DECORATION DAY.

Its Patriotic Observance in Various of the Large Cities.

A Notable Parade in Chicago-The Celebration in Washington-Grant's Tomb Bountcously Decorated Ceremonics Held in St. Louis.

IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, June 1 .- Decoration day was marked by the finest military display that has been seen in Chicago since the close of the war. The column, reviewed by Gen. Miles and staff, contained not less than 10,000 men, and was composed of police, firemen, regular troops from Fort Sheridan, Illinois militia, Grand Army posts, Sons of Veterans, Sons of the Revolution and civic societies.

The day was observed in an appropriate manner in most of the towns in Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin and Indiana.

In Washington.

ment departments were closed on Wednesday, and private business generally suspended. Flags hung at halfmast on the public buildings. There was a long parade in the morning.

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The Ceremonies.

The most important ceremonies were held on the heights of Arlington, under any circumstances. The usual across the Potomac and overlooking the city, where 16,000 union soldiers are buried. Every grave was marked with a flag and a bouquet of roses. Thousands of people crowded the grounds, among them many members of congress and some representatives of the foreign legations. At noon a national salute was fired, and the tomb of the un- lief to be afforded by their arrival will known, where the bones of hundreds be but temporary. Coal contractors of soldiers taken from battlefields are say that by the time the vessels arrive interred, was decorated with services New York will be entirely out of fuel by the Grand army Posts, the Woman's and that the supply they will bring Relief Corps and the Sons of Veterans. will be exhausted in a week or ten

In the amphitheater where religious days. services are held on the Lee plantation on Sunday the bugle sounded assembly. Music was given by the Ma- Jack Frost Pays a Late Visit to North rine band and the Grand Army of the Republic musical assembly. President Morton.

of the committee on pensions, deliv- In the northern part of Illiered an eloquent oration and Col. nois corn was in many places so John A. Joyce read a poem. Repre- badly nipped as to require a replantmuch enthusiasm by his speech. Pres- also damaged and in some instances ident Cleveland sat through the en- ruined. In Wisconsin it was so cold tire programme, which lasted three that ice formed. Huckleberries and hours, but did not speak. After the other small fruits were damaged, and ceremonies he drove back to the city what promised to be a large with the members of his cabinet.

At Grant's Tomb.

and the national guard, and the review was hurt by the frost. at Madison square by the mayor.

tachments to the various cemeteries or Wounded Near Pilot Rock.

THE COAL STRIKE. An Amicable Settlement Prevented by the

Consolidated Coal Company. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 30 .- Illinois holds the key to the mining situation, and the Consolidated Coal company holds the key to Illinois. This is the sum and substance of the conference between the national officers of the United Mine Workers and the central and southern Illinois operators held here Monday. The executive committee expresses itself as willing and ready to settle and call off the strike whenever the Illinois operators can

agree among themselves upon an amicable arrangement of differences existing, and the operators say they are willing to settle upon any reasonable basis whenever the Consolidated Coal company will agree to join with them, but otherwise they cannot make any overtures nor accept any proposition which will place them in competition with this powerful corporation.

has begun to make itself felt in all lines of business in New York and WASHINGTON, June 1.-All govern- the east, and unless relief comes St. speedily there will be a serious interruption of manufacturing and transportation industries. The corporations which have reserved fuel for ordinary uses are observing strict economy in its use and are refusing to sell their holdings source of supply being cut off by reason of the strike among the miners in Pennsylvania and in the west, New Yorkers have been compelled to send to Wales for fuel. Thirty big ships are now on their way to this port with coal from the Welsh mines, but under the most favorable circumstances the re-

NIPPED AGAIN.

western States.

CHICAGO, May 30. - Frost Sunday Cleveland arrived shortly after 12, ac- night and Monday morning did considcompanied by Secretaries Gresham and erable damage to fruit and grain crops in Illinois, Wisconsin, Michi-A. L. Martin, of Indiana, chairman gan and other northwestern states. sentative Bryan, of Nebraska, aroused ing. Vegetables and small fruits were crop may be a failure. Michigan

reports damages to strawberries, mel-NEW YORK, June 1.-The great ons, tomatoes, potatoes and other feature of Memorial day in this city small fruits and vegetables. Peaches was the parade of the Grand Army of and the grains were not especially inthe Republic, the United States army jured. In northern Indiana the wheat

After marching the veterans and BAD BLOOD IN KENTUCKY.

SWEPT AWAY.

Towns in the Far West Totally destroyed by Floods.

No Loss of Life Is Reported, But the Damage to Property Will Reach Into the Millions-Distress in Denver and Other Citles.

IN THE PATH OF A RAGING TORRENT. BOULDER, Col., June 2 .- The flood in Boulder creek has caused great destruction to property in this city and surrounding locality. In this city five houses were swept down stream. The occupants were rescued by a relief All the city and railroad corps. bridges have been washed away. The towns of Crisman and Salina, small mining camps in Boulder canyon, about 7 miles from here, have been totally destroyed and over 300 people rendered homeless. A

number of the placer mines are ruined. NEW YORK, May 30 .- The coal famine The Sunset branch of the Gulf railroad has been completely washed All the crops in the out. St. Vrain valley have been destroyed by the flood. The total loss in this city and in the adjacent territory is estimated at \$500,000. On account of the storm and floods, telephone and telegraph wires were rendered useless and outside communication has been cut off.

Fifty bridges between here and the mountains have been carried away. The towns of Copper Rock and Sugar Loaf are gone, the Prussian and Corning mills flooded and six of their outbuildings swept down the canyon. Springdale and Jamestown suffered greatly, but no particulars can be had except that the Springdale hotel is in ruins. Several other small towns along the canyon have been partially destroyed, but nothing definite regarding losses can be learned until communication with these districts has been established.

DENVER, Col., June 2 -- Platte river continued to rise until 3 a. m., and a raging torrent continues pouring through this city. Colfax and Jerome Park were flooded at 11 o'clock Thursday night and the people living on the low ground had to flee for their lives. The railway embankment was washed away in places and bridges were badly damaged. The loss will not be very great, but the inconvenience will be extreme. In Jerome Park and vicinity 175 families were driven out of their houses and are camped on higher ground. As many more families living on the river bottoms in this city also fled to higher ground. Edward Whitman, a boy, fell into the torrent and was drowned. No other fatalities have been reported.

The damage to the mountain roads by the floods is the heaviest experienced in this state. An experienced railroad manager estimates the loss to the railroads at \$25,000. He figures that the loss on business reaches \$15,-000 a day, and \$10,000 will cover other the loyal troops, during which many not rather have an income of four troops disbanded and went in de- One Man Is Killed and One Fatally expenses to the roads. The South Park branch of the Union Pacific is under water from Wheatland to Pine Grove, a distance of 30 miles. MANITOU, Col., June 2.-Business is practically suspended and hundreds of men are working to save their property. The stream from Williams canyon is rushing over Mineral Water park, leaving gravel in place of grass. Tons of earth have been torn from the pavilion grounds. Dynamite has been used frequently to demolish gorges. The damage to streets, parks and private property cannot now be estimated. The water is still rising. IDAHO SPRINGS, Col., June 2 .- The damage by the flood in this county is estimated at \$100,000. The storm was the longest and most disastrous in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. On the mountain tops, instead of rain, 18 inches of snow fell. Almost all the bridges over Fair creek and its branches are gone. Some houses werewashed away and mines flooded. PORTLAND, Ore., June 2 .- The flood in the Columbia continues to increase and the indications are that the worst is yet to come. The river is more than a foot higher than ever before known and the damage will be immense. The fertile bottom lands along the river from the Rocky mountains to the sea, a distance of 600 miles, are all inundated. Crops are all ruined, houses washed away and stock drowned. The flood has come gradually, which has given residents an opportunity to move household CHICAGO, June 1 .- A Chicago & East- goods to places of safety, and in most instances stock has been driven to killed two men at Sixteenth street higher ground. The salmon canning Wednesday morning. They were: W. business has been almost annihilated. N. Young and R. H. Stewart, both of Fish and canning establishments along the latter were carried away by the Berwyn, a suburban town. The men the river for a distance of 200 miles are Banker John M. Russell and Wife, of Palforce of the explosion, and in falling were walking east on the St. Charles under water. It is estimated by can-Air Line tracks near their junc- nery men that the loss will reach Telegraphic communication to the north and east is cut off except by a roundabout way. For miles along the river water has risen over the tops of the telegraph poles. Along the Union Pacific from this city to Umatilla 20 miles of track are under water. They have established steamboat service, which enables them to carry the mails and passengers. In this city the water has risen into basements as far back as Ninth street, bly chamber was filled Thursday night and more than half the elevators in with hundreds of women from all parts | the city are stopped for want of power. of the state who are here in advocacy Sauvies island, a few miles below of the movement to abolish the word | Portland, is almost entirely under "male" from the constitution. The water. Many buildings have been constitutional convention committee lifted from their foundations and

STRIKE HURTS TRADE.

Business Shows the Effects of Mining Troubles.

NEW YORK, June 2.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"It is a sign of cheering import that in finished business, represented by clearings and railway tonnage, there has been less decrease since the strike began than might have been But in inchoate business, the expected. orders which start the wheels, to result in tonnage and payment weeks or months later, there seems to be an actual de-Meanwhile the consequent intercrease. ruption of traffic and industry increases. The stoppage of iron furnaces between the Allegheny mountains and the Mississippi river has become complete and a great number of concerns manufacturing iron, and others re-quiring soft coal or coke for fuel, have forced to stop. Business cannot increase in volume under such circumstances. and yet payments through all clearing house for the week show a decrease of only 20.8 per cent. compared with last year. Though a large number of works are idle the demand for prod-ucts is not what might be expected either in volume or in urgenc

"Again the lowest price ever recorded has York, against 75 cents a year ago, while the average in Mny, 1892, was 90 cents, and in April, 1891, \$1.1814. Corn is stronger, with exports about half as large as a year ago, and the unfavorable outlook for oats results in a higher price. Pork products are weak with continuing large receipts. Cotton has varied little, though receipts from plantations have fallen off, for stocks in sight are very large, a new crop, for which prospects are de. cidedly good, is drawing near, and the demand for goods is uncertain. Labilities reported in failures for the fourth

week of May were \$2,593,087, and for four weeks ending May 24, \$11,391.042, of which \$4,445,605 were of manufacturing and \$5,800.891 of trading concerns. Reports yet to come in may increas the aggregate to \$14,000,000 for the month. Fallures this week have been 183 in the United States, against 238 last year, and 27 in Canada against 21 last year. Only two failures, both banking, are for \$100,000 or more."

Bradstreet's says:

"The decidedly unfavorable condition of general trade reported last week continues without material improvement. Continued delay of tariff legislation prolongs the stifling effect of wholesale business. The great coal strike continues without sign of early improvement, no concession having been made by either More mills, factories and furnaces have closed their doors for want of fuel. There are no new labor strikes of importance to reco but almost all of those previously reported are

in existence.

OPEN REBELLION.

Civil War Breaks Out in Bulgaria-Several Killed in Battle. LONDON. June 2 .- The removal from office by Prince Ferdinand of the Bulgarian Premier Stambuloff has resulted seriously. A dispatch to the Telegram from Belgrade, Servia, says the following telegram has been re-

ceived from Sofia: "Ex-Premier Stambuloff and the ministers who formed his cabinet are under arrest. Civil this injustice in the fundamental basis of our war has broken out. Two battalions of troops have rebelled and demanded the reinstatement of Stambuloff. They have been joined by the gendarmes in an attack on the troops who have declared for Prince Ferdinand.

BERLIN, June 2 .- Dispatches received by the Tageblatt from Sofia, Bulgaria, say that two battalions of infantry and the entire police force have issued a manifesto in favor of ex-Premier Stambuloff. The dispatches add that a bloody fight has taken place between the revolted soldiers and police and were killed on both sides. Several dis- thousand dollars a year, with a 2 per turbances directed against the prefects are reported from the provinces, and one of these officials is said to have been killed.

WHAT OF THE CONSUMER?

derers to the Producer.

We were prepared for almost any result of the customary hysterics of the New York Press, but we hardly looked the means to influence the votes of for it to stumble upon such an honest senators on the tariff bill. condemnation of protection as this:

"A tariff measure which discriminates against one section in favor of another, and which confers immense benefits upon a single interest at the expense of a whole people is not protection, but spoliation."

There never was a tariff measure conceived that failed to do this very thing. There never will be one, as long as one section differs from another in its natural adaptation to certain industries. The industry with the strongest pull gets the biggest protection and holds it until some other interest comes along and complains that it has been injured by the protection of the other. Then another attempt is made at an equal distribution of the been made for each wheat, 56% cents at New stolen cheese, to be followed by more complaints, with the result that the average of protection is pushed higher and higher in the effort to satisfy all.

If there is such a thing as "genuine protection," under which, as the Press avers, "all American producers possess equal rights and enjoy equal privileges," what of the consumer? His very existence is forgotten. He is not so much as mentioned while those who big profits in trade. despoil him are trying to divide the booty. And when an attempt is made to ease the crushing weight of taxa- tural affairs, show how false was the tion which rests upon his bending corrupt promise which the protectionshoulders and to place a little of it upon the possessors of large incomes, a cry that they offered was illusive. But the goes up that such a measure is com- corruption was real. munism and sectionalism.

There is no better answer to this folly and no better defense of the rights of the consumer than certain words of Hon. John Sherman, which were quoted without challenge no the offer could not fulfill one of its longer than last November by Hon. U. conditions. It was a false offer. But S. Hall, of Missouri, in a speech before it was equally corrupt and criminal as the ways and means committee of the | if he could have paid the price which house as follows:

"The public mind is not yet prepared to apply the key of a genuine revenue reform. A few years of further experience will convince the whole body of our people that a system of national taxes which rests the whole burden of taxation on consumption, and not one cent on property and income, is intrinsically unjust. While the expenses of the national government are largely caused by the protection of prop-erty, it is but right to call on property to contribute to its payment. It will not do to say that each person consumes in proportion to his means. This is not true. Every one must see that the consumption of the rich does not bear the same relation to the consumption of the

poor as the income of the rich does to the wages of the poor. As wealth accumulates, system will be felt and forced upon the attention of congress

The injustice has been felt, and the first attempt toward righting it finds arrayed in opposition all the forces of protection and privilege which have thrived upon it. It is denounced as "a fine upon thrift," a "confiscation of the savings of the industrious;" a something that will discourage economy. Does anyone who applies these epithets to it know of anybody who would

cent, tax on it, than not to have s

A SYSTEM OF BRIBERY.

His Rights Ignored by Protectionist Pan- The Corrupt Practices of High Tariff Advocates.

> It is not at all strange that direct bribery has been attempted as one of

Of course the attempts at bribery are directed against democratic senators. The votes of republican senators have been secure from the beginning against any change that would reduce the enormous rates of monopoly tariff taxation. Corrupt influences would be used, naturally, only to affect the action of democratic congressmen.

It was to be expected that, sooner or later, at some stage of the issue, the tariff corruptionists would offer directly to purchase votes.

The entire McKinley tariff system is bribery. Not a member of congress can vote to impose a high tariff tax for purposes of protection except from some motive of sordid selfishness and greed-corrupt political greed or greed for gain.

Protection bribes the popular vote. The farmer is bribed by the false promises of a nearer market and better prices for his products. Labor is bribed by false promises of higher wages. Commercial classes are bribed by false promises of flush times and

The panic and wreck in financial affairs, in labor affairs and in agriculists made to the people. The bribe

The offer was like that of the being who promised "all the kingdoms of the world" for the service and worship of the person to whom the temptation was addressed. The being who made he had promised.

Experience shows that the prosperity promised by the protectionist is a disastrous illusion. The offered bribe was not a reality. But the corruption, the crime of the transaction, though the consideration failed, is the same. Failure to pay a bribe does not alleviate the guilt involved in a pledge of

The entire process is a system of bribes by which votes are manufactured against such a tariff as the democratic party pledged its faith that it would give to the people. Nothing is more corrupt in the history of legislation than the acts of which the senatorial gamblers in trust certificates were guilty when they framed the sugar schedule after raking off their profits in buying and selling sugar seenrities.

The same impeachment holds in regard to every other feature of the tariff on which schedules have been manipulated by congressional dabblers in bucket-shop manipulation. - Chicago Herald.

POINTS AND OPINIONS.

payment.

was by A. W. Tenney, of Brooklyn. In St. Louis.

was observed here in the usual man- other. They continued until their rener, the graves in the national cemetery at Jefferson barracks and wards was fatally wounded and Neal those in the city cemeteries be- Edwards' horse was killed under him. ing lavishly decorated. The special The affair has stirred up bad blood in feature of the day was the 'unveil- the neighborhood and more trouble is ing of a monument in Bellefontaine, feared. erected to the memory of Gen. John McNeil, Frank B. Blair post, G. A. R., conducting the ceremonies. Special memorial services were held by the Woman's Relief Corps at the Grant statue and by Ransom post at Gen. W. 'T. Sherman's grave at Calvary.

A DOZEN DEAD.

Awful Results of Two Explosions in the Bay of Biscay.

MADRID, May 29 .- Details have been received of an explosion that occurred Saturday on the Norwegian steamer Norden at Gijon on the Bay of Biseav, The steamer was taking coal on board when one of the boilers exploded with terrific force. Her decks were shattered and the boats and deck fit- the muscles of the arms and legs were tings were blown to splinters. Some of the debris was carried across the quay at which the vessel was lying and a piece of timber struck a dock laborer, killing him instantly. Two steamers laden with sulphuric acid and gunpowder were lying close to the Norden. Part of the masts of struck the other two steamers, causing great damage to them.

killed and several others were either train on the latter road was backing scalded or injured by the flying debris.

BRUSSELS, May 29 .- An explosion occurred Sunday at a mine at Anderlues. killing six miners and injuring several others.

Killed by an American.

LONDON, May 31.-Gen. John Hewston, an American who has been staying at the First Avenue hotel in this city, has been arrested charged with causing the death of a man of the name of George Burton. Gen. Hewston was walking in Gray's road and was rudely jostled by a party of itinerant musicians. He remonstrated and the party turned upon him and struck him. Gen. Hewston carried an umbrella and used it to defend himself. The point of the umbrella entered the eye of Burton, who was one of his assailants, and he fell. He was taken to the hospital and there died.

Opposed to Postal Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, June 1. - Postmaster General Bissell is opposed to the proposed government ownership of the crushed. telegraph system. He does not think a postal telegraph service would prove profitable in this country, or that such service could be fully accomplished without material additions to the pres-ent post office organization and in-ercased expenditures. In the second s creased expenditures.

to the tomb of their great commander, HOPEINSVILLE, Ky., May 29.-A fatal Gen. Grant. Here were the principal shooting affray took place Saturday exercises of the day. The tomb was night at a country store near Pilot decorated at 2:36 p. m. by U. S. Grant Rock, 9 miles east of here. Neal post 327, G. A. R. The floral pieces Edwards shot and instantly killed exceeded in beauty and number those Samuel Martin, with whom he had of any previous year. The address some trouble. Joe Martin, a brother of the man killed, and James G. Edwards, father of Neal, drew their

Sr. Louis, June 1 .- Memorial day weapons and began firing at each volvers were emptied. James G. Ed-

A CHILD'S TERRIBLE DEATH.

It Is Caused by Lockjaw Which Follows Vaccination,

NEW YORK, June 1.-Lockjaw now comes forward as a possible accompaniment of vaccination, as shown in the case of little Frank Evans, whose death was reported by Coroner's

Physician Frank J. O'Hare as having been due to tetanus, consequent upon an application of vaccine virus by one of the young doctors of the health department nearly three weeks ago. The child, who was 31/ years old, died in fearful convulsions in the early hours of last Monday morning. His jaws were locked and spasmodically contracted.

Two Men Killed.

ern Illinois freight train ran over and tion with those of the Chi- \$100,000. Five of the crew of the Norden were | cago & Eastern Illinois A freight | up from the south. They evidently did not see the approaching cars and both were struck at the same time and thrown under the wheels. roung was instantly killed and Stewart was so badly crushed that he died on the way

to St. Luke's hospital.

To Abolish the Word "Male."

ALBANY, N. Y., June 1 .- The assemon suffrage had charge of the hearing | are afloat.

Jockeys Killed in a Hurdle Race.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31 .- Two jockover the hurdle the animal stumbled and upset Guy Gilbert's horse. The boys fell under the animals and were

Cut a Fellow Convict's Throat.

sey, in the Ohio penitentiary, knocked Part of it had been sent her from Cardown Alijah Lynch, another prisoner, | diff. Wales, by relatives. She has lived insane.

and the state in the second of the

Brutal Thieves.

GREENVILLE, Pa., June 2.-Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, 80 years old, who evs were killed Wednesday in a hurdle lives in a cottage along the Erie & race at Phœnixville, near here. As Pittsburgh railroad, was robbed of Arthur Davis' mount attempted to go \$1,100 and beaten by ruffians who escaped. One of the robberschoked her, a second flourishing a knife and the third bearing a light. They threw her on the floor, chloroformed her and piling bedding upon her jumped on her body. COLUMBUS, O., May SO .- Edward Mas- The money was taken from her trunk.

On the other hand it is reported that Prince Ferdinand has received many telegrams thanking him for having dismissed Stambuloff from office.

INDICTED.

Taken Against Iron Hall Officers. PHILADELPHIA, June 2 .- After a de-

lay of nearly two years since their arrest indictments were presented Friday against Freeman D. Somerby, Charles H. Baker, Joseph Glading The indictment charges them with Surety, Trust and Safe Deposit of laws. company. This large sum was the money which the defendants claim was diverted from the Iron Hall treasury to save the toppling Mutual bank and al Iron Hall funds which were on de-

SHOT BY BURGLARS.

state's evidence.

myra, Mo., Seriously Wounded. PALMYRA, Mo., June 2 .- This town is in a condition of great excitement and the surrounding country is being scoured for two men, who, at 12 o'clock Thursday night, shot Banker pledged to help them. John M. Russell and his wife. The men, bent on burglary, entered through the south bay window. Mrs. Russell was awakened, gave an outery, and the burglar, taking deliberate aim, shot her in the forehead between the eyes. Mrs. Russell fell back unconscious. The cry had prices to accept the Wilson bill. aroused her husband, who grappled with the other burglar. The latter was quick to shoot, and Mr. Russell, who is 50 years old, was also wounded. Both he and his wife are in a serious condition. Police are trailing the robbers with bloodhounds.

RAM'S HORN WRINKLES.

lazy man looks at the clock.

that can unlock many hearts. NOTHING makes us richer that does

not make us more thankful. It is much easier to love some people

than it is to agree with them. TIME sets his chisel a little deeper

whenever there is a frown upon the face.

an income to tax?-Louisville Courier-Journal.

DEMOCRACY AND THE TARIFF.

Beneficial Reforms Obstructed by Protection-Fed Monopolists.

The consequences of nearly thirty years of robbery by protected monopolists are not easily overcome. The democratic party has a great and seri-After a Delay of Two Years Action Is ous task. It has undertaken to reform the tariff and to turn back the princi- agents of monopoly .- N. Y. World. ple of tariff legislation to the right method, the method that prevailed in framing the Walker tariff and the tariff of 1857. But it is met on the threshold of its reform work by a gi- dustry, as if the people didn't know and James H. Eckersly, of the gantic combination of interests that enough to come in out of the rain defunct order of the Iron Hall. have been built up by the republicans Louisville Courier-Journal. These men were respectively supreme who have taxed the people to enrich justice, supreme cashier, chairman of monopolists in consideration of gen- sioners on the rolls is certainly not the committee on laws and supervi- erons contributions to campaign funds. less than a hundred thousand out of sion and member of the committee on Back of the men who have invested the total of near a million, and no finance and accounts of the order, their wealth in industries for the sake amount of protest from the supporters of securing tariff bounties, who have of fraud should be allowed to intimiconspiring to defraud the supreme bought laws and corrupted congresses date Mr. Cleveland in his attempts to sitting of the Iron Hall out of and who are entitled to no sympathy, restore something like a semblance of some \$200,000; with diverting it are thousands of innocent persons who honesty .- N. Y. World. to the uses of the Mutual Banking, must not be injured by sudden changes

It is a hard task, but the democratic of revenue. Revenue depends largely party is making an effort to reform on imports, and the republican party abuses. If the party could have its started out to check imports, if it had way, if it could be rid of some of its to smash all the banks and embarrass preserve intact some \$450,000 addition- own burdens, it would make a de- all the merchants in the country cidedly stronger effort. As it is, the and plunge the country into a proposit there. John W. Hayes, cashier Wilson bill attempted to give the tracted panic to gain its point .- Louisof the Mutual Banking, Surety, Trust country cheaper clothes, cheaper fuel, ville Courier-Journal. and Safe Deposit company, who was cheaper homes, cheaper tools and a arrested at the same time, turned larger market for the products of the after hour, and day after day, for the soil. In standing in the way of this sole purpose of having statistical reeffort the republicans and their allies ports read to the senate by himself and are inviting much more radical legis- Mr. Gallinger: "And yet in the face of lation than has yet been attempted. such work republican organs have the The people have determined to be rid impudence to assert that what has

millions of dollars from them through not been filibustering, but legitimate tariff taxes for the benefit of million- debate."-Boston Herald (Ind.). aires, and the democratic party is

may be more destruction than was contemplated. Carnegie, with his pock- ficial consideration of pension matters. ets bulging with the loot that had With all the beasted love of the g. o. been stolen for him by the republican p. for the soldier it was only true to its party, was the wisest protectionist of instincts in giving greater weight to them all when he advised his accom- the word of a leader than to that of

There are men calling themselves | Press. democrats who hold and practice republican principles, but the heart and public opinion and of the latent sentimind of the party are right, the real ment in the republican party in favor leaders of the party are right and the of tariff revision the republican senastruggle against the system of protec- tors resist every effort to make the tion, which is a struggle for larger hu- slightest reduction in the scale of man liberty and for less governmental duties. While they imagine that they paternalism, will be carried on by the are promoting the interests of party in democracy of the country. The repub- severing the tariff-fed monopolies they lican party is the servant and slave of are preparing for a repetition of the monopolists. It is built on ill-gained wealth. The democratic party is the 1892. Whether this reaction from the party of the people and it will redeem tariff panie of 1893 shall come this fall its pledges to break down McKinley- or two years hence may depend upon ism. What the democratic majority in the degree of republican resistance to the house accomplished in the face of the present effort to enforce the popurepublican power in the senate is a lar will .- Philadelphia Record. guarantee of the party's good faith. It may be obliged to go slow, but it will go in the right direction .- N. Y. World.

long been a popular notion in Pennsyl- after a certain age, a husband was sevania,-Louisville Courier-Journal.

-Perhaps the "great emergency Prof. Harrison is waiting for will arise about the time Hon. John C. New begins to feel bound to save the country by getting back into office.-N. Y. World.

----The evidence of republican senators concerning trust influence in legislation is entitled to considerable weight. They have had wide experience in driving bargains with the

---- A republican newspaper undertakes to convince the great American public that the Wilson bill threatens the destruction of the mackintosh in-

-The number of fraudulent pen-

---- The republican party has no call to say a word about Uncle Sam's lack

----Senator Quay held the floor hour of the odious system which wrings thus far taken place in the senate has

----It remained for a democratic administration to assert that the oath of a If there is too much resistance there private is as good as that of a commissioned officer when it comes to the ofone of the rank and file .- Detroit Free

> -In defiance of an overwhelming popular demonstrations of 1890 and

Tux miltado of Japan has recently issued a decree allowing a Japanese woman to lead, if she chooses, a single ---- After McKialey the deluge has life. Hitherto, if found unmarried lected for her by law.

AND DESCRIPTION OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.

THE more you love yourself the less you will be loved by others. THE day becomes longer every time a The one who has suffered has a key

