DEMOCRATS of Nebraska will hold their convention at Lincoln, April 22d. TRACES of gold have been found on the farm of Jeremiah Fenton, near Dawson.

OVER THE STATE.

FARMERS in the vicinity of North Bend have already contracted to raise 140 acres of chicory.

THE Warren Live Stock company of Duncan shipped out six cars of fine sheep to Chicago Friday.

JOHN Nicodemus of Pierce county will spend fifteen months in the peni-

tentiary for cattle stealing. Indications are favorable that the co-operative creamery at Valparaiso will soon be built and in successful

operation. THE German Lutheran Orphans' home of Fremont has received a legacy of \$800, bequeathed to it by Mrs. Elholz of West Point.

Five thieves made a very successful haul Sunday evening at Levi's barn in Nebraska City, but got as far as Dunbar, where they were arrested. MRS. JOHN HINDMAN of Ashland

while ill was given a large dose of carbolic acid by her husband through a mistake. Prompt attention saved her THE motion filed in the district court

at Plattsmouth for the removal of Receiver John A. Donelan of the Commercial Bank of Weeping Water was overruled. JUDGE STULL of the district court has

appointed I. M. Hazen of Blue Springs receiver of the defunct Blue Springs bank. The bond was fixed in the sum of \$40,000. WHILE attempting to board a train

at Valley J. H. Soy fell under the wheels and received such a badly crushed foot that amputation became THE Lincoln city council has passed a cigarette ordinance. It prohibits the

use of cigarettes, cigars or tobacco by persons under 18 years of age within the city limits. REV. J. C. IRWIN, who has been pastor of the Presbyterian church at North Platte for the past five years,

has resigned, the resignation to take effect April 1. GEORGE LEONARD, a farmer living near Quinton, was thrown from a wagon and died from his injuries. He

formerly lived at Oto, Ia., and leaves a

wife and six children. THE preliminary trial of Edward Lorenz for the murder of Michael Travers near McCook was completed last week, and the defendant committed to jail to await the next term of the dis-

trict court. THE refusal of Dr. Mackay, superintendent of the asylum at Norfolk, to receive Mrs. Minnie Krashow as an insane patient is causing much feeling at Fremont, and an investigation will

probably result. Deputy Sheriff S. W. Passwater of Warren county, Ia., presented to Governor Holcomb a requisition from the governor of lowa for the return to that state of Ed Turnipseed to answer the charge of burglary.

MARK BURNS of Daibner, a son of Hon. E. C. Burns, has been arrested and taken to Fremont on a charge of threatening to shoot William Golden, son of Andrew Golden, a prominent farmer living near town.

A PROMINENT citizen of Nebraska City who for the present does not care to disclose his identity, has offered to erect a suitable library building to cost not less than \$7,500, providing the city will donate a suitable location.

A CALL for a meeting to organize a Buffalo county poultry club or association has been issued to be held in Kearney, February 29. There are quite a large number of chicken fanciers and breeders in and around Kearney.

THOMAS J. WALLACE, formerly owner of a meat market at Alliance was warned to quit the country a few months ago, being accused of cattle rustling. His residence was watched by unknown men several hours, but the proprietor and family were absent.

In a runaway on his farm, six miles outheast of McCook, Solomon Schott, a erman farmer, was instantly killed. e wagon overturned and as the man's caught in a hole in the bottom of the ox the wagon box fell on top of him reaking his neck. The deceased was a years old and was shortly to have t years old and was shortly to have to married.

It is a to say that 2,000 acres of experime al irrigation land from various systes will be planted to vegetables and this in Hall county this season. Out the sand hills the storm water of early ring will be caught in ponds made near the table lands, and this water used the required for watering fields and steens below.

The city council of Leatings decided steens below.

Smith Brown county, this state, burglary in Brown county, this state, and is now under arrest in Gregory county, South Dakota. William R. Day was named as agent to return Smickle.

Nebraska National Guard.

Adjutant General Barry is having prepared a new book of rules and regulations for the use of the Nebraska National Guard.

The city council of Leatings decided

THE city council of lastings decided against the gas ording with the fiat rate of \$2.25 per thound feet, four members voting aye and large no. The gas consumers and citizens generally will be in suspense for the next few days to learn what the company will plant or accept such a franchise as the council is disposed to grant. council is disposed to grant.

found rules and procedure, arms and GEORGE METZ was arrested at Lincoln and brought to Geneva, and will remain in the cooler until he is brought before the court for chicken stealing. assenals and an instructive chapter on court martial. One of the most useful The farmers are after Metz and his as portions of the new work is the article complices and will see that they re of instruction to civil officers as to the unishment for their crimes. They will have to answer how and where they came into possession of three or four hundred chickens. George Metz is not a stranger to the bars and the people will look after his case very ceed at these junctures is fully explain.

HAVELOCK will put in a system o water works during the next ninety days. Bonds were voted last week. The Burlington railroad made a thorough test of the chemical properties of the water before locating its shops there and found it excellent for manufacturing purposes.

Thomas Riggerstaff, a young man about 17 years of age, residing in the southern part of Saunders county, was out hunting, and in attempting to pull a shotgun out of a wagon the weapon was accidentally discharged and its contents tore through the muscles of one of the young man's arms above the elbow. He died from loss of blood.

OVER PRESIDENT'S VETO.

Pleading for Walkers Life.

Walker, the condemned Dawson county

murderer, was held at the office of

Governor Holcomb last week. Captain

McNamara, the attorney who defended

Walker during the trial, appeared to

plead his case with the governor. He

read a large number of petitions from

citizens of Dawson county for execu-

tive clemency, and followed these with

quite a number from Kentucky. Cap-

tain McNamara said that these last

were in the nature of new light on

Walker's case. While the Nebraska

petitioners were unanimous in the

opinion that Walker was hopelessly in-

sane, and was so at the time of the

murder and trial, the Kentucky peti-

tions were from parties who had known

Walker in his youth and early man-

hood. They were all to the effect that

at that period the condemned man

never evinced the least symptoms of in-

sanity. He was regarded as a quiet,

sociable, even-tempered man, and one

who gave every promise of becoming a

most useful and exemplary citizen.

The Nebraska petitioners held that the

prisoner was always morose, vindictive

and positively dangerous. The gover-

nor will give his decision in the case at

Nebraska Club Incorporated.

braska club were filed with the secre-

tary of state. The principal office of

the enterprise is located at Omaha.

The object of this association, as de-

veloped by the context of the articles,

is the crystallization of the existing

sentiment in favor of keeping the state

of Nebraska to the front and to in-

crease the present population by 1,000,-000 citizens by the year 1900. The cap-

ital stock is placed at \$200,000, in

shares of \$1 each, with the privilege of

have been paid up. The club can incur

no greater amount of indebtedness

J. E. Smith, Ross L. Hammond, O. C.

Holmes, Clinton N. Powell, Charles E.

New State University Regent.

Governor Holcomb has appointed

Victor Rosewater, managing editor of

college, New York; President D. C.

member of the Venezuela commission;

Prof. Nicholas Butler, recently presi-

dent of the National Educational asso-

of political science. Columbia college;

Prof. Herbert B. Adams, head of the

department of history and politics in

Johns Hopkins university; Prof. Wil-

liam A. Keener, dean of the faculty of

law, Columbia college; Prof. John H.

Finley, president of Knox college,

Galesburg, Ill., and other educators of

Touching Unearned Land Grants.

from the attorney general, were pre-

The suits involve several hundred

shal and service secured as rapidly as

possible. Similar action is contemplated

After the Offenders.

office requisition papers were issued for

George Smith, charged with grave rob-

bing in Douglas county. On the night

of February 20 he is said to have bro-

ken into the grave of and removed the

body of Jacob Helin. Smith is now

under arrest in Polk county. Iowa, and

Detective Cox has been appointed agent

to return him to Omaha. Requisition

tional Guard. The last one was issued

in 1883, and since then many of its

provisions have been rendered nugato-

ry by subsequent legislation. The pres-

entcode has nothing whatever to do

with tactics, but was adopted by the

State Military Board on the 15th inst.

Among the interesting contents will be

accouterments, target practice, honors,

salutes and official visits, armories and

thod of procedure in calling out the

militia. In times of strikes and riot

there generally arises serious questions of formality and precedence in making

Nebraska Woman Under Arrest.

the city have in custody a man and

woman charged with swindling a num-

ber of large stores here and suspected

of operating successfully in New York,

Boston and elsewhere. The prisoners are well dressed and possessed of con-

siderable money and diamonds. The

man gave his name as Robert Davidson

and says he comes from Chicago. The

police expect to prove that he is of a

respectable family in Denver. The woman says she is Nellie Edwards.

She is believed to have come from a

Philadelphia dispatch: The police of

plained in the new work.

town in Nebraska.

nands upon the governor for troops.

In accordance with an order from

Williamson, Eli A. Barnes.

effective on that date.

national reputation.

and others are defendants.

after his approval of them.

Articles of incorporation of the Ne-

an early day.

The hearing on the petition for a commutation of the death sentence of

LANDS.

ABOUT SCHOOL

THE HOUSE AGAIN PASSES THE AR-

IZONA LEASE BILL

The Vote Was 200 to 38-Mr. Henderson Reports the Measure to Abolish the Fee System as Regards United States Attorneys and Marshals—The Bill's Main

Provisions.

WASHINGTON, March 2 .- The Senate amendments to the army appropriation bills were non-concurred in by the House to-day and the bill was

sent to conference. Mr. Lacey, chairman of the public lands committee, called up the bill to lease certain lands in Arizona for school purposes, which was vetoed vesterday by the President, and moved that it be passed over the veto.

Mr. Lacey, in support of his motion, said that the house was confronted with the constitutional interference of the president on a bill that had passed both houses unanimously.

Mr. Lacey explained that the bill was identical with that authorizing Oklahoma to lease her educational lands for school purposes, which had been prepared and passed by the last doing business when 5,000 shares shall Congress at the request of the Secretary of the Interior and the commissioner of the general land office. As than the amount in the treasury not a result of the Oklahoma bills, \$88,000 otherwise appropriated. The board of had been realized in that territory last directors consists of not less than fifteen year, while under the former system members, one to each county having an \$46,000 had been obtained. Was organized club. The incorporators are it implied now, he asked, that the governor of Arizona was not as competent to lease these lands as the Secretary of the Interior, 1.800 miles away. Both were Mr. Cleveland's appointees. The veto message had called attention to the opposition of "influential citizens" in Arizona. the Omaha Bee, regent of the State Naturally such opposition would exist. university to succeed Henry D. Esta-The cattle barons in Oklahoma had brook, resigned. Mr. Estabrook reprotested, yet the law in that terrimoves from the state March 1, and the tory had worked admirably. Some appointment of Mr. Rosewater becomes of these lands were now occupied without authority and without rental. Letters from the following gentle- The President, Mr. Lacey said, had unmen recommending Mr. Rosewater to doubtedly been deceived. He had the position are on file at the executive been influenced by men who had, peroffice: President Seth Low, Columbia haps, been influenced by others interested in obtaining the use of these Gilman of Johns Hopkins university and lands free of charge.

Mr. Murphy, the Arizona delegate, made the positive statement that the bill had the approval of the secretary ciation and now dean of the faculty of of the interior and the commissioner philosophy, Columbia college; Prof. of the general land office, and that John W. Burgess, dean of the faculty their opinions in writing had been laid before the President while he was considering the bill. Notwithstanding this statement, Mr. Turner of Georgia thought it could be assumed safely that the President had had the advice of the secretary of the interior and that the latter probably had inspired the veto. One of the principal objections raised by the President was that the lands, if leased by the local authorities of the Territory, could be denuded of their timber, as by the Judge Caldwell of the federal court at | terms of the bill it was not necessary Omaha, two petitions in equity were to submit the leases for the approval filed by Assistant United States Attor- of the secretary.

The vote resulted 200 to 35, more ney Rush, wherein the Union Pacific and others and the Sioux City & Pacific than two-thirds having voted in the affirmative, the bill was declared The petitions, under instructions passed over the President's veto. The announcement was greeted with scattering applause by the Repared almost a year ago and are filed

publican side. Mr. Henderson, Republican, of Iowa, from the committee on rules, persons who have purchased lands of then presented a special order, offerthe two railroad companies mentioned. ing the Updegraffe bill to abolish the The subpœnas will be given to the marfee system in the case of United States attorneys and marshals as an amendagainst the Burlington and holders of | ment to the legislative appropriation land titles emanating from that com-

The bill provides that the fre system is to be abolished after June 30 of this year and the fees collected to be turned 3Lincoln dispatch: At the governor's into the treasury. Annual salaries are to be paid the United States district attorneys and marshals in these districts as follows: In the district of Kansas, \$4,000; in the Westtern district of Missouri, each \$4,000; in Oklahoma each \$2,000. Assistant district attorneys, to be appointed by the attorney general, are to receive not over \$2,500. Not to exceed \$4 per papers were also issued for Frank day for expenses in addition to actual Smickle. He is accused of the crime of traveling expenses, is to be allowed attorneys and assistants.

X RAYS IN SURGERY.

A Chicago Case in Which the New Light

Revealed Hidden Disease. CHICAGO, March 2.- A surgical operation was performed at Mercy hospital yesterday, by Professor Christian Fenger, which was suggested by the use of the Roentgen ray and which led to an important discovery. The operation is based on a shadowgraph taken by means of the X rays showing the presence of malignant diseases in the interior of bones hitherto unknown to

medical science. A Mrs. Swanson complained of a pain in the bone of the right thigh. Shadowgraphs of the woman's thigh were taken. the ray passing through the hollow in the thigh bone containing the marrow. It showed a portion of the bone midway between the knee and the hip joint two inches long and an inch wide was entirely gone and its place was filled by a spongy growth. The operation showed that sarcoma had attacked the thigh bone in its interior. This is the first known instance of the use of the ray in such deep seated disease.

TROUTMAN FOR GOVERNOR

The Kansan Asks the Next Republican Nomination.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 2 - James A. Troutman, who announced three months ago that he would not accept a renomination for lieutenant governor. is now a candidate for governor and will go before the Republican convention for the nomination. He so declared himself this afternoon. He was in conference with his friends all forenoon, and it is understood that upon their advice he makes the announcement that he will be an active candidate.

Extent of Many Millions in Australia. VICTORIA, B. C., March 2 - The last week of January of this year will be remembered long by residents of the Australian colonies as having witnessed a terrible gale and floods on the Queensland coast. Many vessels were wrecked and villages destroyed. The damage ashore is estimated at \$2,500,000. The loss of property at sea was not so great, but the loss of life by marine disasters was greater than on shore. Townsville, a small city on the northeast coast of Queensland seemed to be the center of the storm. Every vessel in the harbor was wrecked. Ross island, a short distance away, was flooded and many lives were lost in attempts to reach the mainland by small boats. The damage by the hurricane in Townsville harbor is assessed at \$1,250,000. On Ross island many houses were swept from their foundations and the wind upset a rescue boat. Mrs. Hunt and her infant, Mrs. Guniman. Gertrude Rowe, the elder Miss Rowe and a boy named Willy Wallace were drowned. A house maid in Judge Chubb's employe was drowned while wading toward a punt. Sandy Walker was drowned while trying to cross Victoria bridge, which had six feet of water above the rails. Many steamers are overdue at points along the coast and it is feared they have been

wrecked. Three weeks before this great storm a hurricane visited the Hapai group and in Lifuka and the neighborhood 200 houses were blown down. The damage to the cocoannt trees was so great that it will take the island from two to three years to recover as a copra producing district. Shipping suffered severely. The Norwegian bark West Australian and the German bark Woosung, loading at Lifuka, were both driven ashore an abandoned, the former having between 400 and 500 tons of copra on board. The German schooner Adele also was wrecked.

AN. ASSASSIN CREMATED.

The Murderer of L. M. Smith at Jefferson. Wis., Burned in a Factory.

JEFFERSON, Wis., March 2.-L. M. Smith, secretary-treasurer and superintendent of the Wisconsin Manufac- Sherman's desk. The Ohio senator turing company, was shot and fatally announced that the Cuban question wounded last night by an unknown would be taken up without waiting man. Officers surrounded the assassin for the usual expiration of the mornin the factory, and after exchanging ing hour at 2 o'clock. shots with him the building was fired and the plant and murderer were consumed together. The cause of the shooting and the identity of the murderer are unknown.

The assassin is believed to have shot himself before the fire reached him. A pistol shot was heard a few minutes before the walls of the building fell. The body has not been recovered.

Eldon Lowe Beats Lansdon. FORT Scott, Kan., March 2 .- The Republican primaries of this city, for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention, were held here last evening. The entire fight was between Eldon Lowe and W. C. Lansdon, candidates for nomination for congress from the Second district. It is estimated that out of the eighty-six delegates, Lansdon will have about forty and Lowe forty-six.

General E. C. Cabell Dead.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 29.-General E. C. Cabell, who served in the Confederate army during the late war, died here at 5 o'clock vesterday morning, at the home of Ashley Cabell, his son. General Cabell was 80 years old. and during the last thirty years lived Florida, which State he represented in Congress forty years ago.

Mistaken For a Chicken Thief. St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 29. -Mrs. Mohala Grimes died at Agency yesterday from the effect of gunshot wounds inflicted by William McCauley, who mistook the woman for a chicken thief and fired. McCauley is well known in this vicinity, being a wealthy farmer. He is in jail.

To Protect Iowa Girls.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Feb. 29.-The senate code revision committee decided unanimously to recommend a bill raising the age of consent to 15 years, unconditionally. The bill provides for imprisonment for life for violations of the law.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

twice, was hanged at Van Buren, Ark. of seeing that Spain showed this Willis Burton, a negro, resisted arrest by Dallas officers and was shot

The Postoffice department has begun vigorous war on bond investment com-

Arkansas cattlemen are after Secreantine in that State.

The administration is said to advise more moderate action concerning

Cuba than Congress desires. Consul Manyon has cabled from Johannesburg that the Boers are disposed to treat the Americans leniently.

want clerks. Gross abuses of the congressional mail franking system have been exposed-one man sent his shirts to a New York laundry. The House, when the judicial, legis-

lative and executive appropriation bill to \$3,500.

A final decree of foreclosure was company's plant.

Bruce Barnett of Sedalia has been selected to represent the Missouri University in the interstate oratorical

The sultan has ordered that Miss Barton be allowed to distribute relief to Armenians.

Manitoba legislature, after an all school matters.

LIVES AND VESSELS LOST. CUBANINDEPENDENCE

Shipping and Villages Damaged to the THE SENATE QUITE UNANI-MOUS FOR THE SAME.

> Six Members Out of the Seventy Oppose the Resolution Which Accords to the Insurgents the Rights of Belligerents-Active Intervention Justified-Many Strong Speeches Delivered by Senators.

> > Cuban Matters Discussed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29 .- The Senate this afternoon adopted the Cuban reselution as amended by Mr. Cameron.

The vote was 64 yeas to 6 nays. The resolution in full is as follows: "Resolved, by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the opinion of Congress a condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba; and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, according to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports and territory of the United

"Resolved, That the friendly offices of the United States shall be offered by the President to the Spanish government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba.

The vote on the committee and the Cameron resolutions resulted—64 yeas to 6 navs. The Senators who voted in the neg-

ative were: Caffery, Chilton, George, Hale, Morrill, Wetmore. The announcement of the result was greeted with great applause in the

galleries. The Sen te galleries were well filled at the opening of the session in anticipation of the culmination of the Cuban debate and the final vote.

Shortly after the session opened Representative Hitt, chairman of the House committee on Foreign Affairs, joined Mr. Sherman, chairman of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, in a whispered conference at

Mr. Allen of Nebraska asked to withdraw the resolution for the appointment of Mr. Lloyd as a Senate official. This brought on another discussion as to adding a Populist official to the rolls. Mr. Allen finally withdrew the resolution.

Mr. Sherman then moved that the Cuban resolutions be taken up, and this prevailed without objection. Chairman Hitt remained alongside Mr. Sherman as the debate proceeded. Baron Von Kettler of the German embassy occupied a seat in the diplomatic

Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky then addressed the Senate on the Cuban resolutions. He said the conflict in Cuba was at our very doors and was being waged with such desperation that only one of two results could comeeither the complete independence of Cubs, on the one hand, or the utter annihilation of the Cuban people on the other. The senator said he approached the subject from the standpoint of humanity rather than law. Declarations of sympathy would avail nothing to the Cubans. Declarations that they had progressed to the stage of belligerents would avail nothing.

ACTIVE INTERVENTION JUSTIFIED. "If the United States intends taking in St. Louis. He came here from any steps that will avail these struggling Cubans, that step should be in the direction of the ultimate independence of Cuba," declared Mr. Lindsay than half the Democraty in stentorian tones. In the past the United States had not hesitated to take the position of recognizing independence under circumstances similar to those now existing in Cuba.

> Quoting from international authorities, the Senator maintained that a condition now existed in Cuba justifying the United States in considering a proposition for active intervention to restore public order and in behalf of humanity. But, said Mr. Lindsay, the resolution did not contemplate active intervention. It extended good offices to Spain with a view to securing the ultimate independence of Cuba. "And such independence," added

Mr. Lindsay, "is the only basis which will bring lasting peace to Cuba, judged from the experience of seventy years. The United States could not Pruitt Turner, who had been respited relieve itself from the responsibility island some kind of justice. Could we say to the world that unless Cuba secured her independence by her own unaided efforts she might remain under the abject subjection of Spain? Should we not say to Spain that some sort of protection, some sort of justice and liberty consistent with an entary Morton to change the cattle quar- lightened age must be shown to these

"Spain now contemplated the annihilation of all the able bodied men of Cuba in order to crush this uprising. Spain owed to Cuba as much as Turkey owes to Armenia, or as the United States to Venezuela, a duty of protection, and if this protection was not The House is preparing for war given, then the point had been reached with the Senate on the question of when the United States should move congressional clerks-congressmen all for the severance of Cuba from Spain." THE REBELS WELL ORGANIZED.

At 1:15 p. m., Mr. Sherman began his speech, closing the debate. He spoke of the keen sensitiveness of the Spanish people and their tendency to quickly resent any act they regarded came up for consideration, cut Private as injurious to them. But, he felt Secretary Thurber's salary from \$5,000 that the time had come when the United States must intervene to put an end to crime almost beyond degranted against the Fort Scott Water scription. The Senator said he would not re-enter on the legal arguments so fully covered by Mr. Morgan, but he referred to several pamphlets presented by Mr. Estrada Palma, the agent and representative of the Cubans in this country. Mr. Sherman said those statements bore the stamp of authenticity. They overcame the misappre-hension that the Cubans were scattered, unorganized bands. They night's session, adopted 31 to 7, a reso- showed the organization of a legislalution protesting against Dominion ture, and of an army, and the Presigovernment interference in Manitoba dent was a man of high character. The provisional government was as

complete as the United States during the revolutionary war. Mr. Sherman said he did not fa Cuba's annexation to the States, but strongly favored it ation to Mexico, a kindred people

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS REJECTED. The line of action was determi at a special meeting of the Sen committee on foreign relations tofor the purpose of considering form in which the Cuban ques should finally be disposed of. Aft. very thorough discussion it was eided to adhere to the commit resolution for the recognition of ligerency and to amend it by ad-Senstor Cameron's substitute, requ ing the President to exercise friendly offices with Spain to see the independence of Cuba. The He resolutions were discussed upor suggestion that it would be advito accept them as a substitute fo Senate declaration, but the plan discarded as inadvisable. The mittee also decided to adhere to present form of the resolution, les it concurrent instead of joint. It arranged that Senator Cameron sh offer his resolution as an amend and that it should be accepted by ator Sherman on behalf of the

Senator Sherman declared We talk of "externinating the Cuishowed him to be "a demon' re than a general.

The galleries broke into continues no earthly pow vent the people of the U from going to that islands over it from end to end and and out those barbarians.'

Mr. Gallinger followed Sep Sherman with a strong appeal to recognition of Cuban indepen Mr. Lodge announced that the mittee on Foreign Relations wou cept an amendment declaring Cuban independence, and he

ered this the proper step. Mr. Frye made an earnest s announcing sympathy with the ( cause. He was, he said, weary heart sick at seeing this republication ing police duty for the most w monarchy on the earth. He he said, do, say or vote anythin would promote the cause of the .

patriots. CAFFERY ALONE OPENLY DISSEN Mr. Caffery took square gr against any recognition of Cubar ligerency, declaring the Cuban gents had accomplished nothin justify us in this question He pressed the opinion that the cr accompanying the war was not

fined to the Spanish army. Mr. Allen followed Mr. Caffer fering the resolution of which he given notice previously. The spoke in support of it, urging to act independently of the prein recognizing belligerency. H clared Spain an outlaw nation and entitled to the respect and consi tion of other civilized nations. time, he said, must spedily when the bloody hand of Spain be wrested from Cuba's throat. declared himself favorable to ( independence and would, if nee support this action with the Ame

BREAKING UP PARTIES.

Free Silver Threatens Political Rec ization.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29. - The reable speech of Mr. Carter in the ate, taken in connection with th Secretary Carlisle at the Mani. club in New York a few days agstarted a good deal of talk about organization of the old politica ties and a division of the people. new lines. Both the Republican the Democrats seem almost hope divided upon the same issue, and the most important before the ! can people to-day. The partic united upon every othe gress declare that they support the candidate to nated at Chicago unless he himself to free coinage. A cor ble portion of the Republicans s same concerning the candidate nominated at St. Louis, Then w is asked, cannot those in both 1 who think alike get togethe name men who agree with the great many people believe that cussion and division continues longer that will happen. Sec Morton suggested such an expec upon his part in a newspaper view not long ago, and ther those who claim to have hear President predict a general by and reorganization before the this administration, but it is not that there will be any bolting either party until after the ni conventions are held and the pla

are adopted. The Republican leaders do r pect any bolt. Both Mr. Telle Mr. Carter, who announced the of the silver Senators, declar they will not leave the Repr party, and that they cannot be out no matter who is noming

"I am a Republican and expect to be a Republican Teller. "I am just as good a lie n as John Sherman or G Hoar, and there is just as ability of their leaving there is of my leaving it. that I will not support the R candidate for the presidence we can make some satisfactory ment on the silver question. that agreement can be made, by is found impossible, I will still tinue to be a Republican. I intend to vote the Democratic no matter who is nominated or

Senator Carter says: "We s ing to get together before t Louis convention. The silver the West are not going to be Republican party. There are other issues upon which we all and they would hold us toget matter how much we might d the money question. Never we Western fellows intend t something to say about the n ment and the policy of the part don't propose to let New Eng.a New York lead us around nose."

Lithographers Achieve Partial NEW YORK, Feb. 39. lithographers announced strikers in Chicago, Boston, c and Rochester have succeeded forcing the demands of the ass and have all returned to work

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