

# The Weekly Journal

C. W. SHERMAN, Editor.

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"I am clearly of the opinion that gold and silver at rates fixed by congress constitute the legal standard of value in this country, and that neither congress nor any state (under the constitution) has authority to establish any other standard or to displace this standard."—Daniel Webster.

"According to my views on the subject the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation and otherwise from three-sevenths to one-half the metallic money in the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilences and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world."—John G. Carlisle, in 1878.

MR. CARLISLE'S recent speeches have only had the effect of convincing the public that a great man has gone wrong.

This country has an American system of government. Why not have an American system of finance? Must we ape monopoly-ruled monarchy?

THERE are those who suspect that Mr. Bryan of Nebraska is encroaching on the presidential preserves of Mr. Morrison of Illinois.—Chicago Record.

IT is a fact that will bear remembering that with the democracy of the west and south united for bimetalism they would have a majority of 166 in the national convention. The gold standard people cannot possibly change a majority into a minority.

AN immense meeting of laboring men held in Omaha last week roundly denounced the U. S. supreme court for its decision remanding Debs and his compeers to jail. Government by injunction leaves labor bound in chains by any and every corrupt court in the land.

Now that Dorgan has been paid an enormous price for the stuff left him by Mosher at the penitentiary there is a prospect that the board of public lands and buildings will proceed to let a new contract, and Dorgan may get back there again. Such is republican legerdemain.

THE example set by the democratic seceders of Nebraska last year—in setting up a bolting ticket—showed the disposition of the administration advocates. They were bound to ruin if they could not rule—and it foreshadows what may be expected of the same crowd in the next national convention.

JUNE 17 is a memorable day in the hearts of all patriotic Americans. It is the 120th anniversary of the battle of Bunker hill—the day when the proud Briton was convinced that American patriots were in earnest and that they would fight to the last in their determination to maintain their rights.

THE supreme court declared the income tax unconstitutional and from the Kentucky court of appeals comes the decision that banks are not liable for municipal or local taxation. It looks like all the burdens of the government are to be placed upon the poor and that capital is to be protected from paying its just share.

If the republicans think they can hold the membership of their party together by "sawing wood" and taking no action on the burning issue of the hour—the money question—the party leaders may wake up next fall to find themselves in a minority in the county, state and all over the west. They cannot afford to join the worshippers of the golden calf, for if they do they will be sure to lose.

THE democrats of Cass county are almost a unit in favor of bimetalism at 16 to 1, while half the republicans are of the same mind. Now, why would it not be a good plan to make an aggressive campaign on that issue. There is no sort of doubt but a big majority of the Cass county voters are for free coinage. If other minor issues were dropped and all who believe in bimetalism were to unite their ticket would win "hands down." What do you think of it?

## MR. BRYAN IN LOUISIANA.

A state mass convention of bimetalists was held last week in New Orleans, attended by some 5,000 people. The meeting was addressed by Nebraska's free coinage champion, and this in part is what the Times-Democrat says editorially of him and his effort:

"Hon. W. J. Bryan's speech was a masterpiece of eloquence, the happiest combination of argument, pathos and humor. New Orleans has heard many of the world's famous orators, but none have excelled and few have equalled the brilliant speaker from Nebraska. To find his counterpart we have to go back a half century to the days of Sargent Prentiss. For nearly two hours he held the closest attention of his audience, and when he stopped they cried loudly for 'more,' as though they could not get enough. This speech and its effect on the audience is one that cannot be described, but those who were present and heard and felt it will remember it all their lives. Its convincing arguments, its clear exposure of the question, were followed by humorous, enlivening anecdote, and then Mr. Bryan was back on the subject of silver, showing how the very life of the country hung on the movement to set right the crime of 1873. If the brilliant young Nebraskan does not return to his home with the most pleasant remembrances of his reception in New Orleans it will not be the fault of his audience, and if he is not elated over the effect of his oratory on the people of this city he is the most modest man in the world."

MR. WATTERSON of the Louisville Courier-Journal has given out the prediction that 30,000 to 40,000 democrats in Kentucky will bolt the party and vote the republican ticket this fall if they adopt a free silver platform. Doubtless Mr. Watterson, the man who two years ago declared it as his shibboleth that "One thing is certain, we must stand by silver," will be among these democrats who will betray their country for the Mammon of Wall street. Leastwise he has been drifting that way ever since his friend Carlisle surrendered his manhood to become secretary of the treasury. If there is any truth in Watterson's predictions the democracy of Kentucky must turn their attention to securing recruits from the republican ranks, and there is no doubt it can be done if party lines are loose on one side they will be down on the other, and that's where the fight will come.

THE Chicago Record has been for two weeks taking a vote of the free coinage question among the legal voters of Chicago. The question voted on is: Shall the United States open its mints at once to the free coinage of silver, without regard to other nations, and at a ratio of 16 to 1? The vote thus far cast is: yes, 6,061; no, 3,646. One man writes, as his reason for voting no on this question, that, "A significant thing to me in this issue is that bankers and others having to do directly with money matters, are opposed to the policy which the silver men are urging." Yes, that is very significant. It is also significant that every labor organization in the country, and nearly all the farmers—the men who by the sweat of toil earn the money which the "bankers and others" make their money from, are for free coinage.

A GREAT convention representing sentiment on the money question was held in Memphis yesterday, which was not dominated by the banking fraternity, nor its policy dictated by the office-holding element. Its delegates were from all parties and twenty-five states were represented, and it is unnecessary to say it declared for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at 16 to 1 by the United States, independently of any other nation. Not so much money was spent in preparation for it as for the recent gold standard convention, but it was a much greater and more representative gathering.

A FEW days ago the Lincoln Journal printed an editorial explaining the method adopted by the French government to protect its gold reserve and keep its gold and silver coins on a parity. It was a very simple process. The bank of France represents the government, and it exercises the option of paying bills presented in either gold or silver, and it positively prohibits the drawing of gold out of the bank for export. That is the whole thing in a nutshell. It never has any trouble. A similar regulation by our government would keep silver on a parity, and prevent gold exports. If Wall street kept its hands off affairs at Washington there would be no trouble on the subject of the currency.

Subscribe for the WEEKLY JOURNAL—\$1 per year, if paid in advance.

## ADVANCE IN WAGES.

There has been a very marked increase in the rate of wages within the last fifty or sixty days in this country. More than 250 firms and corporations employing 170,000 men have raised the wages of their employes, and in all these cases, except three or four, such increase has been made voluntarily without any demand on the part of the employes.

It is significant that more than nine-tenths of the concerns that have thus advanced the wages of their men are engaged in some branch of the iron and steel industry, and many of the rest are engaged in some form of woolen manufacturing. When the reductions of wages occurred in 1892 the charge was made that the necessity for such reduction was occasioned by the expected change in the tariff, and when such change came, in the shape of the present law, the decline in business and the consequent reduction in wages, or the entire suspension of manufacturing, were cited as proof positive that the repeal of the McKinley law and the adoption of a new law was destined to bankrupt the manufacturer and impoverish the American laborer.

It is singular also to notice that while the advance in wages has been made, with few exceptions, in the iron and wool industries, it was in these very industries that the greatest reductions were made in the present law over the McKinley law. In schedule C (including iron) the reduction was 37.37 per cent and in schedule K (woolen manufactures) the reduction was over 50 per cent, and yet those industries, which it was charged would be ruined by the reduction of the tariff, are the very first to advance the wages of the workmen employed.

The plain fact is that the charges made by the high-tariff advocates and the disasters that they declared were certain to follow the tariff reductions have been proved to be imaginary. This shows that as a factor in the increase or fixing of wages the tariff is not important; that wages depend far more upon supply and demand than upon any such artificial stimulus as raising the customs duties.—Chicago Record, independent.

THE fact that the valuation of lands in Cass county for the recent assessment only averages about \$7 per acre is well worthy of comment. There never was a more transparent fraud perpetrated under oath than that. At one-third valuation this would place the value at \$21 per acre. It is a well known fact that acre property in Cass county averages, on sales made during the past year, fully \$50 per acre, the county over. But here we have a lot of men, presumably as honest as the average, at least, who give out to the world an assessment, based upon one-third rate, upon a full valuation of \$21 as the full value of the lands! Is it not a transparent fact that these assessors have perpetrated a fraud, and a fraud under oath at that? Here they have assessed lands at less than one-seventh of their true value in cash, while all the land owners of the county have stood by and consented to it; in fact, they apparently unite in electing men to the position of assessor who will promise to make the lowest assessment. Suppose a man, in any of the precincts, were to go before the people with the declaration that he would assess property at its true value, or even one-third of it, do you suppose he would get votes enough to elect him? Let somebody try it once. It seems that year by year this process is not only going on, but is getting worse. Is there no remedy?

THIS newspaper stands for honest money; honest money as defined by the democratic platform upon which Grover Cleveland was first elected to the presidency of the United States. Namely: "Honest money, the gold and silver coinage of the constitution, and a circulating medium convertible into such money without loss." At the time the constitution of the United States was adopted the Spanish milled dollar was the unit of value and the first act passed afterward on the subject of money creating the mint made the silver dollar the unit of value—that is what is needed now to make the dollar honest.

Oh yes, you want a dollar that is worth a hundred cents on the dollar world over. Have you ever heard or known of such a dollar except from the men who run your party and do your thinking for you? A piece of gold coin of this country of the same weight and fineness of an English gold coin will not be taken at its face representation in any place in England. The banker will charge you so much for exchange and you must pay it. You can't have a dollar worth one hundred cents the world over and you had better get one you can use at home and just let the rest of the world take care

of itself. On a gold basis you will never have enough money together to go abroad to spend it and what need you care whether England or any other nation consents for us to make our own money or not. We gave old England a couple of sound thrashings without her consent, now why ask her consent as to what we shall make our money of?—Ex.

THE News has discovered that Mr. Bryan has ruined himself again; this time it is in the south—where he declared again that if the single gold standard were adopted by the next democratic national convention he would not support the ticket nominated. He said substantially the same thing to the democratic state convention at Lincoln in 1893—and it didn't ruin him. Mr. Bryan was ruined several years ago, and every since then his success has given the News editor the nightmare.

THE rebellion in Cuba is becoming more serious every day. The rainy season is on there now, the government troops can move but little, and yellow fever is attacking the troops in a serious way, while Gomez is pushing his chances in a vigorous way. President Cleveland has forbidden Americans taking a hand in the affair by proclamation. Spain already has some \$20,000 troops on the soil of Cuba, but they are harmless for months while the wet weather lasts.

THE monetary convention of the west and south held at Memphis last week was attended by some 20,000 people, including delegations from twenty-seven states and was a great success. Its platform, or declaration of principles was adopted containing the strongest argument for free coinage ever framed. The venerable Senator Stewart's speech was a startling presentation of facts that were unanswerable.

It takes Omaha generosity to get to the front. There's Ed Hayden, for instance. He offered \$100 \$80 and \$50 for the first second and third prizes in the great bicycle race, made \$3,500 clear off the enterprise, and then put off the third prize man, who made the race interesting, with a \$15 watch. Put a beggar on horseback, will you?

THERE isn't a proposition now put forward in favor of the gold standard by the Chicago Tribune that you cannot find an answer for in the 1878 files of that same newspaper.

## NEBRASKA HAPPENINGS.

The state prohibition convention will meet in Lincoln July 3d.

The Platte river is said to be higher than it has been for many years.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen now claims 19,000 members in Nebraska.

Three new business houses have opened at Shelby since the rains visited that section.

The assessed valuation of Otoe county shows a decrease of \$203,292 over last year.

Fremont will open proposals for the construction of its own electric light plant June 25.

Pawnee City has a school girl that has neither been absent nor tardy at school for eight years.

Frank Wichman, a Madison county farmer, fell dead from apoplexy while plowing corn in his field.

The Free Methodist revival has closed at La Platte. A number of conversions are reported.

The Syracuse cob pipe factory now employs twenty-seven men and proposes to enlarge immediately.

Louis Dundi, a young son of Chris Dundi, living four miles south of Hebron, was kicked to death by a vicious horse.

The city of Lincoln has been compelled to dismiss fourteen of her public school teachers and cut the wages of those remaining.

Sixty feet of Missouri Pacific track at Pauline, in Adams county, was washed away by the flood of the Little Blue river during the recent rain.

A Bailor of Chapman left his dwelling house out of doors one night and a frisky cyclone demolished it. Generous neighbors contributed \$200 to help him rebuild.

The total number of newspapers published in Nebraska is 614, of which thirty-three are dailies, one tri-weekly seven semi-weeklies, 532 weeklies, seven semi-monthlies, and thirty-four monthlies.

The Wayne Democrat says: There is one eighty acres of corn not far from Winside that up to the present writing is mortgaged for \$1,454. It is evident that this man has faith in the productiveness of Nebraska soil.

Part of the remains of a child were found beside the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley railroad near Chad-

ron. It is believed that the child had been killed on board a passenger train and thrown out of the window.

Nellie Yerkerson, a Beaver City girl, was killed by the accidental discharge of an old-fashioned muzzle-loading rifle. She was handling the weapon when it was discharged, driving the ramrod entirely through her body. She lived a few hours.

Richard Woods, a young English student at Gates college, Neligh, was drowned Saturday evening in the Elkhorn river. He could not swim and got beyond his depth. Woods, who is twenty-one years of age, and a younger brother came to this country two years ago to seek their fortunes.

The northwestern part of Adams county is experiencing a genuine mad-dog scare. Two men have been bitten and compelled to go to Wymore, where a mad-stone was applied, and over forty head of cattle belonging to one man have been shot, after showing symptoms of hydrophobia. Every dog in the neighborhood has been killed.

Two young ladies of Ashland had an exciting experience last Saturday. They were picking berries in a pasture near that city, when a vicious bull took after them, and they were compelled to take refuge in a tree. The animal was greatly enraged and kept the young ladies treed for about an hour, when they were rescued by a couple of fishermen.

Niobrara Pioneer says: While making a gun trade with a man from Lynch, Bill Orr pulled the trigger to show its good qualities, and it went off, giving a spectator standing back of the man a flesh wound in the right arm. Orr made the man a present of the gun on the promise that he would help the wounded man out with his work, and the damage was satisfied.

## County Convention.

The prohibitionists of Cass county are hereby called to meet in mass convention at the G. A. R. hall in the city of Weeping Water Friday June 27, at 3:30 p. m., for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the state convention to be held at Lincoln July 3 and 4, and to transact other business proper to come before convention.

E. W. MURLESS, Sec.  
W. O. TUCKER, Ch'm.

This is the best time of the year to paint your houses, barns and fences. F. G. Fricke & Co. keep a full stock of the best prepared paints in the market, at low prices.

Gering & Co. sell the Munyon remedies.

## HAYDEN'S Close Your Eyes

To Quality—and the world is full of cheap things, but with your eyes wide open the real good things are few and far between. When we buy clothing we look sharp for quality and workmanship; if you buy clothes here they're right—no matter how little—you pay for them—they're right.

WE made a little purchase last week from one of New York's way-up clothing makers. Its not going to revolutionize the clothing business—it will not even change the map of the world—but it will simply put in your way for 8 or 10 days the chance of getting a bang-up fine suit of clothes at a price that would be an impossibility under ordinary circumstances.

Men's fine all wool suit sack or frock style, not a suit worth less than \$9 and up to \$15, all latest fabrics and cuts; in this sale

**\$4.75 and \$6.50**

Men's very fine and nobby suits in silk mixtures, fancy cashmere and imported clays that regularly retail for \$18 to \$25; in this sale for

**\$9.50 to \$12.50**

Boys' all wool knee pant suits, sizes 4 to 15 years, have double breasted coats; our \$2.75 to \$3.75 suit in this sale

**\$1.75**

Children's washable suits, sizes 3 to 8, all \$1.25 and \$1.75 grades at

**75c**

Odd knee pants, sizes 4 to 14 years, all wool fabrics, 50c and 75c values for three days only at

**25c**

Ladies' Waists 19c.

We have divided our entire stock of wash waists into three lots which embrace almost our entire stock.

Lot 1 at 19c, unlaundered.  
Lot 2 at 48c, laundered.  
Lot 3 at 89c, laundered.

These waists are the very newest goods in the market, full sleeves, pointed, yoke back, etc., and are being sold at less than cost to manufacture.

We have made a similar division of our silk waists. Three lots:

Lot 1 at \$2.69.  
Lot 2 at \$2.95.  
Lot 3 at \$3.95.

The varieties and styles of these waists are so numerous that we cannot go into details; but every dollar you invest in them will bring you two dollars worth.

CHILDREN'S LAWN DRESSES 69c.

6 to 14 years, fast colors, and were made to be sold at \$1.25.

We have an elegant line of calico, percale and gingham dresses equally low.

SHEETING SALE.

8-4 bleached sheeting, 11c; 9-4 bleached sheeting, 12c; 9-4 unbleached sheeting, 14c; 10-4 unbleached, 15c; 4-4 Arrow brand, 5c; shirting, 8c and 8c; best, 10c; canton flannel, 3 1/2c.

REDUCED PRICES ON GROCERIES

Roasted or green coffees at 19 1/2c and 22 1/2c, worth 25c to 35c.  
Best tea values on earth in every flavor and quality at 25c, at 35c, at 40c and up to 50c per pound.

Hayden Bros.,  
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The Singer Man'g Co.  
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54 First Awards,  
Being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor and more than double the number received by all other sewing machine companies. Awards received on the following:

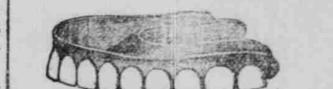
Family Sewing Machines, V. 8, No. 2, I. P. C. B. and Single Thread Automatic Chain Stitch Machine, Sewing Machine Cabinets, Art Embroideries, Laces, Curtains, Upholstery, Artistic Furnishings, Sewing and Embroidery, Tapestry Machine Work.

Also 43 Awards, covering machines for manufacture in every line where a Sewing Machine can be used—on Wool cotton and Silk Cloth, Kilt, Goods Leather, etc., for Ornamental Stitching Button holes, Eyeslets, Barring, Over sewing, Staying, etc.

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WITHOUT PAIN OR DANGER.

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Whom you trust to clean or repair your watch!

IT WON'T PAY YOU

To employ an inexperienced amateur, who may ruin your time-piece.

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Is a watch-maker of 22 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN EUROPE AND AMERICA. He thoroughly understands every branch of his business and WARRANTS EVERY PIECE OF WORK HE TURNS OUT. Don't charge any more than elsewhere, either. Better see him about that watch or clock, had'n't you?

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This Mill has been rebuilt, and furnished with machinery of the best manufacture in the world. Their

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Has no Superior in America. Give it trial and be convinced.

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These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaliba, Cubebae and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

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