

Alvo Department

Mrs. E. M. Stone was a visitor with friends and relatives in Lincoln last Thursday.

John Skinner was a visitor in Lincoln last Thursday when he went in a truck for a load of merchandise.

Mrs. H. H. Moore who has been quite sick for some time past is reported as being much better during the past few days.

John Bender of Michigan who formerly lived in Alvo, writes friends here telling that he is getting along very nicely now.

Vera Lancaster of Council Bluffs, Iowa, has been visiting for the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Prouty, her parents.

Albert (Shorty) Taylor was a business visitor at both Omaha and Lincoln last week, where he was called to look after some business.

Harvey E. Rasp was looking after some business matters in Omaha last week making the trip which extended for a number of days, on the train.

The Rehmeier Grain company shipped five cars of corn last Thursday and Friday in an effort to clean out the elevator which was pretty well filled up.

Kenneth Aneedy who was employed in a band at Omaha, is home again because of the burning of a theatre at which he was playing, thus throwing him out of work.

Wesley A. Davis, who has been visiting for some time past at the home of relatives and friends at Seward, returned to Alvo and is visiting with his daughter, Mrs. Frank E. Cook.

Albert Stroemer the rural carrier who was kept from serving all the patrons by bad roads is getting over all the roads at this time but it took hustling on his part but he was good for it.

Mrs. Joe Armstrong was a visitor in South Bend for a few days during the fore part of last week, being a guest at the homes of both Roy Armstrong and family and Glen Armstrong and family, they both being sons.

Mrs. Elmer Klyver was visiting during a portion of the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Klyver who have recently moved to Lincoln and where Mr. Klyver is engaged in the oil business.

Two busy men in Alvo have been Simon Rehmeier the elevator man and the man who hauls the coal for Mr. Banning, there being lots of grain being delivered and also the cold weather required much fuel.

The little son of Sam Humphrey and wife who had come from Elmwood to secure a horse, was taken with the measles and has been confined at the grain office for the past week but is getting along nicely at this time.

Mr. and Mrs. Dale Boyles of McCook drove in from their home in their car for a visit week since and enjoyed the stay here very much and were expecting if the roads were sufficiently smooth to start on their return on yesterday (Sunday).

Messrs. T. E. Malone and Andrew James and Mathew Donovan all from a number of miles south of Alvo, were here to take the train on last Thursday for Omaha, called by the death of Mrs. Matt Malone who passed away on Wednesday and whose funeral occurred on Friday morning.

Wm. Atchison and son Wm. Atchison both living near Elmwood were in Alvo on last Thursday coming to catch the train for Plattsmouth where Mr. Atchison, Sr., was called to officiate as ballist but a later phone call from the county seat cancelled the call and the gentlemen returned to their home.

Winfield Scott Jordan who has been enjoying with the wife a visit from his daughter, Mrs. Lois Miller and the two grand children on her departure last Thursday after a week's visit at the Jordan home accompanied the daughter and grand children to their home at Havelock visiting for the day and also looking after some business matters.

On last Thursday afternoon Mr. Arthur Dinges installed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Jordan one of the famous Crosley radios which put the United States on Mr. Jordan's map, he the first night getting in

touch with Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, Texas; Saint Louis and many other far away points.

Meetings in Progress
The revival services which are being held at the Methodist church in Alvo are growing in interest, the preaching being done by the Rev. C. A. Notlin, the resident pastor, and the singing and music being in charge of Evangelist Deil.

Still Furnishing Entertainment
The business men of Alvo are still furnishing entertainment for the public and have for the coming Saturday the fourth of the serial which is known as "The Haunted Valley," which seems to be growing more interesting with each number and for the laughing portion the comic is "Haunted Spooks" and that is where you will get your merriment.

Mules Sold Well
At the sale of Mr. E. G. Harlan which occurred on last Thursday, February 7, there was a good crowd present and things in general went at a very satisfactory price. One span of mules selling for \$350 or \$189 each. Others came at good prices as well. The highest prices paid for a team was the ones which went to Charles Hollich who surely knows a good team when he sees one.

Chosen by Butler and Heartily Approved by Millionaire "Angel"
—Work in California.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The democratic national committee in a statement made public today, points out that two of President Coolidge's campaign managers in California are oil men, one of them until recently a vice president of one of the Sinclair oil companies.

"Two of the five managers of President Coolidge's campaign in California," the statement says, "have been conspicuously identified with the oil industry, and one of them—Mark L. Regua, was recently a vice president of the Sinclair Consolidated Oil corporation, of which Harry F. Sinclair was at the same time president. Ralph Arnold, another of the president's five managers, is a geologist and engineer, who works a time in the employ of the Trinidad Lake Petroleum company.

"Regua and Arnold, along with the other three managers, were selected by William M. Butler, personal representative and director general of Coolidge's campaign. Announcement was made of their selection through Frank W. Stearns, personal friend of the president and associate of Butler in the general management of the president's campaign.

"In making public the selection of the five managers, including the two in oil, Mr. Butler, speaking through Mr. Stearns, said: "It is a great gratification to me to know that the widespread interest in the nomination of President Coolidge which exists in California, has manifested itself in the selection of a committee to take charge of the Coolidge campaign there. I heartily approve the names suggested."

Dr. T. P. Livingston, wife and son, Bobbie, were among those going to Omaha this morning on the early morning Burlington train.

Valentines at the Bates Book and Stationery Store. A great line of new and up to date designs.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE
A good restaurant in Cass county doing a good business for sale. Address Journal office, "J. T." Plattsmouth, Nebraska. f11-2sw

COURT UPHOLDS PATENT SALE

U. S. Suit Against Chemical Foundation Dismissed by Judge Morris.

CONSPIRACY CHARGE FAILS

Conduct of Chemical Foundation Praised in Use of Former German Patents for Benefit of American People.

Wilmington, Del.—In a sixty-two page decision which swept away every one of the Government's major contentions as being without basis in fact or law, Federal Judge Hugh M. Morris dismissed its suit to set aside the sale of seized chemical and dye patents by the Alien Property Custodian to the Chemical Foundation, Inc.

The decision rebuked the Government for including in the bill of complaint a series of conspiracy charges unsupported by evidence at the trial and refuted by the defense as well as by documents filed by the Government.

In declining to compel the Foundation to restore the disputed patents, numbering some 4,700 and bought for \$271,000, from the Government, Judge Morris held there was no evidence bearing out allegation of a conspiracy by American manufacturers to effect a monopoly through the Foundation.

The court ruled that there was no evidence of fraud or deceit practiced on President Wilson, Mr. Polk, Under Secretary of State, Attorney General Palmer and other high officials of that Administration.

Garvan's Course Upheld
The opinion praised Francis P. Garvan, president of the Foundation, and its trustees, as having met the most severe of tests in their conduct of the Foundation—"the test of actual trial."

They were declared by the court to afford, through their high integrity and unquestioned patriotism, a thorough assurance of loyalty to their trust. "It has kept the faith," said the court of the Foundation's work.

Judge Morris found without merit the Government's contention that the criminal laws were violated in that Mr. Garvan, as Alien Property Custodian and thereby a public trustee, sold to himself as president of the Foundation the patents in question. He had acted by direction of President Wilson and his acts, supervised by the President under the latter's wide war powers granted by Congress, could not be brought to court.

Judge Morris recited that although Colonel Thomas R. Miller, present Custodian, who had approved two of the sales involved, verified the complaint, in his testimony he admitted that he could not enumerate any of the facts alleged to have been withheld and suppressed from him.

"In view of this testimony and the obvious fact that the power to charge persons with fraud and conspiracy is a weapon with which serious irreparable injury may be done to innocent persons if such charges are lightly made, it is difficult to understand why the specific charges to which the foregoing testimony relates were made," wrote the court. "Yet the remaining like charges were equally lacking in evidential support. In fact, at the argument, the plaintiff seemed no longer to press these charges against the persons alleged to be conspirators, but it sought to have the charges sustained as against the officers of the Government who formulated and carried out in the public interest the plan of sale."

quires the President to consider the public interest. Public interest is not a synonym for money."

In this relation Judge Morris quoted from President Coolidge's message to Congress on the Muscle Shoals problem, that "while the price is an important element, there is another consideration even more compelling."

"If this main object (low-priced nitrates for farmers in peace and the Government in war) is accomplished, the amount of money received for the property is not a primary or major consideration."

Referring to German-owned property, the court said: "Much of this property was not innocently held or held solely for trade and commerce. Information acquired by German-owned companies had been transmitted to Berlin, and there indexed and made available to German competitors and the German Government. The files of one company were filled not with business papers, but with pan-German literature. It was a distribution centre for propaganda in this country."

Upholds Confiscation of Patents
Judge Morris pointed out that when America entered the war she adhered to the international convention forbidding poison gas, "but it soon became apparent that America would be fighting on disastrously unequal terms unless she should make use of all the dread weapons being used against her by the foe. When Germany persisted in her attempts to destroy her opponents with poison gas in contravention of all international agreements, she made it manifest that America's future safety lay in America's chemical independence. The amendment to the act was passed in the darkest days of the war (following the sale of seized properties). It was thought Paris was about to fall and the Chamberports be taken." These were the circumstances, said the opinion, "which impelled Congress to grant the President the broad powers of almost absolute ownership. It was the intent of Congress to subordinate mere property rights to the welfare of the nation."

Of the value of the patents sold, Judge Morris held, in accordance with the testimony, that while Dr. Carl Holderman, a German, asserted the Haber patents were worth \$17,000,000 to the Germans, "the evidence is overwhelming that they were and are without substantial affirmative value to American citizens. Had these patents been sold to Americans at public rather than private sale and only the net proceeds paid to their former enemy owners these owners would have suffered an almost total loss in the value of their property."

Praises Work of Foundation
As to allegations that the sale was not to obtain a fair value, but to promote the interests of the chemical and dye industries and that the transaction was in legal effect granting a subsidy to private industry, the Court commented, "this challenge to the motives of the officers making the sale is supported, I think, neither by the facts nor the law. Mr. Polk determined the public interest would be best served by a wide use of the inventions covered by the patents. If the property was sold under terms and conditions that assured its being devoted to the public use it matters not what benefits or detriments may have flowed as incidents therefrom."

"The property is in the keeping of men who have in its management no selfish interest to serve and whose devotion to the public interest has been established," continued the opinion. "No better plan for devoting the property to public use has been suggested. The plan has stood the most severe of all tests—actual trial. The defendant has kept the faith. This it has done, not by granting a license in furtherance of the purposes for which it was characterized but also at its great expense, by distribution of books and pamphlets showing the national necessity for practical development of chemical science in America. If, perchance, those heretofore engaged in the industries have derived an incidental advantage from the plan, that incidental result cannot invalidate a transaction lawfully consummated in the public interest. The same charge would lie against the validity of every sale of the President. The sale was in effect to America and its citizens, not to those then engaged in chemical and allied industries."

Judge Morris ruled that if the executives entrusted by Congress with power of sale acted within the scope of that power "their acts are not subject to judicial nullification or review. Invasion by the courts to determine whether the public interest required the property be sold otherwise than under the statutory conditions prescribed and to set aside the sale should the judgment of the court be different from that of the President would be a judicial nullification not only of the President's act but also of the act of Congress conferring on the President the power to determine what the public interests required. What the public interest requires depends upon the conditions existing in the nation. Courts do not understand the 'state of the Union' and as I apprehend, are not equipped to ascertain it. . . . The statement of the reasons actuating the President does not make his act any the less an act of discretion. It is conceded the President cannot be brought into court to substantiate his reasons. The statute does not require him to disclose to the purchaser the evidence upon which his reasons were based. The statute does not limit the Executive in the assignment of reasons to such as may be supported by legal evidence or by facts available to the public."



REHABILITATED MEN MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Vocational training of World War veterans has proved the most serious mistake in the care of the disabled by the government, according to Gen. John F. O'Ryan. Many of the veterans would have been better off if they had not been trained, he declared in an interview with a representative of the American Legion, upon his departure from Washington at the conclusion of a ten months' investigation of the veterans' bureau.

The general said that this statement did not take into consideration any charges of negligence, extravagance or mismanagement, but considered only the system of rehabilitation used in caring for the men. "I am firmly of the opinion," he said, "that there are a great many—number may run into the thousands—of men in vocational training who would be better off if the government had never undertaken to re-educate them. By better off, I mean more able than they are now to cope with conditions and win economic independence."

"The government's vocational machinery never actually broke down; it never even started in the right way. Little attention was paid to getting the right men into the right course in 1920 and 1921. The whole thing was a travesty on the name of rehabilitation. Instead of teaching men to strike out and paddle their own canoes again, the tendency was to cultivate habitual pensioners."

"In 1922 when the federal board was merged with the veterans' bureau, things took a turn for the better and the situation has steadily improved. But the evil had been done. Instead of being taught to become independent and self-supporting, thousands of veterans had been schooled for two years in how to get a livelihood at public expense. It has been necessary to drop a good many men whose cases have become impossible. . . . I believe others will have to go. I cannot see how the bureau can turn out men as rehabilitated who obviously cannot make good."

Need \$420 Annually for Each Child's Care
A contribution of approximately \$420 annually for the care of each child at the American Legion Billett at Otter Lake, Mich., is necessary for the war veterans to carry on this important phase of the work, according to Dr. C. V. Spawr, department commander of the Legion in that state.

Cottages are soon to be built and the whole plant extended as rapidly as funds permit, according to department officials. It is not unlikely that this project will be adopted by the national organization as one of the national homes anticipated in the national program for child welfare by the Legion.

Recreational Program for City of Rome, Ga.
A recreational program for the whole city, sponsored and paid for by the Shanklin-Ataway post of the American Legion in Rome, Ga., has been put into effect. Under direction of a paid community worker, the plan will be extended to every person in Rome. This is a part of the outlined Americanization program of the veterans' organization, but is one of the first examples of city-wide work undertaken.

Casino Aix-Le-Bains
In order to make the doughboys feel at home, a replica of the famous casino at Aix-Le-Bains in France, where many soldiers spent their leave, was constructed by Wichita (Kan.) American Legion members for their annual ball. The big ballroom was effectively decorated and was peopled with "Y" workers, canteen girls and other well known figures of leave-area days. Music was furnished by the local Legion band, which was a contributor for prize money at the San Francisco convention of the American Legion.

Dignity
"Hey!" yelled the excited deckhand from the deck of the great liner Imbecille. "Man overboard!" "Wet do you mean, you impertinent beggar—man overboard?" demanded an indignant but aristocratic voice from the water below. "Is Lawdship Percival McStubbs 'awkins is overboard. I'd 'ave you know."—American Legion Weekly.

Kept an Eye on "Yanks"

A Communist demonstration in France, made against French World War veterans failed to disturb an American Legion color guard which headed the procession of veterans. A Franco-American patriotic celebration at Cholesy-le-Roi, near Paris, was headed by the Paris American Legion color guard, bearing the United States emblem. Communists started to stone those in the parade, but confined their efforts to the French section, not caring to risk the grim-faced "Yanks" in their steel helmets, who marched with fixed bayonets at the head of the procession.

Relief for Hero's Family

The widow and children of the most distinguished soldier of Wakefield, Mass., of the World War, are not public charges today, only because of timely assistance brought by Corp. Harry E. Nelson post of the American Legion. The post was named for the husband and father, who was the first Wakefield man to be awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, and who died a year ago from his war wounds. Recently it was found that his family was in need, so the post instituted a campaign of relief which brought immediate response from the townspeople.

"On-to-Paris" Club

The desire to hold the 1928 convention of the American Legion in Paris, France, will not down. A recent example of this is the "On-to-Paris" club formed in Wabash, Ind., by Legionnaires, who are depositing \$1 each week until 1928. This money may be withdrawn only in case of sickness or death.

IT IS SERIOUS

Some Plattsmouth People Fail to Realize the Seriousness of a Bad Back.

The constant aching of a bad back, the weariness, the tired feeling, the pains and aches of kidney ills may result seriously if neglected. Dangerous urinary troubles often follow.

A Plattsmouth citizen shows you what to do. A. J. McFarland, 306 Third street, Plattsmouth, says: "I was doing some heavy lifting which strained my back and kidneys. This put me in such shape I had to walk with a cane for a number of weeks and I couldn't straighten. It felt as though there were a heavy weight across my back that was holding me down. I couldn't sleep nights and it felt as though I had been stuck in the back with a sharp knife. My kidneys acted irregularly and the secretions were highly colored and burned in passage. I was told to try Doan's Pills and after the first box my condition was much improved and I was able to walk straight. I used four boxes from Fricke & Co's. drug store. My back and kidneys have never bothered me since and I believe that Doan's will do the same for other people if they will give them a fair trial."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Pills—the same that Mr. McFarland had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Get your Valentines now at the Bates Book and Stationery Store, where the line is the biggest in the city.

Thomas Lee Anthony, wife and son, Vern, departed this morning for Lincoln where they will spend the day visiting with relatives and friends and enjoying the week end outing.

Valentines for every one at the Bates Book and Stationery Store, the greatest line in the city, and at the right prices.

Advertise your wants

ORDER OF HEARING and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. To all persons interested in the estate of Sarah Ann Hoham, deceased:
On reading the petition of W. E. Hand, administrator of said estate, praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this court on the 6th day of February, 1924, and for discharge of said administrator:

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for one week prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said court, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1924.

ALLEN J. BEESON,
(Seal) f11-1w. County Judge.

ORDER OF HEARING and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account

In the County Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
State of Nebraska, Cass county, ss. To all persons interested in the estate of Edna Cunningham, deceased:
On reading the petition of W. E. Hand, administrator of said estate, praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this court on the 6th day of February, 1924, and for said administrator's discharge:

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter, may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1924, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter, by publishing a copy of this order in the Plattsmouth Journal, a semi-weekly newspaper printed in said county, for one week prior to said day of hearing.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of said court, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1924.

ALLEN J. BEESON,
(Seal) f11-1w. County Judge.

NOTICE OF SALE

In the District Court of Cass county, Nebraska.
In the matter of the estate of George Hanson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Hon. James T. Begley, Judge of the District Court of said Cass county, made on the 31st day of December, 1923, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the south door of the court house in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on the 4th day of March, 1924, at ten o'clock a. m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The west half of the northeast quarter and the east half of the northwest quarter in Section 32, and the east half of the southwest quarter in Section 29, all in Township 11, north, Range 9, in Cass county, Nebraska. Said sale to remain open for one hour.
Dated this 8th day of February, A. D. 1924.

THOMAS HANSON and HENRY HANSON, Executors of the Estate of George Hanson, Deceased.
D. O. DWYER, Attorney. f11-3w

In Touch With the World!
That is what you can do now. We install complete a Crosley one-tube radio, Model V, with everything complete. Nothing else to buy. Installed and working for—
\$32.00
ARTHUR DINGES
ALVO -- -- -- NEBRASKA

Get Your Harness Oiled
Now is Just the Time!
Do not wait until time to start your Spring work.
Coatman Hardware Co.
ALVO -- -- -- NEBRASKA

-Public Sale!
FOURTH ANNUAL
Purebred Poland China Sow and Gilt Sale
To be held at the James Terryberry Farm Sale Pavilion, 6 miles southeast of Cedar Creek
Wednesday, February 20th
Sale Starts at 1 o'clock Free Lunch at Noon
We are offering 10 fall gilts, 24 spring gilts and 17 tried sows. These sows and gilts are sired by Improved Designer, Nebraska Pickett, Reformer Ladd, Parkdale Giant, The Orange Yankee. This is the best bunch of sows and gilts we have ever drove through a sale ring.
Terms of Sale, Cash All Hogs are Immuned
J. L. Terryberry & Son
James Terryberry—Glenn Terryberry
COL. W. R. YOUNG, Auctioneer HENRY RAGOSS, Clerk