

The Plattsmouth Journal

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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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Culture is the butter of the well-bred.

Ain't he dandy? Who? Why Governor Smith.

The nearer the roof a man lives the better outlook he has.

Matrimony—one of the United States that isn't on the map.

A man in Albuquerque was held for drinking 18 tins of canned heat.

As the politicians see it, the farm problem is how to win the farm vote.

Television may satisfy the long-standing curiosity as to what static looks like.

Democrats should get together and make a pretense of having something organized at least.

Prohibition will have become effective when a fellow can go into politics and forget about it.

The wets and the dries are so far apart that the bootleggers have plenty of room to pass between.

Soap was made by the Gauls over 2000 years ago. They made it of goat's fat and ashes of beech trees.

If it is bandits the marines are after they could find thousands of them right here in the United States.

Science has so far failed to improve the quality of the gas with which campaign orators are inflated.

One of our perennial hopes is that some day some song writer will get angry with her and call her a "big baby."

It takes a ray of light 36,000 years to travel from Hercules to the earth. It ought to incorporate and charge a 10-cent fare.

Ha! at last, we have it! The reason why Hoover didn't kiss that baby was because he didn't like the odor of cigar smoke in another's breath.

Either the honeymoon or the baseball season is over when he no longer thinks that her original method of keeping track of the score is "cute."

Mrs. Knapp, former secretary of state of New York, was sentenced to 30 days for the theft of \$30,000 state funds. Too much, rather, that is, we mean, too much.

Smith's speech at Omaha, with its wit, humor and homely colloquialism, illustrates what the London Times had in mind when it referred to him recently as the "Lincoln of the sidewalk."

Henry Ford visualizes automobile tires made from roadside weeds. When that day comes the heart of the hay fever victims will heat with gratitude and his voice, now husky, will be lifted to a hallalujah pitch.

The largest network ever assembled in the eight-year history of broadcasting was hooked up for the acceptance of Governor A. E. Smith from Albany, N. Y. In addition to six short-wave stations which sent his words ringing around the world, 105 transmitters were on the air.

There is no mistake in his ability and he is all there.

If you are a democrat be a patriot and vote the democrat ticket.

Everything I ever got in the world I had to fight for.—"Al" Smith.

A woman laughs in her sleeve every time a man talks through his hat.

An egotist is a man whose idea of sparkling conversation is a monologue.

The trouble is that at times the speaker does not so much clarify the subject as amplify it.

Traffic in the old days revealed more evidence of horse sense, but perhaps it was in the horse.

Democrats must begin and swing all around. United they stand and divided they are bound to fail.

It's true that men drank themselves to death before prohibition, but they didn't do it in one gulp.

The papers tell about a Baltimore girl who lost her frock at a dance, but don't tell how she noticed the difference.

But we know that Gene Tunney is not marrying for money, because he could get it so much easier by fighting for it.

After careful study of the dry platform upon which Hoover is expected to stand we advise him to wear his rubbers.

Now that Hoover is out of a job, he'll probably hustle his darndest to get the kind of congenial employment he is seeking.

"The Jury System Breaks Down Again," headline. Now, as a matter of fact, hasn't it been disabled all the time here or there?

The headline, "Robinson Hits Whispersers," reminds us that whippers and speakeasy sound alike but are two different things.

One of these days some young woman is going to jump into the English Channel and fail to swim across. That will be news.

We think too, that a generation that endured the wall paper of the late nineties has no business making fun of a refrigerator finished in mauve.

We venture that it might be slightly embarrassing were some persons to ask a Republican orator what Rose Tweed has to do with this campaign anyway.

It has been definitely proved that watching a ball game stimulates the appetite but the discovery seems to have come too late to do a Boston fan any good.

Senator Norris is one of those big men of Nebraska and perhaps knows more about farming than any other public man in the state. He is their friend and they know it.

In a campaign characterized by the honesty of both presidential candidates on the issue of prohibition it is almost a relief to learn that everybody is not going to like that.

MASONRY AND DEMOCRACY

A Freemason is disloyal to his order and betrays it if he is a Republican. Governor Smith's election to the presidency because the Governor is a Catholic, Supreme Court Justice Townsend Scudder of New York, a former Grand Master of Masons for New York State, declares in a letter to William Ritchie, Jr., of Omaha, Nebraska, under date of September 11.

On August 29, Mr. Ritchie, who is chairman of the South-for-President Clubs in Nebraska, telegraphed to Justice Scudder as follows: "I understand you are a former Grand Master of Masons and that you are supporting Alfred E. Smith for President. A number of Masons in our state are doing likewise, but some are telling me that the Masons are for Hoover, which I, of course, dispute. I would appreciate a wire from you advising me of your reasons for supporting Governor Smith."

The telegram was forwarded to Justice Scudder at Chocorna, New Hampshire, and he replied as follows:

"My Dear Brother Ritchie: You ask why I a Freemason support Governor Smith, a Catholic, for the presidency of the United States.

"There is no connection between my Freemasonry, the Governor's Catholicism and my advocacy of his election as President. Freemasonry has no concern with any man's religion other than to exact of its members belief in God and moral lives. Governor Smith is a God fearing man, a churchman, and lives a moral life. Freemasonry has no concern with politics other than to urge its members to be loyal citizens obedient to the laws of their country. I, then, as a Freemason, am bound to uphold the constitution and the laws of my country. These forbid a religious test as a qualification for public office.

"It follows then that a Freemason is disloyal to his order and betrays it who opposes Governor Smith's election because he is a Catholic, and such a one also is disloyal to our country because he applies a religious test as a qualification for office which the constitution of the United States forbids.

"You are right, I have been Grand Master of Masons in the State of New York. It follows that I have given time and thought to Freemasonry, am beholden to it and am influenced by its high ideals. Freemasonry teaches belief and faith in God and love of man; it exhorts us to service, and commands us to be tolerant and charitable toward our fellows.

"Study Governor Smith's public record, scrutinize his private life, note how they square with these teachings, and you, as a Mason, will understand why I support his candidacy.

"To great ability, vast experience, high courage, and deep human understanding he brings rare discrimination, keen judgment, and a full consciousness of the responsibility of leadership. He is free of guile and pretense. His tastes are wholesome and simple. His life is kindly, his thoughts pure.

"The real worth in a man and not his station or wealth makes appeal to Governor Smith. He loves, understands, and trusts the people. He is confident that prosperity and happiness for our people will be found in the institution of our country under our constitution.

"Governor Smith to my mind typifies the spirit and genius of America. His life and attainments are, and ever will be an inspiration to our youth. I support him for the presidency for the very reasons which impelled my forebears to support Abraham Lincoln."

Justice Scudder is a former member of Congress and has served as a member of the Supreme Court bench of New York State almost continually since 1907. His home is at Glen Head, Long Island.

IT'S NEW TO THEM

Word comes from New York that the Republican party has selected "Onward, Christian Soldiers" as its campaign song.

If this be true, then the campaign committee ought to ship some to Mississippi immediately.

The party has a crop of new converts in that state who would like to familiarize themselves with the words and music and get busy.

The so-called busy bee really is a loafer, says a scientist. Let it be mentioned as an extenuating circumstance however, that the bee produces slightly more money than the scientist.

Mosquitoes used to be able to bite only the ankles and hands and face. No wonder they've been getting so husky this year.

THE MATTER WITH HOOVER

"What's the matter with Hoover?" the Republican National Committee has just issued a pamphlet bearing the title: "What Is The Matter With Hoover?" As the author of that pamphlet makes a poor showing, he might consult the following utterances of some of the most eminent Republicans. Here is a symposium gathered from leaders of the party with which Mr. Hoover happens to be affiliating at this time—September, 1928.

Senator William Borah, of Idaho, said, page 1663 of the Congressional Record, January 18, 1919.

"I say here upon the floor, and I challenge successful contradiction, that three of the vast monopolies, which control food in this country, have, with relation to their commodities, directed and controlled the Food Administration since its organization. * * * He (Hoover) permits these people to, in effect, fix their own prices. * * * I have been utterly amazed at the facts which show how these combines have influenced and controlled the situation."

On the same page and date of the Record, Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, said:

"I call the Senator's attention to the testimony now being taken before the Agricultural Committee on this question, in which Mr. Heney stated that Mr. Cotton, the eminent lawyer who had charge of the meat end of the packing bureau under Mr. Hoover, stated to him that the profits of the packers for 1917 had been nothing less than a scandal."

Senator Boies Penrose, of Pennsylvania, said, on page 1795 of the Congressional Record January 21, 1919:

"How can he (Hoover) be called to account for it? He may never return to the United States. He has been living in England all his life; he owns a partial establishment there; and more than likely, with the close of the war, he will resume his residence in that island—among those congenial foreign surroundings. * * * I am willing to trust the President * * * but I do object to having a non-resident of the United States, who may never return to this country again, * * * made the trustee of this fund."

The following dialogue is found on page 1980 of the Congressional Record of January 21, 1919:

Mr. Borah: "Hoover, who violated the most fundamental principles of the Constitution of this country, will not have very much regard for a statute in Europe."

Mr. Lodge: "I do not think Mr. Hoover will pay the slightest attention to the terms of the statute. He was entirely lawless here. He undertook to abolish by his decree the laws of state, with which he had nothing more to do than the Sultan of Turkey, and he will not regard these limitations."

On page 154 of the Record January 13, 1919, Representative Will R. Wood, of Ohio, said of Mr. Hoover:

"I deny that we have an American at the head of the distributing committee. * * * This statement should be sufficient to condemn him in the minds of all men as being unfit for a responsible position of trust."

Representative Charles Brand of Ohio, said in Congress on March 13, 1928:

"Mr. Hoover has been the supreme opponent of agricultural prosperity for the past ten years. He came to this country in 1917 because the English nation wanted him to come here and secure cheap food for them and the Allies, which he succeeded in doing at the expense of the American farmer."

In an interview printed in the Washington Post of June 11, 1928, wired from Kansas City, Senator Goff said:

"No man who lived twenty years under the Union Jack can love the Stars and Stripes. Hoover spent \$286,000 in his campaign and \$4,600 was used to buy the delegates in Mississippi, \$3,000 in Georgia, \$2,100 in Florida, and \$1,000 in Alabama.

Senator Fess, of Ohio, was quoted in the Port Wayne Journal-Gazette of February 4, 1928, as saying:

"Hoover must be greatly embarrassed in seeking the nomination at the hands of a party he conspired to defeat in 1918."

These are things that were the matter with Hoover, according to leaders of the Republican party.

If he was that sort of man when the words above quoted were spoken, he is that sort of man now.

Journal Want-Ads get results.

Quick response when you step on the gas

THAT'S the test of good gasoline—a quick-starting motor and instant, strong acceleration—hill climbing power and plenty of speed when the road is clear—big mileage per gallon. These are the qualities that have built up preference for uniform, balanced Red Crown Gasoline.

But even the best refinery gasoline has limitations. When carbon accumulates and increases compression, and in the new high compression motors, you get gas knocks and loss of power unless your gasoline is genuine high compression fuel. To meet these conditions RED CROWN ETHYL GASOLINE was developed.

It is always-reliable Red Crown Gasoline combined with Ethyl Brand of Anti-Knock Compound. This new fuel not only eliminates gas knocks and loss of power when compression is high, but gives smoother operation, more power and bigger mileage. Try it in truck, tractor and passenger car. Costs a bit more per gallon but less by the mile.

For motoring economy and satisfactory operation buy your gasoline and motor oil where you see the Red Crown Sign—the sign of quality products and prompt, courteous, obliging service.



These two Quality Fuels meet all Motor Needs

The Balanced Gasoline "Knocks out that Knock"



STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEBRASKA "A Nebraska Institution"

THE COCKTAIL ISSUE

There is a sharply defined issue between Herbert Hoover and Alfred E. Smith on the cocktail question.

Hold on, sisters! Don't throw up yours hands in either holy horror, or righteous indignation. They really drink cocktail, regardless of the 18th amendment and the Volstead act, and also regardless of what you may think of it.

Hoover and Smith are both temperate men, but they do drink liquor occasionally, so if you are seeking a total abstinence candidate you will have to look elsewhere.

But there's a difference between these two drinkers, and here it is: Herbert Hoover likes Clover Club cocktails, while Alfred Smith prefers the Manhattan variety.

Naturally Al would. He lives in Manhattan, and preference for the kind of cocktail that made his home town famous is both natural and patriotic.

Furthermore, the taste of the Democratic candidate is decidedly preferable to that of the Republican candidate.

The Manhattan is an honest-to-goodness whiskey cocktail, flavored with a dash of bitters and lemon juice. It can be made with either rye or bourbon, and Uncle Andy Mellon, our leading distiller, is selling large quantities of each out of his bonded warehouses to the drug stores throughout the nation.

The Clover Club cocktail is liable to contain anything—gin, vermouth, rum, brandy, cognac, white lightning, horseshoe nails, aqua fortis—just any ingredient that happens to be handy. There are a dozen recipes for its making.

Therefore, if you are going to pick your candidate on a cocktail basis it is well that you have a thorough understanding of the issue.

Also Hoover is the heavier drinker of the two. Nothing short of a mule's earful seems to satisfy him. Smith is satisfied with a few sips, and he takes them fast and few between.

Now, go head and mark your ballot.

SHERIFF'S SALE

All of the 100 entrants of the swimming races in Lake Ontario for prizes aggregating \$35,000 gave up on account of the cold. The last to quit was Georges Michel of France, winner of second place last year. The money was equally divided among 14 of the contestants.

We have a full stock of rough Cypress Cribbing, 6 and 12-inch, and Cedar Poles. If you are going to build a new crib or repair the old one, it will pay you to see us. We deliver anywhere.—Cloit Lumber & Coal Co., Plattsmouth, Nebr.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, to-wit:

Lot 5 in Block 61, in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska; and the following described real estate, to-wit: Corner of the southwest corner of the southeast one-fourth of the southeast one-fourth (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4) of Section 19, Township 12, North of Range 14, East of the 6th P. M., running thence east along the south line of said Section 19, to the center of the County Road 55, as now traveled and used; thence northwesterly on the center line of said county road to a point where said line intersects with the west line of the SE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Section 19, thence south along the west line of said SE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Section 19, to the place of beginning, all in Cass county, Nebraska, and containing about eight (8) acres, more or less—

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Adelaide Burnett et al, defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by The Standard Savings & Loan Association, of Omaha, Nebraska, plaintiff against said defendants. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, September 21st, A. D. 1928.

BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an Execution issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following goods and chattels, to-wit:

The undivided three-fifths (3/5) interest of 75 acres of growing corn, all on the northwest quarter (NW 1/4) of Section 6, Township 11, Range 13, all in Cass county, Nebraska—

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Clifford C. Spangler, defendant, to satisfy a judgment of the District Court of Seward county, Nebraska, recovered by Rex Briggs, plaintiff against said defendant. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, September 15th, A. D. 1928.

BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an "Alias" Order of Sale issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, to-wit:

The west half of the southeast quarter of Section 32, Township 11, Range 14, East of the 6th P. M., Cass county, Nebraska—

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Alma Yardley, a widow, et al, defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by Oliver C. Dovey plaintiff against said defendants. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, September 18th, A. D. 1928.

BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss. By virtue of an Execution issued by Golda Noble Beal, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following goods and chattels, to-wit:

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BERT REED, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

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Crisp, crunchy, oven-baked shreds of whole wheat—delicious for any meal—ready-cooked, easy-to-serve—easy to digest.

"You've Never Seen Anything Like It"