

# Union Department

Prepared Exclusively for The Journal.

## NEW BARBER SHOP

Only the very best work and courteous service, always.  
Located in the Propst building, Union.  
Come in and get acquainted. Will appreciate your patronage.  
**Dean Gillispie Barber**

Charles L. Greene and wife, with their little one, were guests for the day on last Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry O'Brien near Cedar Creek, where all enjoyed a splendid visit.

Mr. B. O. Oliver and family who recently moved here from Arkansas moved on last Friday to the farm of A. W. Propst northeast of Union and near the old town site of Kenosha, where they will farm for the coming season.

P. F. Rihn and wife were enjoying a visit with friends in Omaha on last Sunday, driving over to the big city in their car and while there were visiting for a time with Mrs. Earl Merritt, as well as with other friends.

Lloyd Lewis and the family, who have been farming for the past few years on the W. A. Taylor place southeast of Union on last Saturday moved to a few miles west of Plattsmouth, where they will farm for the coming year.

Henry Becker who has been sawing lumber near old Rock Bluffs has about concluded the work at that place, and will then be ready for another. Mr. Becker has two outfits and is sending the other outfit to the home of Virgil Meade where they will saw some lumber.

Mrs. P. K. Moore of Lushton, mother of Mr. W. E. Moore of Union, was a visitor in Union and guest of her son, for the greater portion of last week. On last Sunday, after having enjoyed the visit from the mother, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, took the mother to Lincoln in their auto, where she took the train for her home at Lushton.

### Showing Improvement.

Earl Merritt was a visitor in Omaha on Sunday where he went to visit with Mrs. Merritt who is at this time at the St. Joseph hospital, where she is receiving treatment and is under observation from the after effects of the flu. The physicians in charge are extending the hope that Mrs. Merritt is making improvement and that she may in the course of time be able to return home.

### Visit at Cook.

Frank Bauer and brother, Joseph Bauer, and sister, Anna Bauer and Mrs. Martha Pickering and her daughter, Toots, were enjoying a visit on last Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Lewis who is located at that place and who is enjoying a good business there. The guests as well as the host and hostess enjoyed the visit very much.

### Wedded at High Noon.

On last Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Upton occurred the wedding of their daughter, Miss Vera Upton to Charles E. Busby, now of Lincoln, who has heretofore made his home at Wakefield with his parents, but is now in the office of the state geologist, Professor Condra. The young folks became acquainted at the state university where both the groom, as an employe of the state geologist office and Miss Vera a student, attended school. The marriage lines were read by the Rev. H. G. McClusky, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Plattsmouth. The newly weds were served to a sum-

## Better Ground Feeds

I am prepared to furnish you Ground Feed (any quantity), mixed to suit your own formula. We carry popular mixed Ground Feeds. Special prices on Tankage. We can save you money.

### See Us for Texaco Motor Oils

There is none better. A large can at a special low price per gallon.

**GEORGE A. STITES**  
At Elevator  
Telephone No. 18 Union, Nebr.

tious wedding dinner at the home of the parents, following which they departed for Lincoln where they have a cottage furnished and are immediately going to housekeeping. The Journal with the many friends of this estimable young lady and her chosen partner in life extend the wish of a very happy and prosperous life.

### Give Surprise Dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Niday, who have been making their home on the Banning farm where Mr. Niday has farmed for the past number of years, are to move into Otoe county where they will farm on one of the places of Mrs. Elizabeth Easter, and just before their departure on last Friday night, their many friends, both in Union and in the country, gave this excellent couple a very delightful surprise, when they went there with music and refreshments and provided a very pleasant evening, with a dance in which all took part and enjoyed.

### VETERANS ARE PARALYZED

Los Angeles—United States surgeons announced that twenty-four inmates of the National Soldiers' home at Sawtelle had been stricken by paralysis in the past forty-eight hours after drinking a Jabacia ginger extract. The victims, the surgeons said, were suffering intense pain, their muscles rigid.

Dr. J. L. Pomeroy, head of the county health board, visited the institution, taking with him several investigators, who began questioning druggists in the vicinity. Dr. Pomeroy said the paralyzing concoction the veterans had been drinking contained phenol, an adulterant, which supplanted the ginger, but was deadly to the human system.

### CANADA IMMIGRATION SHOWS A DECREASE

Ottawa—Immigration to Canada in the ten months to Jan. 31, 1931, totaled 84,391, a decrease of 42 per cent from a like period a year ago, the department of immigration stated. The quotas: From Britain 26,708, decrease 55 per cent; United States 22,010. Of the Americans nearly one-quarter came from Michigan. There were 2,679 from New York, 1,812 from Massachusetts and 1,054 from Washington state.

### FORMER DANCER HOSTESS TO PRINCE OF WALES

Bariloche, Argentina, March 2.—Hostess to the prince of Wales today was the former Lenora Hughes, dancer who once thrilled millions as the partner of the late Mouvet.

**Porter Funeral Home**  
1109 First Corso  
NEBRASKA CITY  
NEBRASKA  
Ambulance Service  
Anytime - Anywhere  
Monuments to You from Factory

**Molly's Cafe**  
"Service Supreme"  
DAY and NIGHT  
UNION, NEBRASKA

**For the Best Groceries & Meats SEE US**  
We make it our practice to furnish absolutely the very best goods at a price within the reach of all. Highest price paid for Country Produce.

**R. D. STINE**  
Union, Nebr.

## Well Known Young People at Union

Miss Vera Upton of Union Wedded to Clarence E. Busby of Wakefield, Nebraska, Saturday

The home of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Upton at Union was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Saturday, February 28th, when their daughter, Miss Vera, was united in marriage to Mr. Charles E. Busby of Wakefield, Nebraska.

The marriage lines were read by the Rev. H. G. McClusky of the First Presbyterian church of Plattsmouth, the impressive ring service being used in the joining of the lives and hearts of the two young people.

The bride is a graduate of the Union high school and also of the University of Nebraska, and a member of the Delta Delta Delta sorority at Lincoln. She has been teaching in the mathematics department of the Madison, Nebraska, schools for the past two years and has been very successful in her work in the teaching profession.

The groom is also a graduate of the University of Nebraska and a member of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity. Mr. and Mrs. Busby will reside at Lincoln for the present at least, the groom being engaged in the geological department of the University of Nebraska.

## Industrial Inquiry is Favored by the House

Probe of Oil, Manganese, Agriculture, Asbestos and Lumber Advocated

Washington—The house passed the Hawley resolution calling for a board investigation of oil, lumber, manganese, asbestos and agricultural industries by its ways and means committee. The proposal goes to the senate where a two hour filibuster by Senator Thomas secured a place on the calendar of business before the Nye resolution directing an inquiry into the oil business by a select committee.

An objection blocked house approval of the Garber resolution ordering the tariff commission to investigate relative costs of oil between the United States and countries from which 2,000,000 barrels or more have been imported during the past two years. The ways and means committee had unanimously approved both the Hawley and Garber proposals.

Democratic Leader Garner supported the Hawley measure as "advisable if carried out in good faith." He said Secretary Mellon and John D. Rockefeller, jr., should be the first witnesses on oil.

Garner said New England republicans protesting against Longworth's action in reopening the oil case told him "we too, have some votes" on house organization.

"Six years ago," he said of Longworth, "he was a monarch shaking his mane to the world; now, looking over the slim margin he has to support his crown he like a four months old puppy."—State Journal.

### NORDBYE NOMINATION KILLED IN COMMITTEE

Washington, March 2.—The nomination of Gunnar H. Nordbye to be a federal judge for Minnesota was today by the senate judiciary committee at its last meeting of the session without action.

Failure to act virtually killed the nomination, since it would have required confirmation before next Wednesday.

After another hearing of the contest against Nordbye, the judiciary subcommittee, headed by Senator Blaine (rep., Wis.), declined to submit a report to the whole committee pending receipt of additional evidence.

Senator Schall (rep., Minn.) has fought the nominee.

### TREASURY CALL FOR BANK REPAYMENTS

New York—The treasury department issued a call for repayment by depository institutions thruout the country of \$60,623,800. Bankers here said the call was due partly to the heavy demands on the treasury for cash with which to pay World War veterans who have applied for loans. These withdrawals will reduce the government's total deposits in banks thruout the country to \$40,416, 000.

### LIONESS KILLS WOMEN; PEOPLE IN TERROR

Tampico, Mexico—Armed peasants are scouring the countryside near here in a hunt for a ferocious mountain lioness which killed two women. Inhabitants in the vicinity of the tragedy, which occurred fifteen miles from here, were in a state of terror. Children were kept within doors, houses were tightly closed and farmers left their homes only with weapons.

Need help? Want a job? You can get results in either event by placing your ad in the Journal.

## Tuberculosis a Real Menace

Many Infected Cattle Found in Areas Inspected; Authorities Commend Manner of Handling.

There recently appeared in the press a statement relative to the tuberculosis eradication program as conducted in Nebraska that three "counties" which were being tested for the first time in 1930, namely, Madison, Nance and Platte, were found to contain a small number of tubercular cattle. Madison, 103; Nance, 137; Platte, 88.

The facts, as revealed by the state and federal records as to the amount of tubercular infection found in these three counties during 1930, are as follows:

In Madison county, 1,960 herds were tested. On 166 farms tubercular cattle were found representing 8.4 per cent of the farms in the county; 31,316 cattle were tested; 323 tubercular cattle were found, representing 1 per cent of all cattle tested.

The same records reveal the following results of Nance county where 1,156 herds were tested; tubercular cattle found on 155 farms, representing 13.4 per cent of all the farms in Nance county; 20,699 cattle tested; 285 tubercular cattle found, representing 1.4 per cent.

In Platte county the records show that 2,358 herds were tested and on 131 of these farms tubercular cattle were found, representing 5.6 per cent of the farms in Platte county; 41,188 cattle were tested, 361 tubercular cattle found, representing .88 per cent of the cattle tested in the county.

The same article carried a statement also about the disposition of reactor cattle slaughtered under federal meat inspection rules, and for the information of the general public, Dr. John R. Mohler, Chief of the United States bureau of animal industry says in this regard:

"It is unfortunate that attempts are made from time to time to interrupt the progress of tuberculosis eradication."

In discussing the disposition of reactors to the tuberculin test slaughtered under the federal meat inspection rules, Dr. Mohler says: "This matter has been given most careful consideration from the standpoint of both public health and economy, and I desire to make it plain that the disposition of carcasses slaughtered under the meat inspection act is founded on sound principles, established by eminent physicians and veterinarians. Furthermore, the greatest care is used in carrying out these principles in the postmortem and disposition of the affected animals."

Transmitted by Milk. "Scientists consider meat among the minor factors in transmitting tuberculosis to human beings. The principal means of its transmission is the raw milk of tubercular cows."

"A thoroughly safe meat inspection cannot be conducted on the basis of prejudice or ancient belief. Such a service must be founded on scientific facts established through acquired knowledge of the various diseases. We believe that our meat inspection meets this requirement.

"A very high per cent of tuberculosis in both cattle and hogs the infection extends only to a few of the lymph glands or is located in some organ. To consign entire carcasses of such animals to the fertilizing tank would be like throwing out a bushel of grapes in the garbage because one or two small grapes on a bunch were unsound. Carcasses showing only such localized lesions are passed for human food. Ample quantity of surrounding tissue, also is condemned along with the locally diseased parts. All generalized cases are condemned and sent to the fertilizer tank."

### Disposing of Carcasses.

"The condemning of entire carcasses of cattle and swine found to be tubercular has been a vexing problem. It has been thoroughly considered by the best authorities on meat inspection and, in the light of the best knowledge, the present procedure fully protects the public health and at the same time conserves our meat supply."

Several years ago a commission was appointed to make an investigation of the meat inspection service of the United States. Among the recommendations submitted the following statement was made: "If there be any general error in the recommendations this is in favor of the public rather than in favor of the butchers and packers. Several sections could be made less stringent without any danger to the health of the consumer."

"If the co-operative campaign is continued as vigorously and successfully as it has been since 1917, within a few years the disease will be absolutely within control and it will gradually diminish until it is reduced to the minimum if not entirely eradicated."

### INVENTOR OF BROODER OPENS YANKTON FACTORY

Yankton, S. D., Feb. 27.—Lee F. Mott, inventor and manufacturer of a chicken brooder, has established a factory here. Mott has been manufacturing the brooder in the western part of the state several years, but recently decided to move his factory to Yankton where more favorable shipping facilities are available.

### 1.123-OUNCE NUGGET FOUND IN AUSTRALIA

Washington, March 2.—Discovery of a gold nugget weighing 1.123 ounces on an abandoned claim in western Australia was reported to the Commerce department Monday.

### POLAND IS BUILDING 2,400 MILES OF ROADS

Warsaw, March 1.—Poland has a new road-building program, covering 2,400 miles of highway at a cost of \$45,000,000. The money to be raised by vehicle taxes; levies on motor bus tickets, fines for careless driving and roadside billboard privileges.

## BUNDERSON'S POLITICAL PLANS ARE UP IN AIR

Chicago, Ill., March 2.—Political plans of Coroner Herman N. Bunderson threw the forthcoming campaign for mayor into the field of conjecture tonight.

A "citizen" committee for drafting Bunderson for mayor issued a statement saying his name would be placed on the ballot as an independent candidate, opposing Mayor William Hale Thompson, republican, and Anton J. Cermak, democrat. Bunderson said he has not made up his mind.

## Smith Hints Meeting Won't Act on Issues

Asserts This Is Convention Power; Denies Raskob to Quit—Cite Main Function

Raleigh, N. C., March 2.—Former Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York today expressed the opinion that the meeting of the national democratic executive committee, in Washington March 5, "has no power to do anything about a political issue; that is the right of the convention."

Otherwise Smith refused to discuss the meeting called by Chairman John J. Raskob which has resulted in a widespread opposition, especially from southern quarters, to any proposal that the committee take a stand on the prohibition issue. Smith reiterated his opinion, expressed previously, that "no living man can tell whether prohibition will be an issue of the 1932 campaign."

Smith said that Raskob, national democratic chairman, would resign if the next democratic platform did not include a wet plank was "newspaper gossip."

Promotion of the public welfare was described by the former governor as "the main function of the democratic party."

Smith addressed a joint session of the North Carolina legislature.

### Start Harmony Moves.

Washington, D. C., March 2.—Harmony movements were definitely under way tonight for the democratic national committee meeting on Thursday as party leaders began assembling here.

While considerable apprehension continued among the democratic chieftains in congress over a prohibition flareup, others privately expressed the view that the proposal to commit the committee to an anti-prohibition stand would not be pressed.

Significance was attached to the statement today at Raleigh, N. C., by Alfred E. Smith, democratic presidential nominee of 1928, that the national committee is without power to do anything on political issues. Smith conferred over the week-end with Chairman Raskob.—World-Herald.

## Warns Against Seekers of Jobs at Washington

Civil Service Commission Issues a Warning That Jobs Are Not Open for All Comers.

Washington, February 28.—In a statement issued today, the United States civil service commission advised the public not to come to Washington for the purpose of seeking employment.

The commission explained that the District of Columbia committee on employment has called its attention to a number of pathetic cases where persons have come from considerable distances expecting to obtain a government position on the strength of having passed a civil service examination only to become stranded and in some instances a public charge.

It is pointed out that even if a person has passed a civil service examination with a high rating he has no assurance that a position will be immediately available to him. Appointments to federal positions, the commission said, are made only as the actual needs of the service require, and in accordance with the civil service rules, and the presence of an applicant in Washington cannot in any way improve or expedite any prospects of employment he may have.

The commission stated in conclusion that no one should come to Washington expecting to receive a federal position except in response to a definite offer of employment from a government establishment.

### WEAVER'S SON WED IN AUGUST

Lincoln, Feb. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Edward John Walt of Lincoln Saturday announced the marriage of their daughter, Harriet Elizabeth, to Arthur J. Weaver, son of former Governor and Mrs. Arthur J. Weaver of Falls City.

The marriage was solemnized last August 6 at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Weaver will make their home in Lincoln, where he is a student at the University of Nebraska.

### POLAND IS BUILDING 2,400 MILES OF ROADS

Warsaw, March 1.—Poland has a new road-building program, covering 2,400 miles of highway at a cost of \$45,000,000. The money to be raised by vehicle taxes; levies on motor bus tickets, fines for careless driving and roadside billboard privileges.

## BACH'S Offer Thrifty Shoppers

these Unmatchable VALUES

<b>Coffee</b> Butter Nut .38c 3 lbs., \$1.14 4-lb. Sack Value Coffee 95c	<b>MALT</b> Homa, can .49c Blus Ribbon—Per Can 50c Old Nunberg—Can 39c
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5-lb. loaf Amer. full cream Cheese, lb. 22c  
4 lbs. Rice .25c  
5 lbs. Idaho Navy Beans .35c  
3 lbs. Brown Sugar .25c  
2 lbs. fancy Dried Peaches .35c  
2 lbs. fresh Fig Bars .25c  
Mixed Nuts, fresh stock, per lb. 20c  
8 cans Lewis Lye .95c  
Big Four Soap, 10 bars .32c  
10 bars P and G Soap .35c  
Cal-X Washing Powder, 1g. pkg. 22c  
10 lbs. Corn Meal .32c  
No. 2 size can Grape Fruit .21c

**No. 10 Size Cans Fruit**  
(SO CALLED GALLONS)

Italian Prunes .39c Cr. Pineapple .95c  
Peaches .56c Apricots .72c  
White Cherries .79c

**Flour and Feed**

Halo Flour, 48-lb. bag \$1.15  
Little Hatchet Flour, 48-lb. bag 1.25  
Omar Wonder Flour, 48-lb. bag 1.35  
Bran, 100-lb. bag 1.15  
Shorts, 100-lb. bag 1.25  
Chick Mash, 100-lb. bag 3.75  
For the Baby Chicks

## Industrial Rise in Reich Linked with Freedom

Hands-Off Policy Is Cited in the Report by the National Conference Board

New York, Feb. 21.—The organization of German industry, which within seven years has brought that country "out of chaos" to a position as one of the strongest industrial nations in Europe, is analyzed in a study published by the National Industrial Conference Board.

The report is entitled, "Rationalization of German Industry." It describes the industrial structure of Germany from the standpoint of production and distribution, and calls attention to the extent to which German industrialists are free to compete or combine without interference from the Government.

"In the United States the acceptance of a common program for controlling production is prohibited by law," the board said, in making the study public. "In other countries the independent producers may lawfully enter into an agreement concerning their production, price and market policies, but cannot enforce that agreement at law. Germany offers the example of a country where such agreements are not only permissible, but also enforceable at law."

The whole process of industrial reorganization in Germany, the board explained, may be summed up in the term "rationalization," which, under the hands-off policy of the state, has spread to all aspects of the economic problems involved.

"The aim of rationalization," according to the study, "is to eliminate that competition which results from faulty judgment of individual producers, from their miscalculations of the market, and to coordinate the efforts, first, of individual enterprises within an industry; second, of the different enterprises within a country, and, finally, of the competing industries in two or more countries."

"Rationalization, in its broadest sense, aims to eliminate errors of judgment due to faulty knowledge of market conditions, by vesting the power to regulate production, fix prices and allocate territories in a central authority. Rationalization represents the idea of enlightened leadership embracing an entire industry in its relation to other industries and to the national economy."

The logical following out of this rationalization idea has led in Germany, the board said, to the development of numerous associations of various forms and purposes.

### MARCH IN A STORMY ENTRY

Paris—March entered France like a roaring lion Sunday, bringing a severe snowstorm to Paris and vicinity. It was accompanied by thunder and lightning. Violent northeastern gales lashed the Atlantic seaboard. Snow blocked roads at Cherbourg and La Rochelle and shipping was storm-battered. Near Caen the valley of the Auge river became flooded for thirty square miles and roads were under water.

Copenhagen—A heavy snow halted railway and automobile traffic between towns in the northern parts of Jutland, Funen and Seeland, also causing delays on the main routes to Germany and England. Telephone and telegraph lines were down in many parts of the country.