

Alvo News

Attorney and Banker Carl D. Ganz was enjoying a visit for a few days last week from his father, who makes his home at Dunbar.

Mrs. A. I. Bird has been feeling quite poorly for the past week or more and while not in her former good health is feeling somewhat improved.

Edward Taylor purchased some very fine cows over at Lincoln one day during the past week, and John B. Skinner was over on Friday to bring the cattle to Alvo.

Mr. John W. Banning was called to Dunbar to look after some business matters on last Thursday, driving over to our neighboring town in his auto for the occasion.

Joseph Armstrong, who has been making his home in the country during the winter, moved back to town and will again become a citizen of the bustling village of Alvo.

Otto Reickmann, who has been holding his wheat since threshing time with the hopes of better prices and realizing them to a certain extent, sold the grain last week and had R. M. Coatsman deliver the wheat to the Rehmeier elevator on last Monday.

The chorus of the Methodist church met on last Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Coatsman, where they rehearsed the songs for the services of the coming Sunday and also enjoyed a very pleasant evening as well. They always do enjoy an evening at the Coatsman home.

Edward Nelson and wife are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter, who came to make her home with them on last Friday, March 1st. The little lady and her mother are doing nicely, and Ed the happy father, is expected to pull through. He is saving the price of the cigars for other needs.

Clyde Johnson has accepted a position farming with R. C. Wenzel, of near Eagle and he with good wife moved to that place last Wednesday and was ready to begin his season's work on March 1st. Mr. Johnson will find that he has a good place to work and an excellent man to work with.

County Commissioner Fred H. Gordon, of Weeping Water, was a frequent visitor in Alvo on last Thursday and was looking after some matters for the county while here and seeing after the work on the roads, which have been rather severe on account of the blocking of the roads so often by the snowstorms.

On last Thursday evening the home talent play, which was given by those interested in the welfare of Alvo, was a most excellent production, and illustrates what can be done for the home town when all are disposed to do their bit for that purpose. The play was well attended and all are waiting for the next which is to be on the latter portion of this week.

Mrs. Carl Wessell, of Nehawka, and Mrs. Floyd Flemming, the latter who is visiting in eastern Nebraska from California, and had been a guest at the home of Carl Wessell and wife, at Nehawka, and at the home of T. W. Flemming, of Weeping Water, were visiting for the day Thursday and Thursday night at the home of R. M. Coatsman and family.

George W. Fifer, who has made his home south of Alvo for a number of years and is counted as being one of the best citizens, with his family and a family which is honored and respected by everyone, moved last Saturday to the farm which he rented some time since, which is four or five miles northwest of town. This will not put the family so far away but that they are still considered as Alvo people.

Making Excellent Fight
Mr. George P. Fornam, a familiar figure in the affairs of Alvo and this community for many years, who has been at Lincoln for some weeks, where he has been receiving treatment following an injury which he received when he was hauling lumber early in the winter, is reported as being very critical at his home in Lincoln at this time. Everything is being done for the fighting patient in the way of care and medical treatment in the hope of his recovery. He is putting up an excellent fight for his health and it is hoped by the host of friends of Alvo and community that he will win out in his fight.

Home from the West
E. M. Stone and wife, who have been in the west for the past nearly six months, where they were spending their time at and near Los Angeles, returned home on last Saturday a week, and while they were well pleased with their stay in the west, enjoying the milder climate and the land of flowers, they were sure glad to get back to old Cass county and Alvo, where every one met them with a smile and kindly salutation. While they missed the extreme cold weather which we have here, they experienced some pretty chilly weather for the sunny climate of lower California.

SEVENTH ZONE HAS SLUMP
Chicago — General decline of wholesale and retail sales during January in comparison with the previous month in the seventh federal reserve district, is revealed by the merchandising section of the monthly business conditions report made public here Wednesday.

All reporting lines of wholesale trade except groceries showed declines, while all but shoes had larger sales than in January a year ago.

Unfavorable weather and road conditions were mainly responsible for the declines, the report said. Collections were generally below December, although most groups indicated increases over last January. Prices held at firm levels during the month.

SPECIAL OFFER Home Grown Sweet Clover Seed

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover Seed, grown near Cook, Nebr.
White Blossom Sweet Clover Seed, grown near Otoe, Nebr.
1 Bushel 2 Bushel 5 Bushel
\$5.50 \$5.40 \$5.35

Hulled, scarified and cleaned over our own machinery. Home grown seed is preferable to shipped in seed. Suggest that you buy your requirements at once as there is only 250 bushels of this seed.

**Edward Bartling
Seed Company**
NEBRASKA CITY - NEBRASKA

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER PLANTS IN NEBR.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Department of Commerce announces that, according to returns received at the quinquennial census of electrical industries taken in 1928, the total output of electric current in the State of Nebraska in 1927, as reported by central electric light and power plants, was 495,955,833 kilowatt hours, an increase of 64.7 per cent, as compared with 245,919,017 kilowatt hours generated in 1922. During the same period the generator capacity increased from 117,733 kilowatts to 130,567 kilowatts, or 53.4 per cent. Marked increases are shown also for the horsepower of steam turbines, internal-combustion engines, and hydro-turbines in use as prime movers.

The statistics given in this report do not include data for power plants operated solely for the purpose of supplying current for the operation of electric railways.

The 298 electric light and power establishments reported from Nebraska for 1927 comprised 58 commercial and 242 municipal establishments. (The word "establishment" refers to ownership or control; consequently in many cases a commercial establishment represents two or more generating stations or distribution systems.)

The corresponding figures for 1922 were as follows: Total, 349; commercial, 115; municipal, 225. The decrease in the number of commercial establishments during the five-year period, representing the net result of a gain of 23 and a loss of 82, is due to the centralization of ownership or control and the absorption of independent generating stations accompanying the extension of transmission lines.

MAN WHO FIRED FIRST SHOT OF CIVIL WAR DIES

Austin, Tex., Feb. 28.—William Stewart Simkins, 87, professor emeritus of law at Baylor university, was said to have fired the first shot in the civil war.

Colonel Simkins was a senior in South Carolina military academy when the whole class joined the South Carolina army and was assigned to Charleston harbor to prevent reinforcement of Fort Sumpter.

Feb. 10, 1861, on sentry duty, he saw the "Star of the West," relief ship, creeping into the harbor. He fired the alarm signal. Later he fired a shot opening the attack on the fort.

Colonel Simkins fought throughout the war and surrendered with Johnson's army in North Carolina in April, 1865.

Exports of electrical equipment from the United States during November, 1928, attained a new high record since the post-war period.

IN OUR Used and Exchange Department

Vose Piano in Circassian walnut case, a very high grade instrument, \$125.00; one upright Chamberlain Piano, mahogany case, \$100.00; Edison Phonograph and Records, \$25.00; Victor with 36 records, \$25.00; \$140 Living Room Suite, \$75.00; two Duofolds, \$15.00 each; one Davenport, \$10.00; five good Library Tables at \$5 to \$7.50 each; eight Dining Room Tables, \$5 to \$15 each; Dining and Kitchen Chairs, 85c to \$2.50; two Buffets, \$5 and \$20 each; 20 Rockers, \$2.50 to \$10; three Kitchen Cabinets, \$10, \$15 and \$22.50; two good used Kitchen Ranges, \$20 and \$25 each; three new Kitchen Ranges at \$69.50 to \$95 each; one new all-over Enamel Range, damaged in shipping, at great sacrifice; one 3-burner Red Star gas stove, \$15; Breakfast Sets from \$11.50 to \$27.50; Kitchen Cupboard, \$7.50; two Baby Cribs, complete with pad, \$4.50 each; two good Lloyd Baby Buggies, \$4 and \$7.50 each; ten large Beds, \$1 to \$4.50; Bed Springs, \$1 to \$5; Dressers, \$7.50 to \$15 each.

Telephone 645
Christ Furniture Co.
118-122 South 6th Street
PLATTSMOUTH - NEBRASKA

British Youths Educated Free in the United States

American Consul-General Likens Arrangement to Cecil Rhodes Fund

London—Progress is being made with a scheme for sending British boys to the United States for free education generously offered to them by some of the great American "preparatory" schools, which correspond to what in England is known as "public schools."

The scheme has been delayed in coming into operation owing to the general, very sound regulation in force in the United States prohibiting the entry into that country of boys under 15 unless accompanied by their parents. This difficulty is understood to have now been overcome. Already two boys have been able to take advantage of the offer of free education which the scheme provides, and their experiences have been of the most delightful nature.

Albert Halstead, Consul-General for the United States in London, referred to the scheme when replying to a toast proposed by the Rev. Archibald Fleming, at a recent luncheon of the English-Speaking Union.

The American schools participating in the scheme, Mr. Halstead said, are St. Paul's, Phillips Academy (Andover), Phillips Academy (Exeter), St. Mark's School, the Hotchkiss School, and the Loomis School. "The plan," he went on to say, "is for a limited number of British selected boys of about 14 to go as students in these schools without cost to themselves, their fares being paid."

These boys, Mr. Halstead continued, like the American University and college graduates who had been enabled by the Cecil Rhodes endowment to study at British universities, would return home with a sympathetic feeling for the country where they had studied, and they would be missionaries to preach the doctrine of tolerance and good will.

Transportation never better

According to Professor William J. Cunningham, of Harvard University, one of the most pronounced aspects of railroad operation since 1921 has been the lower transportation cost. He attributes this to a combination of three factors: improved equipment, more efficient business methods and a higher morale among employees.

From 1921 to 1928 inclusive the railroads spent more than \$6,000,000,000 for additions and improvements. Without these improvements, in the opinion of Professor Cunningham, gains in operating efficiency would have been impossible.

"It required courage to go out and raise new money for capital expenditures when, as has been the case, the return the railroads have been permitted to earn since the war has been so inadequate and so far below the fair return contemplated by congress, when the transportation act passed, in 1920," says the professor.

Cunningham, "but the railroad executives have evidently grounded their courage on three principles: (1) That adequate and satisfactory transportation service cannot be given without improved facilities and equipment; (2) that if such service is given, the public confidence in and good will toward railroads will bear fruit in fair treatment and in net income; and (3) that the expenditures will produce economies which in themselves will yield a fair return on the additional investment and also tend to increase the return on the existing investment."

"The universal testimony is that rail transportation service is adequate, expeditious and dependable. It has never been better. Yet the hope that such service will be rewarded by governmental approval of rates which would yield a fair return on the value of the property devoted to public use has not been realized."

INDIAN ON THE WARPATH

Chicago—Sherman Charing Hawk seventy-two-year-old Indian brave, who fought with Sitting Bull at the Custer massacre is on the warpath again. He arrived in Chicago Wednesday, prepared to sound his war whoop in every court in the state if necessary to obtain the release of his daughter, Inez, eighteen, from the House of Good Shepherd, where she is held as a ward of the juvenile court.

It is somewhat better prepared to cope with pale face customs than he was when he roamed the prairies as a member of Sitting Bull's band. Then his sole possessions were a loin cloth, a blanket and a tomahawk. Now he is reputed twice a millionaire. His daughter Inez is his only heir.

Inez was placed in the House of the Good Shepherd two years ago by her mother who is separated from her husband, Charing Hawk. The mother, at the time, claimed the girl was incorrigible. Last week, a Chicago judge ruled that she must remain in the home until she is twenty-one.

LEBRIX HAS A CRASH

Rangoon, Burma, Feb. 27.—Joseph Lebrix, French aviator, has notified the French consulate that the plane in which he and Sergeant-Major Antoine Pallard were flying from here to Bangkok, Siam, crashed yesterday. Neither of the fliers was hurt. The plane was wrecked.

The telegram was dated yesterday from Thizeik, about 122 miles from Rangoon.

FOR SALE

Two mules and three horses. Well broke for farm work. Wallace Warner, Plattsmouth, Nebr. 127-trd&w

Phone your news to No. 6.

CHINA MAY LEAVE LEAGUE

Shanghai—The possibility of China's withdrawal from the League of Nations was suggested Wednesday in dispatches received here from Nanking. These advices stated that Sun Fo, minister of railways proposed China's withdrawal at a meeting of the central political council of the nationalist government. The council decided to refer the question to the forthcoming third national congress of the Koumintang, the nationalist political organization.

While there have been no direct intimations recently that China was considering leaving the league of Nations, the last session of the league opium commission was marked by a threat made by Wang King-Ky, Chinese delegate that the committee refused to discuss the entire Chinese situation would mean isolation of China from the league from other nations.

General business volume, evidenced by sales of department stores, declined seasonally compared with the high records of December, but showed an increase of about 3.7 per cent over January a year ago.

Live Stock Outlook Good.

"There was increased production of beef, pork, mutton, coal, cement, crude oil, and other products, and shipments of zinc ore during January this year, compared with 1928, while production of beef and shipments of lead ore decreased.

"Condition for agriculture were generally favorable, with frequent snows over the winter providing the soil moisture needed in the spring. Some injury to the winter wheat crop by ice-covered fields has been reported, but the extent of the damage cannot be determined until early in the spring. The situation for the live stock industry was reported generally satisfactory. Live stock on farms and ranges was in good condition, but requiring heavy winter feeding.

"Building contracts awarded in January showed an increase in value of 17.5 per cent over the same month last year, although the value of building permits issued in 18 cities during the month fell below that of a year ago by 11 per cent.

More Money in Banks.

"The volume of outstanding loans, discounts and investments of 63 reporting member banks in leading cities of the Tenth district showed a decrease of 1.5 per cent from January 2 and February 6, and the total stood \$28,914,000 above that reported February 8, 1928. Net demand deposits showed increases of \$1,178,000 in five weeks and of \$7,327,000 in five months from January 2 to February 6, and of \$119,976,227 on February 1, 1928.

According to the annual survey by the American Bankers' association, the amount of savings deposits in all banks in the seven states in the district increased 12.4 per cent from June 30, 1927, to June 30, 1928. The amount of savings deposits per inhabitant rose from \$91 in 1927 to 998 in 1928.

COOLIDGES PREPARING TO QUIT WHITE HOUSE

Washington, Feb. 27.—The hum of activity enveloped both the White House and executive offices today as preparations were pushed forward by President and Mrs. Coolidge for their retirement from public life.

In the executive mansion the first lady was in personal command of a corps of servants and workers, and the president was engaged at his office winding up business and bidding farewell to many friends.

Among his callers were: Chief Justice Taft, Senator Norbeck (rep. S. D.), Smith (dem., S. C.) and Wagner (dem., N. Y.), Representatives Wood (rep. Ind.), Fish (rep. N. Y.) Fort (rep. N. J.), and Campbell (rep. Pa.). The Vermont congressional delegation called in a body.

Others were Dr. L. S. Rowe, director general of the Pan-American union, Chairman Murray of the tariff commission, Henry Bond, assistant secretary of the treasury, and Representative Garrett (dem., Tenn.), recently appointed by President Coolidge to the bench of the court of customs appeals.

Visitors that pass through the president's office and shake hands with Mr. Coolidge at the daily noon hour receptions has been increasing steadily for the last week.

SET ROYAL WEDDING DATE

Stockholm.—Official announcement was made Wednesday that the wedding of Crown Prince Olaf of Norway to the Swedish princess Martha would take place in Oslo March 21 and would be broadcast by radio over Sweden and Norway. The hour for the ceremony will be 1 p. m. Bishop Johann Lund of Oslo will unite the royal couple in Vor Frelsers Kirke, largest church in the Norwegian capital.

Members of the Swedish, Danish and Belgian royal families will attend, and King George of England will be represented by the duke and duchess of York.

Strict Dry Bill is Passed After Bitter Debate

Senate Measure Forwarded to President Without Single Change; Wets are Voted Down.

Washington, Feb. 28.—A dry army marched roughshod over the wets in the house today and passed the Jones bill to increase the penalties for prohibition law violations without changing a letter in the measure as it was received from the senate. The vote was 283 to 90.

Led by republican dries, the prohibitionists turned back every move which sought to alter the bill in any manner that would make necessary a conference with the senate. At the end they demanded a roll call vote on the proposal to pass it and send it to the president.

While the house was taking this action, the senate also was busy with the prohibition problem. That body passed the second deficiency supply bill carrying \$2,700,000 that the president had recommended for enforcement, after, by its action of last night, reviving the 24 million dollar proposal by resurrecting the first deficiency measure which had died in conference.

Date on the Jones bill in the house was bitter at times. The wets gained support from a number of dries, democrats and republicans, who contended the measure embodies legislative errors that should be corrected.

All Amendments Defeated

Several changes to correct these wets proposed and the first ray of victory appeared to have dawned for opponents as a result of an amendment proposed by representative Tucker (dem., Va.) to discriminate between the first offenders and the habitual violators being adopted by a standing vote. Tellers were demanded, however, and the proposal finally was defeated.

The amendments offered included one by Representative O'Connor (dem., N. Y.) to make capital punishment the penalty for dry law violators. This proposal, like all others was rejected.

Answering an attack upon him by Representative Moore (rep., O.) the New Yorker declared that his oath to support the constitution did not preclude his opposition to any of its sections.

The "Super-President."

"Are you pledging your full faith and allegiance to the constitution, he asked of the advocates of the measure, 'or are you working for the Anti-Saloon league, whose leader and whose dictator sits there in the corner watching your every move and who is sending messages down here somewhere? I do not know."

"He sits up there, Dr. McBride, the super-president of the United States. Many of you know he is there. That is the constitution and that is the amendment you are supporting, not the Eighteenth amendment."

Moore criticized O'Connor for a speech yesterday in which the New York member said he despised and abhorred the 18th amendment and would not vote for any measure to enforce it.

The bill was defended by Representative Michener (rep., Mich.) and other advocates of the ground that while there are certain defects in it, they are minor in character and the law is needed by the department of justice to enforce the Eighteenth amendment.

The Jones bill provides a maximum five-year prison sentences and 10 thousand dollar fines for violations of the prohibition law. Under the measure, however, federal judges are given the discretionary power to discriminate between minor offenders and large scale bootleggers, and it is intended that only the more hardened violators should receive the maximum penalties.

During the debate on the measure, F. Scott McBride, general superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, sat in the gallery while representatives of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment were present in another section.—World-Herald.

M'NUIT SUPPORTS SCHOOLS

Cleveland, O.—The people of the county stand support their institutions of education if our government is to remain democratic, Paul V. McNutt, national commander of the American Legion declared Thursday at the closing session of the department of superintendence, National Education association.

"The thing which has marked our people since the very beginning has been a determined faith in representative government, the legion commander said. "Are we keeping the faith? Are we succeeding with this, the greatest experiment of all ages?"

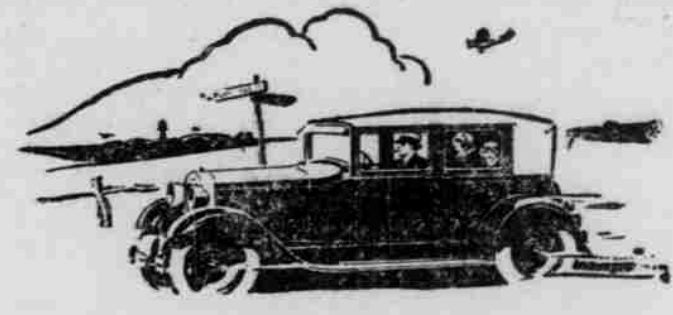
The school should supplement the work of the church in teaching religion as far as possible if the program of character education is carried out, John J. Tigert, president of the University of Florida, declared.

Without a record vote and with no expressed opposition, the house Friday night agreed to the conference report on the secondary deficiency appropriation bill. The report carries more than \$1,000,000 of the \$2,977,000 agreed upon by the conferees late in the day for prohibition enforcement. The senate has yet to act on the report.

The remainder of the \$2,977,000 item, together with the \$250,000 fund for the proposed survey commission to be established by the incoming president, Hoover, is included in the conference report on the first deficiency bill which the senate was slated to take up first with the house today.

The prohibition funds in the second deficiency bill report were distributed among the department of justice, the customs service and the civil service commission.—State Journal.

Tires for the new Ford are specially made to give long wear



WHEN the new Ford was designed, it was immediately apparent that a new tire would have to be made to match the car's performance. It was distinctly a new problem, for here was a car with quicker acceleration, greater speed and more braking efficiency than any car of similar size or weight.

So that every Ford owner might be assured of maximum tire mileage at the lowest cost, the Ford Motor Company devoted many months to research and experiment in conjunction with the leading tire manufacturers.

As a result, certain definite specifications were developed for tires for the new Ford. These specify cords of certain strength and texture, a large volume of tread and side-wall rubber, sturdily non-skid design, and reinforced plies for protection against bruise breaks—all the strong features of construction formerly considered for only the largest tires.

Great care also was taken to secure the best riding qualities in connection with the transverse springs and the Houdaille shock absorbers.



FORD MOTOR COMPANY

Houses of Congress Settle Differences

Agreement on Increase in Prohibition Appropriation Is Reached by the Conferees.

Washington—Differences between the senate and house over an increase in the prohibition appropriation were settled finally Friday by their conferees agreeing on a \$2,977,000 addition in funds for prohibition enforcement. The senate had asked for \$24,000,000 additional and the house, after President Coolidge had recommended it, approved \$2,727,000.

The agreement largely dissipated fears that the two deficiency appropriation measures might fail to enactment. The two bills carry more than \$200,000,000 for various projects through the country, and leaders Friday night believed the way clear for their final adoption.

Senator Harris, democrat, Georgia, who sponsored the \$24,000,000 item voted by the senate, accepted the compromise as a "distant vindication of our position that additional funds were necessary for proper and adequate enforcement" of the prohibition law.

The total amount agreed upon included the proposal of Senator Glass, democrat, Virginia, of \$250,000 for a dry inquiry by a presidential commission.

The plan of Senator Robinson of Arkansas, the democratic leader, and Senator Glass, that the first and second deficiency bills be separated and acted upon individually was approved. After the senate had added \$24,000,000 to the first deficiency bill, the measure was abandoned in conference and the house incorporated all of its provisions except those not to be acted upon separately.

Each bill will now be acted upon separately.

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Though the Ford tires are designated as 30 x 4.50, they have the resiliency and air space of much larger tires because of the drop center rim of the steel-spoke wheels.

For best results, the tires on the new Ford should be kept inflated to an air pressure of 35 pounds and checked regularly to insure this pressure all the time. This is important. Low inflation breaks down the sidewalls of a tire. By causing overheating, it also destroys the rubber that acts as an insulation, with consequent separation of the cord.

At the end of each 5000 miles, when you have the front wheels packed with grease, it is a good plan to have the wheel alignment checked. This will prevent premature wear.

When punctures come, as they will with any tire, you will find the Ford dealer particularly well-equipped to make repairs quickly and at small cost. See him, too, for replacements. Then you will be sure of getting tires built specially for the Ford car according to definite Ford specifications.

tributed among the department of justice, the customs service and the civil service commission.—State Journal.

GLOOM FOR KIDS;
GRABBAGS TO GO

Lincoln, March 1.—Candy manufacturers selling candy in Nebraska were asked today by Attorney General Sorenson to discontinue selling "scheme goods" or "draw bags" which contain candy selling at various prices as indicated within the package.

Happy Hundred Supper on Next Tuesday Night

Meeting Will Be Held at American Legion Community Building—Francis Flood, Speaker.

From Saturday's Daily—The next Happy Hundred supper will be held on Tuesday evening at the American Legion community building and will be the closing meeting of the year and the occasion should bring a large number out to attend the event.

The speaker this month will be Francis Flood, a widely known world traveler and who the past summer made a motorcycle trip across the Sahara desert and parts of Africa and whose wanderings has taken him over a great part of the old globe in the best and less known sections of the world. His fund of experience is re-enforced by a real clever humor and ones that everyone will appreciate and enjoy.

This will make a diversion in the nature of the addresses which have been largely in other lines of thought and the visit of Mr. Flood will be awaited with a great deal of interest by the Plattsmouth residents.

The Legion Auxiliary will serve the supper and a fine tempting menu may be anticipated by the men at the supper and the new fan to aid the heating system of the building assures that it will be very comfortable and pleasant for the banquet party.

The ticket committee is composed of R. W. Knorr, Lynn Minor and E. H. Wescott and those who have not as yet secured their tickets should get busy and see that they are provided with the necessary reservations.

The watch and clock industry of Germany is highly concentrated, about 70 per cent of the production coming from the Black Forest region.