

The Plattsmouth Journal

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RICHES IN GLORY

But I have all, and abound; I am full. But my God shall supply all your need according to his riches in glory by Jesus Christ.

—Philippians 4:18-19.

It has also been a tough season on weather vines.

House flies have never been known to live over winter.

Temperament in a girl is merely bad temper in a boy.

Clothes don't always make the man, but they sometimes fake him.

Water, water everywhere, and it still pours down when we don't need it.

From present indications this will be one of the worst mixed-up campaigns in history.

Newspapers are wonderful. They have even found out why Governor Bryan wears a skull cap.

With all the water that has fallen this month, we wonder what alibi the watermelon can have.

Prohibition agents say it is hard to locate booze selling drug stores. Well, perhaps it is, for the prohibition agents.

A California company has sunk a well more than 7,000 feet deep without getting a sign of oil. That's pretty near hell.

It is again stated that "trouble is brewing in Germany." Maybe it would help some if they would close up the breweries.

The Prince of Wales is going to travel in the United States incog. If you see a strange young man fall off a horse, you have found him.

The Moscow government is reported to be preparing for war. Probably it figures it will take one more war to clinch the brotherhood of man.

"Dazed at Dollar Wheat"—Headline. Why so? The farmers need the money. Give us dollar corn, and away we go to prosperity in reality.

Deplorable conditions exist in sixteen jails in Missouri, says a report. Indeed, some of them are in such bad shape, we are told, that they haven't any inmates.

The democratic state committee will meet Thursday of this week to name a candidate for governor. Remember, the right man can be elected, but the wrong one can't.

We hear the burden of the bonus taxation will be greatly lightened if Europe pays its 11 billion dollar debt to this country. Yes, and if the sky falls we shall have lark pie.

Davis, with 147 electoral votes in the solid south tucked in his pocket and with claims of 133 as "sure" being made by his followers, can greatly increase his list by capturing a state here and there in the west. The total necessary for election is 200.

Girls of today who use paint so freely on their faces are merely following the advice of the paint makers' trust. "Save the surface and you save all." It remains to be seen, however, whether they can save their souls that way.

Nebraska offers a bounty for crows' feet and Kansas pays bounty on crows' heads. One man is said to have made a little extra money by selling the crows' heads in Kansas and the feet from the same crows in Nebraska, but the Minneapolis Better Way predicts he will not be so much winner when the court gets through with him.

In the third party vote it is safe to predict that many republicans and democrats will vote for LaFollette. And it is safe to say that many more republicans will vote for LaFollette, than democrats because he is a republican and isn't backward in saying so. If the voter prefers Davis to Coolidge then he is going to vote for LaFollette. To make a change in the affairs at Washington the democrats must do it. It is either that or remain as it is.

Looks as if this is going to be a hard year for the Oilocratians.

Omaha's population is now estimated to exceed 208,000. Good.

A lot of wealthy people have the best of everything but manners.

The fellow who discovered King Tut certainly stirred up a lot of idle gossip in this country.

Thought we were to have a swimming pool. Gone glittering like everything unnecessary?

The imaginative man who writes seed catalogs is now busy writing summer resort folders.

Why not let up on the paving question for awhile and give the taxpayers a breathing spell?

The last serious Indian disturbances were among the Chippewas at Leech Lake in October, 1898.

The navy, commercial fleet, air force and coast guards of the Russian Soviet, have adopted new flags.

Hon. John H. Morehead refuses to become a candidate for governor. He wants to stay in congress at least another term.

A double-crocker is almost as mean as a handit. He uses his tongue in double-crossing, and is too cowardly to attempt to steal.

LaFollette asks Senator Wheeler, of Montana, to become his running mate. Wheeler never was a full fledged democrat.

Voters have plenty of time to read and study the conditions of matters today and who placed such conditions upon the people.

The independent voters should ponder long and well ere they vote, or they will be liable to get worse conditions than they are now.

Mr. De Valera, who is just out of an Irish prison, seems to be a very determined person. But we noticed he didn't put on a hunger strike.

Many of our soldier boys are apt to find when they come to draw up their blanks for their bonus, that they have indeed drawn blanks. The bonus passed, satisfies nobody.

Charley Grauf says he would not accept the democratic nomination for governor, if tendered him. Don't worry, Charley! The party will not get down to nominating such democrats.

One of the strange things of life is that hundreds of men can be induced to yell and parade and cheer and fight for an hour at a stretch when they would refuse to saw wood for five minutes.

The LaFollette campaign is to start off gently and end with a "whirlwind finish." That is the proper strategy of every campaign. Only most of the candidates disappear in the whirlwind.

A girl asked twenty women the other night for a hairpin before she found out who could furnish the desired article. And the girl didn't want it for her hair, either. She wanted it to use as a buttonhook.

The business interests of the country are undoubtedly in favor of Davis. While we do not fear LaFollette as president, his policies are feared by those who must furnish the money to run the government—the big taxpayers.

A Detroit man, arrested for fast driving, explained that his gas was low and he wished to speed to his destination before the gas was exhausted. He must be the grandson of the painter who hurried up to finish decorating the house before the paint gave out.

Well Digging and Cleaning

We are prepared to sink wells, clean wells or do any kind of well work

J. W. Hobson & Son

TARIFF REFORM TO COME

From all indications no relief from the Fordney-McCumber tariff provisions can be expected for some time. It is understood that congress reconvening in December, will not take up the revision of the tariff under any circumstances and that will mean a postponement of relief until the following year—and probably such consideration will not be given until 1926. It is a matter that has now become of general interest, although the republican party would fain have it a mystery. The protective tariff is held up by the republicans as the reason for progress in America, and always seeking to hide the intimate workings of the policy from the common people, the results are proclaimed as most beneficent. The platform adopted in Cleveland recently commits the republicans again to a high tariff, for the protection of special interests. The Fordney-McCumber tariff was endorsed and this, bringing the protected interests promptly to the front in the campaign, means no protection of the common people. They are to be robbed, as usual, for the benefit of the campaign contributors.

With a democratic victory in November, it is the plan of constructive statesmen to revise the tariff in a way to benefit the whole people. That the farmers of the country have been suffering in the past few years from over-production of certain crops and bad marketing facilities, is very well understood. But the remedy for this situation is not prescribed by the republicans. Giving them tariff protection has not aided them at all. What they need is a fair market in which to buy as well as to sell. Discussing the matter of farm relief, the New York World recently said:

"Farm relief has become inextricably tied up with the high-tariff issue, and one can no more be kept out of the campaign than the other. They are together an issue of comparative prices as between the farming and the manufacturing classes and their adjustment to prewar conditions."

The World goes on to say that "there is no question about the facts. They are to be found in the government's statistics and are of date as late as March last. They show that from a base of 100 for wholesale commodity prices in 1913 the weighted average for all commodities has advanced to 150. The index price for tariff-protected commodities has advanced to a much higher average—generally to above 200, often to above 300. But the average index price of eleven leading farm products has advanced only to 107.3, while for hides and hogs and eggs the index price for March, 1924, is below that of 1913."

Of the two ways to relief, the one of securing a high tariff on farm products has already been tried. The adding to the tariff on wheat produced the opposite effect from that desired. The price went down. It was so in many instances, and the farmer has had ample opportunity to observe the failure of this plan. The other way about it is a general reduction of the duty on all the goods that the farmer—and the common people of the country generally—are buying. Giving everyone the same chance, there will be nothing to complain of. But the manufacturers who have yearly mulcted the people in the amount of billions, because of the protective tariff, will be obliged to curtail their extravagance and be content with fair profits.

By developing the expert trade to the extent which it can be developed, even the manufacturer who has been allowed to add fifty per cent to the fair price of his goods because of the "duty" need not retire from business when this unfair advantage has been taken away. Countries now looking askance at us because of our high tariff wall will be more willing to trade when it is removed or reasonably lowered.

GOVERNMENT-MADE PROSPERITY

In order to more accurately judge the Harding-Coolidge tariff program, the farmers of these western states will be interested in a preliminary report of the manufacturing industries of this country, showing that 1923 was a banner year with the possible sole exception of 1919, which marked the high tide of post war inflation.

The preliminary report includes but a dozen groups of manufacturers. But as the outcome of these groups in 1923 was over 5 hundred million dollars against but 274 million dollars in 1921 and 373 million dollars in the record year of 1919, there is every reason to expect that the complete returns will set a new mark or very nearly approximate the record established in 1919.

In no other class or group in this country was there a degree of prosperity comparable to that which the industrial states of the east enjoyed.

In the middlewest, where agriculture is the principal industry, a very different situation obtained. The distress which was felt by the farm classes of America has been without a parallel in this country's history. Hundreds of farmers have unflinchingly and grimly faced the hardest struggle agriculture has known. From some of the politicians, who presume to speak for the farmers, came a demand for legislation, which, in effect, applied the tariff principle to the farmer. The measure was as vicious as the tariff and should have been defeated. It failed of passage, when the administration leaders launched a fight against it.

What is good for the manufacturer is good for the farmers, however. If the Coolidge administration is to continue to extend help to the industrial sections of the east through a high protective tariff, the west will revive the McNary-Haugen bill and the government will plunge deeper into business. Until the tariff is revised downward, to the point where it is distinctively a revenue raising measure, the west will continue to be the victim of unjust discrimination. The west recognizes that the republican tariff law is wrong but if the administration continues to grant that aid to manufacturing, the agricultural sections will insist upon equal treatment. The west is heartily sick of taking unsatisfactory prices for the products of the farm, owing to the fact that the world market fixes the value of its crops, while the people of this section must pay high prices for everything they buy owing to the fact that the government permits foreign-manufactured goods to come in only after an excessive duty has been paid.

Manufacturers enjoyed an exceptional year in 1923. Its prosperity was made possible because the government granted this single class special privilege. Agriculture encountered a distressing year, primarily because the same aid which was given manufacturers was refused the farmers. The farmer cannot place any hope in the republican program for the coming four years. Mr. Coolidge and the republican platform are both committed to the present tariff law. If the present administration remains in power, the tariff, with its injustice to the west, will be continued in force.—Lincoln Star.

"HE'S CHANGED ENTIRELY"

To get a man's "number," check up on his associates—the people he selects as friends. Birds of a feather flock together. You never see a crow traveling with wild ducks.

In judging a man by his associates, though, remember that you are apt to be fooled by "the attraction of opposites."

For instance, a puny lad is apt to cling to the vicinity of robust, athletic boys. They represent what he yearns to be—strong. He admits consciousness of his weakness by his gravitation to the physically strong.

A boy or man of superior mentality always has a flock of satellites of inferior brain power. They cluster around him because he represents the intelligence they like to have.

And the superior brain glows over this attraction. Its vanity is pleased by this admission of inferiority by others. So much so, that kept intelligence tolerates considerable boredom of stupidity, just to have followers.

But there is little "attraction of opposites" except in matters of strength and mentality. You rarely find such attraction where character is involved. The man who keeps the companionship of ranks, scoundrels or crooks is usually a rake, scoundrel or crook at heart.

Association changes all who are involved. The fine brain, associating with mediocrity to satisfy its vanity by contrast, goes to seed—deteriorates. Association with equal or superior mentality is less pleasing to vanity, but it brings improvement.

The inferior improves by association with the superior, the same as the superior is pulled down nearer the level of inferiority. The two forces tend to approach each other—strike a medium.

Many a neat, cleanly woman or man becomes careless or slovenly mate.

The stronger personality dominates. It pulls the weaker up or down toward its level. But in pulling it inevitably slips more or less to the level of the inferior.

LOOKS BEST AT DISTANCE

England gets ready to celebrate, in 1932, the 300th anniversary of the first use of forks by the British. Before then, they ate with their fingers.

Three centuries seems long ago. It is. But in 1632 when some unknown English progressive brought the first fork over from France, "the good old days" were at their best.

Shakespeare had been dead 16 years. The Immortal Bard never used a fork. He never even saw one. It must have been a sight to watch people eat in those "good old days."

Sewerage systems were not in use in the "good old days." Refuse and dishwater were tossed into the gutters. Small wonder plagues made people die like flies.

No one had running water for kitchen and bath. Carrying water in buckets a long distance or buying it from water carts—these are not attractive. People bathed so seldom that they had to invent high-power perfumes in order to get within speaking distance of each other without suspecting that a regiment of skunks was at large.

It was an age of discomforts and inconveniences. No labor-saving devices had been invented for homes. Women worked themselves into their graves prematurely.

Ignorance and medical superstition were frightful. Morals several centuries ago were so lax that, by comparison, the jazz tendency of our generation is tame.

Crime was far more prevalent than now. No one could take a short stagecoach trip between towns safely without carrying a brace of pistols. Men were imprisoned for debt.

The "good old days" have been painted in romantic colors by fiction writers. That's why they seem attractive to people today. But if you could turn the clock back a few hundred years and live the life of those times you'd buy a return ticket promptly.

A fiction writer makes an old-time dungeon alluring, romantic, adventurous. Truth is, the dungeon was damp, cold, dark, infested with rats, reeking with lice. Guards were brutal. Justice was slow. Penalties were severe. Food was mainly mouldy old bread and water.

Romance? Good old days? It's a joke!

Fine from a distance. The good old days are now.

MAN-MADE FLASH

An airplane that would travel 370 miles an hour! The French government expects this speed from its new "rocket plane," now being developed. No engine. It's shot ahead like a skyrocket, by a series of gas explosions one after the other. Will carry a man—reason not stated.

Ten years ago, people would have said, "Bunk!" Now they merely lift their eyebrows and wonder how long until a plane making 1,000 miles an hour will be perfected.

LEGAL NOTICE

To — Bearing, real name unknown; John Doe, real name unknown, and John Doe Company, a corporation, real name unknown, Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby notified that on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1924, Henry Klemme filed his petition in the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska, against you and each of you, the object and prayer of which petition is to recover damages against you and each of you, in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and costs of suit for damages to plaintiff's car on or about May 6, 1924.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 11th day of August, A. D. 1924.

HENRY KLEMMER, Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by James Robertson, Clerk of the District Court, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 23rd day of August, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south front door of the court house in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following property, to-wit:

Lots 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46 in U. W. Wise's Out Lots in Government Lot number 10, in Section 18, Township 12, North of Range 14, East of the 6th P. M., in the City of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska. The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Margaret Elizabeth Manspeaker, Harry Ross Manspeaker and wife, Mrs. Harry Ross Manspeaker, real name unknown, and Margaret Elizabeth Manspeaker, Executor of the last will and testament of Eli Manspeaker, deceased, Defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by The Livingston Loan & Building Association, Plaintiff against said Defendants.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, July 19th, A. D. 1924.

DEAF PHONES

A talkless phone for deaf mutes is invented by William E. Shaw of Cambridge, Mass. It's worked by a typewriter at one end of the line making lamps light at the other end. There's an electric bulb for every letter of the alphabet.

When two people who can neither speak nor hear, can communicate by "phone," it's time to repeat that nothing is impossible. Also that there's no obstacle that can't be overcome. No problem or predicament that can't be solved.

Kenneth W. McDonald will make a good governor. He possesses all the essentials necessary, is pretty well known throughout the state and is extremely popular.

The government has suspended the sale of treasury savings certificates paying 4 1/2 per cent interest for the reason that it can now borrow money in the open market at a much lower rate.

If the voters follow the slogan: "Be sure you are right before you vote," the American people need not fear the final result.

ORDER OF HEARING

on Petition for Appointment of Administratrix

The State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss.

In the County Court. In the matter of the estate of Stephen A. Barker, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Etta Perry Barker, Mac Barker, Bernice Kiser and Glenna Leonard, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Etta Perry Barker, as Administratrix:

Ordered, that August 11th, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing.

Dated, July 15, 1924.

ALLEN J. BEESON, County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE

State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

By virtue of an Order of Sale issued by James Robertson, Clerk of the District Court, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of the court house, in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following property, to-wit:

Lots eleven (11) and twelve (12), in Block one hundred twenty-three (123) in the City of Plattsmouth, in Cass county, Nebraska.

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of A. H. Shindebower et al. Defendants, to satisfy a judgment of said Court, recovered by The Livingston Loan & Building Association, Plaintiff against said Defendants.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, July 16, A. D. 1924.

E. P. STEWART, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.

A. L. TIDD, Attorney.

LEGAL NOTICE

In the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska.

Corra Jones, Plaintiff, vs. Eli Jones, Defendant.

To the defendant, Eli Jones: You are hereby notified that the plaintiff, Corra Jones, filed her petition against you in the above entitled cause of action in the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska, on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1924, the object and prayer of which is to obtain a decree of absolute divorce from you.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1924.

CORRA JONES, Plaintiff.

J. A. CAPWELL, Her Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE

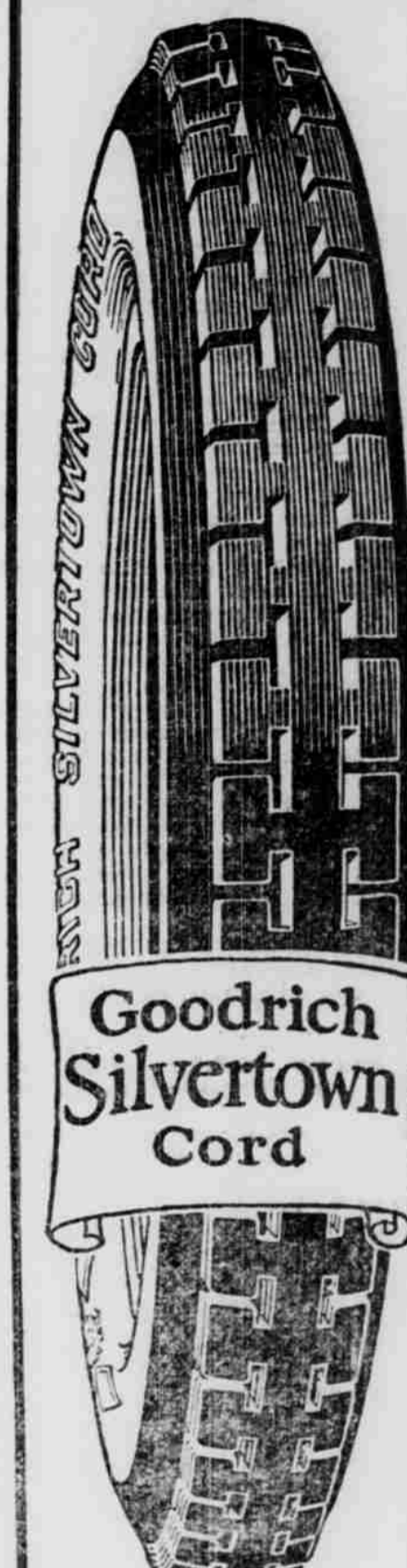
State of Nebraska, County of Cass, ss.

By virtue of an Execution issued by James Robertson, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at the south front door of court house, Plattsmouth, Nebraska, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following property to-wit: and transcript thereof filed—

Lots seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), Block seventy-five (75), in the City of Plattsmouth, in Cass county, Nebraska. The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Max Preis, defendant, to satisfy a judgment of said court recovered by Hartman Furniture Company, a corporation, plaintiff against said defendant.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, July 7th, A. D. 1924.

E. P. STEWART, Sheriff Cass County, Nebraska.



Goodrich Silvertown Cord
Just ask for the Low Price on your size Silvertown Cord—and remember it's a Goodrich Product. . .
Plattsmouth Motor Co.
BEST IN THE LONG RUN

A telephone magnate urges women to make their telephone conversations short, but it's all the telephone company's own fault. The old-fashioned telephones were placed high on the wall where the speaker had to stand up to reach the instrument. Long conversations might have been expected as soon as the instruments were set down by the easy chair.

We Repair Autos!

Any Make
or
Any Work
and
Guarantee Absolute Satisfaction

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Pearl Street. Roy Long.

Standard Bred Single Comb

REDS!

E. F. GRYBSKY
Plattsmouth Phone 3604
Mynard, Nebraska

Automobile Painting!

First-Class Work
Guaranteed!
Prices Reasonable
Mirror Replating and
Sign Work!
A. F. KNOFLICEK,
Phone 592-W, Plattsmouth