

# MURDOCK ITEMS

Mrs. O. J. Hitchcock and children are with L. Neitzel's to pick and can cherries.

Mr. and Mrs. Rex Peters from Greenwood, spent Sunday with relatives in Murdock.

Mrs. Laura Melvin and Miss Jessie of Lincoln, were Sunday guests at the F. A. Melvin home.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Hite of Cheney, were visitors with his mother, Mrs. Bessie Hite, Sunday.

Miss Barbara Burt of Lincoln, visited her friend, Miss Evelyn Kuehn, the forepart of last week.

Merrith Weddell of Red Oak, Ia., spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Weddell.

The Gale McDonald family from Hampton, Neb., spent the week end with his mother, Mrs. Hannah McDonald.

Mrs. J. M. Crawford has been quite poorly of late but is reported as being slightly better during the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Coppie and son Lee, of near Alvo, called on grandma Crawford Sunday. She is not improving very much.

Dorothy May Gustin has been quite ill of late and was kept to her home and bed for a time, but is reported as being some better of late.

Miss Florence Thimang, who has been employed at Crab Orchard, has resigned her position and will remain home for the present.

The band concert Saturday night was greatly appreciated by a large crowd and those remaining in their homes. This was the first one of the season.

George M. Porter of Lincoln, representing the Children's home, was a visitor in Murdock, both on last Wednesday and Thursday, soliciting for the home.

Miss Katherine Neitzel came home from the hospital last Monday, accompanied by Dolly MacDiarmid, who stayed until July 3 for a visit with her grandparents.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Jones of Plattsmouth, were visiting and looking after some business in Murdock for a time on Monday of last week, they driving out in their car.

J. H. Buck and wife were over to Greenwood on last Monday where they went to visit with his mother, Mrs. Nancy Buck, and son, Wm. Buck, who is now making his home with the mother.

Donald Schewe departed early in July for Toledo, Ohio, where he will remain until about the 15th of September, he being one of a team of eight going from the Nebraska state university, where they will look after some research work and also study some of the branches which they have been taking while in school.

There has been a change in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Menchau, living north of Eagle, for the good and sufficient reason that the stock visited their home one day last week and left them a ten pound son. All concerned are doing nicely and Fred is planning on how the new son is to be a partner in the farming operations soon.

Mrs. Kenneth Sedman and children, Bobby and Betty, from Wyoming, who have been here for some time taking care of her mother, Mrs. John Gustin, are leaving in a few days for their home and plan to take Mrs. Gustin with them, hoping the higher and cooler air will aid her speedy recovery. Mr. Gustin plans to go later on and they both will make an extended visit.

**Hears From Guthmann Boys.**  
Donald Schewe received a letter a few days since from the Guthmann boys at Boise, Idaho, where they are making their home at this time and where they are enjoying the very fine climate of that section.

**Entertained Last Sunday.**  
Mr. and Mrs. E. O. McDonald and their son, Robert, entertained for the day on last Sunday and had as their guests for the occasion, W. F. Moore and family of Murray; Emil Hill and family of Council Bluffs, Iowa; James Gilmore and family of Ulysses; Wm. Meyers and wife of Ashland, and Mrs. Smith, an aunt of Mrs. McDonald, from Colorado. All enjoyed the day most pleasantly.

**Make Settlement For Losses.**  
On the day of the robbery of the Bank of Murdock, when the news reached Omaha, the representative of the Insurance Company which is carrying the risk for the bank, The National Surety Company of New York, immediately came to Murdock and by the time for the closing of the bank for the day, had settled the losses thus making all losses good which the bank had sustained by the robbery. Mr. James M. Moore, is the western representative of the surety company with offices at both Omaha and Kansas City and in this surety company the Bank of Murdock has been and is still carrying protection in the amount of \$25,-

**Parables of Jesus.**  
By L. Neitzel.  
"LABORERS IN THE VINEYARD"  
Math. 20:1-16.

In developing the text, one question comes to our mind: When did God call to work in his vineyard? We shall find the answer in the word of God. In Heb. 1:1-2 we are told that God revealed himself in many ways to men, revelation came by divers portions and in divers manners. The heavens declare the glory of God, the firmament showeth his handy work. Day unto day uttereth speech and night unto night showeth knowledge. There is no speech nor language where their voice is not heard. Ps. 18:1-3.

Abraham, the founder of the Hebrew nation, called upon his generation calling upon them to enlist for God. Step by step, bit by bit the call comes to me. The prophets appear from Jonah down to Malachi. The nations rejected and refused to heed the call. God builds up another nation—the Hebrews. He took the Hebrews to come into the world, and made him the father of a nation. Through this nation God sends out His call to all people "Look unto me and be saved, all the ends of the earth, for I am God and there is none else."

In these last days, the messianic age, the son of God comes, calls his generation. "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden." So the call has come through the ages, through all the phases of development. Louder and clearer it rings out, men cannot misunderstand it.

With never carrying as a practice, more than a tenth of that amount, the people of Murdock and vicinity are assured of full protection to any and all funds which they may at any time have in the bank.

**Fire Does Damage.**  
The home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Kupke was placed in jeopardy last week, when a blaze started from a stove which was burning in the basement of the home. They fought the fire and spread the alarm and soon the Murdock fire department was on hand and with the kindly assistance of the neighbors, the fire was extinguished but not until much damage had been done. Among other things which was injured, was a quantity of canned fruits in glass jars which the heat from the fire cracked and caused to spoil after and which was not known at the time of the settlement by the insurance company.

**Visiting in the West.**  
Miss Dalphen Martin has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bornemeier for some time past and last Wednesday just following the rain, her father, who is a traveling man from Creston, came and taking the daughter and Miss Dorothy Bornemeier, departed for the west, where they were to visit for some two weeks.

**Accept Our Thanks Friends.**  
We wish to extend our sincere thanks to our many friends who assisted in extinguishing the fire at our home and thus saved it from being lost. We want to extend these thanks to our friends and neighbors and to the Murdock fire department for the excellent work all did.—Herman Kupke and Wife.

**No Trace of Robbers.**  
Incident to the robbery of the Bank of Murdock, which occurred a week ago on Saturday, two men were arrested at Belleville, Kansas, which circumstances pointed to as could be the ones who robbed the bank here. Misses Mary Tool and Doretta Schloppoff, were called to Belleville to identify them. The young women went in the car of the state, which was an armored one and was driven by Deputy State Sheriff J. Burns, and was accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Rex Young of Cass county. The car was equipped with tear gas bombs, a machine gun and was protected with an armor plate from those who might shoot at them. Being in a hurry they departed from Murdock at one o'clock in the morning and was able to reach Belleville at 4:40, or about day break. After viewing the men arrested, both the young women claimed they were not the persons, and they were released. The party were able to return to Murdock by 11 o'clock in the morning. The young ladies were in position to tell when they saw the people arrested for when the robbers entered the bank. Miss Mary Tool was alone and when she stood up, approaching the window asking "Is there any thing I can do for you?" and looking the robbers right in the eye. Just then the other robber was walking back to the rear door, and the first robber pulling a gun from under the coping in front of the window, said "You will not scream, pointing the gun at her, when Miss Tool with a cool head, and looking at her she did not know she possessed said, "No I will not scream." With the gun still pointing at her the man ordered her to go open the rear door and allow the other man to enter. She did so and he being armed with a gun also placed his hand on her arm and shoved her into the vault, saying "stay in there for twenty minutes," but as there was left a small crack in the door she was able to see him rifle the money drawers and obtained an excellent opportunity to see just how they looked. She was therefore in position to identify them should they be the ones. Miss Schloppoff, who entered was made to sit down behind the desk in the outer office, the man on the outer side grasping her by the arm, twisting it, and thus allowing her a good opportunity to see how he looked. They were there both in position to identify the men had they been the ones who had committed the act. However, they were not, and the real men remain at liberty.

Later the young ladies were called to Council Bluffs and there identified a man as one of the robbers. See account elsewhere in this paper.

**Wrecker Service**  
**Jake's Garage**  
Murdock, Nebr.  
A. H. JACOBSEN,  
Proprietor

General Hospital for Automobiles  
WELDING  
Residence Phone 35-J

**SPECIAL OFFER!**  
**\$3 Lamp for \$1**  
We'll show you how to decorate it in marvelous blending color effects by a new brushless method.

**Water Spar Varnish Enamel**  
TO introduce you to the marvelous ways in which you can put glorious color into your home, except this \$3 lamp (with 12-inch porcelain shade) for only \$1 when purchased with as little as a pint of WaterSpar. Limited supply—come in now!

**H. L. Kruger**  
Paint and Wall Paper Store

No one can excuse himself of not having heard. "Because that which may be known of God is manifest in them, for God hath showed it unto them." Men cannot claim ignorance, for even common law will not admit that as an excuse. "And the times of this ignorance God winked at (had patience with men) but now commandeth all men everywhere." At all times in all ages, among all people God has found some that would be willing to serve him. Enoch walked with God for 300 years and worked for Him. Noah while building the ark, preached for 120 years, a long pastorate, but had no results to show for his work, only his own family was saved.

Samuel was a true shepherd of his people, he worked in the vineyard of his Lord, Jeremiah, the man of tears, sometimes called "the weeping prophet," sees the nation forsaking God, losing favor with God, and not listening to the call of God to serve Him. This man of God laments "O that my head were waters and my eyes a fountain of tears that I might weep day and night for the slain of the daughter of my people."

**Elevator Managers May Obtain Figures**  
Harold Hedges Tabulates Expense Chart Showing Relative Grain Handling Costs

Extension circular 1367 now being prepared at the agricultural college will offer the managers and directors of Nebraska elevators three yardsticks with which they can measure the efficiency of their own individual businesses. Harold Hedges of the agricultural college is the author of the new circular.

Figure 1 in the circular will give each elevator a chance to see how its business compares with the average of seventy-six elevators in Nebraska in total expense per dollar of sales. Figure No. 2 measured the labor volume increased beyond \$350,000 in a year. Elevator operators might conclude from this chart that volume of business should run from \$150,000 to \$350,000 per year in order to handle the grain with the least expense per dollar of sales.

Salary and wages are the largest item of expense of the farmers' elevators included in the study. Forty-nine to 54 percent of the annual costs were paid out for labor. As sales per dollar paid in salary and wages in 1929 for example, increased up to \$75, expenses per dollar of sales increased rather rapidly. Hedges points out, as sales volume increased beyond that point, the decrease in expenses was much less marked. In other words, an elevator manager who handles about \$100 worth of business for every dollar paid him in salary, is making his business above the average in efficiency.

Building charges such as repairs, depreciation, and taxes, are usually second to labor cost among the items of expense of a country grain elevator. Study of the seventy-six records show, as sales per dollar invested in fixed assets in 1929 increased up to \$12 or \$15, expenses per dollar of sales decreased quite rapidly. Beyond \$15 the decrease in unit cost of sales was much less pronounced. These figures are taken for 1929. An elevator operator should keep in mind that price levels of grains have depreciated rapidly since 1929, but the overhead costs such as taxes and depreciation have not decreased accordingly, hence 1930 or 1931 costs per dollar of sales are probably higher than they were in 1929.

The circular will be distributed thru county extension agents and from the extension service at the agricultural college in Lincoln. Like other extension circulars, it will be sent out free of charge to those who ask for it.

**Bryan Condemns 'Plot' to Move Banking Records**

Discharges I. D. Beynon, Assistant Counsel and Criticizes Clarence G. Bliss.

Lincoln, Neb., July 2.—Governor Charles W. Bryan today announced he had discovered a plot to remove records of the state department of trade and commerce from the state-house.

He discharged I. D. Beynon, assistant counsel for the banking department for "insubordination" and criticized Clarence G. Bliss, receiver for about two hundred banks, for his activities.

Bliss and three other receivers, all of whom hold office under district court order, issued a statement that because of the governor's "interference" hereafter, they will "conduct the affairs of the failed banks without further expense to the department of trade and commerce."

**Charges Friends Hired.**  
Beynon asserted that a "conceivable" because of Bryan's insistence that political friends be employed by the department as attorneys. In a statement, Beynon said he was not working for Bryan but for the failed banks, and was drawing his pay from the banks.

Bliss was secretary of the commerce department under the preceding republican administration and Beynon also served under the administration of Governor Arthur Weaver.

The plan broached to those in charge of the receivership division, said the governor, was that they help remove all the receivership records, books and assets of the banks out of the state house at night without the knowledge of commerce department officials or of the governor.

"It seems that a plan was being hatched to try and retain the receiverships in the hands of so-called personal receivers and discontinue the official title of the state," he said. "The receivership division declined to be a party."

**Act Called 'Audacious.'**  
He also charged that Beynon without the governor's consent, had obtained a court order naming himself counsel in charge of banking affairs. This order later was rescinded.

"This is such an audacious act of insubordination," the governor asserted, "that I have felt it necessary to dismiss Mr. Beynon from any connection with the department of trade and commerce or receiverships."

He said Bliss was merely the "nominal" receiver of the banks and acted in a subordinate position.

"It was not proper or in good taste under the circumstances and conditions under which Mr. Bliss had been serving for him to be a party in the attempt to kidnap in a personal capacity the receiverships and to take the reins of the state's knowledge of the state," Bryan said.

**Four Sign Letter.**  
The three receivers who with Bliss signed a letter addressed to Bryan are H. C. Peterson, Chappell; R. O. Brownell, Schuyler, and George I. Parker, Norfolk. They were members of the state guaranty fund commission which formerly had charge of bank receiverships.

They objected particularly to Bryan's "employment without our consent, permission or knowledge and without legal authority of large numbers of your political friends, and to the removal of the receiverships from the hands of the state," they said.

**Beynon Calls Case 'Intolerable.'**  
Beynon issued a statement in which he said:

"There has been an insistent demand to put the governor's friends on the pay roll. We were given a list of democratic attorneys who were supposed to use. It wasn't a question of using them as need arose but a proposition of taking care of them right now."

He added that it remained to be seen whether the receivership offices would be removed from the capital.

He said some of the receivers had petitioned a court for his appointment as attorney to represent them, but that "there was no effort on my part as Governor Bryan suggested."

**List of Attorneys Revealed.**  
The list of democratic attorneys which he said Bryan submitted to him follows:

Albion, R. D. Flory; Alma, J. G. Thompson; Ashland, J. C. Bryant; Auburn, Fred C. Buxley; Aurora, J. H. Grosvenor; Beatrice, Frank Dutton and J. W. Delbant; Blair, Reed O'Hanion; Bridgeport, C. G. Perry and J. H. Steuteville; Broken Bow, M. M. Runyan; Chadron, F. A. Crites.

Clay Center, C. L. Stewart; Columbus, Grover Long, August Wagner and Otto F. Walter; David City, E. A. Confal, R. C. Roper and F. A. Tomék; Fairbury, W. J. Moss; Falls City, J. J. Heelan; Franklin, George J. Marshall; Fremont, S. S. Sidner; J. P. Rohm; Friend, F. L. Bollen; Geneva, R. B. Waring; Grand Island, W. H. Thompson, William S. Suhr, and A. L. Joseph.

Greeley, T. W. Lannigan; Hartington, P. F. O'Gara; Hastings, John A. Lawler and R. M. Tibbetts; Hebron, J. Baldwin and W. C. Weiss; Kearney, Barlow Nye; Lincoln, C. L. Clark, Clarence Miles, Sterling Mutz, Paul Good and C. M. Skiles; Madison, William E. Reed; Minden, C. A. Chappell and M. D. King; Nebraska City, D. W. Livingston; Norfolk, Frank Warner; North Platte, J. G. Beeler.

Omaha, Howard Saxton, I. J. Dunn, W. J. Holz, Eugene O'Sullivan, James H. Hanley, and C. M. Skiles; Ord, William Ritchie and Joseph Volava; Osceola, M. A. Mills; Plattsmouth, D. O. Dwyer and J. A. Caswell; St. Paul, Frank Taylor; Red Cloud, F. J. Munday, Schuyler, W. I. Allen; Scottsbluff, William Morrow; Sew-

ard, J. J. Thomas and H. H. Barth, Stanton, W. E. Cowan; Tecumseh, M. C. Hanks; Tekamah, E. C. Engard and J. A. Enghaus; Valentine, J. C. Quigley; Wahoo, H. A. Bryant, J. H. Barry and F. S. Schiefelbein; West Point, Otto H. Zacek; Wilber, Frank Bartos; York, W. L. Kirkpatrick and George Corcoran.

The receivers' letter follows:

"You are advised of our conclusion to conduct the affairs of the failed banks, of which we are receivers, without further expense to the department of trade and commerce."

"This determination has been reached because of your interference during the six months of your administration with the orderly liquidation of the assets of these banks. We refer in particular to your employment without our consent, permission or knowledge of large numbers of your political friends, many of whom are entirely inexperienced and unqualified to perform the important duties required in this work. You have replaced experienced and competent employees, several of whom are affiliated with your own party, by incompetent and inexperienced personal political friends."

"We not only object to the unnecessary expense caused by the payment of their salaries, but believe because of their lack of experience, losses will inevitably result to the depositors of these failed banks, which can not at this time be fully estimated and determined."

**Object to Policy.**  
"In addition to this we object to your policy of transferring all legal work to attorneys who are your personal political friends regardless of whether they are located in the judicial district where litigation is conducted. We refuse to agree that the best interests of these receiverships and the creditors and depositors of said banks demand that attorneys from distant points should do work in other parts of the state where competent legal assistance can be obtained, especially where the travel and expense alone would exceed the fees asked by local attorneys."

We wish to remind you that we were appointed by the several courts of the districts in which our bank receivership are located. We have qualified as receivers by taking the oath of office wherein we swore to perform the duties of our office to the best of our ability. We have given bonds aggregating over two millions of dollars as receivers of over 250 banks. We have a clear inescapable obligation to the courts who appointed us and to the thousands of creditors of failed banks who rightfully demand a speedy and economical liquidation of these banks."

**Under Bond.**  
"In view of our certain duty, the liability under the bonds we have given and the conditions which you have injected into the administration of the affairs of these banks we have reluctantly concluded that so long as we remain receivers, to perform the duties of our offices as such under directions of the courts only and will look to the courts only for approval of our acts as said receivers."

—World-Herald.

**DEATH SENTENCE IS GIVEN**  
Carthage, Mo.—James Creighton, convicted last Friday of the murder of Coyne Hutton of Webb City, Mo., received a sentence of death Thursday morning. The execution was set for July 24. The judge overruled a motion for a new trial. The death sentence was fixed by the jury.

The defense filed notice of appeal to the supreme court, which automatically stays the execution. Prosecutor Watson said the higher court would be asked to speed hearing on the appeal.

**RELEF**  
from Headaches, Colds and Sore Throat  
Neuritis, Neuralgia

Don't be a chronic sufferer from headaches, or any other pain. There is hardly an ache or pain Bayer Aspirin tablets can't relieve; and they are a great comfort to women who suffer periodically. They are always to be relied upon for breaking up colds.

It may be only a simple headache, or it may be neuralgia or neuritis. Rheumatism, Lumbago, Bayer Aspirin is still the sensible thing to take. Just be certain it's Bayer you're taking; it does not hurt your heart. Get the genuine tablets, in this familiar package.

**SAFE**  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

**Bayer Tablets Aspirin**  
Genuine

**Truck Referendum will Produce Deficit**

Secretary of State Says He Has Only \$7,000 to Advertise—Fixes Cost at \$17,848

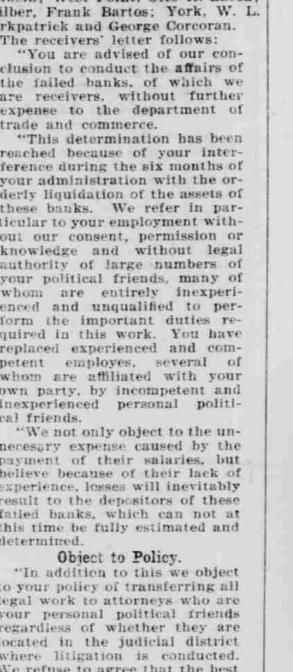
The proposed referendum on S. F. 33, which drastically increases truck license fees, if it goes thru will leave a deficit of more than \$10,000 in the fund appropriated for referendums, Secretary of State Marsh reported Thursday.

The estimates cost of the referendum on truck fees, petitions for which have largely gained 46,000 signers, amounts to \$17,848.32 while the legislature appropriated only \$7,000 for the purpose of advertising such elections, Marsh explained.

If backers of the referendum wish to have their arguments published in the legal notices along with the instructions to circulators, Marsh said. With an anticipated deficit of \$10,000, the next legislature will have to make up the balance. Newspapers which publish the notices will receive a prorated share of the \$7,000, he said.

Marsh said that the legislature will have to wait until appropriation is made in 1932 for the balance. Marsh estimates that if the published arguments are 112 column inches in length, the cost of publishing will be \$18,028 additional. This amount the state cannot supply in advance, with the

**NEBRASKA'S STATE CAPITOL IS UNIQUE**



The architectural vision of Bertram Goodhue, which he did not live to see fulfilled, is gradually nearing completion. The structural work on the west and last wing is being pushed rapidly. Sometime next year the great building will be finished in every important detail.

The most conspicuous feature of the structure is the beautiful tower rising like a shaft from the center of the widespread building. Symbolic of the spirit of the people of the state, it is a vision of aspiration in stone, rising 400 feet above the ground and presenting a lovely picture of symmetry and beauty. It is no mere ornament. It is usable office space almost to its very top height. It is the culminating feature of a building that astonishes with its size, its utility, its dignity and beauty.

Nebraska has had two capital cities and five capitol buildings. The first, in that year the second capitol building was erected in 1865. This crude-appearing structure, standing stark and lone on the prairie, was erected at a cost of \$75,-

With the location of the capital city at Lincoln a state house became an immediate necessity. The first state capitol building was erected in 1868. This crude-appearing structure, standing stark and lone on the prairie, was erected at a cost of \$75,-

In 1884 the demand for a bigger and better capitol building was so insistent that the legislature acted. In that year the second capitol building was erected at a cost of \$600,000. It was considered in its day a masterpiece of capitol construction. It became obsolete when the increasing activities of state government outgrew it.

The bill for the new present structure was signed Feb. 20, 1919. Governor Samuel R. McKelvie, Ground was broken April 15, 1922. The first construction began in July of that year. The design of the new building is such that it was built around the old one and the old one was used until office space in the new one was available. Then the old building was removed piecemeal.

expectation of being repaid later. Marsh said. Truckers who are circulating the petitions will have to supply their own transportation. Arthur Balls of Lincoln is listed as director of the referendum campaign.

**HOG, INFURIATED BY HEAT, CRUSHES MAN'S EYEBALL**

Mariaville, June 30.—A large hog, infuriated by intense heat, raised on its hind feet, knocked a saddle pony on its back and then crushed one of Bart Schiffer's eyeballs. Mr. Schiffer is recovering from the effects of an eye removal operation in the Stuart hospital.

That story from Clifton, N. J., of counterfeiters being arrested on Crook street was good as far as it went, but why didn't they have cops named Grabem and Nabben make the haul.

**J. M. LEYDA**  
Attorney

**Bonded Abstracter**  
Real Estate Titles

Defective Titles perfected at reasonable expense.

First Door South of the Post Office