

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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Trouble makers are as plentiful as peacemakers are scarce.

Summer hasn't set in until the chairs get up when you do.

Few men care to be as good or as bad as people think they are.

Driving a car while drunk should be a felony and not a misdemeanor.

The attitude of a lot of folks toward prohibition is just gin and bear it.

Lots of men have found it easy to die without the assistance of a physician.

Too much of his energy is wasted by the average man in making unsatisfactory excuses.

Trouble with the wet voters is, it seems the only contest they can win are the ones that don't count.

You probably won't have time to change the world much so you might as well go ahead and enjoy it as it is.

Gandhi is the kind of man who might run through a red light but would not talk back to the traffic officer.

The tariff, like the lamented prize fight in New York, failed to fill anybody with any decided rapture or admiration.

All hope for a dull time in Missouri disappeared when it was announced that Jim Reed had relapsed into politics.

According to an old legend, Satan's favorite form of disguise was a black cat and this probably gave rise to the superstition.

Every city, town and village bordering Lake Michigan ought to in-dorse 100 per cent the proposed Lake Michigan shore route.

In raiding New York night clubs the authorities have their nerve trying to force the United States constitution upon Gotham.

In a minority report published the other day, three members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee set forth their objections to the London naval treaty and urged it be rejected.

They are now installing radio sets in some of the prisons of the country and before long we will probably be hearing of their taking the prisoners off for a two weeks' vacation in the summer at some renowned resort.

We got "On the Road to Mandalay" over the radio the other evening, but obtained refreshing relief by turning the dial and bringing in a farm gentleman who was discussing the proper way to care for young pigs.

They are going to have a cigarette test all their own out in Oregon.

Canada promises to do something real handsome in the way of high tariff making.

It wouldn't do to arrest all law violators. Somebody must stay out of jail to pay expenses.

That six-months-old child who was struck by a stray bullet in Chicago was really an innocent bystander.

The rights and powers of the people to restrict the placing of bills are becoming more clearly defined.

A new grist of eminent doctors of law is being turned out but what law especially needs just now is enforcement.

Speaker Longworth's objection to calling the Senate the "upper house" is now being generally sustained by the public.

Our forefathers objected to taxation without representation, but we have to stand for taxation with misrepresentation.

It is stated that the source of Orinoco river has never been discovered. But of course it has a source as everything else has.

Moved and seconded that the old-time sentiment, "Go it woman, go it bear" be amended to read, "Go it Thinkham, go it Cannon."

John F. Kramer, first United States Prohibition Commissioner, says that prohibition will not be a complete success for 60 years. Why then?

In planning to enlarge his outfit, Mr. Ford probably wants a few thousand flippers on hand so he can shut down when the country goes wet.

An insurance statistician says most home accidents consist of folks slipping in the bathtub. Apparently cleanliness is next to clumsiness.

The American language contains no words adequate to express contempt and disgust for the bootlegger who knowingly sells his customer poison.

We read that radio loud speakers are being employed on farms instead of scarecrows. Some programs we might mention ought to be especially effective.

The statistics of unemployment are heart-rending until you endeavor to engage someone to patch a roof, mow a lawn, or clean out a littered basement.

A Boston millionaire paid 5,000 to hold an actress' hand. A pretty red-headed girl would have held his hand for ten minutes in a manicure shop for a quarter tip.

Senator Arthur Robinson of Indiana apparently feels that the American delegation to the London naval conference sold this country out to Great Britain.

Women are taking the place of men, but you never see a man pull out a pocket mirror, a lipstick, and a powder puff and stop traffic in the middle of a block.

The clerk asked the boss for a raise, and the boss asked the clerk to give two reasons for the raise and the clerk said twins, which was sufficient in any man's mind.

Census reports simply tell us in precise figures what we know already, or ought to know respecting important movements of population. The outstanding feature of 1930.

We have just been informed that there will be another total eclipse of the sun in forty years, but it is all right with us. We saw an eclipse a long time ago and the astronomers tell us that they all look alike.

Ten years ago the Anti-Saloon League said the oncoming generation would not know what liquor tastes like. And that is just about right. Most of the stuff nowadays tastes like almost anything but liquor.

Bishop Cannon has been freed of charges of market speculation by his fellow churchmen. There is no evidence that the bishop's fier in this line wrecked Wall Street anyway.

A father of twenty-four children has been accused of murder. We are not familiar with the details of the case, but his victim may have been a bachelor who was bragging about his happy life.

Maybe one reason King Solomon had so many wives was that he could be sure one of them would stay at home from a bridge party and have his supper ready when he got home from the office.

A Missouri woman was told that if she would plant onions around her apple trees the apple borers would disappear, but she refused to do it because of the fear that the apples might have a bad flavor.

Thomas A. Edison is quoted that the United States government is "the most inefficient big business organization in operation today." Whether this observation was inspired by the new tariff law is not stated.

SOUTH AMERICA'S AWAKENING

The nations of Central and South America are achieving developments which bring them capacity for self-government is more clearly demonstrated year by year and their constant improvement in domestic and international relationships extend their reputation and influence, while stabilization of their money and banking systems increases their prestige in international commerce.

Only a few years ago the Latin-American republics were considered of no great commercial importance, but now they spend in 12 months more than a billion dollars in the United States and two billions more in Europe and Asia. Today the world is in keen competition for the business of Central and South America.

In the not far distant future it will be possible to motor from Canada to Buenos Aires over improved highways, and to go by air from the United States to any country south of the Rio Grande. An inevitable result of this inter-communication must be the binding together of the American continents in a close union of friendship and commerce.

Recognizing those facts, it is readily understood why President Hoover went to South America, and why President Coolidge and the state department leaped at the opportunity to send him there as a messenger of good will. Mr. Hoover went south instead of east or west because the United States has more at stake in Latin-America than in Asia or Europe. The next president will need all the knowledge of Latin-American affairs he can accumulate, and if he can bring all the American nations into closer understanding and sympathy he will have materially lightened his own job.

THE UPSWING IS NEAR

The monthly business bulletin issued by the Cleveland Trust Company is one of the most sober, analytical business and industrial charts now available; and the current issue brings the cheering prediction that the return of prosperity cannot be far distant.

Pointing out that production has declined more rapidly than consumption, so that shortages are in the making in many important lines, the bulletin says:

"The combined forces of under-production and of abundant credit at low rates are operating to remedy conditions, and to bring about business recovery, as they always do in times these. Ease of credit facilities, business recovery, and underproduction compels it. We have both in combination, and confidence that they will be effective in the not distant future is fully justified. All the history of past periods of slow business indicates that the end of this one is approaching."

WOOD THRUSH

I know not what I ever did in this life or before That God should send a singing thrush To call about my door.

Or have long-dead musicians come To sorrow or rejoice? How do I know it is a bird Who only hear a voice?

At pale moth-hours of dawn and dusk All flute notes that have ceased. All love songs that have silent grown, Are from that throat released.

Hark, where famed Orpheus, love bereft, From Hades realm set free, Touches again his straggly lyre And calls "Eurydice!"

—Edith Willis Linn Forbes in the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

EVACUATION OF THE RHINELAND

After almost 12 years of military occupation, the last French troops have marched out of the Rhineland, and the German colors were hoisted again. This is the evacuation of the third and last occupied zone provided by the treaty of Versailles. It takes place almost four and a half years before the date set in the pact. This advancement of the date is in happy contrast with the evacuation of the first or northern zone in January, 1926, after a year's delay due to the Interallied Military Control's dissatisfaction with the progress of German disarmament. The second area was abandoned last November, 40 days ahead of time, in return for German financial concessions in France. The early action in the final zone shows the marked acceleration in clearing up the debris of the World War.

The long stay of French troops in the Rhineland was no happier than any other military seizure. The scheduled 15-year occupation, counting from Jan. 10, 1920, when the Versailles pact came into force, was one of the treaty's many compromises. Clemenceau had held out for the Rhine as a permanent French boundary. Lloyd George viewed protracted occupation as "useless, unjust, shameful and dangerous." His view was borne out when occupying forces clamped down over a populace of 6,000,000 persons a strict press censorship, issued an index of 180 forbidden books, prohibited certain films, plays and lectures, and forbade display of the German flag and singing of German patriotic songs. Postering of separatist movements by the French added to the unrest. There were numerous bloody clashes between citizens and troops.

Under the Dawes plan, conditions in the Rhineland improved appreciably. The Rhineland army of occupation, which had reached a maximum of 150,000 in 1922, was considerably reduced. With Germany's admittance to the League of Nations, Allied statesmen began to view continuance of the occupation as unnecessary. The French plea for remaining was to insure reparations collections. When the Young plan took the indemnity problem from the field of politics, immediate abandonment became possible.

Just as the evacuation of the Ruhr, in 1925, was followed by the Franco-German commercial treaty, so the present action in the Rhineland may be expected to have similar results making for stabilization. Only the Saar problem remains to disturb the quiet of the western front. Conversations toward its settlement are now being carried on, and it is likely the region will be returned to Germany without the formality of the plebiscite set for 1935. Popular opinion in the Saar clearly favors Germany, and the French seemingly prefer to settle the matter beforehand, after obtaining what concessions they can.

Evacuation of the Rhineland is a great step forward in placing Germany again on an equal footing among the nations of Europe. It follows closely upon return to Germany of control over the Reichsbank and the German railroads, of disbandment of the Reparations Commission and fixing of indemnities on a sound basis by the Young plan. With budgetary reform, it is hoped the Reich will be able to meet its payments regularly. Efforts for a solid understanding between France and Germany now have a good chance of success, and Europe is that much nearer a state of peaceful stability.

KEEPING THE RECORD STRAIGHT

Not so many years ago the Safe and Sane Fourth of July campaign was carried on by newspapers and child welfare bodies. Its result, within a few seasons, was to reduce the annual toll of fatal, maiming and blinding accidents due to careless use of powder and fireworks. This lone in part by legislation, but more through home and school training in safety, and in better ways of expressing patriotic spirit.

Since this danger to childhood has been in large part removed, it is discouraging and irritating to read year after year, a long compilation of so-called "Fourth of July Fatalities." Canadian papers, on July 5 last year, carried a dispatch from Chicago containing such a compilation, which the Winnipeg Tribune printed under an eight-column banner line, "159 Lose Lives in U. S. Celebrations." On reading the story, it appeared that 70 deaths were due to automobile accidents, 81 to drownings, one to heat prostration and only seven to fireworks.

Highway accidents and drowning occur on every summer holiday, and the Fourth of July naturally has many of these. Safety warnings for such days are always in order, but the fatalities which occur belong in the year's casualty total, and not in special Independence day celebration records.

BALANCING PROSPERITY

The excellent uses to which the properly timed planning and control of public spending may be put in balancing employment and business trends are indicated in the new report of the President Committee on Recent Economic Changes. The note struck by the report is a conservative one, in realization that while the proper timing of public works reasonably may be expected to reduce the severity of economic fluctuations, it is only one of many factors. Business should be able to look to governmental divisions for aid in smoothing out the hills and valleys of the economic curve but business must look within itself for the main causes and cures.

Approximately 900,000 men are employed and \$2,500,000,000 expended each year in public building projects of Federal, state and local governments. These figures, representing permanent improvements, and not including maintenance and repairs, amount to 35 to 40 per cent of the total annual volume of all private and public construction. The percentage gradually has been increasing. The principal governmental spending agencies, however, are still behind in their programs for permanent improvements and the future will see large advances in employment of men and money on public works.

That a combined acceleration of these huge programs not after depression has arrived, but when it is threatened, would do much to check its severity is obvious. The committee points out that it is not necessary or desirable on a large scale to withhold public expenditure in periods of prosperity. The skillful timing in the use of a comparatively small margin of public construction is more important, and offers the real opportunity for stabilizing the economic balance. Programs for public works never have been highly sensitive to business cycles, and in normal times often have had a depressing rather than a stimulating influence. This tendency can be avoided by deliberate planning of capital expenditures on a nationwide scale. The Federal Government alone can help, and has been helping, to steady the balance. If the method is to be fully effective state and local governments, informed through a central source of facts and prompt predictions, must accept joint responsibility.

"The rights of Pedestrians" is the subject of an article in a current law review. Our advice to the citizen is not to be guided by it unless he desires to figure as the principal figure in some funeral rites.

Phone your news to the Journal.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. In the County Court. In the matter of the Estate of Frank Prince, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 25th day of July, 1930, and on the 27th day of October, 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., of each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 25th day of July, A. D. 1930, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 25th day of July, 1930. Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 27th day of June, 1930. A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

NOTICE OF SALE

In the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska

In Re Application of Friederike Bluma Lange, Guardian of Maria Katherina Bluma, Henry Frederick Clarence Bluma and George William Bluma, Minors, for License to Sell Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given under and by virtue of a license granted to the undersigned guardian by the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska, on the 8th day of May, 1930, I will on the 18th day of July, 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, sell at public sale to the highest bidder cash, the interests of Maria Katherina Bluma, Henry Frederick Clarence Bluma and George William Bluma, minors, being the undivided two-thirds of the north half (N¹/₂) of the northeast quarter (NE¹/₄) of Section two (2), Township eleven (11), Range eleven (11), east of the 10th P. M., in the County of Cass, Nebraska, subject to the life estate of Friederike Bluma Lange therein. Said sale will be held open one hour. FRIEDERIKE BLUMA LANGE, Guardian of Maria Katherina Bluma, Henry Frederick Clarence Bluma and George William Bluma, Minors. W. A. ROBERTSON, Attorney.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. In the County Court. In the matter of the estate of Adam Wolf, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 18th day of July, 1930, and the 20th day of October, 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., of each day to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 18th day of July, A. D. 1930 and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 18th day of July, 1930. Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 20th day of June, 1930. A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass County, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., or said day at the South front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said County, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate to-wit:

Lot Twelve (12), Block ninety-three (93), in the City of Plattsmouth, as surveyed, platted and recorded— The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Harry H. Kuhnney, et al., defendants to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by Standard Savings and Loan Association of Omaha, Nebraska, plaintiff against said defendants. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, June 17th A. D. 1930. BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass County, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., or said day at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, to-wit:

Fractional Lots 1 and 2 and all of Lots 3 and 4, all in Block 22 in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, subject to the mortgage in favor of the Nebraska City Building & Loan Association, not involved in this suit. The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Ella E. Hale et al, Defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by H. J. Spurway, Receiver of the Clarinda National Bank of Clarinda, Iowa, Plaintiff against said Defendants. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, June 6th, A. D. 1930. BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Ella E. Hale et al, Defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by H. J. Spurway, Receiver of the Clarinda National Bank of Clarinda, Iowa, Plaintiff against said Defendants. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, June 6th, A. D. 1930. BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

NOTICE OF SUIT TO QUIET TITLE

In the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska Joseph Myron Wiles, Plaintiff vs. The Heirs, Devisees, Legatees, Personal Representatives and all Other Persons Interested in the Estates of Abraham Snyder, Et Al, Defendants.

To the defendants: the heirs, devisees, legatees, personal representatives and all other persons interested in the estates of Abraham Snyder, Mary Swartz, and Elizabeth Pettit, each deceased, real names unknown, and all persons having or claiming any interest in the west half (W¹/₂) of the southwest quarter (SW¹/₄) of section twenty-seven (27), in township twelve (12), north range thirteen (13), east of the 6th P. M., in the County of Cass, Nebraska, real names unknown.

You and each of you are hereby notified that Joseph Myron Wiles as plaintiff, filed a petition and commenced an action in the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska, on the 19th day of June, 1930, against you and each of you, the object, purpose and prayer of which is to obtain a decree of court quieting the title to the west half (W¹/₂) of the southwest quarter (SW¹/₄) of section twenty-seven (27), township twelve (12), north range thirteen (13), east of the 6th P. M., in the County of Cass, Nebraska, in the plaintiff, as against you and each of you and for such other and further relief as may be just and equitable in the premises.

You and each of you are further notified that you are required to answer said petition on or before Monday the 4th day of August, 1930, or the allegations therein contained will be taken as true, and a decree will be rendered in favor of the plaintiff, Joseph Myron Wiles, as against you and each of you, according to the prayer of said petition. JOSEPH MYRON WILES, Plaintiff.

W. A. ROBERTSON, Attorney for Plaintiff. J23-4w Job Printing at Journal office.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Bank of Eagle, a banking corporation of Eagle, Nebraska, at a special meeting of the stockholders on the 27th day of March, 1930, amended its Articles of Incorporation to extend the corporate existence until May 20, 1980, and also amended its Articles of Incorporation to provide for a Board of not less than three nor more than fifteen members, otherwise the Articles of Incorporation heretofore adopted remain the same. BANK OF EAGLE of Eagle, Nebraska.

By— Sterling F. Mutz, Its Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an Execution issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass County, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the south front door of the court house, in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, to-wit:

The east ninety acres of the northwest quarter (NW¹/₄) of Section 25, Township 12, North of Range 12 East of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska, subject to all liens.

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of William Kaufmann, defendant, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by H. J. Spurway, Receiver of the First National Bank of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, plaintiff against said defendant, William Kaufmann et al. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, June 23rd, A. D. 1930. BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

NOTICE OF REFEREE'S SALE

In the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska Arthur N. Sullivan, et al, Plaintiffs vs. Adeline Spangler et al, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the decree of the District Court, of the County of Cass Nebraska, entered in the above entitled cause, on the 15th day of February, 1930, and an order of sale entered by said court on the 15th day of February, 1930, the undersigned sole referee will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 26th day of July, 1930, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the South Front Door of the Court House in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass County, Nebraska, the following described real estate to-wit:

Lots 10 and 11 in block 28 in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass County, Nebraska; terms of sale 10% cash of the amount of the bid at the time of sale, and the balance on confirmation. Said sale will be held open for one hour. Dated this 14th day of June, 1930. J. A. CAPWELL, Referee.

NOTICE OF HEARING

Estate of Deborah Burdick, deceased, in the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, To all persons interested in said estate, creditors and heirs take notice, that John I. Burdick, son of said deceased and interested as such, has filed his petition alleging that Deborah Burdick died intestate in Cass county, Nebraska, on or about January, 20th, 1902, being a resident and inhabitant of Cass county, Nebraska, and died seized of the following described real estate, to-wit:

The east half (E¹/₂) of the southwest quarter (SW¹/₄) of Section thirty-three (33), Township ten (10), North, Range nine (9), East of the 6th P. M., in Cass county, Nebraska— That the said Deborah Burdick died more than two years prior to the filing of this petition, leaving as her sole and only heirs at law the following named persons, to-wit:

Joshua F. Burdick, husband; William Burdick, son; Anson D. Burdick, son; Jerome Burdick, son; Edward P. Burdick, son; James W. Burdick, son; John I. Burdick, son; Lucy J. Miller, daughter; Ida M. Tappan, daughter; Sylvia L. Ashworth, daughter, and Rebecca Zinkon, daughter.

That no application for administration has been made and the estate of said decedent has not been administered in the State of Nebraska;

That the interest of the petitioner herein in the above described real estate is as son of the said decedent; and praying for a determination of the time of the death of said Deborah Burdick and her heirs, the degree of kinship and the right of descent of the real property belonging to the said decedent, in the State of Nebraska.

It is ordered that the same stand for hearing the 25th day of July, A. D. 1930, before the court at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., in the County Court room in the court house at Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

Dated at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, this 26th day of June, A. D. 1930. W. A. ROBERTSON, Attorney for Plaintiff. J23-4w Phone your Job Printing order to No. 6. Prompt service.

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