

FARMERS NOTICE

WE HAVE A SPECIAL RATE FOR INSURANCE ON FARM CARS OF INTEREST TO YOU.

Stock Company
No Assessments
No Membership Fee
Prompt Adjustment of Losses or Claims

LET US SHOW YOU THE DIFFERENCE

INSURANCE AND BONDS
DUXBURY & DAVIS
PHONE 16
PLATTSMOUTH

PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED

Selma, Calif.—Two trainmen were killed and four other persons were injured, one critically, when the Southern Pacific passenger train, the Owl, crashed into an automobile here. The locomotive overturned and seven cars left the rails. Engineer J. P. Mills of Bakersfield was scalded to death and Fireman R. E. Brown of Fresno was crushed.

Dist. Atty. Dan Conway of Fresno said he would file charges of manslaughter, negligent homicide and drunken driving against F. K. Ritchie, 43, of Porterville, driver of the car, who was arrested by Selma police.

Rooms or Apartments can be rented through our Want Ad department. Cost is small.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE U. S.

By OLIVE GASS

In taking up this subject, it will be advisable to go back to beginnings and see how our country was governed during the formative period of its history, and to observe the causes that were instrumental in bringing bitterly opposed factions into such harmony that a "union" was possible. It is, indeed, an interesting story. The greatest diversity existed in the "Thirteen Colonies," not only in origin, but also in the character of the people.

They were most of them descendants of a sturdy race. They were opinionated, independent in thought and action, hence there was continual friction brought about by various causes.

But frequent wars with the Indians and the oppression of Great Britain, were two strong factors that finally were instrumental in softening their animosities and welding the colonists into a "union."

A commentator wrote, "Colonial union was not accomplished by any one act. It developed under the pressure of circumstances, as a sentiment in the minds of the people before it existed as a fact in their history."

We shall pass over the intervening years during which the American Revolution proved successful, and the "Declaration of Independence" was made and maintained, and take a glance at the panorama passing before us during the time from 1781 to 1787 inclusive.

What doubts, what hopes, what fears filled the minds of these able statesmen as they realized that it was not a theory, but a condition they must meet. And we know how nobly and satisfactorily they met it; for out of it all was evolved the Articles of Confederation, and later, the Constitution of the United States.

The Articles of Confederation represent the work of the Continental Congress and were not accepted by all of the colonies until 1781.

We shall observe some of the defects. There was but one branch of government, and that was a congress which consisted of but one house.

The greatest defect was that congress did not have enough power. They could declare war but had no power to raise an army. They could borrow money but could not pay a

Autos Stopped From Entering Anderson



Riots between union and non-union automobile workers were stopped short at Anderson, Indiana, Saturday by the National Guards, but not before at least a dozen were injured. State police are shown stopping autos at Alexandria, Ind., 12 miles north of Anderson, in order to keep invading union sympathizers forces from entering Anderson. Martial law still prevails in Anderson.

dollar. They could coin money but could not buy an ounce of bullion.

A good story is told in connection with the coining of the first silver dollars, which occurred about this time.

Some one proposed to place an eagle on the reverse side of the coin. But so bitter were the colonists against kings, that one congressman opposed it on the ground that eagle which is "king of birds," should not be the emblem of a nation that had repudiated kings!

Another congressman then facetiously proposed the goose, as it was a very humble bird, and suggested furthermore, that goslings be placed on dimes and other small coins.

To return to our subject, the Articles of Confederation contained so many serious defects, that a convention was called to correct the errors. But it was soon discovered that it would be useless to attempt to amend the Articles of Confederation, and a new plan of government was formed.

The result of this labor, which lasted four months was "The Constitution of the United States." In our Constitution we have many changes that are an improvement; as for instance, the government is divided into three departments, called legislative, executive and judicial. There are now two houses of congress and greater power is given to congress.

Nor was this result arrived at without friction; on the contrary the convention was the scene of many heated debates for then, as now, there were "many men of many minds."

In order that the debates should be unembarrassed, the convention sat with closed doors. It was a secret session with no one appointed to take notes for publication, and had it not been for James Madison, a member of the convention, we would have a very meager account of the interesting discussions that preceded the adoption of each article.

But James Madison took notes which he wrote out fully each evening and these notes are reliable sources of information. They have since been published under the name of "The Madison Papers," and the original manuscript is preserved in the library of the State department at Washington, D. C.

By reading these papers, one realizes how much opposition there was to some of the articles. So it was no surprise that when the Constitution was presented to each state separately, that the states were slow in ratifying it. Each state was very jealous of its individual rights and the Constitution was scanned by watchful eyes before it was adopted.

The Constitution could not go into effect until 9 of the 13 states adopted it.

So strong was the opposition that it was nearly a year before the necessary 9th state adopted it. Rhode Island was the last of the 13 to accept it. The manuscript of the original copy is preserved in the Congressional Library at Washington, D. C.

The United States is a Christian nation, and as such we have always asked for Divine guidance in all of these momentous crises in our history. We believe in an over-ruling Providence and that in all things ultimately, "right will prevail."

Washington and Lincoln, whose birthdays we celebrate this month, had that faith. Without it, Lincoln especially, could hardly have hoped to preserve our union with so many bitter forces arrayed against him. May we continue to remain a

Christian nation not only in name but in fact.

"When as a nation, we uncouple from God, we are doomed."

REPORT OF SHOES ISSUED

Outgrown Overshoes	1
New Shoes	1
New Overshoes	3
Shoes Repaired for Owner	1
Previously Issued	93
TOTAL TO DATE	99

Cost of repairing outgrown shoes and purchase price of new shoes and overshoes is paid out of Community Building club funds. Your continued membership in the club makes this possible.

There is still much demand for outgrown and serviceable used shoes that can be repaired without too much expense. Repairs limited to soles and heels. Shoes with badly worn uppers not wanted.

Just now, with heavy snow, there is great demand for outgrown overshoes, and every pair contributed saves buying new ones and helps conserve available funds so just that many more worthy school children can be given footwear.

If you have shoes or overshoes that are no longer needed, send them to school with the child who has outgrown same, or leave at Wescott's Store or Conis shoe parlor.

Requests for shoes and overshoes are investigated and acted upon promptly. Shoes will not be issued to other than school children, but adult sizes that are sent in will be turned over to local relief agencies for distribution.

A report like the above showing number issued next week will be published in next Saturday's Journal.

SOLDIERS AID RELIEF

Members of the Seventeenth infantry, detailed on duty in the flood threatened areas of Arkansas, are doing a great part in the relief of those who have abandoned or been evacuated from their homes in the territory along the rivers.

The members of Companies A, B, and C which have been on duty now for the past three weeks in the flood areas, have established field kitchens at which the refugees are being fed and as well establishing tent sites where the people can find shelter from the elements.

There are eight of these kitchens in each company, each one being capable of feeding 2,000 persons at a meal, making a real task for the doughboys three times a day in serving the unfortunates as well as caring for themselves.

It is expected that the troops will have several weeks more of service in the flood areas before they are returned to the post at Fort Crook.

There are some 700 of the 17th infantry stationed in the various points along the Arkansas flood front.

Brink Hatchery Makes Plans for Opening Day

Professor Fairchild to Speak During the Afternoon—Incubators to Be on Exhibit.

Plans are being made at the Brink Hatchery in Plattsmouth for the opening public exhibition to be held Friday afternoon, February 19. Three thousand three hundred eggs were added Saturday to the six thousand eggs which have been put in during the past two weeks. The first hatching will be starting for opening day.

Professor Fairchild, former of Purdue University, now with the Allied Milling company, will speak on the care and feeding of baby chicks. He will also discuss hog and cattle feeding with emphasis upon the young stock. Other speakers are also expected to appear on the program which opens at 1 o'clock.

Eggs are being added at the hatchery as rapidly as they can be secured. It is hoped that the capacity, 28,000 eggs, will soon be reached. W. N. Brink and his son, Will Brink, Jr., have been engaged in the hatchery business for several years at their home but have opened a new place of business on Main street recently with the addition of a new all-electric incubator.

CITES SAVINGS TO FARMERS

Omaha.—Frank G. Arnold, Fullerton, president of the Nebraska federation of county taxpayers leagues. In an address before the legislative committee of the Nebraska Farmers Union, said "in the past five years the federation has saved the farmers, directly and indirectly, fully as much as the total of all the AAA and soil conservation payments by the federal government." Arnold said "Many organizations and many public officials have contributed tremendously in this work, but it is generally agreed the federation has been, at all times, the hub of the wheel—my plea to the taxpayers is to present a solid front for the federation's program of honest, constructive economy."

Plattsmouth offers a splendid market for farm produce. Local dealers always pay top prices.

Shot During Anderson Riots



John Rose, allegedly an organizer from Flint, Mich., is shown in an Anderson, Indiana, hospital, after he was critically wounded there Saturday during riots between union and non-union automobile workers, resulting in the placing of that city under martial law.

Black & White

Wednesday Specials

- Imported Oil Sardines, fancy... 10c
- Domestic Oil Sardines... 6 for 25c
- B & M Fish Flakes, 7 1/2-oz. tin... 12 1/2c
- Armour's Milk, tall tins, each... 7 1/2c



Shurfine Preserves

Pure Fruit and Sugar

- Strawberry, 1-lb. jar... 25c
- 2-lb. jar... 49c
- Raspberry, 2-lb. jar... 45c

Jelly
All flavors, 8-oz. glass... 15c
All flavors, 11-oz. glass... 23c

Santa Clara
Prunes
2 lbs. ... 25c

Fancy
Apricots
Per lb. ... 23c

Lakeside Whole Grain
Corn
No. 2 Can... 2 for 29c

English Walnuts
Per lb. ... 19c

Raisins
2 lbs. ... 17c

Red Beans
Full No. 2 Can... 10c

Sweet Corn
No. 2 Can... 2 for 25c

Crackers
Soda, 2-lb. Caddy... 17c

Fancy Pink
Salmon
1-lb. Tin... 2 for 22c



Royal Prince Tomato Juice

The Finest Tomato Juice Packed

Large 12 1/2-oz. Tins

3 for 23c

MEAT DEPARTMENT

Baby Beef
Round Steak 25c
Sirloin Steak
T-Bone Steak

Cudahy Chili Bars, special... 22c

Fresh Pork Liver 12 1/2c
Fresh Pork Hocks
Fresh Calf Hearts

LENTEN SPECIALS

Smoked Kippered Salmon
Fresh Frozen Fish

SALT LAKE HERRING

Milkers, keg. 95c Mixed, keg. 83c

WITH THE INJURED

Fay McClintock, who was injured Thursday morning in the auto wreck south of this city, is reported as doing very well at the hospital in Omaha where he was taken immediately after the wreck.

It was found that he had a serious fracture of the right hip and a severe scalp wound as well as smaller cuts and bruises.

The injured man was placed in a cast and his other injuries dressed and cared for, but it will be a long period of time before he will be able to be out.

Michael Hausladen, local farmer, is at his home south of this city and is feeling the effects of the bruises and minor cuts and also was found to have a rib on the right side fractured and which has proven very painful.

The Nebraska City men, Oscar Weber and Ernst Zahn, were taken back home by friends and placed in the St. Mary's hospital. Their injuries are not thought dangerous, altho the thumb on the left hand of Mr. Zahn may have to be amputated, the thumb being very badly crushed

and the bone forced through the flesh.

URGES ABOLITION OF PROPERTY TAX

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 10.—Edward E. Jones, Wymore, wrote to the Nebraska legislature Wednesday urging abolition of all real and personal property taxes.

He urged submission of the question to the people at the November, 1938 election, and suggested substitution of sales and income taxes for property taxes.

SHOWS SOME IMPROVEMENT

Mrs. Roy Belas, who is at an Omaha hospital undergoing treatment, is reported as being somewhat improved altho her condition is still quite grave. She was given another blood transfusion Wednesday, the fifth that she has been given and it is hoped that this will be sufficient. One lung has cleared up in good shape but she is still under an oxygen tent.

Phone news items to No. 6.



RASP



Nothing better for that rasp or cough than the famous, soothing Smith Brothers Cough Drops. (Black or Menthol—5¢.)
Smith Bros. Cough Drops are the only drops containing VITAMIN A
This is the vitamin that raises the resistance of the mucous membranes of the nose and throat to cold and cough infections.

Blue Diamond or Glenn Valley
Catsup
Large 14-oz. Bottle 10c

HINKY DINKY
Plattsmouth, Tues., Wed., Febr. 16-17

Van Camp's Pure
Tomato Juice
10 oz. Can, 5c
23 oz. Can, 10c
50-oz. Can, 21c

Peninsula or Pine Cone
TOMATOES
No. 2 Cans... 3 for 25c

NECK BONES, lean, meaty, lb. 5c
BEEF BRAINS, fancy, selected, set. 5c
BOILING BEEF, choice, lean Rib, lb. 10c
HAMBURGER, freshly ground Beef Cuts, 2 lbs. 25c
BEEF STEAK, choice, tender, lb. 15c
SALMON Sable or Fillets, Selected, 2 lbs. 25c (Sliced, lb., 15c)
OYSTERS, fresh shipment, solid pack, pint. 22c

BUTTER
Hinky-Dinky, lb. 35c
CASCO Solids, lb. 36c
Cut Macaroni or Spaghetti 2 lbs. 19c
Gem Pancake FLOUR 4-lb. Bag 19c

Extra large size Grapefruit. 6 for 25c
Sweet Juley Texas, Marsh Seedless
ORANGES, 176 size, doz., 35c; 216 size, doz. 29c
SWEET JULEY TEXAS
APPLES, Idaho Winesaps, bu., \$1.85. Lb. 5c
Idaho Rome Beauty Apples, fcy, large size. . . 4 lbs., 25c
Washington Jonathans, fancy, red, snappy . . 3 lbs., 25c
POTATOES, 100-lb. bag, \$2.39. 15-lb. peck, 39c
TOMATOES, fresh, firm, red ripe Florida, lb. 12c
CARROTS, Calif. green tops, lge. bunches. . . 2 for 9c
CELERY, tender Calif., extra lge., well bleached. . . 10c
CABBAGE, fancy New Crop Texas, lb. 3c
CRAPEFRUIT, med. size, doz., 35c; each. 3c

Sunlight **Margarine** 2 1-lb. Cartons. 33c
Bulk Hollowii **DATES** 2 lbs. 19c
Lewis Lye 3 Cans 25c

QUAKER OATS
Quick or Regular
20-oz. Pkg. 9c 48-oz. Pkg. 18c
BLUE BAY SARDINES
In Natural Oil
1-lb. Tall Cans. 2 for 15c