

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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She is thrice armed whose Kaws are just.

Louisiana house votes to impeach Long for bribery.

Hoover won't pass off-hand on export farm bounty plan.

What are you doing about gravel roads, Mr. Councilman get busy.

Air six miles above the earth only half as light as near the earth.

We are anxious to have world peace, but see no reason for fighting over it.

In a small town everyone who lives on the square moves in the same circle.

Nitroglycerine, the powerful explosive, is also one of the most potent heart stimulants known.

Certain persons think that Boston's culture is declining. But you can't find a book section in any Boston newspaper of our "golden age of literature."

Nowadays before a man stoops to retrieve a fallen card from under the bridge table, it is considered proper etiquette for him to tie a handkerchief over his eyes.

Only husbands can sue for divorce in Japan.

If you sign a lot of notes you'll have to face the music.

It is hard to say who the greatest man in the world is.

The only way to try prohibition, is to try those who violate it.

Wonder how a Governor of Oklahoma amuses himself between impeachments.

Paradoxical as it may seem, it is entirely possible for a dry congressman to drink as he votes.

A gasoline station attendant in a western city was arrested as a boot-legger. How did they ever happen to detect him?

A talking moving picture of 300 animals was filmed at the Bronx Zoo the other day. Now the movies can add to their classic advertising line, a "100 per cent all-talkie, all-dumb" picture.

There seems to be considerable sympathy for young Mr. Heflin, many observers inclining to the belief that they might act worse than he if they were doomed to sit around and listening to the senator.

A novelist says woman's clothes are their sentiments expressed in a manner somewhat laconic.

The former Kaiser is still protesting that he didn't start the war. At any rate, it's a safe bet he wishes he hadn't.

One of the earlier blindfold tests was coming in off a sunny street and feeling around for an empty seat in the movie.

It will soon be June. Numerous young ones are already figuring it out again that two can live just as expensively as one.

Many a man says he can't advertise because business is so dull. Maybe so, but it wasn't raining when Noah built the ark.

A president is back in private life when he has to get a newspaper in off the back porch to find out what's doing, like the rest of us.

Our Democratic Washington usually makes much over royal visitors, but recently a noble arrived and left the capital with little furor.

Formerly it was necessary to go to the Far West in search of adventure. Now it is necessary to go only as far as the nearest filling station.

Ever occur to you that the fellow who chuckles is a fine fellow, and that everybody likes him? There is a world of meaning in the chuckle.

BROOKHART'S WILD IMPULSE

A good example of the wild impulse to resort to law to control human conduct and affairs in general for the purpose of remedying all the evils for supposed evils of human society is presented in the proposed law of Senator Brookhart to outlaw speculation and put into the hands of Congress the sole power to fix discount rates.

It may be granted that evils arise out of speculation and that the interests of legitimate business are occasionally menaced by a popular fever of stock market trading. Remedies for these evils are not easily found. Usually they correct themselves. Doubtless they can be corrected to a very large extent by the judicious exercise of the powers reposed in the Federal Reserve Board. But patent medicines legislation is more dangerous than the disease.

Senator Brookhart proposes to forbid the banks lending money for speculative purposes. He would penalize all who may violate the proposed act, by denying banks that do lend money for speculation the use of the mails and telegraph. In short, he would put them out of business.

The attempt to enforce such a law would be met by the question of what is and what is not speculation. There would be such a tangle in banking business that it would far business more than a dozen speculative crazes.

The Senator wants the discount rate fixed by Congress. Imagine 531 members of Congress, most of whom do not know a discount rate from a barn door and who are utterly unfamiliar with the working and needs of business, deciding what shall be the discount rate and business waiting for the close of the debate and the decision. What may happen during the congressional recess, when business goes on regardless of Congress? Only a glance at the proposal is needed to damn it.

It may be possible, as Senator Glass suggests, that enlarging the powers of the Federal Reserve Board is desirable. But to control business by fiat of law and regulatory bureaus is unthinkable. There would be no "speculation" about disaster under these circumstances; it would be certain.

MOTORISTS PAY ENOUGH

The motorists of this nation are surely paying their share of the taxes.

In 1928, according to estimates of the United States Bureau of Public Roads, various state gasoline taxes netted over \$300,000,000. Increases voted in nearly every part of the country will boost the figure this year to the neighborhood of \$450,000,000.

Obviously, the motorist ought to help pay for the good roads that his activities make necessary, and so long as the money is used for that purpose alone the situation isn't so bad. But some states are beginning to divert part of this revenue to other purposes; and, in addition, many legislators seem to have the idea that no gas tax can be too high. The motorist right now is paying just about all that can in justice be demanded of him.

A Chicago woman offered a conductor a transfer that was 25 years old. Just like a woman to stand there all that time and be sure the car would come.

INDUSTRIAL COMBINES

Secretary Wilbur of the federal department of the interior, armed with a formal opinion by Attorney General Mitchell, has informed the American Petroleum Institute that its proposed voluntary curtailment of production of oil cannot be sanctioned by any official of the United States. The question that arises is not whether the proposed agreement is economically sound. If the oil companies decide to restrict production, they take a chance. For there is no federal agency with power to grant immunities or make exceptions when federal anti-trust laws are violated.

It is true that, if an agreement in restriction of production be manifestly in the interests of the public, the United States Supreme court, in a suit involving the issue, would apply the well-known rule of reason and refuse to interfere. But the oil producers do not care to invite protracted lawsuits, and the federal department of justice might feel constrained to challenge a nation-wide agreement to limit production of oil for a given period. It might fear that such an agreement would serve as a precedent for other and less meritorious combinations in restraint of trade.

So the oil-producing companies face an awkward dilemma in view of the serious over-supply of their product.

There is a somewhat analogous issue in the informal appeal of President Hoover by the respective officers of the Radio Corporation of America and the International Telephone and Telegraph Company for friendly support of the projected consolidation of their communication services "if and when the law permits." The so-called White radio law expressly prohibits the consolidation, which is deemed essential in order that American interests may compete successfully with the unified cable and radio services of Great Britain. Mr. Hoover has discussed the matter informally with representatives of the corporations concerned, but he is not expected to reach an immediate decision. Congress would be likely to follow his deliberate recommendation when dealing with a business question which he had studied while in charge of the department of commerce and while in contact with industrial leaders in this country and abroad.

The present often is described as a day of mergers and business co-operation on the widest scale. It has been reported even that American steel companies would like to join the European steel cartel, if American federal law permitted such action on their part. Not a few eminent lawyers and economists hold that the anti-trust law of 1890 needs substantial amendment so that there might be greater freedom in the forming of combines with consequent lowering of production costs and commodity prices for the benefit of consumers. The position of the Hoover administration on this complicated problem remains to be defined.

FLYING TO THE EXPOSITION

If aviation in this country develops with anything like the speed that the leaders in the industry are predicting—and there isn't any very good reason for thinking it will not—we are going to see a growth that will surprise us.

Here's a sample. Chicago is going to hold a great international exposition in 1934. And aviation leaders are predicting now that Chicago's hotels will not be overcrowded, no matter how great the throngs that go to see it. Why? Because, they say, aviation will be so far developed by that time that visitors will stop in cities like Detroit, Cleveland, Indianapolis and St. Louis, if they cannot find accommodations in Chicago, and will fly back and forth to the exposition daily.

That sounds almost incredible. Yet it is, obviously, quite within the realm of possibilities. The airplane may yet work as profound a change in our social and economic organization as the automobile has done.

A WORD FOR GANN

Public comment shows a surprising degree of sympathy with Vice-President Curtis in standing up "sturdily" for his sister in the row over her "precedence" in official Washington society. He may be sturdy; we don't know. But he seems to us, one more man made rather ridiculous by a woman's ambitions. And his sister's position seems to us worse than absurd. There is nothing "sturdy" or admirable about it; because she is ignoring, humiliating and bringing into public ridicule a man to whom her duty runs before her brother; that is, her husband.

Your ad in the Journal will be read, and they sure do get results.



Mildred had a calf

"Ma! Get up and light a lantern... Oh I forgot. Never mind, Ma. Finish your sleep."

That was the night, Mildred, the old red cow, had a calf. Pa was so excited he forgot they had Delco-Light and started to yell for a lantern. Then, when he got out to the barn, the lights were so bright, Pa remembered he hadn't stopped to put on his pants. Kinda embarrassed, Pa was.

But I'll tell you it's just at times like that, that you're mighty glad you've got Delco-Light on the job day and night.

O. C. Stout

224 South 11th Street
 Lincoln, Neb.

Just phone or drop me a card and I'll bring Delco-Light to your home for a night demonstration!

DELCO-LIGHT

ELECTRIC POWER AND LIGHT PLANTS



PRODUCTS OF GENERAL MOTORS
 Made and Guaranteed by Delco-Light Company, Dayton, Ohio

WHY JUST SEVEN SECONDS!

How highly do you value seven seconds of time? Enough to risk your life to save them?

Probably you don't. Yet, in motor- ing across the country, there probably have been at least two or three times when you have hurried to cross a railroad track ahead of a train, so that you wouldn't have to wait.

What's that got to do with the value of seven seconds? Just this: Seven seconds is the average length of time it takes a fast railroad train to get by a crossing.

It isn't a long period of time. Yet, in 1928, upward of 1000 motorists were killed at grade crossings.

They prized their seven seconds so highly that they paid with their lives for them.

A DANGEROUS PERSON

A few days since a jury on lunacy, sitting at Clarkdale, sent to the insane hospital a nine-year-old negro boy named James T. Coburn. Coburn, it seems, wants to burn everything in sight. In other words, he is a pyromaniac, although apparently normal in other respects.

A patient of that sort can hardly be expected a cordial welcome at the insane hospital in view of the fact that the institution has on several occasions recently escaped destruction by fire.

They will no doubt keep this pick-aninny under close surveillance and see to it that he does not indulge in his penchant for playing with fire.

Whoever had a scheme for farm relief got a chance to give the Senate advice, for the agriculture committee of that body assembled three weeks ahead of the meeting of Congress and invited all comers to come and show them.

FEEDERS DAY

This is inviting you to attend the 17th Annual Feeders Day, Friday, April 19, 1929, College of Agriculture, Lincoln. Don't miss this.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
 In the County Court.
 In the matter of the estate of John Rich, deceased.

To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 10th day of May, 1929, and on the 12th day of August, 1929, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 10th day of May, A. D. 1929, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 10th day of May, 1929.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 4th day of April, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
 In the County Court.
 In the matter of the estate of David G. Babbington, deceased.

To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified that I will sit at the County Court room in Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 15th day of April, 1929, and on the 20th day of July, 1929, at 10 o'clock a. m. of each day, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 15th day of April, A. D. 1929 and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 15th day of April, 1929.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court this 13th day of March, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING

on Petition for Appointment of Administratrix

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
 In the County Court.
 In the matter of the estate of Joseph Fetzer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Charlotte Fetzer Patterson, praying that Administration of said estate may be granted to Charlotte Fetzer Patterson, as Administratrix: Ordered, that April 26th, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Dated March 30th, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING

on Petition for Appointment of Administrator

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
 In the County Court.
 In the matter of the estate of Henry Bartek, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Paul Bartek, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Frank A. Cloidt, as Administrator: Ordered, that April 26th, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Dated March 27th, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1929, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following real estate, to-wit:

Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, in Block 33, and Lots 5 and 6, in Block 63, in the City of Plattsmouth, and Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, in Block 8, in Dukes Addition to the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska.

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Mrs. — Sampson, first and real name unknown, et al. defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by Louis Ackerman, plaintiff against said defendants.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, March 15, A. D. 1929.

BERT REED
 Sheriff Cass County,
 Nebraska

Law Brier Printing? Sure, the Journal does it at right prices. Tell your lawyer you want us to print your brief.

ORDER OF HEARING

on Petition for Appointment of Administrator

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.
 In the County Court.
 In the matter of the estate of John L. Tidball, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John L. Tidball praying that administration of said estate may be granted to John L. Tidball, as Administrator: Ordered, that May 3rd, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Dated April 5th, 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
 State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Lorina Creely, deceased: On reading the petition of Emmett I. Ellis praying that the instrument filed in this court, on the 27th day of March, 1929, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Lorina Creely, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate and the administration of said estate be granted to Emmett I. Ellis, as Executor:

It is hereby ordered that you, and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this Order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 27th day of March, A. D. 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
 State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Athaliah Bauer, deceased: On reading the petition of Joseph A. Bauer praying that the instrument filed in this court, on the 13th day of April, 1929, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Athaliah Bauer, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate and the administration of said estate be granted to W. B. Enning, as Executor:

It is hereby ordered that you, and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand, and the seal of said Court, this 13th day of April, A. D. 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
 State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Alfred Anderson, deceased: On reading the petition of Alfred Anderson, Leonard Anderson, Arthur Anderson and Olaf Anderson praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 6th day of April, 1929, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Alfred Anderson, as Administrator with will annexed:

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand, and the seal of said Court, this 13th day of April, A. D. 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING AND NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
 State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Charles Anderson, deceased: On reading the petition of Alfred Anderson, Leonard Anderson, Arthur Anderson and Olaf Anderson praying that the instrument filed in this court on the 6th day of April, 1929, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, may be proved and allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of Charles Anderson, deceased; that said instrument be admitted to probate and the administration of said estate be granted to Alfred Anderson, as Administrator with will annexed:

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1929, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and that the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Witness my hand, and the seal of said court, this 6th day of April, A. D. 1929.

A. H. DUXBURY,
 County Judge.

All its eggs in one basket

OPERATING under a Nebraska charter, Standard Oil Company of Nebraska devotes all its resources to earning the confidence, goodwill and patronage of the people of Nebraska.

Expanding its service to every corner of the state and marketing top quality products at fair prices from the solid foundation on which this Nebraska institution has built.

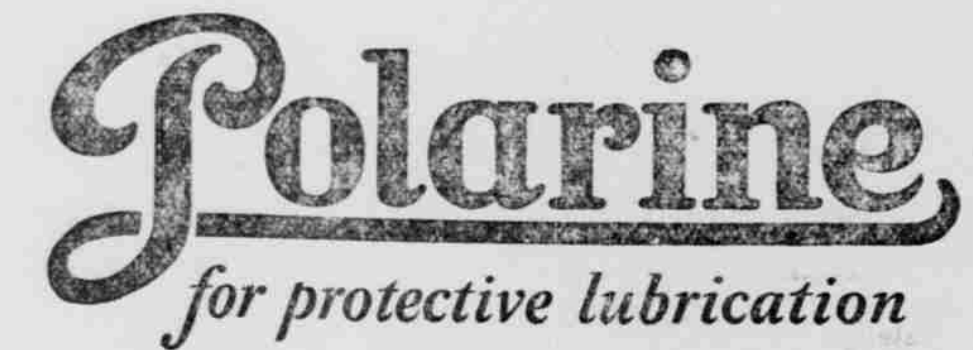
Knowing the climatic conditions under which motors operate in Nebraska, no labor or expense has been spared to develop the highest quality oil and determine the most suitable grades.

Second to none in quality, Polarine is made from a selected grade of Wyoming crude oil by a process which gives it outstanding advantages. It carries no price premium to cover long transportation and high marketing costs.

Advantages of this Superior Western Oil

- 1—Flows freely and lubricates safely in cold weather.
- 2—Holds its body at high engine heat.
- 3—Needs changing less frequently—is long-service oil.
- 4—Deposits less carbon than almost any oil you can buy at any price.

For the best results, consult the Polarine Chart and use the grade experts specify for Nebraska service.
 Sold by Red Crown Dealers and Service Stations everywhere in Nebraska.



STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEBRASKA
 "A Nebraska Institution"