

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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If the Indians want the country back, now is a good time to let their wants be made vocal.

As a general rule, the average man becomes a pest as soon as he finds out he can make a speech.

The principal trouble in the business world right now is too many receivers and not enough receipts.

"What shall we invent next?" asks The Literary Digest. If you do not receive a better suggestion, how about a self-balancing budget?

It's a happy marriage if ten years later the one who loved and won doesn't envy the lucky boob who loved and lost.

Governor Roosevelt has blossomed out with a spokesman, who has one of the usual shortcomings of spokesmen—talking too much.

Law and order, says a reformer, is the need of the day. Personally, we could get along with fewer laws if we could get a few more orders.

Another tax that won't be so popular with folks is the one on boats, and this just before a lot of candidates are due to go up "Salt River."

The average American, it is estimated, works sixty-one days in each year for the tax collector. The other 304 days he works for the installment collector.

A teacher says the matter of breathing is of little importance to the crooning type of vocalist. Others, more radical, are for dispensing with this entirely.

Due to the great number of counterfeit coins circulating in Siam today, the large banks keep staffs of trained monkeys to test, by biting, all their metallic money.

As further evidence of how the tide is setting in against prohibition, it is reported that fifty new verses of the Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam have been discovered in Persia.

Soviet Russia, where stern treatment is accorded the slippish workman, is giving baseball a trial, and we expect to hear any time that 800 short-stops a week are being executed.

Chicago expects 50 million visitors to the world's fair. Perhaps that would be a good time to start a war on the hoodlums, probably at that time having them slightly outnumbered.

"Are women clubbable?" is a question raised by a writer. Cavemen are believed to have found them so.

Congress appropriates millions from an empty treasury and then denounces the bears for selling stock they do not own.

Even if beer should come back, where can we find any of those husky boys who used to drive the big horses and toss the big kees?

With both political conventions in Chicago this year, Al Capone missed out on a lot of business because he didn't pay his income tax.

One difference between the girls of early days and those of today, is that they used to kiss and make up, and now they make up and kiss.

A man in a Boston court spoke a language none of thirty interpreters could understand. We'll bet it was Negro dialect as written by Yankee authors.

Occasionally the very same man who whooped it up for Ritchie at the party last night comes out flatly and firmly next morning for F. Scott McBride.

Much to their credit, all of the Seabury investigation reporters manfully resisted the temptation to say that Jimmie was wisecracking under the strain.

Governor Murray announces that he has no hope of getting the Democratic nomination. This makes the Governor practically unique among Democrats.

Apparently those Navy officials who have ruled that ensigns can't marry until two years after they've graduated discount the value of practical fighting experience.

Someone has noticed that all the football stars who a few years ago would have become bond salesmen are now going in for crooning in jazz orchestras. It just seems that no matter how the economic situation changes around, the ex-football stars have to croon to somebody.

Senator Reed of Pennsylvania assailed Senator Huey Long of Louisiana the other day because Long has been absent from the senate and looking after state affairs down at home. Huey, it seems, simply cannot give satisfaction. When he is in the senate he is regarded as a pest by most of his fellow centers. When he is absent he is accused of neglecting his duties. It is enough to discourage a man.

"Boston Braves' Victory Costly—Art Shires Carried From Field as Team Wins." And we can remember when big league baseball would have been considered in very low estate any time anything that happened to Mr. Shires was considered costly.

The Toledo Blade has noticed that whether your vocabulary is 500 words, or 5,000, the word you want when you want it has a way of escaping. There is a word which expresses this condition exactly, but it seems to have escaped us, for a moment.

A Hollywood movie producer who has announced he will make a picture with a complete cast of Eskimos, may believe that is what he will do, but we are willing to bet 2 to 1 that in the finished production at least one of the characters will say "Dahling" and "bean."

The Veterans of Foreign Wars have demanded an apology from Senator James Hamilton Lewis. This item probably is interesting chiefly to Sinclair Lewis, who will be glad to learn that there is another Lewis to receive some of the demands for apologies which he usually receives.

Governor Roosevelt announces that his name is pronounced "Rose-velt." We hadn't thought much about it before, but it does seem important right now. How long it will remain important, of course, depends upon several other fellow Democrats whose pronunciation is less in doubt.

Ruth Bryan Owen, having been defeated for nomination, announces her determination to resign her seat in the national house rather than serve out the term as a lame duck. Babe Ruth, who is slowly but surely losing a battle against Father Time, refuses to cling to a New York pension, but will leave the Yankees at the end of this season and become a magnate on his own account. Our modern Ruths are frequently good sports, after all.

\$48,000,000 INSULT TO WAR VETERANS

The vote in the senate defeating the proposal to save 48 million dollars by eliminating abuses in the veterans' bureau is a gratuitous insult to the more than four million men who served in the army of the United States in the world war.

It should be understood that this 48 million dollars was to have been saved by the elimination of manifest graft secured at the expense of the decent, patriotic ex-service men by unscrupulous individuals who had worn the uniform.

To defeat a proposal of that character is to assume that the men who made up the American army during the world war not only condone, but approve, graft at the government's expense when indulged in by former soldiers. That is an unwarranted aspersion on the patriotism and good citizenship of the red-blooded Americans who wore the uniform of the United States, and brought victory to the allies' cause.

Not only is the assumption that ex-service men as a whole approve selfish exploitation of service in the army untrue, but the action of the majority of the senate in defeating the proposal under discussion is eloquent of the cowardice that reigns in the ranks of both political parties.

Honest ex-service men everywhere, both republicans and democrats, are opposed to granting retired pay to former emergency officers on the mere presumption of injury in the line of duty. The injury must be actual, as in the case of regular army officers. Honest ex-service men do not want veterans to enjoy retired pay at the expense of the government while earning salaries in their civilian capacity ample to provide for their needs. Honest and patriotic ex-service men are perfectly willing to have curtailed the privileges of veterans not incapacitated in line of duty.

To assume otherwise is to assume that the men who made up the great army that won the world war are not good citizens. The exact reverse is the truth. They constitute the backbone of our citizenship. The small percentage of their number who seek to exploit their service at the expense of the rest of the country represent but a negligible fraction of the millions who answered the call to arms in '17 and '18.

If the senate is too cowardly to vote out abuses in the veterans' bureau, what hope is there for any satisfactory program of economy that will balance the federal budget?—Chicago News.

NO SINCERE EFFORT FOR RETRENCHMENT

On the question of economy in Washington, the plain truth is that the whole outfit is determined to get from under. That goes for the Hoover administration and it goes for both parties in congress. They can impose new taxes, and imposed them with a vengeance. But when the equally necessary duty of retrenchment is approached, and morally the more obligatory duty, they run out and pots begin calling kettles black.

At no time has the move for economy been free of political jockeying. And at no time has either the administration or congress been on firm ground as to what had been done or what could be done. With Washington full of accountants and bookkeepers, nobody, either in the administration or in congress, made an honest effort to trace out the effect of proposed curtailments for the purpose of presenting a clear, definite and dependable picture of the results. Nobody either in the administration or in congress has gone to the trouble to guard against deception of the public through duplications of proposed curtailments. Nobody either in the administration or in congress has surely and reliably segregated mere postponements from actual curtailments. They all started in insincerity and they have gone on in careless inefficiency. When to that is added their subservience to the various groups that are interested in preserving the status quo, the result could scarcely have failed to be the force that the nation has witnessed. They offer lip-service to economy in loud shouts and they dodge constantly.

It is a disgrace, for it amounts to extortion and robbery upon a distressed people. It also is a menace, for it leaves the national budget distinctly short of the balance which was promised by all. They all knew at every stage of the tax bill's progress that it did not carry enough to balance the budget, not even after the administration belatedly and hesitantly revised its estimates of need on May 31 and congress thereupon stepped up in some measure the amount of taxes. At every stage they knew that an honest balance of the budget depended upon large economies as well as upon taxes, and they repeatedly promised large economies. But once the taxes were laid, the standard of a balanced budget has drooped in neglect. Mr. Hoover and his administration, the republican and democratic leaders of congress—all of them—had their minds and their interests elsewhere.—Baltimore Sun.

VICTIM OF SIEGE OBLIGES

New York — Twenty-two policemen stood outside a house in Brooklyn tossing tear gas bombs at Stanley Caroli, holding forth inside with a butcher knife, only to see them tossed right back again. Finally one of the officers had a bright idea. "Throw out the knife, too," he yelled. Caroli did, and from them on it was simple.

Now that the college gang is home we hear a lot of talk about Greek letter sororities and fraternities. We overheard two little tots talking about fraternities and sororities yesterday and no doubt they recently heard the names of two of the organizations. One of them declared his sister was a "Dama Fine Baby" while her brother was a "Signify."

Phone the news to No. C.

Bargains

are what we are all looking for these days of the great depression. In view of this fact, we are offering the following labor specials for a limited time only. Bring your car in!

- Valve Special**
Including Refacing and Reseating Valves Cleaning Carbon and Tuning up the Motor
- Chevrolet 6 ----- \$3.50
 - Chevrolet 4 ----- 2.75
 - Ford, Model A ----- 3.75

- Bearing Special**
Adjusting Main and Rod Bearings and Cleaning Oil Pan
- Chevrolet 6 ----- \$4.00
 - Chevrolet 4 ----- 3.50
 - Ford, Model A ----- 5.00

Above Prices are for Labor Only
R. V. Bryant
O-K Garage Phone 76

LACK OF POWER OR LACK OF PURPOSE?

At a recent meeting of the Royal Institute of International Affairs in London one of the speakers, referring to the project for an international army which has just been dropped by the French delegation to the Disarmament Conference, suggested that it might be impossible to rely on such a force, because the League would not reach a decision in time to help the people unjustly attacked. Instead of drawing the moral that the League would not be strengthened by being militarized, nor would militarization increase the sense of security, he went on to argue that measures should be taken to re-enforce the Covenant, whose flaws "had been exposed very prominently by the conflict between Japan and China."

In reply, M. Marcel Ray, an extremely able French publicist, who was one of the collaborators of M. Briand, and who is always moderate in his statements, put his finger on the real point when he said that "the feebleness of the League is more moral than organic, and what it suffers from is not lack of power, but lack of will. So far as the Sino-Japanese conflict is concerned, the League, with the powers at present at its disposal, could have done many things, and did not do them."

There was no desire on either side to criticize the League, but merely to state the facts and to suggest how the League might be improved. On the one hand is the assertion that the League not only needs an army, but greater possibilities for the speedy application of sanctions. On the other hand is the affirmation that the League does not use the means already at its disposal, and it is not by multiplying those means that it will become more powerful, but rather by strengthening its moral purpose.

And surely it is M. Marcel Ray who is right. The French have a saying that the bad workman always complains of his tools. The advocates of sanctions are perpetually obliged to argue that if only the League had this or that all would be well. If, indeed, the League had this or that, they would go on to protest that it should have something else.

The truth is that the League is hampered and harassed by the possession of theoretical powers which it cannot use, and that it would be still further weakened were it given greater powers which it would be equally unable to use. Here is no paradox; the fear that it may logically be forced into a policy of sanctions is a perpetual embarrassment to the League and enfeebles its will.

That is why enlightened opinion in Europe is turning away from the idea of a militarized League, and a League which may physically menace a wrongdoer; and is turning instead to the idea of a moral League which, relieved from considerations of the consequences to itself, would be free to exercise fearlessly its moral authority.

The American public has always, more or less instinctively, believed the obligation to apply sanctions automatically to be a danger. The material conception of the League tends to destroy the moral conception of the League. The choice must sooner or later be made. It is probable that if the unfortunate Article 16 were dropped completely, the United States would be drawn toward a moral League.

If Europe is prepared to scrap its sanctions, which have always been a stumblingblock to American co-operation, inasmuch as they imply hypothetical (though ineffective) obligations, will not the United States then be prepared to recognize the necessity of consultations in all circumstances that touch the interests and ideals of all nations? These consultations are in fact inescapable; but they would have a far greater moral weight if they were given their proper status in the international polity. The time has surely come for the European and American governments to consider whether the system of automatic sanctions should not be definitely and publicly abandoned in return for the establishment, also definite and public, of a system of automatic consultations.

STRANGER THAN FICTION

Was there ever such a complicated, unsolved mystery plot outside of the pages of a detective novel than the Lindbergh tragedy and its ramifications have developed into? The kidnaping itself was sufficiently horrifying. The discovery weeks later that the little boy had been ruthlessly murdered was one of the most gruesome shocks the American people have ever received. The subsequent disclosures of attempts to profit from the grief of the agonized parents make one wonder whether there is any such thing as

honor and decency left in the world. The total failure of Federal, state and local authorities to get any tangible evidence of the identity of the criminals is almost beyond belief. Then the suicide of the servant girl in the Morrow household, who took poison rather than face another inquiry by the police, adds still another touch of mystery and tragedy to the whole affair.

When the whole truth is known, if it ever becomes known, the plain, unadorned, straightforward story of the Lindbergh affair will take its place with the classics of detective fiction.

AN AMERICAN TRAGEDY

Perhaps the most tragic figure in the world today is not the exiled King of Spain or the dethroned Kaiser mourning for the lost glories of the Hohenzollerns, but the man who only a few weeks ago was the head of the greatest light and power industry in the world and who today is penniless except for a small pension. Stripped of his power and his property, with all of his private means and those of his family gone in the effort to save his great power combine from collapse, Samuel Insull, at seventy-four, is going to return to his native England, to spend his few remaining years on a pension of \$18,000 a year, \$6,000 from each of three of the corporations which he formerly dominated.

There have been violent differences of opinion about Mr. Insull's business methods and ethics. There never has been any difference of opinion about his enormous energy and his business genius. Born in England of Jewish parents, he got his first employment as a stenographer in the London office of Mr. Edison's very young electric light company. His reports to Mr. Edison were so intelligently phrased that the inventor sent for him to come to America as his personal secretary. That was more than fifty years ago.

The collapse of the Insull Empire is of slight consequence. The power companies which he established and amalgamated will continue to go business and doubtless to develop along the lines of his vision. And at seventy-four it probably is not a serious matter to have only \$18,000 a year to live on. It has been a terrible blow, however, to the man's pride, and entitles him to everybody's sympathy. At the same time, we feel that he is entitled to a word of praise for his honorable conduct in sacrificing his personal fortune rather than remain himself enriched by the expense of the investors in his securities.

We ate a sizeable wedge of strawberry shortcake the other night just before going to bed, and Obosyoboo, what a nightmare ensued. We dreamed it was the day after election and Herbert Hoover was president, Doc Brinkley was governor of Kansas and Henry Field was senator from Iowa.

Hoarded money will not help business conditions to improve. It's the money in circulation that counts! Read the journal ads and take advantage of the many bargains Plattsmouth business men will offer you the coming year.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.
Pursuant to a stipulation entered into between the State of Nebraska, plaintiff, Walter C. Johnson, defendant, and The General Motors Acceptance Corporation, in the case entitled The State of Nebraska, Plaintiff vs. Walter C. Johnson, Defendant, in the District Court of Cass County, Nebraska, I will sell at the west front door of the Court House at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon on the 16th day of July, 1932, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, One Deluxe Chevrolet Coupe, 1931 Model, Engine No. 2833862.
Plattsmouth, Nebraska, June 12th, 1932, A. D.
ED. W. THIMGAN,
Sheriff of Cass County,
Nebraska.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.
By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by C. E. Ledgway, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass County, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1932, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of the court house in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, to-wit:
Lots seven (7) and eight (8) in Block fifty-seven (57) in the City of Plattsmouth, in Cass county, Nebraska—
The same being levied upon and taken as the property of John Bauer, Jr., and Emma Bauer, defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said court recovered by L. F. Hofferty, plaintiff against said defendants.
Plattsmouth, Nebraska, June 3, A. D. 1932.
ED. W. THIMGAN,
Sheriff of Cass County,
Nebraska.

6-5w

Lumber Sawing
Commercial sawing from your own logs—lumber cut to your specifications. We have ready cut dimension lumber and sheeting for sale at low prices.

NEBRASKA BASKET FACTORY

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.
By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by C. E. Ledgway, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass County, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1932, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of the court house in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, to-wit:
The south one-half (1/2) of Lots five (5) and six (6) in Block twenty (20), in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska—
The same being levied upon and taken as the property of B. A. Rosenkrans et al, Defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by The Standard Savings and Loan Association, plaintiff against said defendants.
Plattsmouth, Nebraska, May 26th, A. D. 1932.

ED. W. THIMGAN,
Sheriff of Cass County,
Nebraska.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
In the matter of the estate of John F. Gorder, deceased.
The Book 9, Page No. 305.
Notice of Administration.
All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that a petition has been filed in said Court alleging that said deceased died leaving no last will and testament and praying for administration upon his estate and for such other and further orders and proceedings in the premises as may be required by the statutes in such cases made and provided to the end that said estate and all things pertaining thereto may be finally settled and determined, and that a hearing will be had on said petition before said Court on the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1932, and that if they fail to appear at said Court on said 22nd day of July, A. D. 1932, at 9 o'clock a. m., to contest the said petition, the Court may grant the same and grant administration of said estate to Henrietta Gorder or some other suitable person and proceed to a settlement thereof.
Dated this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1932.
A. H. DUXBURY,
County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
To all persons interested in the estate of John Rich, deceased:
On reading the petition of Frank A. Clodt, Administrator C. T. A., praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this Court on the 18th day of June, 1932, and for final assignment of the residue of said estate and for his discharge as Administrator, C. T. A. thereof—

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1932, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that the petitioner's attorney of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court this 18th day of June, A. D. 1932.
A. H. DUXBURY,
County Judge.

LEGAL NOTICE

To Byron Cough, Joseph Kinsey and all persons having or claiming any interest in or to 33 acres off the south side of Lot 6, and in or to Fractional Lot 27 of Government Lot 3, all in Section 33, in Township 12, North, Range 14, East of the Sixth Principal Meridian, in Cass county, Nebraska, real names unknown, defendants:

Notice is hereby given that Louis Stava and Samuel T. Gilmour as plaintiffs have filed in the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, their petition against you as defendants, praying for the decree of said court barring and excluding each and all of you from having or claiming any right, title, interest or lien in or to any of said real estate, and quieting the title to 33 acres off the south side of Lot 6 in Section 33, Township 12, North, Range 14, East of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska, in Louis Stava; and quieting the title to fractional Lot 27 of Government Lot 3 in Section 33, Township 12, North, Range 14, East of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska, in Samuel T. Gilmour, all in fee simple title.

You are required to answer said petition in said Court at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on or before July 25th, A. D. 1932, or your default will be entered and a decree entered in accordance with the prayer of said petition.
LOUIS STAVA and SAMUEL T. GILMOUR
C. A. Rawls, Plaintiffs.
Attorney.

36-4w

Fifty and Fit



A MAN is as old—or as young—as his organs.
At fifty, you can be in your prime.
Why go along with "fifty good health" when you might be enjoying vigor you haven't felt for years?
There's a simple little thing anyone can do to keep the vital organs stimulated, and feel fit all the time. People don't realize how sluggish they've grown until they've tried it. The stimulant that will stir your system to new life is Dr. Caldwell's syrup pepsin. It will make a most amazing difference in many ways.
This famous doctor's prescription is a delicious syrup made with fresh herbs, active senna, and pure pepsin. It starts its good work with the first spoonful. That's all you need to drive away the dullness and headache of a bilious spell, and rid the system of that slow poison that saps your strength. It's better than a tonic for tired bowels, and unlike habit-forming laxatives you can take it freely or give it to any child. And it isn't expensive.
Get some syrup pepsin today, and take a little tonight. Don't wait until you're sick to give your system this wonderful help. You can avoid those spells of biliousness or constipation. A spoonful every now and then is better than constant worry about the condition of your bowels, or fear of auto-intoxication as you grow older. Dr. Caldwell's syrup pepsin protects the system. All druggists keep this preparation.