THE JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

PLATTSMOUTH, - NEBRASKA.

Where you can always find sympathy—in the dictionary.

The smallest dog in the neighborhood can set all the others barking.

No woman ought to find it difficult to laugh in her sleeve these days.

The motto of Europe for the year 1894 was: "In time of peace spend $1,000,000,000 for war."

If Gladstone were twenty-five years younger how he would shake up things on the tight little island.

Last year we shipped to Europe $55,000,000 in gold. Thus far in 1895 only $11,000,000. That is better.

Editor Dana is out of all patience with the fellows who sip beer. He says, "Beer should be drunk quickly."

A Chicago man hung a horseshoe over his door for luck. It fell on his head and left a bald spot three inches long.

The whole of the land on the globe above water if shoveled into the Pacific ocean would fill only one-seventh of it.

Under the old regime the woman's identity at marriage was lost in the man. Now, the new woman becomes the man.

Owing to some derangement of the telegraph, it is impossible to say where the latest South American revolution broke out.

Lake Erie produces more fish to the acre than any other body of water in the world. That comes from planting good, fresh seed.

An Indiana man went to Manhattan Beach the other day and inquired where the trees were that gave the summer resort its name.

Picnics are not a means of popular diversion in Greenland. That's one instance where the Esquimau gets the best of his civilized brother.

Only $5,000,000 was lost in the Whisky Trust. It was the whisky drinkers who made the heavy losses. They lost everything and went to the devil on an electric line.

And now they say that young Chauncey M. Depew is in love and going to marry an $8,000,000 heiress. It was popularly supposed that Mr. Depew was only in love with humanity in general.

The largest coin in the world is the gold ingot or "loof" of Annam, a flat, round piece, worth about $325. The value is written on it in India ink. It weighs a little more than a pound and a quarter.

The profound New York orator who, in a speech about bicycles, remarked that "the wheel has effected a revolution" may discover some years hence that after all this is nothing extraordinary for a wheel to do.

The vast stride that has been made in the circulation of the Scriptures and evangelical literature may be estimated from the report that more Bibles have been printed and circulated in the past twelve months than were produced in all the years previous to 1880. Portions of the Scriptures are now provided for nearly all the races on the globe.

Prof. Crooks thinks that if the electric lights were universal to-day, the candle, if suddenly introduced, would be thought a wonderful invention, as it enables a person to obtain light in its simplest and most portable form, and without the use of cumbrous machinery or the necessity of attaching the lamp to any fixed point by means of wire before it could be lighted.

Investigations into the rapidity of the circulation of the blood in the human body have brought out the fact that if a man could retain one individual blood corpuscle coursing for 84 years through his body, it would have traveled about 6,050,880 miles. Assuming that the heart beats 69 times in a minute, blood travels at the speed of 207 yards in a minute, or seven miles an hour, making 168 miles a day, and 61,320 miles in a year.

The Chinese pheasants which were introduced into Oregon and Washington a few years ago and protected have spread all over the States, and sportsmen are looking forward to rare sport in the near future. There is no reason why these fine birds should not be introduced over a much wider field. Sporting clubs should look to it. The entire tier of States from the Ohio River to the Gulf are admirably adapted to them.

The intelligent municipal officials of New York have been for some time engaged in the work of converting old Castle Garden into an aquarium. Having completed the task at a cost of $250,000, they discover that most of the tanks won't hold water, and in the few that will hold water the fish die. In this melancholy situation the New Yorkers have nothing for it but to plead with Theodore Roosevelt to reform the aquarium. He seems to be the only man in that modern Babylon who knows that he knows he knows how to do things effectively.

OVER THE STATE.

An organized outfit of cattle thieves is operating in Fremont.

Otoe county is endeavoring to refund $4,000 bonds at 4 per cent.

The populists of Valley county will hold their convention in August.

The Dixon county republican convention will be held August 22d.

Out near Randolph a farmer got sixty-one bushels of barley per acre.

Lincoln county will produce more than one thousand carloads of potatoes.

The Dixon State bank will establish a branch at Laurel, with E. A Gurney in charge.

Dave Fowler of Dodge county has already cut, baled and shipped 160 acres of hay.

A daughter of John Goodman at Ohiowa was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Wm. Wilcoxen, living near Elmwood, was seriously injured by a horse falling on him.

A woman pensioner at Wilsonville received back pension to the amount of $1,182 last week.

The Nebraska City school census gives that city 3,408 school children, a gain of twenty-seven since last year.

The farmers are harvesting one of the largest crops of small grain that has ever been grown in Nance county.

Orin P. Clark of Lancaster county was drowned in Salt creek a few days ago. He fell out of a boat while fishing.

County Treasurer Frantz of Gage county reports that there is due the county on delinquent personal taxes, $101,000.

On the Stewart petition for dividing Holt county it is alleged names appeared of parties who have been dead very many years.

The home and barn of Thomas Biggs of York was fired by incendiaries. The barn burned, including two horses, one double carriage and a phaeton.

Miss Emma Sutton, a young lady living in the family of Fred Clark of Albion, received notice a short time ago that she was heir to $80,000 in Ohio.

The Central labor union of Omaha has decided to put up a labor ticket this fall. There will be no labor day demonstration on account of the hard times.

Oxford is now connected with Beaver City by telephone, the line having been completed last week. The circuit takes in Edison and covers a distance of twenty miles.

Charles Anderson of Papillion offers a reward of $100 for the conviction of an unknown scoundrel who entered his pasture and stabbed a valuable horse to death.

The dates for the fourth annual Cedar county fair are September 10, 11 and 12. The magnificent harvest insures a good agricultural display, and the race program will be unusually good.

Frank Brown, Ralph Woodruff and Charles E. Matthews are under arrest in York, charged with criminal intimacy with Alice Swanson. The girl was mentally weak and only 16 years old.

E. Lakein has a large cattle farm five miles north of Ashland. During his absence in the east some persons have stolen several of his cattle and butchered them. The thieves are not yet captured.

John Walgmuth dropped dead in an Omaha saloon. The deceased was a miner of considerable property and lived at Spokane, Wash. He had been east for some weeks visiting at his old home in Springfield, Ill.

Prof. R. A. Heratage who has had charge of the musical department of the Fremont Normal school the last year, has tendered his resignation to President Clemmons. He goes to Salem, Ore.

The Genoa State bank paid a first dividend to depositors a few days ago of 10 per cent. It is the general opinion that about 20 per cent more will about exhaust the available resources of that institution, so far as general depositors are concerned.

The Sherman county fair will be held on October 1, 2 and 3. The association was late in deciding on holding their fair, but now they are going to join with the Sherman County Irrigation company, who will hold their formal opening of the canal October 1.

Libni Garris of Fremont took his wife and baby son out in the country. He also took his shotgun and quite an accident befell the party. Garris got out of the wagon to shoot a snipe and cocked both barrels of the gun. He fired at the bird with one barrel and in meandering around in the weeds the other barrel was discharged and the charge hit his wife and child. Both were painfully hurt.

Superintendent Mackay of the Norfolk asylum for the insane has written Governor Holcomb that he has on hand a lot of clothing which, as he expresses it in his letter, "has been exposed to mice, moths and the corroding influences of time," which he desires to donate to the state relief commission for distribution. He says the clothing is useless for hospital purposes, but thinks it might be found available for charity.

Fred Willis, a negro of Camden, S. D., and Robert Harris of Mexico broke into a merchandise car in the Union Pacific yards at Columbus, where they were caught by J. C. Vizzard, a Union Pacific detective. They were tried and sentenced by District Judge Sullivan to one year in the penitentiary at hard labor.

The house of G. G. Haller, three miles east of Winside, burned down when no one was present. The loss will be $1,000. Small insurance.

Arthur Forbes, of Beatrice, in the presence of 3,000 people, dived from the top of Court street bridge, a distance of 51 feet.

M. A. Lunn and a basket of big sugar beets were prominent figures on the streets of Lincoln the other day. The beets were from J. V. Wolfe's acre patch and although lacking two months of maturity, weigh on average almost two pounds each. Mr. Wolfe expects to harvest about twenty tons to the acre. Figure that at $4 a ton.

Salem T. Clark, Charles H. Jackson and Lewis Stogel and three of the cattle thieves who were captured by vigilantes near Fort Randal a few days ago were sentenced to a term in the penitentiary by Judge Kinkaid at Bassett last week. Clark and Jackson each got six years and Vogel five.

State Assessment.

The state board of equalization has completed its work of equalizing the state assessment by counties and finds that the amount charged against the counties is $1,196,276.83. The amount so charged in 1894 was $1,257,008.22 and for 1893 it was $1,263,995.50. This year the total assessed valuation is $171,468,207.48, as compared with $183,717,498.78 for 1894 and $194,733,124.73 for 1898. The assessed valuation, state levy and total assessment charged against each county is as follows:

COUNTIES.	Assessed Valuation.	Levy.	Total Assessment
Adams	$ 2,739,137 95	7¼	$ 19,858 75
Antelope	1,497,069 94	7¼	10,853 75
Banner	322,899 00	6⅝	2,135 90
Blaine	204,350 06	6⅜	1,302 73
Boone	1,519,655 20	7⅛	10,827 56
Box Butte	905,160 69	7¼	6,562 43
Boyd	208,316 00	6⅝	1,380 10
Brown	597,618 78	7⅛	4,258 03
Buffalo	3,120,382 11	7¼	22,622 77
Burt	2,731,951 00	6⅜	17,416 19
Butler	2,206,981 50	7¼	16,000 26
Cass	4,456,159 58	6½	28,965 04
Cedar	2,022,745 20	6⅞	12,906 37
Chase	651,306 00	6⅝	4,314 89
Cherry	1,404,044 74	6⅝	9,301 80
Cheyenne	1,425,795 94	6⅝	9,445 89
Clay	2,504,087 15	7⅜	18,467 65
Colfax	1,967,558 12	6⅞	13,085 09
Cuming	2,003,525 96	7⅜	14,776 01
Custer	1,970,300 95	6⅝	13,053 24
Dakota	1,355,775 00	7⅜	9,998 85
Dawes	1,496,820 74	6½	9,729 33
Dawson	1,792,867 16	6¾	12,101 84
Deuel	909,236 68	6⅝	6,023 70
Dixon	1,567,492 70	6⅞	10,776 52
Dodge	3,078,540 80	7¼	22,319 42
Douglas	22,530,255 81	7¼	163,128 86
Dundy	621,477 63	6⅜	3,961 94
Fillmore	2,641,871 84	7⅛	18,823 33
Franklin	1,006,014 00	7⅛	7,167 87
Frontier	1,105,298 00	6½	7,184 43
Furnas	1,573,560 68	7	11,014 89
Gage	5,300,016 81	7⅛	37,762 63
Garfield	246,148 00	6⅜	1,569 20
Gosper	744,780 00	6⅜	4,773 48
Grant	279,476 87	6⅜	1,781 65
Greeley	917,907 40	6⅞	6,310 61
Hall	2,419,565 17	7⅜	17,844 32
Hamilton	1,543,188 54	7⅜	11,381 03
Harlan	1,260,732 91	6¾	8,509 73
Hayes	622,403 00	6½	4,045 61
Hitchcock	983,334 95	6⅝	6,268 76
Holt	2,554,974 40	6¾	17,246 08
Hooker	108,781 94	6¼	679 89
Howard	1,251,939 20	7⅛	8,920 08
Jefferson	2,602,706 17	7	18,218 93
Johnson	1,981,000 05	7⅛	14,114 54
Kearney	1,309,186 84	7⅛	9,327 95
Keith	882,963 13	6⅝	5,849 63
Keya Paha	464,642 00	6⅝	3,078 25
Kimball	676,840 83	6⅝	4,485 75
Knox	1,804,346 40	6⅜	11,502 70
Lancaster	10,289,963 66	7⅛	73,315 50
Lincoln	2,510,205 14	6⅝	16,630 12
Logan	168,580 00	7⅛	1,201 14
Loup	159,835 00	6⅜	1,018 72
Madison	2,360,464 52	7⅛	16,818 36
McPherson	130,655 00	6⅜	832 95
Merrick	1,681,698 13	7⅜	12,402 53
Nance	1,236,637 00	7⅜	9,120 29
Nemaha	2,110,703 72	7⅜	17,778 94
Nuckolls	2,310,000 40	7⅜	17,036 25
Otoe	4,706,744 54	6⅝	30,605 49
Pawnee	2,449,248 21	6⅜	15,613 96
Perkins	823,707 00	6⅞	5,251 12
Phelps	1,342,914 81	6⅞	9,232 73
Pierce	1,430,732 80	6⅝	9,478 89
Platte	2,407,719 40	7⅛	17,155 02
Polk	1,327,067 50	7⅛	9,448 29
Red Willow	1,166,038 86	6⅞	8,016 54
Richardson	3,129,704 45	7⅛	22,299 13
Rock	515,153 57	6⅜	3,284 10
Saline	2,648,324 39	7¼	19,200 34
Sarpy	2,224,414 76	6½	14,457 36
Saunders	3,256,054 29	7⅜	24,061 82
Scotts Bluff	342,579 00	6½	2,223 77
Seward	2,471,039 36	6⅝	18,423 92
Sherman	1,201,446 54	6⅝	7,959 57
Sheridan	827,625 45	7¼	6,007 54
Sioux	478,980 19	6⅝	3,173 24
Stanton	1,263,933 60	6⅞	8,689 56
Thayer	2,325,821 00	6⅝	15,408 57
Thomas	149,317 35	6⅜	951 89
Thurston	449,148 00	6⅝	2,975 61
Valley	901,423 40	7⅜	6,648 00
Washington	2,451,043 31	6⅝	16,238 16
Wayne	1,815,165 00	6⅝	12,025 48
Webster	1,606,021 50	6⅞	11,041 40
Wheeler	252,322 00	6½	1,640 09
York	2,173,327 46	6⅝	16,028 31
Total	$171,468,207 48	....	$1,196,276 83

Killed by a Runaway.

Two men named McKenzie and O'Leary started from Omaha in a buggy, intending to drive to their home at La Platte. About six miles north of Plattsmouth, a heavy wagon pulled by a large span of horses, was coming directly back of their buggy and the animals became frightened and dashed into the light buggy. The two occupants were thrown violently to the ground and run over by the heavy wagon.

Mr. McKenzie was frightfully bruised and crushed and died in great agony the next morning. Mr. O'Leary is quite seriously injured, but his physician thinks he will recover.

Three Girls Drowned.

A Columbus dispatch says: A most shocking and heart rending accident happened about 5 o'clock this afternoon. Three young girls lost their their lives by drowning in the Platte river, just below the wagon bridge near Columbus.

Lizzie, aged 13, daughter of Charles Klaus; May, aged 12, and Hulda, aged 7, daughters of Gottlieb Klaus of Columbus, were bathing or wading in the river in company with an older Klaus girl about 15. In some way the entire party got into the swift current and the three younger ones were lost while the older one by hard struggling, after drifting half a mile, managed to escape on a sand bar and gave the alarm.

The bodies were recovered, two of them one-half mile and the other two miles below the scene of the accident.

Will Have Floats.

The executive committee of the Business Men's association of Omaha held a meeting and transacted a large amount of routine business. Word has been received from a large number of counties which will have floats in the Nebraska parade, but still a number of enterprising cities and counties have not yet sent in word of any kind. The Omaha Business Men's association has made arrangements with the railroads to transport the floats free of cost, and is anxious for every county through its principal city to be represented in the parade. Every effort will be made to make the parade the biggest advertisement ever given of the whole state of Nebraska. William Lyle Dickey, secretary of the association, will answer all letters on the subject addressed to him, and the association will assist in every was possible any city which desires to send a float.

Promoting Irrigation.

Much attention is being attracted to windmill irrigation in this portion of the Lodge Pole valley, says a Dix dispatch, by the remarkable discovery made in the irrigation well of Hon. John Clausen. This well is 18x20 feet, and twenty-four feet deep. In the bottom a hole was broken through a crust of hard pan, through which a stream of water rises with great velocity. A nine-inch pump running continuously in a high wind fails to lower the supply. A colony of well-to-do families is now forming in eastern Nebraska to come to this place in the fall and settle on forty-acre irrigated farms.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

NO UNNATURAL SHRINKAGE PERCEIVED DURING THE WEEK.

BUSINESS KEEPS STEADY.

In Spite of the Dull Season the Outlook Is Unusually Bright for Manufacturers and Workingmen—Long Closed Works Will Reopen—Textiles Have a Better Outlook and Demand.

New York, July 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: It is not the season for the tide of business to rise, but there is not perceived scarcely any shrinkage except that which will come naturally with midsummer heat. The volume of new business is small compared with reeent months, but large enough to encourage more openings of long closed works, and more advances in returns to labor. Important strikes show that the advance is not enough for some, but the strikers seem not more threatening than a week ago.

Accounts of shrinkage in the yield of wheat come from both Pacific states and from the Dakotas. It would be a strange and unnatural July without such reports, and yet they have weight enough this year to lead even the most experienced to reduce somewhat their estimate of yield, while the price has advanced three and one-fourth cents.

Light Western receipts for the week were not a third of last year's, and for four weeks only 5,366,063 bushels, against 11,983,619 bushels last year, strengthen adverse reports, because the price a year ago was about 20 cents lower than it is now. The Western movement largely depends on the export demand, which is phenominally light, Atlantic shipments for the week having been—flour included—only 671,561 bushels, against 3,818,996 last year, and for four weeks only 3,500,589, against 9,865,722 last year. Corn advanced 1 cent with wheat, but has since lost all of the gain. Cotton has remained unchanged at 7 cents, although the latest reports favor larger estimates of the yield, a circular by Neill going much beyond other figures.

Textiles have a better outlook with larger demand, both for cotton and woolen goods; a shade advance in print cloths, and in most bleached goods, and a more hopeful market for light weight woolens, which, if scarcely advanced beyond last year's prices, are on the whole selling better. Enormous sales of wool, 44,788,864 pounds in four weeks, far exceed actual consumption, but reflect belief that the prices will not decline, and the few changes this week have been upward. Scarcity of domestic wool in Eastern markets is in part due to heavy speculative withdrawals.

Failures for the week were 202 in the United States, against 249 last year, and twenty-seven in Canada, against thirty-nine last year.

CHEROKEE BILL AGAIN.

He Kills a Watchman in the Federal Prison at Fort Smith.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 29.—Cherokee Bill got his hands on another revolver yesterday, and used it in an attempt to liberate prisoners confined in murderers' row of the United States jail. His attempt was a bold one and resulted in the death of Larry Keating, the oldest guard on the force. Night Watchman Tom Parker and Larry Keating had just gone on duty and Turnkeys Eoff and McConnell were engaged in locking up.

When Eoff reached the cell next to Cherokee Bill's he found the keyhole plugged, and while he was trying to clean it out Cherokee Bill came to the door and fired, shooting Keating through the stomach. He ran to the end of the corridor and fell dead. Eoff ran back to the corrider and the east side of the cells, and McConnell, Parker and several deputy marshals ran in and opened fire on Cherokee Bill whenever he tried to leave his cell. His ammunition was nearly exhausted and he agreed to surrender his pistol to Henry Starr, which was done.

The pistol with which he did the deadly work was a new pearl handled 41-caliber. How he got it is a mystery, but Josie Brown, his sister, who has been here several days and visited him twice, has been arrested for it, and is now in the county jail. Keating has been employed at the jail for ten years and was a careful man. He leaves a wife and four children, besides many other relatives here. He was very popular and many threats of lynching have been made, though the citizens, who were terribly excited, are now becoming cooler.

Crawford Goldsby, alias Cherokee Bill, alias Corilla, is only 19, but has been convicted of train robbery and murder. One murder case is pending in the supreme court of the United States, and the charge of killing his brother-in-law is still on the docket here.

ABUSED BY WHITECAPS.

Four Masked Men Tar and Feather a Baptist Minister.

Westmoreland, Kan., July 29.—At 11 o'clock last night four masked men took Rev. T. S. Rooks, the Baptist minister of this place, from his home, five miles in the country, and tarred and feathered him. They kicked and beat him in a brutal manner, and he is lying at a farmer's house outside the town in a critical condition. Mrs. Rooks went along with her husband and says she knows the White Caps. She will swear out warrants for them. Excitement over the affair runs high. He was accused of trying to assault a young woman.

We have great sympathy with the little girl who got down on her knees at bedtime and prayed, "Lord, give me a good temper, and while you are about it, please give ma one, too."

THE WALLER CASE.

Ambassador Eustis Makes a Second Demand to See the Ex-Kansan.

Washington, July 29.—The officials of the state department are at present anxiously awaiting information from Ambassador Eustis as to the manner in which the second demand for the record of the Waller court-martial, which was held in Tamative, has been received in France. It is now learned definitely that the French government refused to furnish the record upon the first presentation of the request, and that this refusal was met on the part of the state department by a more positive and pressing demand for all the papers. The department is informed by Mr. Eustis that this demand has been presented. There has been quite a sufficient time for a reply, but none had been received. The course of the French in their refusal to supply the record is considered most unusual, and as no explanation was vouchsafed the department is at a loss to know upon what grounds it was based.

There is good reason for believing that in case of a second refusal by France to supply the record, a third demand will be made more peremptory. The state department authorities consider the case as one of importance because it is liable to develop some very delicate and intricate questions before it shall finally be disposed of.

ONE JUROR CHOSEN.

Durrant's Trial for Murder Promises to Be a Hard Legal Fight.

San Francisco, July 29.—On the fourth day of the trial of Theodore Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lamont, the work of choosing a jury began in earnest. Slow progress was made. Of fifteen examined, only one was passed and he may be challenged by the defense later on. The main question of the prosecution to jurors is "would you convict a man and inflict the death penalty on circumstantial evidence?"

The defendant's questions are based upon the familiarity with the newspaper comments upon Durrant and the crime of which he is accused. Almost all the jurors summoned have formed impressions which will require strong evidence to relieve. It is apparent the defense will make a hard fight on technicalities and will take advantage of every loophole. Counsel for the prisoner lay traps for the judge, with the apparent purpose of leading him into a wrong ruling, which may form the basis of an appeal to a higher court. The number of well dressed women at the trial increases at every session of the court. Continual efforts are made by girls to lionize the defendant.

GREAT STORM IN JAPAN.

Six Vessels Blown Ashore and All Except One Believed to Be Wrecked.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 29.—A violent hurricane was reported to-day by cables from Japan, in which many vessels and their crews were lost. The cablegram was sent from Ruschinotzu. The German steamer Helen Rickmers and the Norwegian steamships Lyderhorn and Herman Wedel, Jarlsburg, the British steamship Bentala and the Manuelsuchet from Philadelphia were all blown ashore, and all are believed to have been totally wrecked except the Bentala.

The loss of life on shore is reported to be large.

Shot While Running.

Chetopa, Kan., July 29.—Yesterday afternoon City Marshal Sam Coulter arrested J. T. Dowdall, a bootlegger, and left him in charge of Justice Calvin while he searched his house for liquors. Dowdall jumped through a window and fled across the river. The marshal was soon in pursuit and overtook him. The man resisted arrest and defended himself with a knife and a hatchet. He attempted escape to a cornfield and the marshal shot him. The ball entered his back. The man is dying.

THE MARKETS.

Kansas City, Mo., July 29.—Wheat here was up about a cent to-day, following the speculative advance. Nearly all samples were sold before the final bulge occurred in Chicago. Receipts, 55 cars; a year ago, 91 cars.

No. 2 hard wheat, 65½c; No. 3 63½c; No. 4 60c; No. 2 red, 71c; No. 3, 69c; No. 4, 60c; rejected, 57c; no grade, 1 car 45c

Corn was ¼ to ½c lower early, but the loss was recovered later and the market closed very strong. There was a good demand. Offerings are increasing. Receipts. 40 cars; a year ago, 31 cars.

No. 2 mixed corn, 37½c; No. 3, 37c; No. 4, 35½c; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 3, 37c.

Oats sold steady. Low grades were steady Receipts, 27 cars; a year ago, 19 cars.

No. 2 mixed oats, 23c; No. 3, 18@19c; No. 4, 17c; rejected, 12@14c; no grade, 10@13c; No. 2 white, 25@26c; No. 3, 1 car 22½c.

Rye—No. 2, 44c; No. 3, 1 car 42c; No. 4, 2 cars 40c.

Flaxseed—Market steady; August, $1.06; September, $1.06.

Corn Chop—Firm, 74@76c per cwt sacked.

Bran—Firm, 59@60c per cwt sacked; bulk 6c less.

Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, July 29.—The following is the range of prices of the grain and provision market on the board of trade:

	High	Low	Close July 27	Close July 26
Wheat—				
July	70¾	69½	70⅝	68⅝
September	72¾	70½	71⅝	69⅝
December	74½	72⅝	73½	71⅝
Corn—				
July	43½	43¾	43¼	43⅛
September	43½	42½	43¼	43⅛
May	46⅛	45¼	46	45⅝
Oats—				
July	23¾	23¾	23¾	24
September	22¾	22⅝	22⅝	22½
May	26	25½	26	25⅝
Pork—				
July	10 55	10 55	10 55	10 57½
September	10 72½	10 65	10 65	10 67½
January	10 67½	10 60	10 67½	10 67½
Lard—				
July	6 25	6 25	6 25	6 30
September	6 32½	6 30	6 32½	6 32½
January	6 37½	6 32½	6 35	6 32½
Short Ribs—				
July	6 05	6 05	6 05	6 05
September	6 15	6 12½	6 15	6 12½
January	5 62½	5 60	5 62½	5 20

Live Stock.

Kansas City Mo., July 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,249; calves, 18; shipped yesterday, 2,193 cattle, 100 calves. Common to good feeders and stockers were a dime lower.

Dressed beef and export steers, $4.40@5.05; Texas and Indian steers, $2.50@3.65; Southwestern steers, $2.80; cows and heifers, $2.00@3.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.15; calves, $4@6.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 4,167; shipped yesterday, 621. The market was dull and 5 to 15c lower. The top price was $5 and the bulk of sales from $4.65 to $4.00

OUTRAGED AND MURDERED.

Horrible Fate of the Young Wife of a Missourian.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 25.—Information was received here last night of a most horrible crime committed in Calloway county, about five miles from Fulton. Mrs. J. W. Cain, wife of a young farmer, was crimnally assaulted and had her throat cut from ear to ear. She was 18 years old and had only been married two months. Her husband found her body in the yard when he returned to the house about noon. The alarm was sounded and a large posse headed by Sheriff Windsor immediately commenced scouring the country. It is said two negro tramps were seen in the vicinity of the Cain farm during the forenoon.

William Divers, a negro, is the man supposed to have assaulted and murdered Mrs. Cain. He was arrested and strong evidence of his guilt established. He was brought to Fulton, and at this hour is missing from jail. The city of Fulton is wild, and hundreds of men are hunting for the sheriff and his posse, under the belief that the former is trying to take the negro to Mexico. It will be a miracle if the negro is not mobbed. The details of the crime are horrible. The poor woman had her hands tied behind her back, every stitch of clothing torn from her body and her throat cut from ear to ear. Here is some of the positive evidence against the negro; Half of a suspender buckle found under the woman fitted a missing part from a similar buckle on the negro. A part of the negro's shirt had been torn from him and was held by the woman. The negro was bloody, and a part of Mrs. Cain's hair was found sticking to his clothes.

DEFENSE FOR WALLER.

The Ex-Consul's American Counsel Makes Out a Strong Case.

Washington, July 25.—Mr. Crammond Kennedy, who has become the principal counsel in the case of ex-Consul Waller, now serving a sentence in a French jail for violation of neutrality laws between this country and France, called at the state department yesterday for the purpose of presenting certain phases of the case.

Mr. Kennedy is disposed to lay much stress on the fact that at the time of Waller's arrest, there was no actual state of war between France and Madagascar. He contends that Waller, for this reason, could not have been guilty of the charge on which he was tried and convicted. In conversation with a representative of the press he said this phase of the case had not yet been presented by this government, and as soon as Mr. Olney should return he would present the matter to him in this light.

PAPERS FOR FARMERS.

Agricultural Department Proposes to Publish Articles of Much Interest.

Washington, July 25.—Hereafter the agricultural department will call on specialists in certain lines of agricultural work, though not connected with the office, to make investigations of importance to agricultural interests and to prepare brief papers or articles embracing the results of the work. These will be paid for at rates which the department regards as reasonable, the funds being provided for in the congressional appropriations. Many persons well known here and abroad will be asked to contribute. Its object is to do away with labored articles, couched in technical language, and of little interest or importance.

Wesley Davis at Home Again.

Topeka, Kan., July 25.—Wesley Davis of Rossville, in this county, who lost so heavily in grain at Kansas City some weeks ago and afterward disappeared, has returned to his home. He declines to give an account of his absence.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA			
Butter—Creamery separator	13	@	14
Butter—Fair to good country	10	@	12
Eggs—Fresh	10	@	10½
Honey—California, per lb	14	@	15
Hens—Live, per lb	6	@	6½
Spring Chickens, per lb	12	@	12½
Lemons—Choice Messinas	4 00	@	6 25
Apples—per bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Oranges—Floridas, per box	2 50	@	3 00
Potatoes—New	35	@	40
Watermelons—per dozen	2 50	@	3 00
Beans—Navy, hand-picked, bu	2 00	@	2 20
Hay—Upland, per ton	6 50	@	7 50
Onions—Per bu	50	@	75
Cheese—Neb. & Ia., full cream	10	@	10½
Pineapples—per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Tomatoes—per 4-basket crate	85	@	90
Hogs—Mixed packing	5 00	@	5 10
Hogs—Heavy weights	5 10	@	5 15
Beeves—Stockers and feeders	2 00	@	3 70
Beef Steers	4 05	@	4 30
Bulls	2 00	@	2 75
Stags	2 75	@	3 00
Calves	1 90	@	5 75
Cows	1 25	@	2 90
Heifers	1 75	@	3 65
Westerns	2 60	@	3 20
Sheep—Lambs	3 00	@	5 45
Sheep—Choice natives	2 50	@	3 75
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—No. 2, spring	66	@	66⅝
Corn—Per bu	44	@	44½
Oats—Per bu	23	@	23¾
Pork	10 70	@	10 75
Lard	6 50	@	6 55
Hogs—Packers and mixed	4 90	@	4 95
Cattle—Steers extra	3 50	@	5 70
Sheep—Lambs	3 00	@	5 00
Sheep—Natives	2 00	@	2 75
NEW YORK.			
Wheat, No. 2, red winter	71	@	71½
Corn—No. 2	48	@	48¾
Oats—No. 2	41	@	31½
Pork	12 25	@	13 00
Lard	6 50	@	6 67½
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash	66⅝	@	66¾
Corn—Per bu	42	@	42½
Oats—Per bu	23	@	23½
Hogs—Mixed packing	4 90	@	5 15
Cattle—Beft steers	4 00	@	4 85
Sheep—Mixed natives	2 75	@	3 50
Lambs	3 50	@	5 00
KANSAS CITY.			
Wheat—No. 2 hard	63	@	63½
Corn—No. 2	39	@	39¼
Oats—No. 2	27	@	27½
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	2 00	@	4 15
Hogs—Mixed packers	4 70	@	5 05

Emporia Bicycle Riders Fined.

Emporia, Kan., July 25.—Forty leading bicycle riders were arrested last night for not ringing bicycle bells at crossings. Among them were members of the Hood, Eskridge and Whitley families, and others equally prominent. Each paid $4 in fines and costs.

An Oklahoma Postmaster Jailed.

Guthrie, Ok., July 25.—J. G. Crump, postmaster at Zion, Ok., was brought in and lodged in the United States jail to-day on a charge of resisting a United States officer in the discharge of his duty.