## THE TARIFF.

The Senate Committee Completes Work on the Wilson Bill.

It Makes Many Alterations, All of Them In the Direction of Increased Duties-Synopsis of the Most Important Changes.

THE COMPROMISE MEASURE.

WASHINGTON, May 8 .- For the third time the senate committee on finance has revised the Wilson tariff bill. The latest changes in the measure are completed, and they are final so far as the committee is concerned. They include all the so-called "compromise" amendments which have been agreed upon. Most of them are in the nature of changes from ad valorem to specific duties.

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This is a radical change of the provisions of the Wilson bill. That measure changed most of the duties from specific to ad valorem, the McKinley law being mainly specific duties throughout. The specific duties imposed by the amended bill range from 25 to 30 per cent lower than the corresponding duties imposed by the Mc-Kinley law. The latest changes which have been agreed upon as a result of the compromise are generally in the direction of higher rates than were at first reported by the finance committee. Sugar and Income Tax.

The provisions of the sugar schedule as sgreed upon have already been printed. An ad valorem duty of 40 per cent. will be imposed upon raw sugar, and the refined article will given an additional specific duty of oneeighth of a cent. All sugars which are imported from or are the product of any country which at the time the same are exported therefrom pays, directly or indirectly, a bounty on the export thereof, shall pay a duty of one-tenth of 1 cent per pound in addition to the foregoing rates. Provided that nothing contained in the bill shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of the treaty of commercial reciprocity concluded between the United States and the king of the Hawaiian islands on January 30, 1875.

The amendments to the income tax provision have been announced, and that feature of the bill is to last only five years. No change is made in the coal schedule from that already reported. There are several changes in the free

The following are the principal changes which will be included in the compromise bill:

## Drugs and Perfumery.

Alcoholic perfumery, including cologne water and other toilet waters and alcoholic compounds not specially provided for in this act, Er a grallen and 50 per centum ad valorem; sen-ate and house bills, 82 a gallon and 25 ad VALOPERI

All coul tar colors or dyes by whatever name known and not specially provided for in this act, up per cent; senate and house bills, 20. New paragraps inserted are as follows:

"irrugs, such as barks, beans, berries, balsame, buds, bulbs, bulbous roots, excrescences, iruits, howers, dried fibers, dried insects, grains, grums and gum resin, herbs, leaves, ns. mosses, nuts, roots and stems, spices, regetables, seeds (aromatic), seeds of morbid growin, weeds and woods used expressly for gyeing, which are not edible, advanced in value or condition by refining or grinding or by other process of manufacture, and not specially pro-Vided for in this act, 10 per cent. ad valorem." Appendix saits are made dutiable at 1-5 of a

centper pound. Other changes are: Morphia ophine salts thereof, 20 cents per ounce. Fi. x=ced and poppy oil 20 cents per gallon in

### bale, box, package or in bulk, \$5 cents per pound; if stemmed, 50 cents per pound; change in rates.

"Snuff and snuff flour manufactured of tobacco, ground, dry or damp and pickled, scented or otherwise, of all descriptions, 50 cents a pound:" senate and house bills, 40 cents. Duty on Cigars.

The cigar paragraph is amended to read as follows:

"Cigars, cigarettes, cheroots of all kinds, \$4 a pound and 25 per cent. ad valorem; and paper cigars and cigarettes, including wrappers, shall be subject to the same duties as are herein imposed on cigars."

#### The duty on cigars in the house and senate bills is 13 per pound and 25 per cent. Dairy Products, Etc.

Butter and substitutes therefor are taxed 4 cents per pound, which is the house rate: senate bill 20 per cent; cheese, 4 cents per pound: senate and house bills, 25 per cent; milk, fresh, 3 cents per gailon; senate and house bills free; broom corn, 80 per ton; sen-ate and house bills free; cabbage, 2 cents each: senate and house bills free; eggs, 3 cents per dozen; senate and house bills free; hay, \$3 per ton (house rate), senate 20 per cent; honey, 10 cents per gallon (house rate), senate bill, 20 per cent.; hops, 8 cents per pound (house rate), senate bill, 20 per cent.; onions, 20 cents per bushel (house rate), senate bill, 20 per cent.

### Leather and Lumber.

Leather and the manufacturers of leather are to be treated substantially as provided for in the house bill, except that the duty is changed from ad valorem to specific. All through the revised edition of the bill the ad valorem duty has been stricken out in favor of the specific duty. Lumber remains about the same as it came from the house.

#### The Cotton Schedule.

It is provided that on all cotton cloth not exceeding 100 threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, not bleached, dyed, colored, stained, painted or printed, valued at over 7 cents per square yard, 25 per centum ad valorem: bleached, valued at over 9 cents per square yard, 25 per centum ad valorem, and dyed, colored, stained, painted or printed, valued at over 12 cents per square yard, there shall be levied, collected and paid a duty of 30 per cent ad valorem.

Duties on Woolen Goods. On blankets, wool and flannels for underwear and feits for paper makers' use and printing machines, composed wholly or in part of wool, the hair of the camel, goat or alpaca, or other animals, valued at no more than 30 cents per pound, the duty will be 25 per centum ad valorem; valued at more than 30 "and not more than 40 cents" per pound, 30 per centum ad valorem; "valued at more than 40 cents per pound, 35 per centum ad valorem;" the change consisting in restoring the quoted words in the house bill.

The women's and children's dress goods, coat lining, Italian cloth, bunting or goods of similar description or character "or all manufactures, including such as have any rubber as a component material," composed wholly or in part of wool worsted, the hair of the camel, goat, alpaca or other animal, and not specially provided for in this act, the house rate of 40 per cent is restored. Senate bill, 36 per cent. and the following words added:

"Valued at not over il a pound, 40 per cent, ad valorem; valued at more than 80 cents and not more than \$1 a pound, 45 per cent. ad valorem; and all of the foregoing valued at more than \$1 a pound, 50 per cent"

On ready-made clothing composed of any above-mentioned materials the house rate of 43 per cant is restored. Senate bill 40 per cent. The following paragraph stricken out of the house bill by the senate committee is now restored:

"On cloaks, dolmans, talmas, ulsters or other outside garments for ladies' and children's apparel, and goods of similar description or used for like purposes, composed wholly or in part of worsted, hair of the camel, goat or alpaca, or other animals, made up or manufactured wholly or in part, the rate is changed from 45 to 50 per centum ad valorem. "Brussels carpets, figured or plain, all car-

pet of like character or description, 35 per cent. ad valorem. House and senate bills 50 per cent

# TO A NOBLE MATRON.

Washington's Mother.

Interesting Ceremonies at Fredericksburg, Va.-Eloquent Addresses Delivered by President Cleveland and Senator Daniel.

## THE DEDICATION.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., May 12 .- The monument to Mary Washington, mother of the first president, was unveiled here Thursday. The procession to the monument included various patriotic societies and benevolent orders, companies of the state militia, the governor's staff, and representative ladies on horseback.

#### The Ceremonies.

Ceremonies began with prayer by Rev. James P. Smith, followed by a brief address by A. P. Rowe, mayor of lowed with an impassioned address of Virginia, and in an eloquent perora- Wednesday. tion presented the president of the was without bounds.

## President Cleveland Speaks.

When the cheering finally subsided President Cleveland said: "Nothing can be more important to those

who have assumed the responsibility of selfgovernment than the cultivation and stimulation among themselves of sentiments which

briefly. He said that while not being a mason he had the "honor to belong to a great fraternity, one of which Patriotic Women Pay Tribute to George Washington and Andrew Jackson were prominent members, a fraternity whose grip means a united stand for American interests, whose password is 'the people's cause under

all circumstances;' whose temple is not as old as the temple of Solomon, but as old as American institutions; a fraternity that can never die, for its fruits will always be before the world. Would you know the name of this fraternity? It is the brotherhood of free and accepted and patriotic American citizens."

## SHOWN NO MERCY.

A Kansas Mob Lynches a Father and His

SHARON SPRINGS, Kan., May 11 .- One of the most determined mobs that ever congregated in this portion of the state Monday lynched William McKin-About a week ago Charles Carley, a

the fact that Fred, a 17-year-old son of

fession, stating that he had been induced to kill his brother-inlaw by his father and his elder brother, Lewis. The motives for the

-421

they be

# COXEY IS HEARD.

## Presents His Petition to the House Labor Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 11.-Gen. Coxey appeared Wednesday before the house committee to speak on Representative McGann's resolution for the appointment of a joint senate and house com mittee to investigate the prevailing industrial depression.

Coxey supplemented the reading of his petition with a brief statement and then answered questions put to him by members of the committee. There are, he said, billions of dollars' worth of improvements throughout the country to be made, and there are millions of men to make them. There is but one thing standing in the way and that is money. The passage of his two bills would solve the industrial depression and set all men at work. He asked for 99 per cent. of the people the same privileges as are enjoyed by 1 per cent.-the national banking class, who alone are represented in congress.

Mr. Ryan (dem., N. Y.) pressed Mr. Coxey for proof of this assertion. "Have you any showing to make, any proofs to offer that you represent 99 per cent. of the people?" asked Mr. Ryan.

"No," said Coxey, after thinking a moment; "I don't claim that."

I. E. Dean, a member of the executive committee of the Farmers' Alliance, followed with a recital of the depressed condition of labor.

Representative Dunn (N. J.) asked Mr. Dean: "Do you believe that the American people have reached a stage where they want threats and coercion used against their legislators by these moving bodies?"

"No," said Mr. Dean, "threats are not intended."

"Then," said Mr. Dunn, "what can be accomplished by these steps, equivalent to coercion.'

"You have a habit in congress," said Mr. Dean, "of consigning petitions to pigeon holes and waste baskets. The object of Coxey was to present to you a ble, he remained at his post and appetition that would be insured a hearing.

The committee, by a vote of 8 to 2, adopted the McGann resolution, which Mr. McGanu will offer in the house. Messrs. Dunn (N. J.) and Apsley (Mass.) voted nav.

WASHINGTON, May 10 .- The jury on Tuesday returned its verdict as follows: Coxey, Browne and Jones were found guilty on the first charge, that of carrying banners in the capitol grounds contrary to law.

On the second charge, that of trespassing on the grass, Coxey and Browne were found guilty and Jones was acquitted.

Attorney Lipscomb immediately entered a motion for a new trial and another in arrest of judgment. Judge Miller gave him four days to file the formal papers. Frank Hume, a well-known wholesale grocer signed a bond in \$500 for each of the three convicted commonwealers.

THOUSANDS OF LIVES LOST. Four Cities in Venezuela Are Devastated

By an Earthquake. CARACAS, May 11 .- A terrible earthquake occurred in Venezuela on April 28. Reports which have been received here from the districts affected tell of terrible loss of life and destruction of villages and towns. The cities of Merida, Lagunillas, Chi guara and San Juan, situated in the northwest of the republic, in the region of the Andes, are reported as having been totally destroyed by a fierce shock at 11 o'clock on the night of the 28th. Many villages are said to be wrecked, but the details are not yet to be had. The convulsion extended to parts of the adjacent republic of Colombia. The full details of the catastrophe will be learned slowly, but it is probable that 10,000 people have perished, and it is certain that the greatest suffering prevails in the places visited by the earthquake. The United States minister here has notified the state department at Washington of the terrible effects of the catastrophe, and has asked that assistance be given to the people of the stricken districts.

## TRAINS COLLIDE.

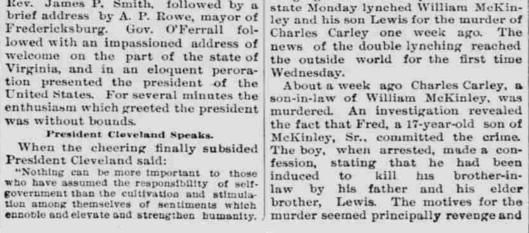
## Fatal Result of a Wreck on the Northwestern Road in Wisconsin.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., May 12 .- At 10:15 Thursday morning the Chicago-Minneapolis vestibule express No. 4 on the Omaha line ran into the through freight No. 31 at Menominee junction. The orders of the express were to wait at the junction until the freight had been sidetracked, but were disobayed. Engineer James Jeffreys, of the express train, was instantly killed, and his fireman, Seth Gardner, was fatally injured. Express Messenger E. H. Burt was also seriously hurt and Mail Clerk W. S. Reese was injured. Jeffreys was the oldest engineer, in point of service, on the Chicago & Northwestern road. While the trains were approaching each other, and a collision was inevitaplied the air-brakes. Just before the crash he tried to jump, but was caught and mangled between the cab and tender. No cause for the violation of orders is given. The conductor of the freight was J. H. Burns.

### LEFT MUCH RUIN.

#### A Forious Storm Sweeps Over the City of Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 1L -A severe wind and rainstorm struck this city at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon and lasted for an hour, doing much damage to shade trees and unroofing a number of houses and factories. The wind came in gusts from the southwest and extended over about three-fourths of the city, at times assuming almost the proportions of a cyclone. Rain fell in sheets, and in twenty minutes after the storm began the streets were flooded and the water was running like a mill-race down the principal streets of the city. On the north side, where the rainfall was heaviest, street cars were stopped by the flood in the streets and by broken and twisted trees, which made travel impossible.



stead of 15 cents in former bills. On only oil for salad purposes the house rate of 35 cents per gallon is restored instead. of the senate committee rate of 25 per cent.

## The Glass Schedule.

A vertion of the glass schedule is changed so as to r ad as follows:

Green and colored, molded or pressed, and finit and lime glass bottles holding more than one pint and demijohns and carboys, covered or uncovered, and other molded or pressed green and colored and fint or lime glass bottleware not specially provided for in this not, live-eighths of I cent per pound. Green and colored molded or pressed and flint and lime gaass bottles and vials holding not more than one pint and not less than one-quarter of a plus, three-fourths of a cent per pound; if holding less than one-fourth of a pint 35 cents. per gross, whether filled or unfilled, whether their contents be dutiable or free."

The senute rate on the above is 40 per cent; house rate, 30 per cont. Another change in giand is as follows:

Unpelished cylinder, crown and cotton window glass, not exceeding 10 by 15 inches square, yound; above that, and not exceed ing 16 by 24 mohes square, 1% cents per pound: above that, and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches square, 1% cents per yound: above that, and not exceeding 24 by 36 inches square, 1% cents per round; all above that, 14 cents per pound.

Provided that unpolished cylinder, crown and common window glass imported in boxes allell contain 50 square feet as nearly aspires will permit, and what duty shall be comput thereon according to the actual weight of the ginus."

There is a change of sizes as well as of rates, and comparisons cannot be made

Pinte giass, 24 by 38 inches, is taxed 23 cents per square foot: senate and house bills, 20 cents; all plate mass above these dimensions, 18 cents per square foot; senate and house bills, S6 cents. Looking glass plates are added to glasses, dittatle at 10 per cent ad valorem, in addition to other rates chargeable thereon. Changes in Iron Duties.

## The pig iron paragraph is amended to read as

follows: "iron in pigs, iron Kentledge, Spiegeleisen, nothing shall be deemed scrap iron or scrap sized except waste or refuse iron or steel, fit only to be manufactured.

truck channels, "I" columns or posts, or parts or sections of columns or posts, deck and balb teams and building forms, together with all other structural shapes of iron or steel, whether plain or punctured or fitted for use, 6-10 of a cent a pound." Synate bill 35, house bill 30 per dunit.

Hailway bars, thade of iron or steel or rail way bars made in part of steel, "T" rails, and punched iron or steel flat rails, 7-20 of a cent a pound." Senate bill 23% cents a pound, restoring the house rate, senate bill I per cent. Cutiery Schedule.

The cutlery schedule is changed to read as

follows: "Pensaives, pocketknives or erasers of all kinds, valued at not more than 30 cents per dozen, 25 per cent. ad valorem; valued at more than 3J cents per dozen and not exceeding 50 cents per dozeu, 12 cents per dozen; valued at more than 50 cents dozen and not exceeding \$1 per 40 cents per dozen: valued at more than \$1.50 per dozen and not exceeding \$3 per dozen, 75 cents a dozen; valued at more than 43 a dozen, 50 per cent ad valorem, and in addition thereto, on all the above valued at more than 50 cents a dozen, 25 per cent. nd valorera; provided that blades, handles or any other parts of any or either of the articles named in this paragraph, imported in any other manner than assembled in penknives, pocketknives or erasers, shall be subject to no less duty than herein provided for penknives, pocketknives or erasers valued at more than 30 cents a dozen.' The senate and house tills 15 cents.

## Tobacco Schedule.

The touacco schedule is changed to read as follows:

"Wrapper tobacco, unstemmed, imported in any bale, box or package, or to bulk, \$1.50 p r pound: if stemmed (2.25 per pound." House and senate bills, \$1 and \$1.25 respectively of above articles.

Filler tobacco, unstemmed, imported in any vaulta

"Velvet and tapestries, velvet carpets, figured or plain, printed on the warp or otherwise, and all carpets or carpeting of like character or inscription, 35 per cent. ad valorem; house and senate bills, 30 per cent. Tapestry Brussels carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets and carpeting of like character or description, printed on the warp or otherwise, 35 per cent. ad valorem; house and senate bill, 30 per cent. Treble in-grains, three-ply and all the Venetian carpets, 35 per cent. ad valcrem; house and senate bills,

30 per cent. Wool, Dutch and two-ply ingrain curpets, 30 per cent.; house and senate bills, 25 per cent '

## Changes in the Free List.

Added to the free list are the following: "Dressed fur pleces suitable only for use in the manufacture of hatters' fur.

"Molasses testing not above 40 degrees polariscope test and containing 20 per centum of moisture. "Opium: crude or manufactured and not adul-

terated, containing 9 per centum and over of morphia.

#### "En Ficurage, pomades."

In the free list after the words, "petroleum, crude or refined," is inserted the following: "Provided, that if petroleum, crude or refined, is imported from any country which imises a duty on the same exported from the United States, then there shall be levied, paid and collected upon such petroleum, crude or refined, the rate of existing duty prior to the glory was greatest and when the plaudits of his passage of this act."

the free list relating to agricultural imple- mother. ments:

"Provided, that all articles mentioned by this paragraphs, if imported from a country which lays an import duty on like articles imported from the United States, shall be subjected to the duties existing prior to the passage of this have the privilege of participating in the dediact."

### Lodge's Amendment.

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Senator Lodge (rep., Mass.) introduced an amendment to the tariff bill ton. Let us be proud to-day that the in the senate Monday, of which he gave notice some time ago, providing the matrons of America, she may well boast of that as against Great Britain | Bustrious sonst' and that Lafayette, who had ferro mangenese, ferro silicon, wrought and or any of her colonies, a duty cost scrap iron and scrap steel. 64 per ton; but double the amount immed in double the amount imposed in the proposed tariff bill shall be levied, and a duty of 35 per cent. on all "lieams, girders, joists, angles, channels, car- articles on the free list, such duties to place with our love of country strengthened, continue until Great Britain shall assent to take part in an international agreement with the United States for the coinage and use of silver.

## TWO: HUNDRED STARVED.

### Last Winter Was a Hard One in the Interior of Labrador.

OTTAWA, Ont., May S .- A letter has been received here from A. P. Low, of the Canadian geographical survey, lender of the government exploring party that left Lake St. John in June last to endeavor to reach Ungava bay by traversing the entire Labrador peninsula from south to north. Mr. Low wrote from Hamilton inlet, where his party was forced to go be- iel, who reviewed eloquently the dozen, 25 cents per dozen; valued at more than cause of the scarcity of provisions at facts of history concerning the \$1 per dozen and not exceeding \$1.50 per dozen, Ungava bay. He reports that more mother of Washington, which are than 200 Indians in the vicinity of Un known, and discussed the spirit of the gava bay had died of starvation during | times in which George Washington was the winter.

### Big Meeting at Cleveland, O.

COLUMBUS, O., May 8 .- John Mc-Bride has telegraphed Calvin Morris, of Cleveland, to provide for at least 1,000 operators, miners and visitors at the Cleveland meeting to settle the the president was holding his recepmining question. This will be the tion most of the other distinguished largest meeting of the kind ever held guests were entertained at a masonic in this country.

## Counting Millions.

CHICAGO, May 8. - John R. Tanner turned over the subtreasury to Delos P. Phelps Monday. Experts are engaged in counting the \$17, 900,000 in the duced to the gathering and spoke sins.



MARY

WASHINGTON

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## MONUMENT TO MARY WASHINGTON.

As a clear and wholesome stream must have | hatred. The murdered man had only a its flow from a pure fountain head, so must a few weeks before married McKinley's clean and beneficent popular government have daughter. It had been stipulated its source in pure and morally healthy before the marriage that the groom This purity and this moral health. was to pay the bride's father are in nothing better exemplified than in a love and reversace for motherhood. The man \$200 for the privilege of marrying who said he cared not who made a people's her. The groom refused to pay laws if he could write their songs, might have this money after he was married, and said with more truth that he could gauge the thus incurred the enmity of his wife's strength and honor of a people, and their fitness for self-government, if he knew the depths and father and brothers. The boy sursteadfastness of their love for their mothers. I prised Carley while asleep, cutting him believe that he who thinks it brave and manly to outgrow his earlier devotion to his mother is, more than he who has no music in himself. fit for treason, stratagems and spolls, and should not be trusted. Let us recall to-day as conclusive proof of the close relation between American greatness and a lasting love and reverence for our mothers the proud declaration of George Washington: 'All I am I owe to my mother:' and let us not forged that when his countrymen were loudest, he valu ed more than The following is added to the paragraph in these the blessing and approval of his aged to a bridge half a mile west of town and lynched them. They both begged

10

"While these exercises cannot fail to inspire us nnew with reverence for American motherhood, we will remember that we are here to do honor to the woman who gave to our nation Its greatest and best citizen, and that we cation of a monument erected by the women of our land in loving and enduring testimony to the virtues of the mother of Washingnobility of this woman exacted from a distinguished foreigner the admission: 'If such are fought with her son for American independence, declared after he had received her blessing: Thave seen the only Roman matron living at this day."

"Remembering these things let us leave this with a higher estimate of the value of American citizenship, and with a prayer to God that our people may hold fast to the sentiment that grows out of a love and reverence for American motherhood."

An address in behalf of the descendants of the immortal George was delivered by Lawrence Washington. As the American flag which has veiled the monument was drawn aside, disclosing thirds of the street and the street car the shaft to view, the Marine band track. The total damage to the city is from Washington rendered the "Star not less than \$50,000. A small shoe Spangled Banner" and the spectators shop on Myrtle street was undermined, cheered for several minutes.

#### Senator Daniel's Oration.

The formal oration was delivered by United States Senator John W. Danreared.

## Reception and Basquet.

President Cleveland held a reception after the exercises at the Mary Washington house and shook hands with several thousand persons. While banquet at the opera house by Fredericksburg lodge No. 4, the lodge in which George Washington

was made a mason. The president after the reception went to the banquet. He was intro- na's son recognized them as the assas-

Coxey said that it was evident that his prosecution was not on account of what he had done, but because of the principles in behalf of which he had acted.

## Randall Arrested and Relevand. LA PORTE, Ind., May 10 .- Randall is

again a free man after a night spent in a cell, the cases against him and his followers being dismissed. The seven prisoners were arraigned in the circuit court before Judge Noyes Wednesday morning and the courtroom was crowded. They were charged with conspiracy to commit a larceny. The offense alleged was that the men had conspired to unite and had compelled citizens of the state and the county to give them bread. The prisoners charged with the conspiracy were John H. Randall, Henry R. Hoefler, Martin Lynch, Joseph C. Gibson, Stephen J. Welch, John Devine and Edward H. Randall. All pleaded not guilty. They were defended by W

Harvey, who came from Chicago for that purpose, and by John C. Richter and Elsworth Weir, of this

In the afternoon Judge Noyes and ten statement that he and his army would leave the county with all possible dispatch, and all of the men were released.

## Kelly Leaves Des Moines.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 10.-Commodore Kelly sailed for Washington Wednesday afternoon. His flotilla consists of 150 flatboats. Each boat is 18 feet long, 6 feet wide and 1 foot deep and accommodates ten men. About 1,850 men sailed and ten boats were filled with provisions. The boats are all named and decorated with flags acquired through purchase or donation. Five thousand Des Moines people went down to the navy yard to wit-ness the start, which had been advertised for 9 o'clock. Gen. Kelly greatly desired to make an imposing display. as, led by his flagship, the flotilla proceeded down the river. He and the crowd were alike disappointed when, on account of obstructions in the river, it was decided to send the boats down a mile and a half in charge of small crews. The boats got away from the navy yard during the forenoon and were collected below the obstructions. Prof. Alphonso King, of aquatic bicycle fame, rode his machine

### They Surrender.

SALINA, Kan., May 12. - Sanders' "wealers," who stole a train at Pueblo, Col., on Tuesday, surrendered peaceably and unconditionally to Marshal Neeley on Thursday. They were 450 strong, and every man was put under arrest. Marshal Neelcy served the writs upon the Coxeyites with a posse

Three buildings, including a hotel, were destroyed at Greenup, Ill. It is

# LOVERS UNITED IN DEATH.

William Crawford Ellis the Woman of His Choice and Commits Suicide.

ATHENS, O., May 10 .- William Crawford shot and killed Jessie Lowery and himself at Jacksonville, this county. They were lovers and had left a dance in the village to take a walk. Crawford fired three shots into the body of the girl and then shot a hole through his own head. They were both dead when found a few moments afterward. The young man had been despondent for several days. He wanted to marry the girl, but was out of employment.

## Gave Up the Leadership.

NEW YORK, May 12.-Richard Croker . official connection with Tammany ball ceased Thursday when he handed in his resignation as chairman of the city, and Mayor T. C. Kruegeir, of finance committee. The resignation Michigan City. The attorneys for the was accepted. No one has yet been defense made the motion to quash the appointed leader in his place, nor will indict.cont. Attorneys Weir and Rich- there be until after the next campaign. John McQuade will succeed Mr. Croker as chairman of the finance committee. The position will be merely honorary

> to it in the past. Little Girl Commits Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7 .- Emma Mark, 9 years of age, committed suicide by jumping into the Delaware river. She spent a penny from money given her to make a purchase. Her mother upbraided her, and the father added: "I never thought I would raise a thief." The child then deliberately walked nine blocks to the river and drowned herself.

## Liberty Bells for Schools.

WASHINGTON, May 10. - Senator Gor don has introduced in the senate a joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war and secretary of the navy to donate to W. O. McDowell, of the Columbian Liberty Bell committee, cannon, muskets, swords, etc., not required by navy or army uses, to be cast into souvenir liberty bells for the use of schools.

## Shot by His Brother's Slayer.

MONTGOMERY, W. Va., May 10 .-Sheriff Burnett, of Campbell county, Tenn., was shot and fatally wounded near here Tuesday night. He had come to West Virginia to make the arrest of a member of the Smith gung who a year ago killed John Burnett, his brother, then the sheriff.

### Death of a Member of Congress.

WASHINGTON, May 12. - Robert F. Brattan, the democratic representative in congress from the First Maryland district, died at his home in Princess Anne after a lingering illness. He was 49 years of age.

Talmage's Silver Jubilee.

NEW YORK, May 12 -- More than 5,000 people crowded into the Brooklyn tabernacle Thursday night for the first part of the civic celebration in honor of feared that E. W. Hall, of Mattoon, was the silver jubilee of its pastor, Rev. Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage.

the prison yard. The street cars will not run for a week. Washouts are reported on all the railroads and no trains are running into the city. Recognized His Father's Assassins. JACKSON, Miss., May 9. - Ernest

Spiver and Eugene Reed, arrested at Fort Worth, Tex., are charged with assassinating William Hanpa (colored) in Cheetaw county, April 18 last. Han-

dermined and went toppling down the hillside a distance of 50 feet. One hundred feet of the Third street fill, 50 feet deep, went down into the ravine, carrying the sidewalk, two-

in the building, was carried down the walls of the Sawyer house was

pitcously for mercy. Fred would prob-

ably have been hanged with the others,

but instead of taking him to the jail he

was kept under guard in the hotel.

The people of the county are aroused

at the disposition juries have shown to

turn criminals loose, and say they in-

tend justice shall be done in some man-

ner if not by the proper course of law.

A DELUGE.

Houses Washed Away and Other Damage

at Stillwater, Minn.

heaviest storm of rain and hail that

was ever known in this vicinity raged

for an hour Wednesday afternoon. A

STILLWATER, Minn., May 11 .- The

street, just completed, was washed into

of twenty-eight men.

burned to death.

building on Third street, next the gasworks, used as a notion store, was un-

fell into the street and floated down inthe current. A man named Lilligren, a blacksmith, who happened to be

the street. After going two blocks the structure went to pieces, releasing him, but he was swept on by the current and was not rescued until he had floated almost to Lake St. Croix. He is not expected to recover. One of

at the head. washed out. A big section of Second

horribly with a garden hoe. He was found dead and horribly mutilated. Monday the three were arraigned in court, where Fred pleaded guilty as charged, but his father and Lewis pleaded not guilty, waived trial and H. were placed in the county jail. Late Monday night a mob of several hundred men took the father and son

ter argued the legal points but his honoy overruled their motion.

Prossentor Randall dismissed the case and will not carry the power attached by agreement. Randall made a writ-

