

Regional Red Cross Meeting at Omaha Soon

Sessions Will Be Held on Friday, November 1st at the Blackstone Hotel.

The regional conference of the American Red Cross will be held on Friday, November 1st at the Blackstone hotel at Omaha, giving promise of being one of the largest gatherings of its kind held in the state in several years. The program will be very interesting as is shown:

- Dr. A. C. Stokes, chairman, Omaha chapter, presiding.
- 9:30 Registration.
- 10:00 The nineteenth roll call. Mr. J. M. Power, assistant to the manager, Midwestern Branch, A. R. C., St. Louis, Missouri. Discussion by chapter delegates.
- 12:00 Adjournment.
- 12:15 Luncheon. Invocation, Rev. Frederick W. Clayton, Omaha, Nebraska; Address of Welcome, Hon. Roy N. Towel, mayor of Omaha; Address, Mr. Albert Evans, director, disaster relief, Midwestern Branch, A. R. C., St. Louis, Missouri.
- 1:45 Adjournment.
- 2:00 Home and Farm Accident Prevention program and First Aid on the Highway, Mr. Power.
- The National convention at Chicago, May 11, 12, 13 and 14, 1935.
- 2:45 Showing of film, "The Greatest Mother."
- 3:00 Address, Dr. William DeKleine, National Medical Adviser, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C.
- 3:30 Adjournment.

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ASKS STATE LIBRARY SETUP

Omaha.—Mrs. R. L. Cochran, wife of Nebraska's governor, urged Thursday that Nebraska, "which has pioneered so many things," take the lead in the development of a state library system that would be an example to all other states.

In an address before a rural section of the Second district teachers meeting, Mrs. Cochran promised she would do everything in her power, within the coming year, to help bring about the organization of a state system. Her particular interest, she said is in seeing library facilities made available to the rural schools and communities.

"The people of Nebraska, and the legislature in particular, are more concerned over the institutions of higher learning than in the rural schools, which train the majority of our boys and girls. Over 64 percent of the assessed property is rural, and there are more than twice as many people in rural as in urban districts.

"There is only one way to have a statewide library system, and that is to have it supported by taxes," she said. "If we can develop a library system second only to our school system, then we can have books to meet the needs of both school children and adults. It can be developed if you teachers and the mothers and fathers of Nebraska are interested enough."

BRITISH FLIER RETURNS

Croydon, England.—Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith, British flier who abandoned his England-to-Australia flight because of bad weather, returned to the airport here, arriving from Marseille. He said the plane had been damaged by formation of ice on the wings.

Governor will Insist on His 'Must' Bills

Opposes Any Source of Relief Taxation Except Those in Call—Session Opens Monday.

Governor Cochran is as much attached to the gas tax and against a sales tax for raising funds for old age and assistance as he was before Attorney General Wright gave an opinion holding that the special legislative session is not confined to any particular source of such revenue, but may adopt any method they desire.

"We expect to confine the sources of taxation for that purpose to those designated in the call, and the administration will be just as much opposed to a sales tax as before," said the governor.

"If industry and labor can agree on an unemployment insurance bill, as reported, I will favor it, but such an agreement is not conclusive that such a bill ought to be passed," said Governor Cochran. "It would have to be given careful consideration by the legislature." The governor has been informed that the federal law appears to make such a law applicable to every employer who hires one or more persons.

The governor has not read William Ritchie's letter, advising him to discharge all employes or officers of the banking department in any way implicated in the recent investigation authorized by the legislature.

"I look to Director Saunders of the banking department as the responsible head of the department," said the governor. "I certainly would not take any action without consulting him."

Resignations of Senators McMahon and Jelen of Omaha, democrats, have been received by the governor. Representative Wachtler of Omaha has also resigned. All three hold federal jobs and give that as a reason for resigning. McMahon was one who was alleged to have determined not to resign on that account, and some counted on him to put the matter of his holding a seat up to the senate as judge of his own membership. McMahon was labor leader in the senate.

Representative John Adams, Negro, of Omaha has also resigned his seat but desires to change his mind. This has been settled by the county committee appointing him to fill the vacancy he created when he resigned.

State Tax Commissioner Smith announced he and Assistant Attorney General Vail are drafting suggested amendments to the 1935 automobile tax laws. Smith said F. J. Armbrust, chief deputy in the Douglas county treasurer's office and F. H. Hanson, auto registration chief in Douglas county, conferred with him and Vail.

The Omahans urged clarification of the law requiring motor vehicle owners to pay personal taxes on their machines at the same time they buy license plates. They estimated it might increase Douglas county registrations 25 to 30 percent. Governor Cochran included alteration of the acts in his special session call.

GAIN FOR INDUSTRY SEEN

New York.—The government was assailed and the cotton industry described as "in for a better time" in addresses by nationally-known industrialists before the cotton textile institute.

The attacks on the administration were made by Lew Hahn, former president of the National Retail Dry Goods association, and Thomas I. Parkinson, president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States.

Parkinson termed "a false idea of government" that it "could do something for the people they could not do themselves economically."

The expression of optimism was delivered by Goldthwaite Dorr, president of the institute. "With the general revival of confidence and business activity which we begin to see signs all around, this industry is in for a better time," he said.

Hahn told the 200 leaders in the cotton textile industry that "we must recognize business is not public enemy No. 1."

HOPSON PROFITS DESCRIBED

Albany, N. Y.—High profits allegedly reaped by H. C. Hopson, dominant figure in the Associated Gas & Electric system, were described at a legislative utilities committee hearing by Stuart Ross, an investigator for the committee. Ross testified Hopson earned \$2,805,000 during a five year period thru the operation of privately-owned subsidiary companies.

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FARM WAGES INCREASING

Washington.—Farm wages in Nebraska have risen to the highest October point since 1932 altho the supply of farm labor still far outruns a below normal demand. The federal bureau of agricultural economics reports the average farm wage in Nebraska as of Oct. 1, was \$23 a month with board and \$32.25 without board compared with \$18.75 and \$26.50 last year, \$18.25 and \$27.25 in 1933 and \$20 and \$29.75 in 1932.

Wages in Nebraska by the day were reported as \$1.30 with board and \$1.80 without board, compared with rates of from \$1 to \$1.05 with board and \$1.40 to \$1.45 without board in each of the three preceding years. The bureau said the supply of farm help was 102 percent of normal while the demand was only 72 percent, making supply 142 percent of demand.

ASKS BUSINESS LEADERSHIP

Omaha.—Congressman Steagall of Alabama, in an address Thursday before the chamber of commerce, called upon business men "who complain of too much government in business" to "reassert their courage and initiative and by giving us back their leadership, relieve the government of this unusual and undesirable responsibility."

"It is for the leaders of the business world, and not for members of congress or others responsible for the government in Washington, to determine when government in business will end. It rests with the leadership of industry and finance. It is within their hands," he told the Omaha businessmen. "So long as no other remedy can be found, the government out of necessity must protect the nation's welfare."

DECREASE IN BIRTHS

A slight decrease in the number of Nebraska births for the first six months of 1935 as compared with the same period a year ago was reported by State Health Director Bartolomew. Total births for the first six months this year was 11,233, of which 5,764 were boys and 5,519 were girls. The figures for the period a year ago were 11,969, of which 6,094 were boys and 5,875 were girls. The total deaths for the same periods were 7,004 in 1935 and 6,860 in 1934. There were 111 sets of twins born during the first six months of 1935 as compared with 115 sets in the first half of 1934. There were three triplet births in the first six months of 1934 and only two in this same period this year.

BEEES GASSED IN HOUSE

Laurel.—Mrs. Lulu Waite didn't mind the bees as long as they kept their distance. But when they started entering her home thru cracks under the eaves, she started thinking. She opened an attic door slightly and as the bees entered a lower room she used a gas to kill them. Hundreds of them died.

LOST ARTICLES

There were a number of articles lost during the King Korn Carnival which have been left at the Wescott clothing store to await their owners. These have not been claimed and anyone who lost articles during the carnival should call and look over those left at the store.

REJECTS IKES' REQUEST

Washington.—A ruling that local governments must pay for fire and police protection on low-cost housing projects or they will have none was handed down by J. R. McCarl, the comptroller general.

BUY HISTORIC RANCH

Bayard.—Historic Camp Clarke ranch between Bayard and Bridgeport has been leased by Blome brothers of Dalton and will be stocked with 800 head of high grade cattle.

President Seeks End to Relief by the Government

Radio Address Is Appeal to Private Industry and Organization to Aid in Relief.

President Roosevelt told the nation Thursday night that relief "furnished by funds received from taxation should decrease as rapidly as human needs will allow."

Appealing by radio to the nation to participate in the 1935 mobilization for human needs, Mr. Roosevelt, speaking from Washington, reported that private industry is "taking up the slack" in unemployment.

He asserted that the September employment gain of 350 thousand in private industries reporting to the department of labor was "the largest for any single month in the past year and a half."

But this pick-up, he declared, was all the more reason to give to charity.

Work Is Emphasized. In addition to decreasing government relief, the executive said it was of greater importance that private charity should take over the duty completely of providing means for those physically unable to work.

"But we do want to emphasize 'work,'" he said. "Neither private charity nor government relief wants to help people who can work but who won't work."

"There is only one legitimate excuse for unwillingness to work and that is bad health or advanced age."

"Good Neighbor" Aim.

Speaking from Detroit on the same program, Gerald Swope, chairman of the mobilization, suggested the "good neighbor" policy as the keynote for the drive to raise 75 million dollars for private relief agencies.

Swope declared "we may truthfully be said to be convalescing from the depression," but he warned that while "the barest necessities have been provided" for the needy, millions of individuals are today facing the more difficult, more intricate task of physical and spiritual rehabilitation.

Mr. Roosevelt said the September gain brought employment in the reporting industries to the level of November, 1930, and pay rolls back to the level of May, 1931.

"Taking Up Slack."

"Recently," he continued, "I expressed the hope that private industries would strain every nerve to increase their pay rolls, increase the number of those whom they employ, and thus take from the federal government and their local government a great share of the burden of relief."

"The figures which I have cited lead me to a great confidence that private industry is living up to my hopes. We seem to be taking up the slack."

Reminding the nation of the work relief program intended to take 3,500,000 off direct relief by providing them with jobs, Mr. Roosevelt said he expected during the "coming months" to see the "great majority" of the employables back at work.

"Best Foot Forward."

The president said he could "properly congratulate and thank" the people for their "splendid response" to the appeal in the years of "deep depression from which we are happily and rapidly emerging."

"Even those industries which were long backward in showing signs of recovery," he said, "are putting their best foot forward. The so-called heavy industries, for example, show encouraging signs of improvement. Employment in this so-called durable goods group is now 62 per cent higher than it was in the spring of 1933; their weekly pay rolls are 139 per cent greater; and this represents a net increase in employment of 1,185,000 men and women, and a rise of over 40 million dollars in weekly pay rolls."

DISCUSSES STATE MEDICINE

Minneapolis.—Dr. Morris Fishbein declared here it "would practically require a revolution in the United States" for the state to take over medicine. The editor of the American Medical Journal was discussing the pending federal relief survey of the health of 750,000 families.

"I am apprehensive," he declared, "that this survey will be used as propaganda on behalf of socialized medicine." He questioned the scientific accuracy of the survey to be made by persons taken from relief rolls.

Instead of socialized medicine, he suggested the "prepayment plan."

"The prepayment plan," he declared, "protects the public so far as quality of medical care is concerned by guaranteeing free choice of the best doctors and hospitals by the patient."

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- IGA Soap Flakes, large size pkg. . . . 19c
- Salad Dressing, Win-You, qt. jar . . . 25c
- Fig Bars or Ginger Snaps, 2 lbs. . . . 25c
- Crackers, Soda or Graham, 2-lb. . . . 19c
- Grape Nuts, pkg. . . . 17c
- Milk, tall tins, 3 for 19c
- IGA Cake Flour, light and fluffy . . . 25c

PEARS Home Grown 65c

We have 20 bushels that will sell at PER BU.

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- Sweet Cider, new pack, gal. jug . . . 50c
- Mince Meat, IGA new pack, each . . 10c
- Libby's fancy Red Salmon, 1-lb. tin . 23c
- Red Spring Salmon, 1-lb. tin 20c
- Pink Salmon, 1-lb. tall cans, 2 for . . 25c
- Oil Sardines, 1/4 size tins, 6 for . . . 25c

WINESAP APPLES FANCY Per Bushel, 90c

Potatoes, home grown, peck 19c

Sirloin Steak Swift's Select LB. 30c

- Fresh Pork Brains, 2 lbs. for 25c
- Fresh Hog Liver, 2 lbs. for 32c
- Meaty Neck Bones, 3 lbs. for 25c
- Pork Hocks, per lb. 15c
- Veal Hearts, lb. 12 1/2c
- Fancy Rib Boiling Beef, lb. 12 1/2c

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Southern State Beauty Queens



"Miss Alabama"—Senator Harrison—"Miss Mississippi" At an interstate beauty contest at Tupelo, Miss., Miss Tommie Peck of Muscle Shoals, left, was chosen "Miss Alabama", and Miss Rachel Smith, right, of Booneville, Miss., was crowned queen of her native state by Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi.