

The Plattsmouth Journal

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THE REBUKE OF THE WISE

It is better to hear the rebuke of the wise, than for a man to hear the song of fools.

The bad thing about being bad is it makes you feel so badly.

Apparently the motorists of this country have never taken experience seriously.

At least Coolidge and Borah are learning to sit around a table with each other.

A big town is an awful place. All the buildings are so tall the scenery is sideways.

About 10 millions are spent yearly to keep us dry and as much spent daily to keep us wet.

Jack Dempsey says he is not going to get married, but he certainly should have a sparring partner.

American leadership in international affairs has been re-established in the golden phrase, "must pay."

Who said there was no value in cross-word puzzles? They have reduced the demand for current fiction.

The sale of underslung pipes took a big jump recently, but we haven't noticed any increase in the wearing of skull caps.

Your luck may not be bad, but in Georgia a policeman has been shot in the neck, again.

A professor says girls' schools don't teach much. We say they do. Any graduate can tell you two and two make a bridge game.

Senator Swanson has discovered that the democratic party is not dead, but is merely sleeping until the proper time to wake up.

Another interesting tax reduction theory is being tried out in Riga, Latvia, where they have taken lately to shooting the collectors.

They are booming a woman for speaker of the Virginia house, but where is the house in which she is not the speaker now?

Another survivor of the light brigade has passed away. Into the jaws of death rode the Six Hundred Thousand.

Now Mount Iztacchuatl, in Mexico, is in eruption. "Name of a name!" as the French say—we should think it would be.

The government has brought suit under the Sherman law to dissolve the peanut trust. Politicians of a certain variety probably will see cause for alarm in this action.

The first thing Mr. Coolidge knows he will wake up and find Col. George Harvey running Washington. The Colonel is already telling the French ambassador how he is doing.

It is said the Chinese military officers, who were "Christmas," shot and killed nearly 500 soldiers for looting. Well, the world is big enough to hold many varieties of Christians.

When prohibition went into effect, there were 200 million quarts of whiskey in government bonded warehouses. Now there are only 80 million quarts. That is plenty for medicinal purposes. But the deceased supply means there is less to be stolen or withdrawn from bond by permits forged or acquired by bribe. The liquor supply increasingly gets on a moonshine basis except along the coast and borders where smugglers are busy.

The cross-word puzzle does not look good to us, after spending some days and hours and minutes, you get one. And what have you gained? Absolutely nothing. Why there is more glory in finding out why a chicken crosses the road or ascertaining the correct age of Ann. "A 3-letter word meaning balmy and the home of a prince." Of course, that's all wrong. In the first place it is a word of four letters and all "balmy" fellows do not go to "h—"

The years are getting longer, and so are the moratoriums.

Nothing is a misery unless our weakness apprehends it so.

If Japan wants to get even with us, all she has to do is invent another game like mah jongg.

Wet feet are said to be causing so much pneumonia. It shouldn't be hard to give them up.

In Paris, a man only 28 is charged with robbing 100 homes. Working too hard will get you.

A woman shot her husband in New Orleans. A bachelor is a man who is afraid of firearms.

A small town is an awful place. After midnight you can't find a thing to do until bedtime.

Prohibition does some good. An English poet refuses to come to America on account of it.

News from Portland, Oregon: A hen has four legs. That's luck, if she has to scratch for a living.

Some people are so lucky. In Kansas City a man had his wooden leg broken instead of his good one.

A man never generates more enthusiasm than when he is trying to sell something he has no use for.

What we seem to need is income tax collectors as skilful in locating money as some of our holdup men.

An undertaker who puts up near a bootlegger is as wise as a doctor who lives near a railroad crossing.

And why shouldn't Solomon have been a wise man? Think of all the mother-in-laws he had to put up with.

We remember back a few months ago when it was warm enough to wash the tub out after you took a bath?

Protests against the new gasoline tax won't count unless they can be heard above the protest against bad roads.

Every man cleaves to the doctrine he has happened upon, as the rock against which he has been thrown by tempest.

The country is the nicest place. By the time you get your radiator thawed it's too late to go, so you can sit by the fire.

We suppose one thing that helped convince old Plato that platonic friendships were possible was that there were no porch swings in those days.

At 7 o'clock Friday night we saw two autos go down Main street without any light in front or back. If we have laws governing such, let them be enforced. It is somebody's duty to watch out for evaders of the law.

Statistics show that in proportion to the number of automobiles driven fewer pedestrians are being killed. The explanation likely is that pedestrians are livelier than they used to be, in accord with the theory of the survival of the fittest.

France continues selling to other countries more than she buys from them. This leaves her a snug amount to the good when she balances the books—about 1,397 million francs in 1924. In 1923 the foreign trade of France left her 1,463 million francs in the hole, imports exceeding exports by that much. The economic drift is decidedly toward a condition in which France will be able to make substantial payments on her war debts.

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THE THING'S THE THING

Shakespeare's declaration that "The play's the thing" may be paraphrased by saying, "The thing's the thing."

This means that the thing of the moment is the important thing. Let it be done and over with.

All great men advise us to pour our whole soul into what we have to do and to do it well.

If we do well what we have to do it is the best preparation for doing something else.

We cannot sit still and rest upon what we have already accomplished. All success is but an open door to further success. All achievement is but the preparation for further victory.

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We must go on. This is true in business, in our ideas and in our theories.

We are in a continual stream, and when that stream ceases to flow the very force of it is liable to break us.

The best preparation for future work is to do work well, which we have in hand. We do not know what is in store for us, but we know that a faithful performance of one task is the best preparation for another.

The discovery of the law of gravitation came to a thoughtful man, to one who had been thinking about it. Thousands of people had seen apples but there was but one Newton.

Columbus discovered America when he was not looking for it, but if he had not been looking for something else he would not have found it.

To immerse ourselves in our business and to do well the thing is in hand means that opportunity, but is one that is spent in doing well what we have to do, and to such a one opportunity comes.

The right man is the one who is doing the thing that he had to do with all his might, and at the same time has his lightning rod up for something better.

FEDERAL IMPERIALISM

News that the child labor amendment will probably be defeated by the state is gratifying, because we believe that child labor should not be regulated by the federal government. We hold that this duty lies within the province of the states.

For the purpose of determining the probable action of the states with regard to the amendment, the New York World instituted an inquiry. It supplemented this information with statements from its correspondents and trained political observers in 48 state capitals.

Ratification by 36 states is necessary to the adoption of the amendment. The legislatures of two states, Georgia and North Carolina, have rejected the amendment. So have the voters of Massachusetts, in a referendum. Thus far, Arkansas is the only state that has ratified it. The governors of 12 states have not yet approved the amendment and express the belief that their states will reject it. Eleven governors expressed their disapproval and their opinion that their states will reject it. The replies from others are doubtful, a number of governors refusing to declare themselves one way or the other. The 11 states in which rejection is indicated with Georgia, North Carolina and Massachusetts, makes one more than the required 13 for rejection.

It is interesting to note that the sentiment adverse to the amendment is not sectional. The states expected to ratify the amendment are Arizona, California, Illinois, Oregon, New Mexico, Nevada, Wisconsin and Wyoming. The 11 states in which rejection is indicated are Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Indiana, Texas, Idaho, Vermont, New Jersey, Maryland, Kentucky, South Carolina.

The movement was originally started in Massachusetts, presumably in order to cut out competition in industry with cheap child labor in the south. But the people of Massachusetts voted against it, and the opposition is strong in other industrial northern states. The opposition is also strong in the agricultural states, on account of the fear of the farmers that the labor of minors on the farms will be prohibited.

Although some of the opposition is found in groups whose interests are threatened, yet it is gratifying to note that much of it is based on principle. It is founded on sentiment against the centralizing of power in Washington and on the opinion that the regulation of child labor is properly a state and not a federal function.

This is the ground of our opposition to the amendment. The ratification of the amendment would be another long step in the direction of federal centralization of power. It would result in the activities of

which, directed from Washington, would extend to all states. Federal inspection in all industries would be established, with all the cost and all the evils experience has shown flow from federal bureaucracy.

The rejection of the amendment would check the growth of federal bureaucracy and would discourage the tendency to go to the federal government for remedies for all evils, real or imaginary. It would tend to restore the power and function of the states to regulate their own affairs.

What will the Nebraska legislature do with regard to the amendment? We feel assured that a majority of the people of this state are opposed to federal centralization and to federal interference with their activities.

MAKE IT GENERAL

A West Virginia coal company employ a famed evangelist to conduct revivals at the mining camp. Telegraph news says this is an "effort to raise the standard of morality among the men by an appeal to right instead of my fear of punishment."

Undoubtedly, the solution of many of our problems is in practical application of the Christian religion. How about workers employing evangelists to conduct revivals in private offices of some of the large corporations in various industries? Christianity in business begins at the top.

The legislature will begin its work in earnest this week. Let the members stick to the work, and not adjourn every time a lawyer member desires to go home to attend a lawsuit.

ORDER OF HEARING on Petition for Appointment of Administratrix.

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, In the County Court.

In the matter of the estate of Peter M. Nord, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Walfred A. Nord, praying that Administration of said estate may be granted to Marie H. Nord, as Administratrix;

Ordered, that January 26th, A. D. 1925, at ten o'clock a. m. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing.

Dated January 3, 1925. ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

LEGAL NOTICE

In the county court of Cass county, Nebraska.

In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Harrison, deceased.

To all persons interested: You are hereby notified that there has been filed in this court the petition of Philip F. Harrison praying therein that an administrator De Bonis Non be appointed in said estate and that a hearing will be had thereon before this court in the county court room at Plattsmouth in Cass county, Nebraska, on the 9th day of February, 1925, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., and that all objections thereto, if any, must be filed on or before said day and hour of hearing. Witness my hand and the seal of the county court of said county this 10th day of January, 1925.

A. H. DUXBURY, County Judge.

NOTICE OF REFEREE'S SALE

In the district court of Cass county, Nebraska.

Irene C. Monson (formerly Irene C. Noel), plaintiff, vs. Violet M. Bengen, Russell M. Bengen, Helen G. Bengen, minors, and James Monson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order entered on the 8th day of January, 1925, in the foregoing entitled cause by the Hon. James T. Begley, judge of the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, I, the undersigned, C. A. Rawls, sole referee in said cause, appointed by the order of said court, will, on the 18th day of February, 1925, at the hour of Ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south front door of the court house, in the city of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, subject to a mortgage of \$8,000.00, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The Southeast Quarter of Section Thirteen, Township Eleven, North, in Range Thirteen, East, in Cass county, Nebraska.

Sale offer for sale will remain open for one hour for bids. Date January 9th, 1925. C. A. RAWLS, Referee.

CHAS. E. MARTIN, Attorney. j12-5wks, w

NOTICE OF SUIT TO QUIET TITLE.

In the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska.

Fannie R. Dickson, Plaintiff, vs. D. Remick & Co. et al. Defendants.

To the defendants D. Remick & Co.; David Remick; Mrs. David Remick; real name unknown; Charles Hendrie; Mrs. Charles Hendrie, real

STUDEBAKER Reduces Prices All Closed Cars Effective January 8th. Standard Six New Prices. Country Club Coupe . . . \$1345. Coupe . . . 1445. Sedan . . . 1545. Special Six. Victoria . . . \$1895. Sedan . . . 1985. Big Six. Coupe . . . \$2450. Sedan . . . 2575. Berline . . . 2650. All prices f. o. b. factory. Open car prices unchanged. J. F. WOLF GARAGE Plattsmouth, Nebraska. THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR

name unknown; Margaret Inhelder, (N 1/2) of Lots seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), in Block eighty-nine (89), all in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, real names unknown; John J. Worley, real name unknown; Plattsmouth Ferry Company, a corporation; Frank Stadter; Mrs. Frank Stadter, real name unknown; John W. Seymour; Mrs. John W. Seymour, real name unknown; John W. Seymour; Mrs. John W. Seymour, real name unknown; Mathuse Donnelly & Co.; Matthews Donnelly & Co.; Abijah Harris; Mrs. Abijah Harris, real name unknown; C. R. Coolidge, real name unknown; Mrs. C. R. Coolidge, real name unknown; Charles R. Coolidge; Mrs. Charles R. Coolidge, real name unknown; Eliza Coolidge, widow; Mary Elizabeth Burke, also known as Mary E. Burke; the heirs, devisees, legatees, personal representatives and all other persons interested in the estates of David Remick; Mrs. David Remick, real name unknown; Charles Hendrie; Mrs. Charles Hendrie, real name unknown; Margaret Inhelder, widow; J. V. Hardy, real name unknown; Mrs. J. V. Hardy, real name unknown; John J. Worley, real name unknown; Frank Stadter; Mrs. Frank Stadter, real name unknown; John W. Seymour; Mrs. John W. Seymour, real name unknown; John W. Seymour, real name unknown; Abijah Harris; Mrs. Abijah Harris, real name unknown; C. R. Coolidge, real name unknown; Mrs. C. R. Coolidge, real name unknown; Charles R. Coolidge; Mrs. Charles R. Coolidge, real name unknown; Eliza Coolidge, widow; Mary Elizabeth Burke, also known as Mary E. Burke; Wheatley Mickelwait; Henry P. Coolidge, also known as H. P. Coolidge; Henry P. Coolidge, also known as H. P. Coolidge; D. H. Wheeler, real name unknown; E. H. Eaton, whose real name was Emerson H. Eaton, and Frank Eaton, each deceased, real names unknown; the successors and assigns of D. Remick & Co.; Plattsmouth Ferry Company, a corporation; Mathuse Donnelly & Co., and Matthews Donnelly & Co., real names unknown; Fred Eaton and Mrs. Fred Eaton, real name unknown, and all persons having or claiming any interest in Fractional Lots one (1), two (2), nine (9) and ten (10), and all of Lots three (3), four (4) and five (5), all in Block fifty-seven (57), and the north half

should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing.

Dated December 29th, 1924. ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. In the County Court. In the matter of the estate of William Nickles, deceased. To the creditors of said estate: You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County court room in Plattsmouth in said county, on the 24th day of January, 1925, and on the 25th day of April, 1925, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. on each of said days, to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said estate is three months from the 24th day of January, A. D. 1925, and the time limited for payment of debts is one year from said 24th day of January, 1925.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court, this 20th day of December, 1924. ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge. (Seal) d22-4w

ORDER OF HEARING on Petition for Appointment of Administratrix

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. In the County Court. In the matter of the estate of Fannie C. Streight, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Monte A. Streight praying that Administration of said estate may be granted to Monte A. Streight as Administrator;

Ordered, that January 26th, A. D. 1925, at 10 o'clock a. m., is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of petitioner

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Standard Bred Single Comb REDS! E. F. GRYSKY Plattsmouth Phone 3604 Mynard, Nebraska