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H. W. SMITH,

THE NEW PROPRIETOR

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- Electric Welding
- Reo Cars and Trucks for Sale
- New and Second Hand Cars

J. E. MASON, Prop.

Service and Quality

IS OUR MOTTO

We are getting comfortably settled in our new location on South 5th street, and are in position to serve you with our able staff of mechanics.

We carry a large stock of Parts and Accessories and solicit your work on all makes of cars and trucks. Will make a special effort to serve you on Studebaker, Maxwell, Dodge, Buick and Ford cars. Service guaranteed.

Our line of Quality Accessories includes Silver-town Cord tires and tubes, Champion and A. C. spark plugs—a special plug for any make of car and tractor, En-Ar-Co oil and grease—special price on 5 gallons or more, and Willard storage batteries.

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Maxwell Cars and Trucks

Call and See Our Used Cars—You will Find Some Rare Bargains

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Having Purchased the V. Vejvoda Tailoring and Cleaning Establishment I Am Prepared to

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A Specialty!

FRED LUGSCH,

Main Street, Vejvoda's Old Stand

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SOME KNOTTY PROBLEMS THAT WILL CONFRONT THE CONVENTION

Many Suggestions Offered for Constitutional Changes—The Ideas Range from Ultra-Radical to Extreme. Standpat Says Survey Committee

SOME WOULD ABOLISH LIMIT OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS

The constitutional convention survey committee has made public an abstracted report of the various suggestions received in response to questionnaires sent to various organizations and individuals throughout the state asking for suggestions as to possible changes to be made in the present state constitution. To say that many of them are ultra-radical is putting it mild, the brand of radicalism in some going to the extreme limit, in both liberalism and standpatism. Some would abolish the limit on the state's bonded indebtedness, and some would have the governor's office the only one to be filled by the vote of the people, the governor being left to appoint to all other official positions.

It is also apparent that the present number of legislators, the methods of their election and the periods for holding legislative sessions comprise one topic of many minds as do problems in the judiciary department. The suggestions in tabulated form, as given out by the committee follow:

ARTICLE I—Sec. 24 Right of Appeal.

1. The right of appeal to the supreme court should be limited to cases involving \$1,000 or more and those involving the right or title to real estate and constitutional and statutory matter.

2. The right of appeal should be allowed only to the district court in cases of money judgments which originated in the justice of the peace court or in the county court.

3. Some favor the creation of an intermediate court of appeal. This court should be between the district and the supreme court and act as a reviewing tribunal. From this appeal to the supreme court should be allowed only in cases involving constitutional questions—as the validity of statutes, rights in criminal cases, and others of like nature.

ARTICLE II

No direct suggestions have been made of any changes in this article. Some will have to be made, however, in accordance with the changes proposed under Article IV.

ARTICLE III Powers and Functions of the Legislature.

The changes proposed in this article include:

1. Abolish the senate and have a one-house legislature. Section 1.

2. Limit the membership of the single house to about sixty representatives. Section 2.

3. Maintain the present system of senate and house, but reduce the membership of the lower house.

4. Legislature as a whole should be elected for a longer period of time than two years.

5. Legislature should meet in more frequent sessions. Section 3.

6. Have the legislature meet for organization and the introduction of bills. Then adjourn for thirty or more days, during which time the bills may be discussed by the public. Upon reassembling no bills shall be introduced. The legislature should meet only to discuss previously introduced bills and enact them.

7. The membership of the legislature should be elected at large instead of by districts. Section 5.

8. If the district is retained, the present requirement should be abolished. This involves Section 5.

9. The only state census ever taken in Nebraska was in 1885. The provision in Article III, Section 2, is therefore obsolete so far as it affects the enumeration for reapportionment of the legislative districts. Sec. 2.

IMPEACHMENT

The main criticism of the present provision for impeachment of state officers by the legislature is that it is impracticable. In lieu thereof, it is suggested that any three citizens should have the right to prefer impeachment charges against state officers to the supreme court. If the charges are well founded, then the supreme court will proceed as at present. In like manner impeachment charges might be brought against county, township and municipal officers in a district court. The chief justice of supreme court should appoint three disinterested judges to sit with the judge in district where complaint is filed. Three affirmative votes should be necessary to convict.

ARTICLE IV Apportionment

The apportionment of representation in the legislature has been considered under Article III.

ARTICLE V Executive

1. Some urge the adoption of a short ballot. Only the governor and, perhaps one or two other state officers should be elected by the people and the rest appointed by the governor, with the approval of the senate. Section 7.

2. Others urge the adoption of the cabinet system. Cabinet officers should have seats in the lower house of the legislature. How these officers are to be selected has not been suggested. Section 1.

3. It is urged that the salaries of all state officers should be increased and made to conform in amount to the dignity of the duties they have to perform. Section 24.

4. The term of office should be lengthened.

5. Veto power of the governor—the vote to pass a bill over the governor's veto should be greater than at present.

6. Pardoning power criticized—though no remedy is suggested.

7. Board of Control—No constructive criticism has been offered for improving the present system of managing the state institutions. It has been intimated that a single

commissioner would be better than a board.

ARTICLE VI Judicial Dept.—Changes in the Supreme Court.

The appointment or selection of judges is advocated in two principal manners, as follows:

1. The judges should be appointed by the governor.

2. The governor might appoint the chief justice who, in turn, be allowed to appoint the associate and the district judges.

Intermediate Court of Appeals.—Such a court is advocated on the ground that it would relieve the supreme court of the large volume of cases which come to it on appeal.

Salaries.—Every comment received urges a higher salary than at present. There is, however, a difference of opinion as to whether the constitution should fix salary at all or whether that should be left to legislative action. Several suggestions are that a minimum of salary might be placed in the constitution, leaving the precise amount to legislative action.

Term of Office.—The various proposals include:

1. Lengthen the present term to ten years.

2. Term of office should be during good behavior; that an age limit be fixed, with retirement on salary after reaching that age limit.

DISTRICT COURTS

Proposals Urged

1. Abolish district lines and place judges under the immediate direction of the chief justice of supreme court. That would enable the chief justice to transfer a judge to a section of the state where the docket is congested and thus afford speedy action.

2. Some urge that the present county court system be abolished and make each county a judicial district. Thus the district court would have charge of the probate work and such could take care of the entire estate whether real or personal and this would obviate the necessity of resorting to both the county and district court as is the case under the present plan. The county clerk could have charge of the district court records and this would probably result in a material reduction in salaries expended by the county as well as in more efficient men in charge.

Justice of the Peace Court.—It is suggested that this court be abolished and its jurisdiction transferred to the county court.

ARTICLE VII

No suggestion of changes in this article have been submitted to the committee.

ARTICLE VIII Education

Changes suggested in administration of educational system include:

1. Consolidate the university, normal schools and public schools under the management of a single board, which shall be elected as the present board of regents and serve without salary.

2. Retain the board of regents for the university, but consolidate the management of the normals and public schools under a single board, which shall be chosen in the same manner as the present regents.

3. Commissioner of education to be appointed by the governor.

ARTICLE IX Revenue

It is urged that the general property tax should be separated from state tax, allowing the former to be expended for local purposes. Instead of having all property taxed uniformly, different classes of property should be considered upon their own merits and the purpose they serve and be taxed accordingly. Furthermore, it is urged that no property except that belonging to the state and local government be exempt from tax.

ARTICLE X County and Local Government

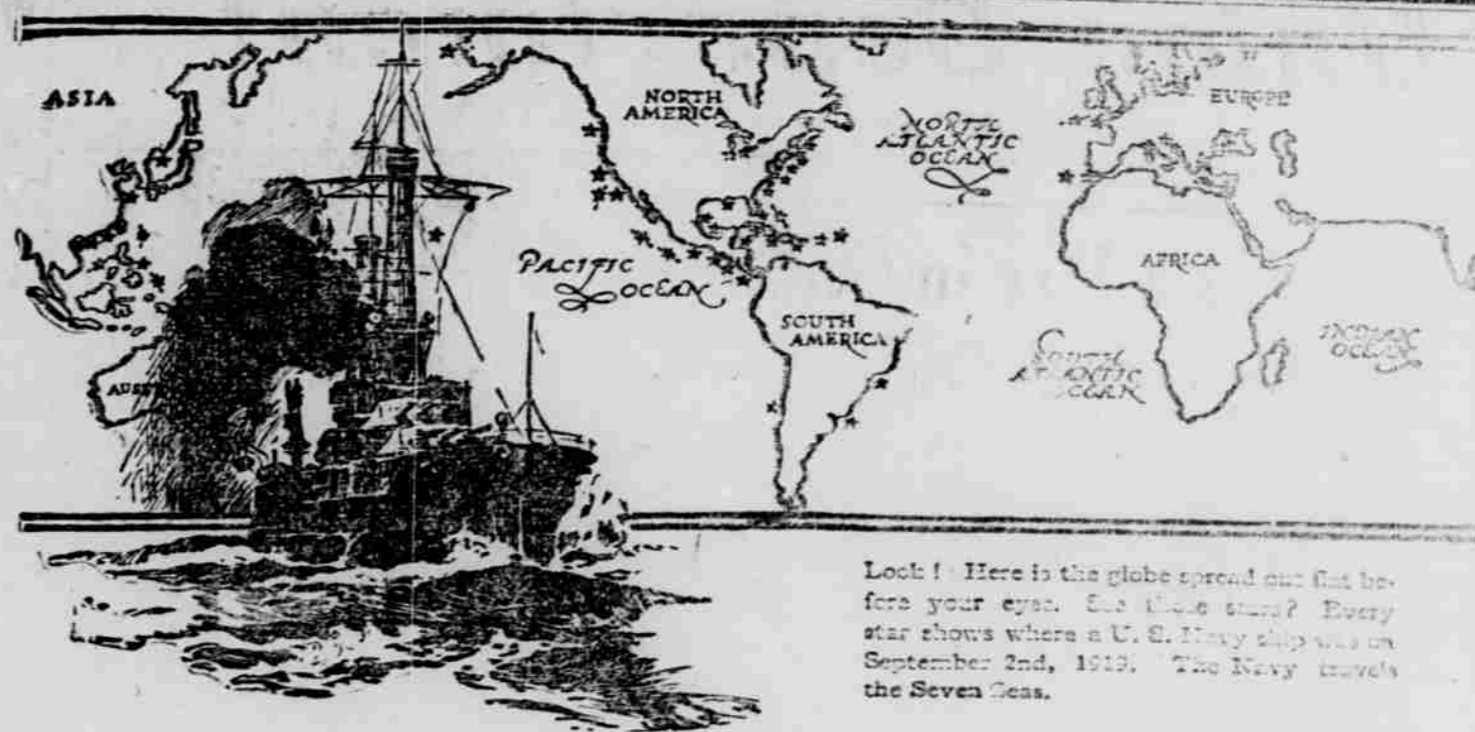
It has been suggested that the commissioner form of county government should be adopted by every county—so as to have a uniform system of government. Only the commissioners should be elected, all other officers to be appointed by them.

ARTICLE XI Corporations

It is advocated that in purely co-operative companies each individual stockholder should have only one vote regardless of the number of shares of stock he owns.

ARTICLE XII

Sec. 1.—It is urged that the clause limiting the state indebtedness to \$100,000 be stricken out.



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Don't you want to see the World?

ROMANCE is calling to you! Strange and smiling foreign lands are beckoning to you. Shove off and see the world!

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Come! Be a real man of the world. See the world. See it with

the red-blooded, hard-working, hard-playing men of the U. S. Navy.

Pay begins the day you join. On board ship a man is always learning. Trade schools develop skill, industry and business ability. Thirty days care-free holiday each year with full pay. The food is good. First uniform outfit is furnished free. Promotion is unlimited for men of brains. You can enlist for two years and come out broader, stronger and abler.

Shove off—Join the U. S. Navy. If you're between 17 and 35 go to the nearest recruiting station for all the details. If you don't know where it is ask your postmaster.

Shove off! -Join the U. S. Navy

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION Bridge Bond Question.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Election will be held in the County of Cass, Nebraska, at the regular voting places in said county on the 4th day of November A. D. 1919, between the hours of eight (8:00) o'clock in the morning and six (6:00) o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at which time and place there will be submitted to the qualified electors of said County of Cass, Nebraska, for adoption or rejection the following proposition to be voted upon, to-wit:

"Shall the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Cass, Nebraska, be authorized to issue coupon bonds to be known as Bridge Bonds of said county in an amount not exceeding \$100,000.00, said bonds to be payable to bearer and to become due in five years from date, but payable at any time after three years from date at the option of said county and bearing interest at a rate not to exceed six per cent (6%) per annum, payable annually, said bonds to be dated on date of issuance;

"And, shall the County Board of Equalization of the County of Cass, Nebraska, annually levy the necessary tax upon all the taxable property of said county in addition to all other taxes to pay the interest on said Bridge Bonds as the same may become due and levy a tax to provide an amount sufficient to pay the principal of said bonds as they may become due and payable, for the purpose of constructing bridges in the public highways of said county?"

Dated this 16th day of September A. D. 1919.

By order of the County Board of County Commissioners of the County of Cass, Nebraska.

JULIUS A. PITZ,
Chairman of the County Board of County Commissioners.

GEO. R. SAYLES,
County Clerk.

s25-4wdaw.

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TO RESIDE IN NEW YORK.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Mr. Jay D. Rising and wife nee Miss Rachel Livingston, departed today for Kansas City and from there will proceed to St. Louis to attend the American Bankers Ass'n. convention which will be held there next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rising will reside in New York city where Mr. Rising is connected with the National Park bank as an official in charge of their western business. During the summer months Mr. Rising travels thru the central, southern and western states attending the bank conventions.

Daily Journal. 15c a week.

ISSUES MARRIAGE LICENSE.

From Wednesday's Daily.

A marriage license was issued yesterday afternoon to Mr. William E. Reynolds and Miss Lyah C. Ruhman, both of Union. Both of these young people are well and favorably known throughout the southern portion of the county where they have resided during their lifetime. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reynolds and the bride-elect the charming daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ruhman both numbered among the prominent families of Liberty precinct.

Daily Journal. 15c a week.

TWO CHOICE CASS COUNTY.

Farms FOR Sale!

350 acres lying 6 miles from Plattsmouth and 2 1/2 miles from shipping point for both grain and live stock. 15 miles from the South Omaha market. There are 200 acres under cultivation of which 60 acres are now in alfalfa. The farming land is in splendid condition, all having been seeded down within the last five years. The balance of the land is now in pasture and about 50 acres of this could be easily cleared up and made into excellent farm land. There is good running water in the pasture supplying an abundance of water the year around.

The improvements consist of a good six room house with full basement, horse barn for eight head of horses, cattle barn with full basement and stone foundation, size 48x60, machine shed, two hog sheds, one 120 feet long; two cattle sheds, one big two-story granary and a corn crib 80 feet long. The farm is all well fenced and cross fenced. One 25 acre alfalfa field is fenced hog tight and one blue grass pasture fenced hog tight. There is a good well on the farm with large underground supply tank in connection and piped to feed lots to self waterers for both hogs and cattle. This is an ideal stock farm in every way and a big money maker. It has been priced for quick sale and is worth more than we are asking for it. The price is \$185.00 per acre and good terms can be arranged with purchaser.

80 acres lying 7 miles south of Plattsmouth and 4 1/2 miles southeast of Murray. The improvements consist of a five room house, barn, hog house and other buildings. There is running water on the farm. The land lays good and is in excellent condition. The price is \$235.00 per acre and good terms can be given.

Get in touch with us at once and let us show you these good farms.

IT'S A PLEASURE TO SHOW CASS COUNTY LAND.

J. P. Falter & Son

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