. Mexicans to keep their money in their own country. Other Mexican financiers

"There have been but two or three bank failures since I have resided there. The Mexican banks are required to keep one-third of their circulation in silver dollars in their vaults.

"The system in Mexico allows the miner to send his silver to the government depositories and receive silver dollars in return for it in any part of the country where there is an assay office, the government tax and cost being about 41/2 per cent.

"Perhaps the best sign of the stability of Mexico under a silver policy may be found in the fact that Mexican 5 per

cent bonds stand at 93 in London." This is exactly in line with what Mr. Curtis has stated as the result of his own observations in Japan, and there can be no doubt that in thus quoting Gov. Shepherd at length, he intends to fully sanction the statements made, especially as they are given without

A man like Edward Atkinson, who is utterly incapable of reasoning from cause to effect, might say exactly what is given above, and still believe in the gold standard, but Mr. Curtis is a much abler man than Atkinson, and it is difficult to see how he can so clearly recognize the benefits which Mexico and Japan are reaping from the use of silver, and still believe that free coinage would ruin the United States.

That the appreciation of gold is stimulating the industries of Mexico on many important lines, is too plain for discussion. It, in fact, is denied by no one who understands the situation and is candid enough to speak without disguise. The gold people do not meet this point fairly. They say, "See how much greater, richer, and more advanced the United States is than Mexco," and then they seek to convey the impression that it is owing to our esablishment of the gold standard, while Mexico uses silver. They entirely ignore the self-evident fact that the United States was always far in advance of Mexico. Even in greenback

times, when our only money consisted of depreciated paper, worth but 40 ents on the dollar, we were away head of Mexico, which was then doing business with silver dollars worth about five cents more than the American gold dollar. Nay, we were then relatively farther in advance than we are now, because of late years Mexico has been gaining upon us rapidly.

A few years ago Great Britain was vastly richer than the United States. and her business was incomparably syestem was better than ours. The reason was that Britain had the start of us. But we have overhauled and passed her, and we are now the richest means so rich as we would have been if we had not gone deliberately at work to cripple our own resources and increase the burden of our debt by destroying one of the money metals with which that debt might have been paid, and of which metal we were the greatest producers. So we are a long way in the lead of Mexico for various reasons with which students of history are familiar, but our adoption of the gold standard in 1873 is not one of those

As between American and Mexican conditions at the present time, the question is one of comparative improvement, and there is no intelligent and fair-minded investigator who denies that Mexico is now gaining ground with race-horse spc 1.

The explanation of the advantages that inure to the silver standard countries has been frequently given in these columns, and the matter will not be gone into now. The reader is simply urged to carefully read what Gov. Shepherd says, as presented by Mr. Curtis, and then seriously ask himself how a money standard that is so nourishing to the industries of Mexico could possibly be rank poison to those of our own country.-National Bimetal-

Deception.

brother Esau dressing himself in a kidskin and thus deceiving his blind father Isaac. A good many republican and democratic candidates are trying this year to similar deceive and rob the people by masquerading as bimetallists through similar trials. Compare Job 1: 9. The by international agreement, etc. Look warning left a deep impression on Peter's

Where Our Money Goes. The family of Levi P. Morton, governor of New York and aspirant for the presidency, sailed on April 8 on a European trip. The farmers of the west will continue to take daily trips along Peter indignantly and vehemently protested the furrows which bear the crops which pay the traveling expenses of the Mor- die before they would deny him. ton family.-Exchange.

Secretary Carlisle's speech on the currency before the Workingmen's club in Chicago a few days ago was a wishywashy collection of spiritless axioms on money matters. If a school boy, on the third form, produced such a melange, he would be whipped.-Catholic Sentinel, Chippewa Falls, Wis,

It is possible that Rothschild will treated as a malefactor, and crucified, and the disciples would be left like sheep without a shepherd. convention, with a view to dividing the silver forces and making McKinley's

The above from a gold paper is rich.

Perhaps.

election certain.-Exchange.

"It's strange," said the young man who is always looking for coincidences, guides of mankind who rule their fel-"that so many politicians nowadays are lows because they are wiser.-Carlyle. remarkable for their whiskers."

"It seems to me," replied the girl seen and through their habitation who is studying art, "that it must be walks, to mark their doings.-Milton. wanted the difference between silver | by effects."-Washington Star.

with whom I have talked hold the same LESSON X., JUNE 7-WARNING TO THE DISCIPLES.

> Golden Text: "Let This Mind Be in You Which Was Also in Christ Jeaus" -Phil. 2:5-The Lord's Supper and Events Connected Therewith.



HE 15th of Nisan, beginning Thursday evening at sunset, and lasting till sunset of Friday, was the last day of the life of Jesus. The record of this single day occupies very one-ninth of each of the first three gospels and nearly one-fourth of the gospel of John.

Follow out the story of this eventful day, so as to indelibly impress the facts, with all their details, upon the minds of the scholars. It will give new meaning not only to the whole parrative, but especially to the four chapters of John, which were uttered in these touching circumstances. There are few scholars who will not be inter-

Time.-Wednesday to Friday merning, about 1 o'clock, April 5-7, A. D. 30. The crucifixion took place during Friday.

Place.-Jesus seems to have spent the time from Tuesday evening till Thursday afternoon at Bethany. The supper was at Jerusalem the agony and betrayal, in the garden of Geth-

Rulers.-Tiberius Caesar, emperor of Rome (17th year); Pontius Pilate, governor of Judea (5th year); Herod Antipas, of Galilee (34th year); Caiaphas, high priest. To-day's lesson includes Luke 22: 24-37.

The explanations are as follows: 24. "There was a strife among them." The strife was probably occasioned by either one or both of the following reasons: (1) The strife may have arisen, as we infer from the lesson Jesus gives his disciples, from the fact that there was no servant to perform the necessary but mental service of washing the travel-soiled feet of the disciples, and none of them were willing to perform it for the others. should serve and who should be served was the question. (2) It may have arisen with reference to the places of honor at the table. It is quite possible that those sought the best places who had received unusual honors, as the three who had been selected for the transfiguration, Peter, with the keys, Judas, the treasurer, James and John, who had asked to be nearest the king. Jesus was soon to be glorified, and they looked forward to influential places in the new kingdom

25. "The king of the Gentiles exercise lordship over them." Better, lord it over them. It implies a wrong exercise of authority, in the interest, not of the subjects, but of the rulers.-Plumptre. "And they that exercise authority (have lordship) are called benefactors." Insist on being called "benefactors."

26. "But ye shall not do so." The principles of Christ's kingdom are the exact reverse cf those of most of the former worldly kingdoms. The leaders are not to rule, but to serve. To have all the rays of joy center in us as a focus-that is fire, the heart of sin ; to be the center from which rays emanate to all-that is the sun, the heart of heaven. "But he that greater, but that did not prove that her is greatest among you." Some are greater is so. It would not be well if God had made men as the machine makes pins, "all heads alike." "Let him be as the younger." Humble, retiring, never putting himself forward, but ever ready to serve, as the younger were expected to wait upon the elder. "And he nation in the world, although by no that is chief, as he that doth serve." Using his position, his talents, his wealth, every-thing that makes him chief, as a means of serving his rellowmen and doing them good. 27. "I am among you as he that serveth." I who am the greatest am the servant of all. Jesus "came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give his life a ransom for

many." This is true greatness, far above the greatness of talent or rank. 28. "Continued with me in my temptations." trials; all that he had borne during the last three years.

29. "I appoint unto you a kingdom." They shall be sharers in his glory, as they had been in his afflictions (Romans 8: 17). They sit on invisible thrones; but no earthly kings of the past or present exert so powerful an influence on men as do these humble disciples. None have such honor, dignity, reward and majesty. And they rule by serving.

30. "That ye may eat and drink at my table in my kingdom." This was a symbol of the highest dignity and closest intimacy with the king of kings. "And sit on thrones, judging (ruling over, governing, as the judges of old did in Israel) the twelve tribes (the whole body) of Israel." Just when and how this shall be fulfilled we may not know. But whatever Christ's kingdom shall be, of that they shall be a part: they shall partake of his joys, his triumphs, his glory, his reign.

31. "Simon, Simon." The name is repeated to impress the importance of what follows. 'Satan hath desired to have you," has asked, expressing his strong desire, as if thus he could overthrow the very rock on which the church was to be built. "That he may sift you as wheat." That he may toss and shake you up, by temptations, persecutions, dangers and alarms, like wheat tossed into the wind by the winnowing fan ; so that you shall fall away from the faith as the chaff and dust

are blown away from the threshing floor. 32. "But I have prayed for thee," with the Jacob stole the birthright of his effectual, fervent prayer of the righteous man. "That thy faith fail not," that you be found true wheat, and only your chaff be blown away. Peter had great need of this sifting. "And when thou art converted." Turned back from thy sin, and made a new man, like gold tried in the fire. 'Strengthen (stablish, confirm in the faith) thy brethren,' who will pass

> 33. "Lord, I am ready to go with thee." The Greek order lays the emphasis on with thee. It did not seem possible to Peter that

> he could fail. 34. "I tell thee, Peter," the rock, "The cock shall not crow," which was usually about 3 o'clock in the morning. "Thou shalt thrice From Mark (14: 30, 31) we learn that against this statement; and all the apostles joined with him in declaring that they would

> 35. "When I sent you." etc. Hitherto the apostles had depended on Jesus, personally, and every necessary want was supplied.
> 36. "But now, he that hath a purse," etc. Hereafter you are to work under other circumstances, amid opposition, and hatred, and persecutions. Therefore, provide your own living, work with your hands, use every proper means. "He that hath no sword," Rather, as revised version, he that hath no purse from which to buy a sword, let him even

sell his cloak to get one.

37. "This that is written (in Isalah 53: 12) must yet be accomplished (fulfilled) in me."
The hour was at hand when he would be

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

There is a time in every man's education when he arrives at the vonviction that envy is ignorance.- Emerson. Great men are the commissioned God oft descends to visit men, un-

more fleeting than years.-Ovid.

Diphtheria Antitoxin in Newark

At a recent meeting of the Newark, N. J., board of health, the bacteriologist, Dr. Richard M. Connelly, reported that since the making of antitoxin was begun 1,200 vials of the serum had been produced. The serum was used in 660 cases out of a total of 939 cases of diphtheria reported since July, 1895. the 660 cases treated with antitoxin there were eighty-five deaths. Of the 333 patients treated in the old way 138 died. Dr. Herold, in his annual report, said that antitoxin had proved a great life saver in the hands of physicians - Medical Record.

When the Summer Breeze

Blows through the trees, most of us who can sets off for a country jaunt. Fewer cross the Atlantic. Whether it is business or pleasure calls one from home, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best accompaniament of a voyage or an outing. Yachtsmen, sea captains, commercial travelers and emigrants concur in this opinion. The Bitters is unrivalled for billions, malaria, dyspeptic or liver disorder.

Doing good will pay better in the end than digging gold

FiTS -AllPits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Kerve Restorer. No Fits after the first day a use, Barvelouscures. Treatne and \$2 train bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, \$11 Arch St., Philis., Pa-We often wish we had nothing to do but

to attend to the things we ought to do, but

If the Haby is Cutting Teetn. Se sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. WINGLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething-

God made some laws to show how much

Pretty Pill" says

Pretty Poll

She's just "poll parroting." There's no prettiness in pills, except on the theory of "pretty is that pretty does." In that case she's right.

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Popularity does not come without cause. Nothing but the standard quality that is invariably maintained in Columbia Bicycles could secure such indorsement as comes unsought to Columbias. *



EVERYBODY'S When The New York Journal offered the choice of the CHOICE ten leading makes of bicycles recently to the ten winners of a guessing contest, every one of the ten selected Columbias. And The Journal bought ten Columbias at \$100 each.

TIFFANY'S When Tiffany & Co., the famous jewelers, desired to make an experiment CHOICE with elaborate decoration of bicycles, they of course first selected a Columbia-and paid \$100 for it. They have decorated other bicycles since, but Col-

When the United States Government recently asked for proposals for furnishing five bicycles, it received bids from CHOSEN by the \$85 and our bid of \$100 GOVERNMENT each for Columbias, their invariable price. And the experts selected Columbias, as in their opinion Columbias were worth every dollar of the price asked.

If you are able to pay \$100 for a Bicycle, will you be content with any but a Columbia?

POPE MFG. CO., Makers, Hartford, Conn.

Branch Stores and Agencies in almost every city and town. If Columbias are not