

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The senate passed a bill on the 9th dividing the salaries of railway postal clerks into seven grades varying from \$800 to \$1,800 per year.

On the 11th the senate entered on the eleventh week of the tariff debate and nineteen pages of the measure were disposed of.

On the 13th the wool section of the tariff bill was discussed in the senate. Senator Sherman (O.) making a vigorous speech against free wool.

DOMESTIC.

FOREST FIRES in Michigan swept a district 1 mile wide and 3 miles long and wiped out the town of Sagoda.

In a battle with striking miners and officials at Lemont, Pa., three of the strikers were killed and another fatally injured.

NINETEEN commonwealers from the state of Washington were sentenced to ninety days in jail at Helena, Mont., for stealing a railway train.

FOUR jockeys were hurt and two horses killed in the handicap steeple chase, the first of the season at Hawthorne, near Chicago.

In Chattanooga, Tenn., the grain warehouse of J. T. Thomas, Son & Co., covering nearly an acre of ground, was burned.

NEAR Talequah, I. T., an Indian desperado killed a man, woman and boy and was later shot by the son of his victims.

THREE young persons were drowned by the overturning of a boat in the lake at Vermilion, O.

HENRY HAY and Charles Heusman, members of the senior class at Beloit college, were drowned while bathing in Green lake near Elkhorn, Wis.

SEVEN persons were overcome by heat at Warsaw, Ind., and three of them would probably die.

MRS. AUGUST NOLD, of St. Louis, whose husband essayed to beat her, killed him with a baseball bat.

FOUR members of a boating party were drowned by the capsizing of their boat on a lake near Brewster, N. Y.

COXEY, BROWN and Jones were released from jail in Washington and departed for the commonweal camp at Bladensburg.

MRS. JANE SHATTUCK, of San Francisco, goes to prison for life for killing her daughter's lover.

STRIKERS at Salineville, O., blew up a railroad bridge. They were charged by troops, who dispersed them with bayonets.

FLAMES in the lumber-yard district of Dubuque, Ia., destroyed property worth \$300,000.

SIXTEEN horses were burned to death in a fire in the rear of Hostetter & Co.'s coal yard in Chicago.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 11th was: Wheat, 58,211,000 bushels; corn, 7,514,000 bushels; oats, 2,764,000 bushels; rye, 205,000 bushels; barley, 87,000 bushels.

AFTER twenty-one years' close confinement Arthur Winner and A. J. McNutt were released from the penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

STRIKERS destroyed three more railroad bridges in the Alabama mining district.

OFFICERS were elected by the supreme council of the Royal ARMYAN in session at Detroit, C. W. Hazard, of Monongahela, Pa., being chosen regent.

The supreme lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen began its annual session in San Francisco.

A ST. BERNARD dog suffering from hydrophobia bit five men and two women in Dallas, Tex., three of them being fatally injured.

FIVE young women got into a fight at Breeden, W. Va., with knives and pistols and Mrs. Lizzie Maynard was killed and Jennie Morris mortally wounded.

The national section of the Cadets of Temperance held their annual convention at Hoboken, N. J., delegates from all parts of the United States being present.

CHIEF JUSTICE BEASLEY decided that the legislature of New Jersey could not confer upon women the right to vote for any public officers.

D. L. HARKNESS, dairy and food commissioner of Wisconsin, died at his home in Berlin of blood-poisoning.

The big mining strike has been settled, an agreement as to wages, to last for a year, being unanimously adopted by the conference at Columbus, O.

BILL DALTON's brother, Littleton, has identified the remains of the bandit at Ardmore, I. T., as those of the notorious and much killed Bill.

A TOMB lined with cement was uncovered in a mound at Egan, S. D., and in the compartments were twenty-two male skeletons averaging eight feet in height. A rude altar and many bronze utensils were also exposed.

JAMES PERRY, a Virginia negro who introduced smallpox into Knoxville, Tenn., was killed by unknown persons.

CONGRESSMAN BRECKINRIDGE is no longer on the honorary roll of the Union League club of Chicago.

THE Isaac D. Smead foundry company at Toledo, O., failed for \$250,000.

ISAAC HANKS, of Rutland, Vt., was fined \$1,000 for causing the death of his wife by starvation.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MOLONEY rules that women in Illinois may not vote for trustees of the state university.

ELEVEN persons were injured in a collision between two trains near Stillwater, R. I., and the property damage was heavy.

FIGURES submitted to congress by the director of the mint show an increase in the output of gold and silver, and also show that the United States still hold the first place in the list of the gold-producing countries of the world.

LACK of rain was injuring the crop prospects in nearly all of the western states.

MRS. HENRY L. SWEET and her 3-year-old son were drowned at Duluth, Minn.

MINERS in Ohio were greatly dissatisfied with the strike settlement and refused to accept it. In Illinois and Indiana the miners were preparing to return to work.

AN hour after having read to her mother an account of a suicide by hanging, Laura Corbett, of Baltimore, killed herself by hanging.

AN alliance between the Knights of Labor and the American Railway union was formed in Chicago for offensive and defensive warfare.

At the closing session of the National Millers' association in Chicago a resolution indorsing reciprocity was adopted.

ALMOST the entire village of Grants, Ore., was swept away by a flood.

LARS CHRISTENSEN, of Alma, Neb., fatally shot his wife and blew his own brains out when the woman threatened to leave him because of his abuse.

The union stock yards, located at Bennings, D. C., a short distance from Washington, were burned. Damage, \$125,000.

TWO BROTHERS named Raymond from Albany, N. Y., were murdered by cattle thieves near Arbecka, O. T.

A NEGRO that assaulted Miss Herring, a white woman, near Blackburn, Ga., was captured by a mob and skinned alive.

The miners in Indiana and northern Illinois have rejected the compromise scale effected at Columbus, O.

THE boiler of a sawmill near Linneus, Mo., exploded and two men were instantly killed and two others were fatally injured.

A HAIL and wind storm devastated Sibley and Nicollet counties in Minnesota.

STRIKERS at Staunton, Ill., stopped freight trains and broke the seals of all the cars to see if coal was being carried.

MINERS in the southern part of Lawrence county, Pa., were reduced to the verge of starvation by the strike.

At Crawfordsville, Ind., a little girl swallowed a screw and died. Hastening to her assistance, a man fell from a pump tower and was fatally injured.

E. V. MINER, of Indianapolis, broke the world's 10-mile bicycle record, making the distance at Louisville in 26 minutes and 54 seconds.

FIFTY Coxeyites seized a fast freight train at Fairfield, Ill.

THE National Association of Millers of the United States in annual convention in Chicago elected A. C. Loring, of Minnesota, as president.

AMERICAN flag day was celebrated on the 14th by the Sons of the American Revolution of several states. The day commemorated the 117th anniversary of the adoption of the stars and stripes as the national ensign.

VERNON BROS., New York paper dealers, lost stock valued at \$200,000 by fire.

In the state senate investigation it was shown that New York police gave protection to green goods swindlers, and that millions of dollars were received by them for "protecting" saloonkeepers, thieves and other disreputables.

J. H. DAY, suspected of incendiaryism, was hanged by a mob at Monroe, La.

UNITED STATES marshals arrested twenty-two Coxeyites for seizing a train at Fairfield, Ill.

THE United States troops stationed at Hartshorne and Alderson, I. T., began the removal of intruders from the Choctaw nation.

TEN carloads of Ohio militia were sent to Sherrodsville, where striking miners burned the depot and some cars.

DR. GEORGE M. WAGNER and Civil Engineer S. R. Lewis, attaches of the government engineering corps, were drowned while bathing in the Mississippi near Festus, Mo.

JOHANN KAUFFMANN, of Cramp Hill N. J., murdered his wife and three children and then killed himself. Poverty was the cause.

A. C. TRAUTMAN, the largest wholesale grocer in northern Indiana, failed at Fort Wayne for \$100,000.

JAMES B. CARPENTER was hanged at Middletown, Pa., for the murder of his father on December 11, 1893.

GEORGE BROCK, aged 45, murdered his wife and little boy and then killed himself near Borden, Ind. The man had become desperate from poverty.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

MRS. LOIS THUITON, who was the last slave sold at auction in New Haven, Conn. (in 1825) is dead at the age of 95.

THE Kansas prohibitionists met in state convention at Emporia and nominated E. O. Pickering for governor.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were reported as follows: Illinois, Ninth district, R. R. Hitt (rep.) renominated. Indiana, First district, J. H. Hemingway (rep.); Fifth, George W. Cooper (dem.) renominated. Ohio, Eighth district, L. M. Strong (rep.). Kentucky, Ninth district, L. G. Pugh (rep.).

THE Rhode Island legislature unanimously elected ex-Gov. George P. Wetmore to the United States senate to serve six years from March 4 next.

JOHN T. ANDREWS died at Dundee, N. Y., aged 93 years. He represented the Steuben district in congress from 1833 to 1837 and was believed to have been the oldest ex-member of congress in the state.

REV. E. G. ROBINSON, formerly president of Brown university, now professor of philosophy in the University of Chicago, died in Boston.

THE populists of Kansas in state convention at Topeka renominated L. D. Lovelling for governor.

LORENZO DANFORD was nominated for congress by the republicans of the Sixteenth district of Ohio.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows: Wisconsin, First district, Rev. A. S. Kay (pro.); Second, John J. Sutton (pro.); Third, J. C. Martin (pro.); Tenth, Rev. John Holt (pro.). Indiana, Second district, J. L. Bretz (dem.); Fifth, E. T. Baker (dem.). Ohio, Seventh district, G. W. Wilson (rep.) renominated; Eighteenth, R. W. Taylor (rep.) renominated. Illinois, Seventeenth district, J. A. Connelly (rep.). Missouri, Second district, U. S. Hall (dem.) renominated. New Hampshire, First district, J. H. Whittier (pop.); Second, E. M. Blodgett (pop.).

THE Wisconsin prohibitionists in convention at Milwaukee nominated a full state ticket with J. G. Cleghorn, of Clinton, for governor. The platform favors prohibition, reform in naturalization laws, money issued direct to the people, just pensions and the withholding of state aid from sectarian schools.

THE populists of South Dakota in convention at Mitchell nominated Isaac Howe, of Spink, for governor.

REPUBLICANS and populists combined in Tennessee on candidates for the supreme bench.

FOREIGN.

MULEY HASSAN, sultan of Morocco, died suddenly at Tadla and it was believed he was poisoned. His son had succeeded him.

S. F. FRANK, a Pole, who had been a resident of Buffalo, N. Y., for twenty-five years, was seized when on a visit to his native country and sent to Siberia.

SIR MATTHEW BAILLIE DEARBIE, chief justice of British Columbia, died at his home in Victoria.

AN earthquake at Grenada and Almere, in Spain, destroyed a number of buildings and killed several people.

CANADA has apologized for drunken soldiers tearing down the stars and stripes at St. Thomas and will punish them.

THE steamship Faraday left Woolwich with 1,000 miles of the deep sea cable which is to connect the buoyed end of the new commercial cable between Ireland and Nova Scotia.

A FIRE at Yamagata, Japan, destroyed 1,200 houses, and thirteen people lost their lives during the conflagration.

SEOUL, the capital of Korea, was captured by the rebels and the king was a refugee.

PROPERTY valued at more than \$1,000,000 was destroyed by fire in Panama.

THE cholera was said to be spreading in Russia, China and Turkey.

By the capsizing of a boat off the coast of Ireland fifty harvesters, on their way to Scotland, were drowned.

JOHN DUKE COLERIDGE, lord chief justice of England, died in London, aged 63 years.

PATRICK DROHAN, Rory McDonald and James Sullivan were killed and three men injured by an accidental explosion of dynamite near Coteau de Lac, Quebec.

LATER.

In the United States senate on the 15th an amendment to the tariff bill to leave the duty on wool the same as in the McKinley bill was defeated by a vote of 39 to 57. The bill providing for the deficiency in the appropriations for the government printing office was passed, and the post office appropriation bill (\$87,236,599) was reported.

In the house the Indian appropriation bill was again considered. At the evening session private pension bills were discussed.

ABDUL AZIZ has been officially proclaimed sultan of Morocco. European powers may not recognize him.

ERASTUS WIMAN was found guilty of forgery in New York and remanded for sentence. Clemency was recommended by the jury.

At a wedding feast at Suffernville, Ill., John Macori shot and killed two men, the result of an old feud.

THERE were 232 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 15th, against 216 the week previous and 313 in the corresponding time in 1893.

An incendiary at Monroe, La., taken from jail for execution by a mob, was permitted to hang himself.

The populists in state convention at Jamestown, N. D., nominated a full ticket with the name of Edward Wallace for governor at the head. Walter Muir was nominated for congressman at large.

MRS. IRENE MCKEE died at Geneva, Ind., aged 104 years. She was born in New York in 1790.

A DETAILED report of damage by the recent flood in the northwest places the total loss at over \$2,000,000, the loss to the Union Pacific railway alone in Oregon being \$1,500,000.

In two days the bodies of eleven persons were found floating in the Mississippi river between St. Louis and Cairo, Ill.

WOMAN suffragists at Kingman, Kan., arrayed Editor Brown, who opposed them, in a gown and paraded him through the streets before a brass band.

The backbone of the great miners strike was considered broken, many strikers having accepted the compromise scale.

EXPLOSIONS in the Franziska mines at Korwin, Russia, caused the death of 180 miners.

The populists made the following congressional nominations: Illinois, Fifteenth district, J. M. Grier. Kentucky, Ninth district, John G. Blair. Maine, Fourth district, C. D. Chapman.

COMPROMISE.

Proposed Settlement of the Troubles of the Strikers.

Gov. Altgeld's New Order—Substance of the Agreement Reached at Columbus, O.—How the Miners Have Received the News.

OPERATORS WILL HAVE TO PAY.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 12.—The governor on Monday about 4 o'clock issued an order withdrawing the First regiment from Pana. This action was taken on recommendation of the sheriff, who, with Hugh Bayle, assistant adjutant general, had consulted both with the strikers and the local miners and concluded there was no danger.

The adjutant general has shipped fifty rifles to Peoria on requisition of the sheriff.

Gov. Altgeld has issued general order No. 9, which somewhat modifies general order No. 7, which has caused considerable criticism. The new order reads:

"It is not the business of soldiers to act as custodians or guards of private property. The law authorizes them simply to assist the civil authorities in preserving the peace, quelling riots and executing the law. Whenever troops have been or may hereafter be ordered out and an owner of the property feels it necessary to have it guarded, he must do so at his own expense, and in such case troops should be stationed near enough to promptly quell any disturbance if one should occur."

The last clause is the added one.

THE Columbus Compromise.

COLUMBUS, O., June 14.—Members of the national executive board met Tuesday and prepared a circular letter to be sent to the miners in Ohio, western Pennsylvania, Indiana and Illinois.

The letter is quite voluminous, and enters into the history of the compromise and the reasons therefor. The board calls attention first to the fact that at the Cleveland convention the miners decided to hold no more conventions, but to leave the future policy of the strike and the matter of the compromise wholly in the hands of the board and the district president. An account of the meeting of the executive board and district presidents in this city last week, at which time it was agreed to effect a settlement on the basis of a compromise, is given.

The board then recites the advantages which the miners have gained through the agreement adopted by the joint conference. In the first place, they have succeeded in doing away with the ironclad agreements which have previously existed in the Illinois and Pittsburgh districts, and which have been a great detriment to the interests of the miners and the organization in those fields. They have also remedied a crying evil in certain sections in Ohio growing out of the track-stores system. At these places scrip has been the only circulating medium among the miners and they have thus been prevented from paying dues and becoming members of any organization. Under the agreement it is provided that at such places the balances due to miners at the end of every two weeks shall be paid in cash instead of scrip.

The board also calls attention to the fact that the miners have violated the injunction of the national officers not to destroy or molest property, but on the contrary have resorted to acts of lawlessness which have resulted in calling out the national guard in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. The seriousness of the situation alone, they say, was justification for a settlement on any reasonable basis of advantage to the miners.

Coal Diggers Displeased.

COLUMBUS, O., June 15.—The mining rate agreed upon by the joint conference of operators and miners in this city last Monday will not be indorsed by the strikers in the Hooking valley. The feeling against its acceptance has been intensified by President A. A. Adams, of the Ohio district, who refused to sign the scale, addressing the malcontents at various points in the valley and urging them to organize against the settlement.

President McBride and the other officials expect a radical change in sentiment as soon as the circular explaining why they consented to a reduction in the scale for mining are received and understood by the rank and file of the miners. President McBride reiterates the statement that the miners will accept the situation and return to work within a reasonable time.

Spring Valley Men Rebel.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., June 15.—The miners of northern Illinois will hold together as firm as bands of steel. All thoughts of accepting the Columbus compromise are now dispelled. At a delegate meeting here Wednesday afternoon, at which at least 10,000 miners were represented, it was unanimously voted not to dig a ton of coal until the operators restore last year's prices. They adopted resolutions calling on the executive board of the miners' union to resign and demanded an election for officers at an early day.

McBride Hanged in Effigy.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 15.—President McBride was hanged in effigy at a mass meeting of strikers at Hays Crossing, near McDonald, on the Pan-Handle railroad. Three thousand men attended a meeting at McDonald and denounced their officers for compromising at 60 cents.

Action on the Compromise.

Dispatches report action on the proposed new scales as follows:

Accepted at upper Des Moines (Ia.) district by miners and operators; at Manawa, Pa., by operators; Oskaloosa, Ia., by miners and operators; Beattyville, Ky., by miners and operators; Jackson county, O., by miners and operators.

Rejected at Fairbury, Ill., by miners; southern Iowa by miners and operators; at La Salle, Ill., by miners; at Washington, Ind., by miners; at Terre Haute, Ind., by the miners; at Spring Valley, Ill., by the miners.

Denver, Col., June 14.—The coal miners' strike in this state does not appear to be nearing a settlement. Over 300 men employed in the Crested Butte mines decided to strike until the

schedule of three years ago is restored. This will compel the coke ovens at Cardiff to close down.

Strikers Manifest Their Disapproval.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 15.—A half dozen men began work Wednesday morning clearing out the mines of the Imperial Coal company preparatory to start next Monday. They were attacked by a mob of 500 strikers, who drove them from the mines and fired at the engineer. They then went to the company store and drove out the clerks and helped themselves to eatables. After leaving notice that they would kill anybody who started to work at the 60-cent rate they marched to Moon Run. The company has appealed to the sheriff for protection.

Ohio Bridges Burned.

MASSILLON, O., June 15.—Two bridges on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway, not 25 miles away, were destroyed by miners Wednesday afternoon. Telegraph wires were cut, and an important railway system paralyzed. The action was brought on by the movement of coal by that company.

AMERICAN RAILWAY UNION.

Its First Annual Convention Assembles in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 14.—The first quadrennial convention of the American Railway union assembled at Fisher's hall, 82 East Lake street, at 10 a. m. Tuesday, and, a few minutes later, adjourned and repaired to larger quarters, Ulrich's hall at North Clark and Kinzie street. It was in Fisher's hall that the organization was first formed, and the leaders felt at home when they came within its doors. Less than a year ago the first union was organized with a mere handful of men. To-day there are 422 flourishing, prosperous unions with a total membership of 124,379 in all the states and territories of the country.

The object of the convention is to organize all railroad organizations under one management, which shall govern the entire working force of the roads. Switchmen, brakemen, firemen, engineers and conductors are all included.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The American Railway union on Wednesday decided to affiliate with the Knights of Labor in the movement to improve the condition of the laboring men of the country, and resolutions favoring an alliance as far as possible between the Knights of Labor and the American Railway union were adopted.

NAMED A TICKET.

Action Taken by the Wisconsin Prohibition Convention.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 16.—The state prohibition convention nominated the following state ticket:

Governor, J. G. Cleghorn, Clinton; Lieutenant governor, Ole B. Olson, Eau Claire; secretary of state, T. J. Vazometer, Lafayette; state treasurer, William Johnston, New Richmond; attorney general, E. W. Chaff, Waukesha; state superintendent, F. L. Eaton, Milwaukee; insurance commissioner, Thomas Edwards, Ashland; railway commissioner, John W. Evans, Wausau.

The platform favors prohibition, reform in naturalization laws, money issued direct to the people, just pensions and the withholding of state aid from sectarian schools.

Nominations for congressmen were made in several districts as follows: First district, Rev. A. S. Kay, Brodhead; Second district, J. J. Sutton, Columbus; Third district, J. C. Martin, Mineral Point; Tenth district, Rev. John Holt.

The balance of the congressional nominations will be made by district conventions. The platform calls for woman suffrage, postal savings banks, that all money shall be issued by the government, and that immigration be restricted.

A STAGE HELD UP.

The Deadly Work of One Lone Highwayman in the West.

WAGONER, I. T., June 12.—Saturday afternoon a lone highwayman, Levi Sanders, a desperate Cherokee character, held up a stage on the road between Fort Gibson and Talequah, where the big Cherokee payment was in progress. He made the passengers get out and secured \$70 and some jewelry. One man was shot through the lungs and was left in a precarious condition. The robber then left, going toward Talequah. On the way he shot and killed an Indian boy who was herding cattle, and took his horse and again took to the road, where the robber came upon two wagons. He shot into one of the wagons and killed a woman. The men began shooting at Sanders, who was finally shot literally to pieces.

A MONARCH DEAD.

Morocco's Ruler, Sultan Muley Hassan Fully Murdred.

TANGIER, June 13.—It is now known that Sultan Muley Hassan died suddenly June 7 at Tadla, between Morocco and Casa Blanca. Advice regarding the death of the sultan say that he suffered from fever for four days previous to his death and that he died while giving orders. Some time before his death the sultan began vomiting and continued to suffer in this manner until he expired. It is added that symptoms of his case point to poisoning.

Corner Stone Laid.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The New York Society of the Sons of the American Revolution laid the base stone of a monument at Dobbs' ferry, designed to mark the spot where Washington had his headquarters in 1783. The monument will stand in front of the old Livingston house in which the Yorktown campaign was planned, and in which the American and British commanders arranged for the final evacuation of American soil by the British and opposite which the British sloop of war fired the first salute ever given by Britain to America. Vice President Stevenson made the principal address.

Panama's Big Fire.

COLOX, June 16.—Panama was on Wednesday visited with a large conflagration, 150 dwellings having been reduced to ashes. First stories circulated were greatly exaggerated.

WILL HELP BUSINESS.

The Ending of the Coal Strike Will Have That Effect.

NEW YORK, June 16.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, says: "The strike of bituminous coal miners will end Monday wherever the authority and advice of their general organization can end it, and there is little room to doubt that the coal famine will then begin to abate. Some times must elapse before supplies of fuel will enable all works to resume that have no other reason for suspending production."

"At New York most iron stores have stopped, but shipments from the east are 10 per cent. larger for June than last year. The demand is mainly confined to low-priced goods, and has recently been more narrow for women's shoes."

"The woolen mills are closing rapidly. It is asserted that scarcely any have orders to occupy them beyond July 1 in men's wear, but in the demand for dress goods a somewhat better tone is perceived."

The New York and Philadelphia markets are dull, and at Boston a slight decline is seen in prices, with a large sale of territory wool at 30 cents, secured. Western holders appear to be expecting higher prices than can at present be realized in eastern markets. Wheat is only a fraction higher, the exports and ordinary consumption for the year having already exceeded the government estimate of last year's crop by 124,000,000 bushels.

"While business is narrow it is comparatively free from the by failure, for the liabilities reported in failures in May were but \$13,514,700, were only \$2,507,228, of which \$478,118 were of manufacturing and \$1,872,261 of trading concerns. The aggregate liabilities thus far reported in failures in May were but \$13,514,700, of which \$5,145,025 were of manufacturing and \$8,912,302 of trading concerns. The number of failures this week has been 232 in the United States, against 313 last year, and 40 in Canada against 34 last year."

Bradstreet's says: "Of more important eastern cities the only one noting an improvement is Pittsburgh, where sales have been stimulated by warmer weather. At Philadelphia the textile industries report a sluggish demand. In the south there are five cities at