

C. W. SHERMAN, Editor.

TERMS FOR DAILY.
One copy one year, in advance, by mail, \$5 00
One copy six months, in advance, by mail, 2 50
One copy one month, in advance, by mail, 50
One copy, by carrier, per week, 10
Published every afternoon except Sunday.

WEEKLY JOURNAL.
Single copy, one year, in advance, by mail, \$1 00
Single copy, six months, in advance, by mail, 50
Published every Thursday. Payable in advance.

Entered at the postoffice at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, as second-class matter.

Official County Paper.

THE circulation of the Chicago Times is climbing at the rate of several thousand a day, and well it deserves. The Times is the most fearless democratic newspaper in America.

MR. DEBS' letters were promptly returned to him on instructions from Attorney General Olney. The wooden-headed deputy marshal who first confiscated them deserves severe punishment.

THE oat and wheat crops in the west have improved so much in the last few weeks under the favorable conditions of weather that have prevailed as to astonish even the most sanguine.

THE Chapman forces had best be on their guard, as Strode is making a strong bid for the Cass county delegation. He wants to be second choice, anyway, and if he gets the latter it will be equivalent to a nomination. A unit rule, like Strode worked up in Lancaster, will fix Chapman all o. k. here at home. Meanwhile the Strode people will bear plenty of watching.

IN 1886 President Cleveland sent a special message to congress recommending the appointment of a commission of labor consisting of three persons, whose duties should be the consideration and settlement, when feasible, of all controversies between labor and capital. Such a commission could have accomplished good work during the past three weeks.

AN Iowa farmer who is up to snuff on growing crops of corn and clover gives it as his established conviction that land will produce more corn in five years if it is given over to clover two seasons out of the five, than if run to corn all five seasons. This is, no doubt, pretty close to the truth in the case, and it ought to set back-number farmers to scratching their heads in the interest of clover culture.

THE national house has concurred in the senate amendments to the house bill conferring the dignity of statehood upon Utah. The measure now only awaits the president's signature to become a law, and it is not likely to be refused or delayed. After many years of probation the saints of Utah are now in sight of the promised land. We trust they will curb their matrimonial exuberance and conform to the laws and customs of the republic when the boon of full citizenship is conferred upon them.

THE question of the water supply of a great agricultural state like Nebraska, says the Nebraska Farmer, is one of the chief features of interest in the course of the development of all its latent resources. In the light of the possibilities of irrigation Nebraska's water supply has been, and is yet being canvassed by and through every known means for arriving at the true status of things. Just what the verdict will be in the end it is quite out of the way to anticipate. But it is coming to be somewhat generally believed that the available water supply of the state for irrigation and other purposes is far beyond what it formerly was supposed to be in extent.

A WESTERN Nebraska farmer writes to the Louisville, Ky., Courier-Journal that a great many people in that section of the country would immigrate to the south if proper inducements were offered. Information regarding the southern states, as an agricultural region, is evidently hard to get in the west, and the writer states that if any one of some of the southern immigration companies would take the matter in hand and let the people know what the south offers, great results would follow. "The people here," says the writer, "are all badly in debt and discouraged with the country, but they don't know where to go to better their condition. There are poor inducements in this country, too much dry weather, hot winds and chinch bugs." If it's warm weather the man objects to, let him go south and catch it worse, but if he wants to live in a state that soon will lead the entire country in agriculture, he should stay right here.

CAPITAL CORRESPONDENCE.

About the Late Strike.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13, 1894.—An extra edition of one of the city papers (the Star), issued at noon today, announced that the great railway strike had been declared off by President Debs and his associates, and Washington breathes easier than it has for a week. When I say "Washington" I mean the government officials, from the president down, and including all the members of both houses of congress. For while it lasted it was unquestionably a time of troubles for all honest and patriotic people, whose first desire is for the promotion of the good of their fellow men and the permanent prosperity of popular government. If we are to take the declaration of independence as expressing the real fundamental principles and the true object of government, we are led to reverence the interests of corporate capital less and those of the individual man more. When we see the arrogance and supreme indifference of corporation kings to the welfare of those who make their possessions valuable, we are almost ready to believe that the very existence of a corporation is incompatible with any form of free government. Its sole object is to make money—or, in other words, to accumulate property—while the fathers laid down the theory that the great object of government was the maintenance of the fundamental rights of man, which they declare to be that "all men are created equal;" that they "are endowed by THEIR CREATOR with certain unalienable rights," and among which are the right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." And it is declared that it is "to secure these rights that governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." It is, therefore, the "life" and "liberty" of the individual citizen which are of the first consideration in the formation of government, and I infer that whenever the accumulation of property "becomes" such a mania that it is "destructive of these ends," it is a wrong which ought not to be encouraged, continued or tolerated, and, indeed, it can not be, with safety to the liberty of any people. Indeed, this basic principle of free government is founded upon a higher than human authority. We find it in the New Testament (Matt. 7:12): "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them; for this is the law and the prophets." This does not mean that a few men shall be placed by majesty and power of the law into a position where they can have the power to acquire the right or ownership of most of the earnings of the labor of the land, any more than it means mob rule, riot, arson or anarchy. It means, in common phraseology, the greatest good to the greatest number. In this connection it is well enough to remember that almost all of the labor troubles of this country have occurred with corporations; not one strike in a thousand ever took place where an individual owned the concern. The last public utterance of Horatio Seymour, the great New York democrat, contained a most solemn warning to his countrymen to beware of the over-weening power of corporate greed, which he believed to be the greatest enemy to the perpetuity of free institutions in this country. The arrogant assumption of George M. Pullman in saying "I have nothing to arbitrate" gives a slight inkling of the truth of Mr. Seymour's warning words. To the mind of sordid avarice, government was formed for his exclusive use, and, like Vanderbilt, he can say—or thinks he can—"the people be d—d," with perfect indifference to the "consent" of the masses. It is time to inquire is this, as Lincoln said, "a government of the people, by the people, for the people," or is that patriotic declaration a mere sham and delusion—a living lie? One is almost compelled to believe the last proposition, when he sees a director and stockholder in one of the chief corporations recently combined against labor at Chicago and the chief legal advisor of the president, and that it was upon his advice that the United States troops were called into action. If the chief object of government is not to conserve the interests of corporate wealth, what is Mr. Olney in the cabinet for? Law is the great conservator of peace, and it ought to be of justice; but lately one is inclined to doubt it. But such as it is, we are in duty bound to stand by it as far preferable to the rule of the mob. While Mr. Cleveland is the representative of authority all loyal people must stand by him whenever the public peace is threatened, be it from whatever source, but it is to be seriously re-

gretted that he has no better discretion in the choice of his advisors. I am quite sure if he were an active attorney, and had a case in court for a client against a corporation, he would not deliberately choose as a juror a director in that corporation—that is, if he expected to get a verdict for his client. Under any rule of law or justice Mr. Olney should never have accepted the place he holds, because his acts were sure to be criticised and his motives impugned, to say the least.

But happily the strike is virtually over now, and all is peace once more. C. W. S.

WHERE FUSION HELPED.

Chicago Times

The passage of the Wilson bill in the senate would appear to have been in considerable measure dependent upon the votes of Messrs. Allen and Kyle, populists. Had these gentlemen, who were freely charged during the bill's discussion with coquetting with the sugar ring, but voted "no," it now seems that the bill must have been defeated. This would have come about in all probability through the defection of Senators Blanchard and Caffery, democrats, of Louisiana, where natural sugar affiliations would have moved them to oppose the bill as amended had they seen any possibility of securing its defeat. As Kyle and Allen, populists, stood staunchly and firmly by the democratic majority, however, Caffery and Blanchard, democrats, could do no less. Had Kyle and Allen voted "no"—and they were under no party obligations to do otherwise—and been joined by Blanchard and Caffery, the bill would have been defeated by a vote of 37 to 36.

All of which goes to show that these two populist senators, who were elected by the co-operation of the sensible democrats in their states in spite of the bitter opposition of the republicans and certain "straight party democrats," rendered the state and the democratic party service when the opportunity afforded, and to prove true the Times' oft-repeated argument that for all practical purposes a populist is as useful to the western democracy as a dyed-in-the-wool democrat.

The democrats and populists in South Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming and Montana have yet a chance to make common cause for the forthcoming elections in line with the plan outlined by the Times for the elections in Oregon and Kansas. The plan is simple: Whenever a populist can beat a republican by democratic aid let that aid be given him, with the understanding that wherever a democrat can carry a county or a district with the help of the populists they shall use every endeavor to secure his election. The wisdom of this offensive and defensive alliance between the democrats and populists in states, districts or counties having republican majorities is made manifest in the loyal and valuable service rendered by Senators Allen and Kyle in this Wilson bill crisis. Neither of them could have been elected but for the votes of democrats, who were shrewd enough to see the wisdom of voting for a populist to defeat a republican, and without their aid the bill would almost certainly have been defeated.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN ALLEN, of Mississippi, called on the president the other day, and not in vain. The Washington Post has the following gossip about the interview, and events which led to it: "Mr. Allen has captured comparatively few of the good things dispensed at the pie counter. As one of the leaders against the repeal of the Sherman act he unintentionally subjected himself to the displeasure of the administration. While he has liberally endorsed his constituents for every office from gauger to ambassador, the commissions that have been issued from the white house at Mr. Allen's request have been gruesomely few—so few, indeed, that Mr. Allen can sum them up in one figure representing a large goose-egg.

"Like other men of wealth and influence, Mr. Allen has his poor relations. But, unlike most men of wealth and influence, he does not turn them down. One of them wanted to get an appointment and appealed to Mr. Allen to secure it for him. Inasmuch as he has been uniformly successful in having his indorsements ignored, he concluded it would do no harm to say a good word for his worthy and eminently respectable relative. Going to the white house one day last week he shook hands with Mr. Cleveland.

"Mr. President," he said, "you have never appointed anybody I've asked you to appoint, and I have asked you to appoint a relative of mine; now let's both break the record."

"All right, John," said the president, laughing, "I'll make the appointment."

Don't buy a bicycle until you see us. The "fifty-dollar ladies'" is certainly a sensation. We are sole agents for them. LEINHOFF BROS.

LET THEM CALL IT.

The Chicago Herald yesterday contained a telegram from Omaha reciting the fact that the democratic state central committee had decided to hold a late convention in this state in order to defeat Mr. Bryan's nomination for governor. This action of the committee is directly in line with that policy which has well nigh obliterated the democracy in this state. It is of the species of sagacity that has distinguished the Morton element of the party. A sagacity characterized by defeat and disaster, a sagacity distinguished by its magnificent lack of results, and it is a policy calculated to drive democrats from the party, instead of making recruits. It is from the east that this "masterly" policy has come, from the place where the democracy of Nebraska is scoffed and sneered at, and Euclid Martin, in his continued refusal to call the committee together, is but carrying out the dictates of his masters. If there be any manhood left in the state committee, let its members sign a call and meet without Mr. Martin. If the members are of the cuckoo brand they will not do this, if not, the call will come.

GEORGE M. PULLMAN'S explanation is admirable and well calculated to carry conviction with it but for one thing—it is founded upon a fundamental untruth. If George will state squarely how much he profited in repairing Pullman cars at the cut rates of wages, as well as how much he lost taking contracts to build freight cars for less than cost, the public will see that his "attempts to keep his men at work, even though he lost money," were quite remunerative in the end.

Mrs. J. Benson,
LADIES' FURNISHER.
OMAHA.

READ THESE PRICES—
Ladies' Skirts from 75c. to \$14.00.
Ladies' Waists from 50c to \$8.50.
Narrow Val. Laces from 15c per doz. up.
Butter Cream and Black Laces in Borden and other styles from 10c a yard to the finest quality. Our stock is very large and no old goods on our shelves.
We make a specialty of Ribbons and Handkerchiefs.
Good quality Gloria Silk Sun Umbrellas from \$1.00 to \$5.00.
Specially low prices on Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.
We have many lines of Ladies' Fancy Goods, not kept in other stores.
We are giving special prices in Gloves.
In short, we make special prices in every department.
Come in or order by MAIL. We will give your order prompt and careful attention.
MRS. J. BENSON.
1519 Douglas St., near 16th.
OMAHA, NEB.

1894. SHIPPED
C. O. D.
HIGH GRADE BICYCLES

Anywhere, - - - \$ 25 Bicycle \$12 50
To Any one - - - 50 Bicycle 25 00
All Styles and Prices, 75 Bicycle 37 50
Save Dealers' Profits 125 Bicycle 62 50
Send for illustrated catalogue.

H. HARDY & CO.,
OMAHA, NEB.

F. S. WHITE,
Main Street, Plattsmouth.
GROCERIES,
ALWAYS FRESH.

Teas and Coffees Unexcelled.
Cutlery Bros.' Celebrated
CANNED GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR

Pillsbury's MINNESOTA FLOUR,
The Best in the World.

The "XXXX" and "Best" Brands.

FAT PEOPLE!

PARK ORESITY PILLS will reduce your weight PERMANENTLY from 12 to 15 pounds a month. NO STARVING, sickness or injury. NO PURSUIT. They build up the health and beautify the complexion, leaving NO WRINKLES or fatiness. STOUT ABDOMENS and difficult breathing surely relieved. NO EXPERIMENT, but scientific and positive relief, adopted only after years of experience. All orders supplied direct from our office. Price \$2.00 per package or three packages for \$5.00 by mail postpaid. Testimonials and particulars (sealed) 2 cents.

PARK REMEDY CO., Boston Mass

LE BRUN'S
G & G
CURE

THE EVER-RELIABLE
IMPLEMENT HOUSE

FRED GORDER & SON
OF PLATTSMOUTH.

Is distinctively the place where the Farmer's Dollar Goes the Farthest. We lead, as ever, in Buggies and Carriages. This year's line is larger than ever and the prices cannot fail but suit.

As to Implements,
Our two large store-rooms are brim-full of the BEST and MOST PERFECTED to be found in the Implement market.

SPEAKING OF Harness, WE MANUFACTURE The Very Best For the Money, and are the only firm using "Old Fashioned Oak Tanned Leather" in Cass County. Consult your own interests and Deal with an Establishment which conducts Business on the Plan of Giving Real Worth in Return for the Buyer's Money.

FRED GORDER & SON,
307-309 Main Street, Plattsmouth, Neb.

Spring,
House-Cleaning and
New Furniture
GO HAND IN HAND.

Nature supplies the first, the Busy Housewife must attend the second, but for the last, Pearlman Is the Careful Buyer's Refuge. PEARLMAN has the Stock, his Prices are Right and Sure to Suit. If you want anything in the way of NEW FURNITURE, for either Parlor, Bed Room, Dining Room or Kitchen, PEARLMAN has it at the Lowest Price. PEARLMAN, The House Furnisher. OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, PLATTSMOUTH.

Excursions Courtland Beach
Omaha's Great Inland Summer Resort.

UNRUSHED Bathing, Good Boating, Splendid Music, Steamboats and special attractions of all kinds. Keep track of the cheap excursions. Nothing objectionable allowed on the grounds. Special rates to Sunday School and family picnics. Perfect order preserved. Courtland Beach -- Omaha -- Now Open. Look out for the Excursions. Cars land you right in the grounds.

Jas. Boss
Filled
Watch Cases

are all gold as far as you can see. They look like solid cases, wear like solid cases, and are solid cases for all practical purposes—yet only cost about half as much as an out-and-out solid gold case. Warranted to wear for 20 years; many in constant use for thirty years. Better than ever since they are now fitted, at no extra cost, with the great bow (ring) which cannot be pulled or twisted off the case—the

Non-pull-out

Can only be had on the cases stamped with this trade mark. All others have the old-style pull-out bow, which is only held to the case by friction, and can be twisted off with the fingers. Sold only through watch dealers. Send for a watch case opener to the manufacturers.

Keystone Watch Case Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.

LAWYERS WIFE
OSE
GERMAN BAKING
POWDER

\$500 Reward!

CHAS. GRIMES,
Attorney at Law,

PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.
OFFICE: Second floor of the Todd block, east of the court house.

VITALIS
Made a Well
Man of Me.

1st Day. 10th Day. 20th Day. 30th Day. THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY. Produces the Above Results in 30 Days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excess and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address CALUMET REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

For sale at Plattsmouth, Neb., by O. H. Snyder and Gering & Co., druggists.

Watches
Diamonds
Jewelry
Silverware, &c
Fine Watch Repairing

JOS. P. FRENZ
Opposite Post Office
OMAHA

BE MANLY

Parts strengthen the hair, and prevent it from falling out. It is the only hair restorer that will grow the hair. It is the only hair restorer that will grow the hair. It is the only hair restorer that will grow the hair.

LADIES

Use this hair restorer. It is the only hair restorer that will grow the hair. It is the only hair restorer that will grow the hair. It is the only hair restorer that will grow the hair.