

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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The French government, however, didn't fall quite as far as the French reputation.

Learning to put your foot on the old footrail at the saloon again won't be such a hard job for most people here had their feet on a fence rail most of the time.

A nation has about hit bottom when its premier can't survive a threat to be honest.

Among the cheerful notes in business is the fact that the average purchaser of a jar of hard candies in 1929 has used it up and is in the market again.

The first thing you know we'll be haranguing the farmers to do something for city relief.

By putting on a little extra steam it is still possible to keep up with the Joneses backing up.

Amateurs, Miss Didrikson, are those who never take anything unless it is called a scholarship.

Some good method of ending government waste is known to every able politician who happens to be out of office.

The most successful way to wage a war against governmental extravagance would be to fire a lot of our political big guns.

Where old Uncle Sam got snarled up, was, he thought it was hands across the sea when what Europe meant was handouts.

All flesh is as grass, and all glory of man as the flower of grass. The grass withereth, and the flower thereof falleth away.—1 Peter 1:24.

It is a curious paradox that the dries are joining the wets while the wets, tired of waiting, are getting drier every minute.

The next congress will be our seventy-third. Maybe that doctor was right in saying everything past sixty should be chloroformed.

The Mormon's Bible says April 6 is Christmas. Well, that's the day Uncle Sam entered the World War and began playing Santa Claus.

Some of the dry congressmen say the revenue from beer will amount to "only \$125,000,000." When \$125,000,000 is referred to as "only" it is taxpayers' money and a congressman speaking.

EXAMPLE OF VALUE IN PARTY CONTROL

A few days ago the democratic program nullifying President Hoover's orders reorganizing the federal departments and giving Mr. Roosevelt dictatorial powers after March 4 might have recalled the amendment which the late Senator Brundage of Connecticut wittily proposed to the Overman act during the war. That act temporarily gave such powers to President Wilson. Brundage, who hated Wilson, ironically suggested as an addition, in order to make the dictatorship complete: "Any powers overlooked in this act are hereby conferred on the president."

But while still engaged in the process of blocking Mr. Hoover, the democrats have already begun to hedge on the powers which hardly a week ago, with a fine trumpet blast, they proposed to confer on Mr. Roosevelt. His orders are to be subject to congressional veto through a 60-day period under a provision similar to that now being invoked to block Mr. Hoover's orders. Further, the resolution prepared in the senate seems to have been carefully and adroitly drawn so as to avoid giving Mr. Roosevelt even contingent power to consolidate the war and navy departments, if he should favor that as a measure of economy.

The significance of the paring down of the authority which was to have been given Roosevelt is that congress is temperamentally averse, even in such an emergency as the present, to surrendering control over the administrative branches of the government in which so many supporters of representatives and senators have jobs. It is in this light that one must read the majority report of the house committee favoring nullification of Mr. Hoover's orders. When the time comes, more objections may be thought up, even in democratic minds, to Mr. Roosevelt's orders than can today be imagined. This is the chief reason why, as a starter susceptible of later modification, the immediate adoption of Mr. Hoover's orders is desirable.

If any further argument were necessary for the ratification of the "lame duck" amendment to the constitution, reducing the interval between election and inauguration, it would be furnished by the majority report of the house committee. Fairness compels the statement that neither the administration nor the majority appears at its best. The administration seems guilty of an almost sullen refusal to put its case forward in effective detail. The committee majority, in one of the worst written reports on records, is chiefly interested in finding reasons, good or bad, for taking a position which, in spite of all fine words and the supporting opinion of the Hoover administration's director of the budget, is fundamentally partisan.

In short, both the administration and the house democrats are guilty of a stubborn refusal to co-operate. It is evident, whatever may be Mr. Roosevelt's experience in the final test, that the only hope, however small, of ever achieving a thoroughgoing federal reorganization must rest on control of both the administration and congress by the same party. Other issues may be graver; but the issue of departmental reorganization emphasizes once more the importance, under our American system of government, of undivided party control and responsibility.—Springfield Republican.

SMALL CITY SHOWS WAY

Even municipalities are capitalizing their opportunities. Jamestown, N. Y., for example, it invites "worthy people of other cities, who have been forced to take large losses financially and who would like to start anew in some other town where their social activities might be launched on a different scale without the embarrassments incident to loss of wealth."

This is the same Jamestown which last winter maintained employment at nearly normal figures. Inquiring how and why, we learned that not more than 5 per cent of the city's 15 thousand workers were employed in any one of its 135 industries; that the 135 industries were home-conceived, home-financed, home-owned and home-managed; that industrial expansion had been primarily from within; that there had been no bank failures within one hundred years, and that when one Jamestown industry effected a saving in costs, it passed a generous part of it along to the next fabricator in line, to assure that the city's products might go into the world with the best possible competitive price.

The invitation, buttressed by such sound selling material, is receiving many responses, we are told.—Nation's Business.

GUIDANCE FROM MARYLAND

It is, therefore, easy to see that, with the shrinkage in property values and the increase in taxes since the World War, real estate has now come to bear an undue burden of taxation.—Governor Ritchie of Maryland in his message to the state general assembly.

The situation in Maryland, as revealed by Governor Ritchie, is interesting in its relation to problems now demanding attention in other states. The Maryland governor reports a balancing of the state budgets for the next two years "on the basis of current income and resources," with no increase of taxes or new revenue sources, together with a reduction in the state tax rate of about 12 per cent. State salary adjustments and certain economies and a diversion of certain funds, permitted by law, are factors in making that condition possible.

But beyond that is seen the need for tax relief of a pronounced kind for property owners. So there are recommendations regarding further adjustments in the relations of state and local funds which would reduce or eliminate county road levies and lower moderately county school taxes. As a means of still further relief, however, there is suggested for study the levying of commodity or sales taxes on tobacco, soft drinks and chewing gum. That would be designed as a means of distributing the tax burden, with farm land and real estate owners to receive the benefits. While a general sales tax is not recommended, the extension of this principle to include other commodities is urged.

The excellent record of twelve years of state administration by Governor Ritchie is behind these proposals. The legislature has shown a disposition to consider them favorably and to proceed with its task. The promised outcome may be a valuable example to many other states.

The bombing of a Spanish bull ring was listed as the work of extremists. This classification must be about right. This Spanish institution, which survived the revolution, would never be attacked by anyone except the rarest of extremists in that country.

With the twentieth century one-third gone, we pause a moment to wonder where so many of the prominent men in the newsreels still get those collars.

NOTICE

Whereas, Glenn Sharp, convicted in Cass county, on the 1st day of February, 1932, of the crime of Larceny as Bailed, has made application to the Board of Pardons for a pardon, and the Board of Pardons, pursuant to law have set the hour of 10 a. m. on the 14th day of February, 1933, for hearing on said application, all persons interested are hereby notified that they may appear at the State Penitentiary, at Lincoln, Nebraska, on said day and hour and show cause, if any there be, why said application should, or should not be granted.

HARRY R. SWANSON, Secretary, Board of Pardons N. T. HARMON, Chief State Probation Officer

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order issued by the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska, in favor of the State of Nebraska, and against John Doe (real name unknown) and to me directed I will at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 21st day of January, 1933, at the south front door of the county court house at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction for cash one Chevrolet Coupe, Model 1929, Motor No. 1348005, taken as the property of John Doe (real name unknown) on said order.

Dated this 9th day of January, A. D. 1933. H. SYLVESTER, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska, Fee Book 3, Page No. 338.

In the matter of the estate of John M. Kirker, deceased, Notice of Administration.

All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that a petition has been filed in said Court alleging that said deceased died leaving no last will and testament and praying for administration upon his estate and for such other and further orders and proceedings in the premises as may be required by the statutes in such cases made and provided to the end that said estate and all things pertaining thereto may be finally settled and determined, and that a hearing will be had on said petition before said Court on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1933, and that if they fail to appear at said Court on said 10th day of February, 1933, at ten o'clock a. m. to contest the said petition, the Court may grant the same and grant administration of said estate to Elmer Kirker or some other suitable person and proceed to a settlement thereof.

Dated this 10th day of January, A. D. 1933. A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

Lumber Sawing Commercial sawing from your own logs—lumber cut to your specifications. We have ready cut dimension lumber and sheathing for sale at low prices. NEBRASKA BASKET FACTORY

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. In the County Court, Fee Book 9, at page 333.

In the matter of the estate of Henry C. L. Ofe, deceased, You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1933 and on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day to examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 27th day of January, A. D. 1933, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 27th day of January, 1933.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 30th day of December, 1932. A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

In the County Court, Fee Book 9, at page 334.

In the matter of the estate of Wash Landis, deceased, To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 3rd day of February, 1933, and on the 5th day of May, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day to examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1933, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 3rd day of February, 1933.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 6th day of January, 1933. A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska, State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

Fee Book 9, at page 339. To the heirs at law and to all persons interested in the estate of Sarah E. Young, deceased:

On reading the petition of Mabel L. Cook praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 10th day of January, 1933, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Sarah E. Young, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate and the administration of said estate be granted to Mabel L. Cook, as Executrix;

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this Order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand, and the seal of said court, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1933. A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING

on Petition for Final Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska,

In the matter of the Guardianship of John Warga, Incompetent, Guardianship Docket 1, page 170.

To all persons interested in the matter of the Guardianship of John Warga, Incompetent: You are hereby notified, that James E. Warga, guardian of the above named incompetent person, has filed in the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska, his final report as guardian of said incompetent, together with his petition for the final approval and allowance of his accounts since his appointment and for his discharge as guardian and for an order of court accepting his resignation herein filed.

You are further notified that the said petition prays for the appointment of a suitable person to replace the said James E. Warga as guardian of the said John Warga, incompetent.

You are further notified that a hearing will be had in said matter on the final report, together with all other matters pertaining to said guardianship, and upon said petition herein filed as aforesaid, on the 27th day of January, 1933, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. in the County Court room in the court house at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, at which time and place you or any of you may appear at said hearing and make objections to said accounts and petition, if any you have.

You are further notified that said County Court will on said day of hearing make such orders as may be for the best interest of said incompetent person.

By the Court, A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge, Cass County, Nebraska.

CASS COUNTY Treasurer's Semi-annual Statement

From July 1, 1932, to December 31, 1932, Inclusive

Table with columns: Balance on July 1, 1932, Transferred from other Funds, Receipts, Transferred to Co. Gen. Fund, Transferred to other Funds, Disbursements, FEES, Balance Dec. 31st, 1932. Rows include State General Fund, State Capitol Fund, State Redemption Fund, etc.

Summary of All Collections and Disbursements

Table with columns: Disbursements, Receipts. Rows include Taxes Collected for Year 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, Taxes Paid Under Protest, Motor Vehicle Licenses, etc.

Outstanding Warrants

Outstanding Registered Warrants—NONE

Certificate of Treasurer

I, John E. Turner, Treasurer of Cass county, Nebraska, hereby certify that the above statement shows the amounts collected and disbursed in the various funds from July 1, 1932, to December 31, 1932, inclusive, and the balance on hand at the close of business December 31, 1932, and furthermore that the foregoing is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN E. TURNER, County Treasurer.