TARIFF LEGISLATION.

The House at Last Ends the Long Struggle.

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Senate Measure Passed, Also Bills Making Coal, Iron, Sugar and Barbed Wire Free -Activity in Some Lives Created

by This Action.

THE SITUATION.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- The house Monday at 6:30 p. m., according to the programme adopted by the caucus, adopted the senate amendments to the Wilson bill and then passed separate measures placing sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire on the free list. The vote by which the house accepted the senate measure was 182 to 105.

Reed Is Humorous.

after speeches had been delivered by Mr. Wilson (dem., W. Va.), Reed (rep., Me.), Cockran (dem., N. Y.), Speaker Crisp and others the vote was taken with the result as noted above. Mr. Reed among other things said:

compatriots appear before us now, not us the triumphal reformers marching to glory to the sound of their own sweet voices. They are little bables in the wood, and it will be found pretty soon that they were left there by their uncie in the white house. And I can hear the coming of the pinlons, of the little birds bearing the ballots that are to bury them out of

Mr. Reed went on to say that one of the great misfortunes of this attempted months. The collections, which for action was that it would not be a permanent basis on which this country on Tuesday, as expected, suddenly could do business. After paying a jumped to more than \$164,000. The stinging tribute to Mr. Wilson and the sudden increase was the passage of the men who had submitted to the bill he continued: -We shall not write its enitaph. That has

been done by a nearer and dearer personage. That has been done by the man whose name must be affixed to this bill before it can be a discredit to the statute book. His name must be added to it. He tells you this bill is an in-stance of perfidy, injustice and dishonor. Out of your own household has come your condemnation. Nay, out of your own mouths has your condemnation come. For we shall read that bold and uncompromising declaration of the chairman of the committee on ways and means that we were to slt here until the end of our term to put down the sugar trust.

proposition to fire one of those popgun tariff action of the board of directors. for which the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Springer) was deposed from the ways and means committee. His successor, after filling the atmosphere with his outspread wings. finds his nest in some other bird's premises. "Why not resign if you were to adopt the ac-tion of the other person? I congratulate the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Springer) upon his personal triumph I wish I could congratu-hate the country upon something, and I will and glass. upon the speedy departure of incompetency.

Cockran is Heard.

strong protest against the consumma- business as a result of the late tariff tion of this tariff legislation, which re- enactment were found Tuesday. Busicalled his famous speech of protest at | ness men generally were much gratisnid:

"Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that the question before this house has been somewhat overlooked. The vital point at issue here is whether the American congress is to legislate or whether some unknown, unmentioned force

pealing all income taxes. The bills will come up Wednesday. In the President's Hands,

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17 .- The tariff bill, signed by the presiding officers of both houses, was taken to the president by Representative Pearson (O.) on Wednesday.

The Bills Referred.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18 .- The free sugar bill has been referred to the committee on finance. The vote on the free sugar bill was, ayes, 32; nays, 18. The vote on the motion to refer the free coal bill was, yeas, 35; nays, 17. The next was the bill for free iron ore, and the like reference was made by a vote of yeas, 37; nays, 17. The free barbed wire was also referred to the finance committee, without a division.

Distillers Are Active.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16 .- There was great activity in the United States internal revenue office here Tuesday following the final passage of the tariff bill. Distillers are anxious to get their whisky out of bond at the present revenue rate of 90 cents, and the "The gentleman from West Virginia and his receipts were phenomenally large. At Peoria.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 16 .- The scene around the internal revenue office Tuesday was one of unusual activity. to pay the tax on thousands of gallons of the surplus which has been stored in various warehouses for a number of weeks have been at low-water mark, tariff bill by the house.

PEORIA, III., Aug. 18 .- Business continues lively in the domain of the Distillers and Cattle Feeders' company, the collections on Thursday amounting to \$197,000, which is an increase of more than \$15,000 over the day before. Ten additional gaugers arrived here in the morning and have been set at work regauging the products in the several bonded warehouses.

The trust has negotiated a loan of more than \$4,000,000, the details being arranged in New York by President "What do we have instead? Why, we have a Greenhut in accordance with a recent

At Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 16 .- The passage of the tariff bill has already made itself felt in this district by a marked revival of business. Stocks in all lines of manufactures had been reduced to

At Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16 .- A few instances Mr. Cockran (dem., N. Y.) made a of immediate improvement in local the Chicago convention. Mr. Cockran fied that the end of the lingering battle had been announced, and opinion prevailed that speedy recovery of busi ness would result.

Over Half a Million in Tax.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 18,-Whisky can block the wheels of legislation and make | men of this city paid in over \$500,000 the representatives of the people cower in the in taxes Thursday, breaking the recdust and surrender they know not to whom. "On one mementous occasion the gentleman ord. The receipts for whisky at the unknown to him. The employes of the Rock Island struck because of a local grievance and from West Virginia, borne upon affectionate collector's office were \$490,344 and at of the Fullman troubles. The Rock Island the surveyor's office for reimports \$20. people, the witness declared will be control

LIGHT IS SOUGHT.

Investigation Into the Causes of the Late Strike Begun.

The Labor Commissioners in Session at Chicago-Vice President Howard and General Master Workmen Sovereign Testify.

TOLD LABOR'S STORY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 17 .- President Cleveland's special commission to investigate the recent strikes and boycott against the Pullman and the railroad companies began its inquiry Wednesday in the district courtroom in the federal building The commisioners, consist-ing of Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, John D. Kernan, of New York, and Judge N. E. Worthington, of Illinois, occupied the judicial bench

G. W. Howard, vice president of the American Rallway union, was called as the first wit-

He told how the Pullman strike was precipitated by the alleged discharge of members of a committee that waited on the Pullman company officials. He said he had advised against the Pullman strike and he told of the efforts that were made by the American Railway union and the civic federation to induce the Pullman company officials to ar-bitrate the difficulties. He further reinted how the convention of the American Railway union, composed of delegates from all the United States, declared that no more Pullman cars would be handled by the American Rallway union after a certain date unless the Pullman company decided to arbitrate. The company refused to arbitrate and the railway men refused to handle the Pullman cars. Mr. Howard said that the cause of the gen-

eral strike was that the General Managers' association made a declaration that they would back up George M. Pullman.

Mr. Howard testified that he had given information to city detectives that certain per-sons had been paid large sums by General Manager Egan, of the Rock Island road, to burn cars, thereby arousing public sentiment against the strikers.

In the beginning of his afternoon testimony Mr. Howard told about the conference of la-bor leaders at the Briggs house and said Mr. Debs did not advise either Mr. Gompers, Mr. Sovereign or Mr. McBride or any other labor leaders to counsel men beneath them to strike.

Mr. Howard advocated the government ownership and operation of railroads to pre-vent such troubles in the future. As to arbitration, the labor leader had little faith in its efficacy unless it was voluntary.

General Master Workman Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor, followed. He said he knew little of the grievances of the Illinois Central employes and comparatively little about the Rock Island, except that the latter road was the subject of a discussion in a convention at Des Moines before the general strike in Chi-

Concerning the violence and destruction of property. Mr. Sovereign said he believed the burning of cars was the work of United States deputy marshals. He had read information filed with the mayor of Chicago by the police department which justilled that belief.

"I do not believe arbitration will avoid such strikes," he said in conclusion. "Voluntary arbitration is too slow and compulsory arbitration is not a remedy.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18 .- It is a question whether the commission will be able to get much information from the railway managers. The commission has the power to summon witnesses, but cannot compel them to answer questions. There is no doubt that Georgo M. Pullman. Vice President General Managers Egan, St. Wicks. John and other corporation officials will be called. Whether they will testify or not is quite another matter.

George W. Lovejoy, former yardmaster at La Salle. Ill., for the Rock Island, testified that he was discharged June 19 for reasons

SUGAR IN THE SENATE.

Debate Begun on This Bill-Senator Vest's Bitter Attack on the President. WASHINGTON, Aug. 17 .- For five

hours Wednesday afternoon the senate debated the question of proceeding immediately to the consideration of the house bill placing sugar, raw and refined, on the free list. Secretary Carlisle's letter stating that the free entry of ing the next fiscal year of \$43,000,000 revenue and cause a deficit of \$30,000.-000, which was read in the senate, was made the justification of Senator Harris' motion to refer the bill to the committee on finance.

Senator Vest spoke on the motion to refer the free sugar and other bills to the finance committee. He said it meant the death of the bills, as the committee was now politically a tie, with the prospect of the disappearance of a quorum within few days. He declared the poa sition of the senate on the tariff had been vindicated by the letter of Secretary Carlisle, which proved conclusively that if the house bill had | nual revenue of about \$50,000,000. been enacted it would have caused a deficiency of \$30,000,000. He argued that the power acquired by the sugar | Mrs. Shirk, a Wealthy Indiana Widow trust was the result of its fostering by the provisions of the McKinley law.

"And yet," said Senator Vest, with bitterness, "they call us the creatures of the sugar trust." The senator paused for a moment and then, with intense earnestness, added: "Liars, slanderers, infamous libelers."

the president for his severe criticism on the action of the senate, claiming that in so doing he acted in anything but good faith, having assured those who had given "almost their lives in the preparation of this bill" that he was satisfied with its provisions. In concluding Senator Vest said:

"Sir, when any man living accuses me of personal motives in what I have done in connec-tion with this bill-but my connection with it is now ended-I simply answer him as Marmio to Douglas:

'Lord Angus, thou hast lied.""

Senator Mills (Tex.) took the floor and spoke long and eloquently in defense of President Cleveland. He said: "I regret to see my friend attack the president of the United States and the leader of our party. I believe he is honest; I beheve he is trying to carry out the will of 6.000.000 democratic voters. The letter of Secretary Carlisle is no tion of the president's letter to Mr. Wilson. The president's letter to Mr. Wilson was written because we departed from the democratic principles of free raw materials. The president wanted to give employment to the idle people of the United States.

We do not accept this as the final settlelonger ground down by burdens which are made to enrich the few."

SANTO GUILLOTINED.

Carnot's Murderer Pays the Penalty for His Dastardly Crime.

LYONS, Aug. 17 .- Casario Santo, the assassin of President Carnot, was exe-

NEED TAX ON SUGAR.

Secretary Carlisle Fears Its Abolition Would Cause a Deficit.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17 - Secretary Carlisle has written a letter to Senator | tariff bill by the house on Monday, Harris, acting chairman of the finance committee, which was read in the chairman of the ways and means comsenate. The secretary reviewed the mittee, spoke briefly upon the passage condition of the treasury and the of the bill as follows: estimated revenues of the government for the next fiscal year. sugar would deprive the treasury dur- The figures showed that under the tariff bill just sent to the presi- ates on this side of the house and by their dident, the revenues would exceed the rection. I shall say very little myself on this expenditures for the fiscal year ending be sincere and frank in what I shall submit to June 30, 1895, \$15,000,000. The reven- this house. ues from the sugar duty Mr. Carlisle placed at \$43,000,000 and from coal, iron ore and barbed wire \$1,000,000. If the house supplementary bills were passed there will, Mr. Carlisle said, be

a deficiency next year of 829,000,000. The secretary concludes his letter as follows:

"In view of the existing and prospective requirements I am of the opinion that it would not be safe to place all the articles enumerated in your letter, or even sugar alone, upon the free list without imposing taxation upon other articles or subjects sufficient to raise an an-

DIED WORTH MILLIONS.

Passes Away at Peru.

PERU, Ind., Aug. 14.-Mrs. Mary J. Shirk, widow of E. J. Shirk, the million- their own representatives. And we have realairs banker of this state, died of a com-plication of diseases in this city Sunday night, aged 58 years. She was one of the wealthiest women in the western states, her property being estimated tion presents itself, is tails to be a government at from \$4,000,000 to \$6,000,000 by a self-taxing people or a government by in bank stock. Chicago realty and cratic side.] If we have taken out of this land. Three children survive her, fight no other lesson than that it has been to Milton, president of the First national bank of Peru; Elbert, vice president of If we have not been able to get all that the much tes of the provident able to get all that the the same bank; and Alice, wife of R. Line bank of the people told us to get, all that the high enthusiasm of the people expected us A. Edwards, cashier. By a singular to get, we have brought this dangerous fact coincidence Milton was in Europe for his health when his father died some bave made some breach in the protective sysyears ago, and is also there now.

RAILROAD ABANDONS STATIONS

Failure of Corn Crop in Kausas and Nebraska Causes No Business.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 17.-The damage to the corn crop in parts of Kan- ever be its demerits in mere schedule sas and Nebraska is so great that the do know, that it is better than the McKinley St. Joseph & Grand Island railroad bill. [Loud applause on the democratic side has issued orders for the abandonment ford some relief to the taxpayers of this counof over a dozen stations on its lines. The try and does clip the wings of the gigantic moofficers of the road say the stations are nopolies that are now oppressing them and not abandoued permanently, although there is little probability of their be-which this contest between the two houses ing reopened until another crop is as- has been wared; take iron ore and coal upon sured. The people along the line in which we have confronted, and to a certain exthe sections where the stations are tent unsuccessfully confronted, the great rallclosed depended almost entirely on the duced them both nearly 50 per cent. below the ment of the tariff. We intend to continue the corn crop and now are leaving in great Meetinley bill. [Applause] Take the sigar numbers, and there is absolutely no schedule, over which the greatest of all the business for the railroads.

BATTLING FOR SILVER.

Bimetallists Meet in Washington-A Vigorous Campaign Planned.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18 .- The necessi-

CORPSE IN THE EUGGY.

in a Quarrel.

cras Station-Nineteen Hurt.

The Great Relay Race Ended.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 14 .- The relay

Sunday. The time consumed in car-

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 16 -- Early in

THE END OF THE FIGHT.

Hr. Wilson's Closing Words in the Great Tariff Scruggle.

Upon the acceptance of the senate August 13, Mr. William L. Wilson,

Mr. Speaker, I have made the motion which I have sent to the clerk's desk, not on my own responsibility or from my own volition, but as the official organ of the caucus of my associoccasion in advocacy of the motion, and I shall

I do not pretend that I am gratified at the outcome of this prolonged controversy. I don't pretend that up to the very last moment I had not cherished the hope and the faith that we should reach another and a better and a more satisfactory conclusion of this conflict between the two houses of the American congress. I had hoped and believed until there seemed to be no ground scarcely for hope and belief that in such a contest this house, backed by the American people and enthusiastically sustained by the democratic party, would be able to achieve some honorable compromise between the two houses which we could have accepted not from a sense of duty, but with a sense of satisfaction and a feeling that we had responded to the mandates of the American people.

"But, Mr. Speaker, we have simply realized in this great fight the fact so well stated by the great leader of the tariff reform light in Great Britsin-that when the people have gained a victory at the polls they must have a further stand-up and knock-down fight with country under thirty years of class begistation until the mere matter of tariff schedules is a tem through which the hosts of American freemen will continue to march. [Applause on the democratic side.]

"My attention has accessarily been so conconstantly and so steadily directed to their demerits that it would require some experience to learn what the merits are. [Laughter and applause.] But whatever the measure of shortcoming of this bill in its present form--what--this I

contests between the two houses has been waged. Victors as it may be, burden to the people as it may be, favorable to the trust as it may, it is less victors, less favorable to the trust less burdensome to the people than is the McKinley luw, under which this trust has grown so great as to overshadow with

Hs power the American people. [Applause.] "if for no other reason, then, these who bety of immediate and thorough organi- Heve that when they cannot take the full step cuted at 4:55 this (Thursday) morning. zation to push bimetallisin to the which they desire, when they cannot do that The news of the decision to execute front was discussed at a special which the people commissioned them to do. Santo in the early morning spread rap-idly, notwithstanding the efforts of metallic league which convened here they can unheshating choice between the two Thursday. Thirty or forty mem-Mr. Hudson (pop.) of Kanans-I should like bers of the league from various Mr. Hudson (pop.) of Kansus - and an and the second state of the second st states were present. Gen. A. J. War-ner, president of the league, acted as that this bill as amended by the senate will chairman, and among those present furnish sufficient revenue to meet the entire were Senator Stewart, of Nevada, Con-Benese and B. U. of Colorada, Con-Mr. Wilson-That is a question, which no

Senator Vest then bitterly attacked

of a demonstration which figure evidesced the depth of feeling throughout the American people, long pent up, at last fondly considered triumphant over all obstructions. To-day no more pathetic figure in the history of the world can be observed than that same leader, shorn of his support. walking down these alsies, disdaining to prevaricate or misrepresent the actual condition which confronts us, confessing that he has been deserted by those in whose support he district were declared free. had every reason to confide, asking us to record our betrayal of every principal which the house under his leadership has maintained. "Mr. Speaker, I desire to state here that in

my humble judgment the measure which we are now asked to pass is a more obnoxious protective measure than the McKinley act, it is designed to supplant." [Cries of dissent on the democratic side and jeers.]

of propriety, in the name of decency, in the name of American liberty and American freedom, let the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. Wilson) tell us to whom we are surrendering, tell us who ace Car company, calling upon they are who constitute the new force in this it to show cause why it should not be government to which we are to pay tribute. tell us fully and without reserve the character of the action which he asks us to take, that we may judge the depth of the infamy into which we are invited to descend.' [Applause.] [Applause]

Speaker Crisp Takes the Floor.

much applause, Mr. Tracy (N. Y.) be- ing a hotel business and a real estate tion. ing in the chair. Mr. Crisp said he business at Pullman without warrant wished to publicly assume his full of law. share of responsibility for the action The Puliman company is charged belief that it was in the best interest ing interest in the Allen Paper of tariff reform. Mr. Crisp, continu- Car Wheel company, and with ing, said:

the form of acts passed in this hall bills mak- in furnishing dwellings, light, ing sugar free, making coal free. making iron ore free and making burbed wire free. I want to say, so far as I am concerned. better hill so long as there was any hope real estate and buildings in Pullman of obtaining it. But when the conferrees on the part of the house. In whom we have the utmost confidence, who are familiar with all plant, and for other purposes than the the facts, tell us that in their judgment we transaction of its lawful chartered must take this bill or be remitted to the pen- business, it is violating its corporate sities of the McKinley law, I do not hesitate a rights. The holding of a majority of moment. I take the senate amendments.

Separate Bills Passod.

barbed wire and sugar on the free list parallel charge to that in reference to were introduced by Mr. Wilson and the Allen Paper Car Wheel company. passed. Some discussion took place The court is informed that the comover the sugar bill, an amendment be- pany has not regarded the limitations ing offered reducing the bounties on as to its holding of real estate, but has sugar one-eighth yearly from July 1, usurped the right to buy and own 1895, to July 1, 1901, but the bill was large tracts in and about Chicago, and passed in its original form.

May Not Sign It.

house of representatives Monday erty is being rented for large night adjourned over until to-day, sums, the petition recited, and white house before. It will be en- rentals are violations of the conditions both houses are in session, and will re- the prosecution of its business. ceive the signatures of Speaker Crisp | Chicago, Aug. 16.-In a statement in and Vice President Stevenson. The bill regard to the suit brought by Attorney then will be taken to the president, General Moloney George M. Pullman who will then have ten days (exclu- says the laws were complied with when sive of Sundays), or until Monday, the Pullman was built. 27th, in which to act on the bill.

Before the Senate.

At 12:15 in the senate a messenger from the house of representatives was announced and informed the senate that the house had passed the bills placing coal, iron ore, barbed wire and sugar on the free list, in which it asked the concurrence of the senate. Senator Manderson objected Chulalongkorn L, king of Siam, is to the second reading, and Senator dead and will be succeeded on the HL. gave notice of amendments re- throne by his eldest son.

argest pumpkin; one area

000.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 18 .- The whisky withdrawals Thursday were the heaviest in the history of this district. There was paid into Collector Dowling on this account \$375,000. The withdrawals have been so heavy that all the government warehouses in this

ITS CHARTER IN PERIL.

Quo Warranto Proceedings Begun Against Pullman Company.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14 .- Saturday afternoon Attorney General Maloney appeared in the office of the circuit clerk "If we are to swallow this whole obnorlous of Cook county and filed a petition bill then in the name of fair play, in the name covering sixty pages of typewrit- union voted to sustain them. ten legal cap for a bill in equity against the Pullman Palprohibited from further doing business the Rock Island road at Rock Island, III., but under the laws of the state. The petition sets forth that it has violated the franchises conferred upon it by the state in numerous particulars and lays to Speaker Crisp was recognized amid stress upon the fact that it is conduct- strikes, he thought, lay in compulsory arbitra-

share of responsibility for the action The Puliman company is charged sented to the commission the wave scale about to be taken, and expressed the with illegally owning a controll- that obtained at Pullman in 1893 and wrongfully exercising the pow-"We will send to the senate crystalized into ers of a municipal corporation water, heat and provisions to the residents of Pullman. The petition also I want to say, so far as I am concerned. dents of Pullman. The petition also men. While wages were reduced to this I was willing to continue the contest for a charges that in the possession of the remarkable extent Mr. Heathcote said and Chicago outside its manufacturing

stock in the Union Foundry and Pull-Separate bills placing coal, iron, man Car Wheel company, is made a

has crected churches, schoolhouses, theaters, hotels and dwelling houses WASHINGTON, Aug. 16. - As the and a business block. This propthe tariff bill cannot be sent to the it is averred that such holdings and rolled and carefully compared when of the charter, not being necessary for

Wellman's Party Safe.

TROMSOE, Norway, Aug. 17. - Mr. Walter Wellman and party have arrived here from the arctic regions, where their steamer, the Ragnvald Jarl, was recently crushed in the ice, compelling them to abandon their attempt to reach the north pole.

o'clock a. m. anu rouse

a member of the American Railway union. His plan for preventing strikes was government ownership of railroads. He thought com-

pulsory arbitration unsatisfactory. Sylvester Keliher, secretary of the American Rallway union, was the next witness. He thought that the cause of the boycott was grievance of the Pullman employes. the The Pullman employes were organized as a lodge of the American Raliway union. To a committee of the American Railway union which waited on them Manager Wickes and Mr. Pullman said the grievances would be investigated. and these gentlemen promised that the members of the grievance committee of forty-three should not be discriminated against. Notwithstanding this, the members of the commitwere discharged the next day. Then the Pullman employes went out and the convention of the American Rallway Mr. Keilher said he thought the best prevent-

ive of strikes on railroads would be government control of all railroads; the next best thing, compulsory arbitration.

B. B. Ray, who was assistant vardmaster for was discharged previous to the strike because he joined the American Railway union, was the third witness. He gave the usual account of what led the strike. The remedy tor

At the afternoon session T. W. Heathcote who was chairman of the Pullman strike committee, was the first witness. He precompared it with that in force at the time the strike was inaugurated. In June, 1893, he said he knew first-class mechanics who made between \$13 and \$15 in two weeks. A year later he said it was necessary for the men to do four times as much work to get the same pay, there having been a reduction of about 60 per cent. in the pay of the there was not 'the slightest reduction in the rents collected by the Pullman company out of the wages of its employes. Mr. Heathcote also presented an official copy of the "black list' prepared by the Pullman company and forwarded to other corporations with the request that the men whose names it contained be rot employed.

Jennie Cortis was a seamstress for five years in the repair shops of the Pullman company, president of the girl's local union 200, American Railway union, at Pullman, and also a member of the committees that called on Mr. Wickes and Mr. Pullman on behalf of the girls employed at the carshops town. In her department, she said, employes made in June, 1993, 82.25 a day, and at the time of the strike from 49 to 80 cents a day. "My father worked for the compuny for thirteen years. she said, "and last fall he died. He was a tenant of the Pullman company. He owed \$60 rent, and out of my small wages I had to pay that \$50 or leave the employ of the company. R. W. Combs has been a car carpenter in the freight department of the Pullman works for ten years. He testified: "A year ago my wages averaged \$2.20 a day and in March, 1894, they were 68 cents. The cut commenced in November, 1893.

WAR STATISTICS.

NEW YORK furnished 448,850 men for the union army in the civil war. PENNSYLVANIA was next in rank with

337,926 of her brave sons in line. Omo during the four years of the war sent to the front 313,180 boys in blue. ILLINOIS with conscious pride that she had given her beloved country, the great Lincoln sent sorward 259,092

troops. INDIANA placed upon the altar of her country 196,363 loyal sons, and Massachusetts with equal patriotism, gave 146,730 men.

the officials to keep it secret.

Santo trembled violently when awakened and told to prepare for execution. He declined both food and drink and refused to see either the priest or his coun-As he with difficulty walked from the wagon to the gangway of the guillotine he uttered the S. Thomas, of Colorado. cries, in a voice scarcely audible: "Courage, mes comrades!" "Vive l'Anarchie!"

sel.

The words were scarcely uttered when Santo was seized and pushed toward the bascule. He was securely fixed in position, offering feeble resistance, and Diebler, the executioner, pressed the handle. The knife shot downward, the head of Santo rolled into the basket of sawdust ready to receive it, and Carnot's murder was avenged.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND SICK. Suffering from an Attack of Malaria-His

Condition Not Serious.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18 - President was 15 years of age. Cleveland left Washington via the Pennsylvania railroad at 7:20 o'clock a. m. for Gray Gables. In explanation of his sudden departure, Private It Dashes Over Buffer Stops at St. Pan-Secretary Thurber said that for several days the president had been trying to shake off the fever with which he was threatened, but had finally been obliged to go off for absolute rest, Dr. O'Reilly, his physician who ac- arrived in the station at 6:30 ad \$100 concess worth of sugar. if so, lansmach companies him, thinking a few days of salt air and rest would bring him around all right. of the train. The forward portion of The president took with him the

tariff bill, and also the river and har. the train, including a Pullman car. bor appropriation bill and thus can act were injured. on each bill while away in case he sees fit to do so. The ten days within which the president has to act on the river and harbor bill expires Sat urday night, but he has until Monday, the 27th inst., in which to act on the tariff bill. The president, it is believed, will return on the 24th or 25th inst., and probably on the 24th.

POURING INTO COREA.

Japan Has Fifty Thousand Troops in the

Disputed Territory. LONDON, Aug. 18 .- A dispatch to the Times from Shanghai says that Japan is pouring fresh troops into Corea and that upward of 50,000 Japanese soldiers are now in Corean territory. The Chinese fleet, according to the same dispatch, is remaining passive.

In Japan the war fever is intense the proposed Chinese loan a syndicate and universal, the press and popular orators preaching to the excited peohas been formed which includes most ple of vastly ambitious schemes, ineluding the conquest of China, or at this city. The members of the syndileast the conquest of the Chinese prov- cate held a meeting Thursday morning ince of Manchuria.

The Japanese populace and press are under complete official control. Perfect order prevails among the town population. The Japanese government enforces complete secrecy in respect to all military movements and a rigid censorship is observed.

Fatal Cyclone in Spain.

LONDON, Aug. 15.-A cyclone in the provinces of Madrid and Ciudad Real, day, Carson Peterson, a young man Jones. Spain, killed or injured 100 persons. died Saturday night.

to be \$50,000,000.

A Fatal Combination.

the message.

gressmen Pence and Bell, of Colorado, man, perhaps, certainly not I, can answer ta Judge Shelton, of Connecticut and C. definite language. But I have no difficulty whntever in saying that when the schedules of the bill with the senate amendments get into normal operation it will produce sufficient and more than sufficient revenue for the support of A New Hampshire Girl Killed by a Youth the government.

"I should add to the answer that perhaps in the begrinning the bill will not produce as much revenue as will result from it later on the morning a team belonging to Fitz under its ordinary working, because, I am in-Courser, a livery-stable keeper at Henniker, about 15 miles from this city, came into the stable yard with the body of a young girl named Nettie Douglass sitting in the buggy, stone Mr. hudson-Will the passage of this bill,

dead. She had been shot. Arthur in your judgment, save the country from the McLean, aged 17, went riding with Mr. Wilson-1 think I have already covered

the girl last evening and during a that question in my previous answer. It may quarrel shot her and left the body in be in the next few months of the operation of the carriage. He is now under the bill, because of this great accumulation of arrest, but refuses to talk. The girl raw sugar to which I have just referred, that the revenue of the government will not be sufficient to most the expenditures of the government: but it is my belief. in view of th lur.co TRAIN WRECKED IN LONDON. amount of imported goods in bond and also in view of the fact that there will be larger importations when the tariff rates are densitely known and fixed, that if the necessity does not LONDON, Aug. 14 .- An accident that exist to-day it will not exist after the passage

caused much excitement occurred Sun- of this time Mr. Dingley (Me.)-Will the gentleman parday morning at the St. Pancras station in this city. The Scotch express train to say that beint? I understand him to say that the sugar trust headrendy importn. In Instead of slowing up at last year, will not all the revenue that we the train dashed ahead and over-shot the buffet stops at the end for the first year be released this bill

Mr. Wilson-I did not intend to give the figures that \$100,000,000 of raw sugar had been imported. I stated that I had been informed was wrecked and nineteen passengers the sugar trust had imported that amount, and I have even neard it stated that it was in ex-cess of that amount. It has been put at 445 -

600 tons by gentiemen who pretend to know Mr. Heard (dom.) of Missouri-is it not true DEXVER, Col., Aug. 14.-The relay rider reached the city at 10:37 n. m trust in view of the passage of this law, would not the trust reap a still larger bonus under rying the message from Washington the operation of the McKinley inwift that were still left in forces

over scheduled time, breaking al records. A. D. Black took the bag from the last relay rider at the court-house steps and delivered to Gov. list. The question is now raised as to whether China to Borrow \$50,000,000. BERLIN, Aug. 18.—In connection with

senate bill could pass and the house has shown

The amount has been doubled in the ate bill does not meet fully the domands of the last few days and is now understood party, it is a substantial mersure of reform."-

"The house could have secured many conceasions if they had not demanded things which could not under any circumstances have been CLINTON, Ia., Aug. 14 .- As a result of granted. Our conterrees have been blamed esting a quart of ice cream and a for not deserting the agreement mude among watermelon at one sitting, on a hot ceded, but there is no justice in this. -J. K.

and discussed the terms of the loan, which will be taken cojointly by a Murphy. "I was fer a tariff bill, and although the sen-

of the leading banks and bankers o Views of Representatives on the Passage of the Senate Bill. "I have always maintained that only the

Waite a message from President Cleve- sent and pass a bill putting sugar on the free

land, and to Gen. McCook one from this is a government of the American people Greeley. Both recipients immediately for the American people or a government of

telegraphed acknowledging receipt of the sugar trust for the benefit of the sugar trust. And this house will show the people. I

OPINIONS OF SENATORS.

to this city, a distance of 2,025 miles, was 6 days, 10 hours and 37 minutes, ately, but under the operation of that haw a gain of 37 hours and 23 minutes from year to year they would certainly reap a



TERMS-URAR OF OU MAJE