

### WRITES FROM OVERSEAS TO SISTER HERE

**OTTO F. LEHNST, NOW SERGT. MAJOR U. S. ARMY, WRITES SISTER MRS. JOHN HALMAS.**

#### WITH ARMY OF OCCUPATION

**Congratulates Sister On Her Marriage, and Is Happy That the War Is Over.**

From Friday's Daily.  
Otto F. Lehnst, formerly of this city, and who worked on the farm for John F. Gorder but a few years since, writes his sister Mrs. John Halmas from Europe, telling her some things which he has to do and congratulating her on her wedding and says he will be home some of these times, and that he is now ready to come any time.

Helferskirchen, Germany.  
February 22nd, 1919.

Dear Sister:  
First of all let me congratulate you on your wedding. May it be a happy one and a long one. I received your letter while in the fray of the Argonne Forrest, and promptly lost it, including all the pictures. You never seen a more surprised fink in all your life than I was. To marry and provide me with a brother-in-law was enough, but to make me an uncle was above all expectations. Words can't express my desire to take Baby in my arms and squeeze it to death. But wait till I get back, for we won't stay in Europe forever, and I won't stay in the army all my life. I expect to be back home before Christmas.

Now I want you to tell me all about John and all the rest of the boys back home. What are Albert and Otto doing, and how about Herman and Martha. Tell them even I haven't written to them, they have been uppermost in my mind many times, and when I think of home, their little cottage on the hill flashes in my mind first. Tell Herman that I am sorry for him, and that I am dead against prohibition.

Tell me something about Henry Hitz and his family, and let me know the address of John Gorder, as I would like to write to him. We

are now in Germany, about 20 miles north of Coblenz, with army of occupation. We had a wonderful trip down the Mosel. We was about 20 Kilometers south of Verdun when the fight ended, and we kept on going through Luxemburg to the German border. There we rested for several days. We crossed the line at Wasserbillig on the 1st of December, and went right down the Mosel to Coblenz.

The scenery in that part of the Country is great. After the Rhine has been passed, the scenery becomes pretty dreary, and the place I am in now looks like some forgotten part of Arkansas.

Things are at present very slow. There is no excitement. There is work from morning to night. I am Battalion Supply Sergeant, and it is up to me to get Rations, Clothing and Equipment for the entire Battalion, so you can see that I have not much time to lose. There are at present 1175 men in the Battalion and they are always wanting something. And for all that I am drawing \$60.00 a month, so they can't sign peace none too soon.

Well, I have decided to write more often from now on, and I am hoping that you will do the same, as it is a grand and glorious feeling to get a letter from home. So give my best regards to my little niece, to John and to the rest of the boys, and many good wishes to you.

Your brother,

OTTO.

My address: Bn. Sgt. Maj. O. F. Lehnst, Hdqrs. Detachment, 2nd M. G. Bn. 1st Div. American E. F.

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### CLIFFORD FORBES ARRIVES FROM OVERSEA

One by One the Boys are Coming Back—Reaches New York After Fourteen Day Trip.

From Thursday's Daily.  
Clifford Forbes, who has been overseas for the past several months with the American Expeditionary force, arrived in New York on the 21st of March, having left France on March 6th, and being some couple of weeks on the sea. Clifford has been in the service now for a year and a half and has made an excellent soldier during all that time. On his arrival home he will return to the pursuits of civil life, and while he was willing to serve his country during the time of actual hostilities, he was very glad to return home after the fighting was over. Just when he will arrive home is not known as yet, but it will be before long now. His mother will surely rejoice at his home coming, and many other friends of Mr. Forbes in Plattsburgh will extend him a cordial welcome. Clifford is an excellent young man and will make good in civil life activities.

#### LOOKS PRETTY NICE TO US

From Thursday's Daily.  
We cannot help but be favorably impressed with the gathering of the children of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Glenn and wife, as they came from their homes all over this state, from Iowa and from Illinois to help celebrate the golden wedding anniversary of their parents. They are a fine lot of men and women and each day another or two alights from the incoming trains with a face beaming with joy as they meet the father or one of the brothers or sisters at the station and the greetings are just as heartily returned.

They all come to do honor to the father and mother, who in years past have done so much that they might enjoy the lives they have been blessed with. The meetings of the members of this family cannot help but attract the admiration of the passer-by as those of brothers and sisters among whom no contention could ever exist.

Why Colds Are Dangerous.  
You are often told to "beware of a cold," but why? We will tell you: Every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and paves the way for the more serious diseases. People who contract pneumonia first take cold. The longer a cold hangs on, the greater the danger, especially from the germ diseases, as a cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs of consumption, diphtheria, scarlet fever and whooping cough. The quicker you get rid of your cold, the less the danger of contracting one of these diseases. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a great reputation as a cure for colds and can be depended upon. It is pleasant to take.

SEED CORN FOR SALE.  
Extra good early yellow seed corn. John Long, 2 miles east of LaPlatte.

### HIGH HOPES NOW FOR AN EARLY PEACE

THE GERMANS THINK THE SITUATION IS MUCH IMPROVED.

#### HEARTY FEAR OF BOLSHIEVISM

How to Meet Conditions in Hungary Discussed by Delegates at Paris—Huns at Danzig Belie Good Intentions.

Paris, March 28.—News was received here today that the Germans are increasing the garrison at Danzig. This is taken as indicating an intention to resist whatever disposition the peace conference may make of the port.

Berlin, March 28.—The peace outlook is regarded as having very considerably improved during the last few days. The departure for Paris of the German financial commission is regarded as the real beginning of peace negotiations and the news is heartily welcomed. The danger of bolshevism, as emphasized by the Hungarian events, still fills people's minds with alarm. The impression grows that bolshevism's next onslaught will be in the direction of Rumania. The situation there is reported to be bad, and as thus preparing the way for the spread of bolshevism in that quarter. The communists in the Berlin workers councils are greatly encouraged by the Hungarian move and at today's gathering some of them declared that only world revolution could prevent Germany's collapse and a peace imposed by force. They said that they looked forward to Germany being a soviet republic before the end of the year.

No Positive Action on Hungary.  
Paris, March 28.—The extraordinary situation which has been created by Hungary's virtual defiance of the allied powers and the sudden impetus given to extreme radicalism by the accession of the bolshevist government at Budapest has not cleared for the better in any way. It is doubtful if any positive action has been taken by the delegates of the allied powers, altho there is talk of forming armies and adopting other measures suggesting the use of force. One feature of the situation is the widespread opinion that Lenine will have to be called to Paris before the foundations for peace can be laid. Lloyd-George visualized something like this early in the peace conference when he proposed inviting Lenine to confer with the allied representatives. Pichon, for France, rejected the proposal and the unauthorized publication of his communication on the subject created great commotion. Subsequently President Wilson endeavored to effect a compromise by suggesting that allied representatives meet the envoys of all the Russian factions at Prinkipo Island in the sea of Marmora. Some factions accepted. The bolsheviks agreed, but proposing conditions which the peace plenipotentiaries regarded as insulting.

The great rise in bolshevist stock thru the accession of the new Hungarian government and its apparent belief that it is able to defy the entire combination of allied powers have made the peace plenipotentiaries realize the grave danger which confronts the world.

Some of those informed do not hesitate to express the fear that the imposition of too harsh terms on Germany may give strength to the bolshevik elements in that country. The American and British plenipotentiaries have been preaching to their foreign associates that it would be unwise to impose conditions on Germany which would serve to intensify hatred and lay the foundation for another war.

Germans Justify Attitude.  
Berlin, March 28.—General Nudant, representing Marshal Poch, on Wednesday submitted a note to the German government demanding a passage through Danzig for the Polish divisions under General Haller, which are a part of the allied army, and permission for their further march to Poland to maintain order. The note added that any refusal would be regarded as a breach of the armistice. The German government, after exhaustive deliberations by party leaders, laid down its standpoint in a reply which asserts that, according to the armistice treaty, it was only obliged to grant allies free access to the Vistula to maintain order in territories in the former Russian empire.

The note refers to incidents during the journey of Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish premier, who

grossly violating the hospitality accorded him on German soil, gave the signal for revolt and civil war and who, when he was in Danzig in December, 1918, said: "If the Polish divisions from France and Italy should be in Danzig then Danzig and all west Prussia would be Polish."

Proceeding the note refers to numerous demonstrations by the German majority in west Prussia who wish to resist Polish attacks by force, and says that by such civil warfare, the German eastern front against Russian bolshevism will be endangered.

The Lokal Anzeiger thinks that a serious situation has arisen through the exchange of notes between General Nudant and the German government. While it does not abandon hope that General Nudant will accept the German reply as a concession, the newspaper fears that his note has no other aim than to deliver Danzig to the Poles and counsels the government not to yield an inch.

The Zeitung Am Mittag accuses the entente statesmen of having had their brains addled by the occurrences in Hungary.

### WHY NOT HAVE A CONVENTION HERE

Plattsburgh Could Do Worse Things Than to Encourage the Holding of Conventions Here

From Thursday's Daily.  
Last evening Edward C. Ripple, W. F. Gillispie and wife and John W. Seagraves, delegates to the State convention of the Woodmen of the World, and W. B. Rishel, clerk of the local camp, returned from Hastings, in which city the convention was held.

These gentlemen tell of a contest in the closing hours of the convention over the choice of a place for the next meeting. Columbus was the fortunate city in this contest, landing the convention for the coming year. Mr. Ripple says that during the time the convention was in session approximately \$2,600 was spent by the visitors in the city. From that statement it looks like the matter of holding a convention in the city is pretty good and Plattsburgh could doubtless do worse things than to land a few of these convention in the city.

The Southeast district Christian church organization will hold a convention here during the coming week and it might be worth while to encourage them to come again.

### TEACHERS ARE IN SESSION AT LINCOLN

Twenty-Sixth Session of the Southeastern Nebraska Branch. A Discussion of Problems

Mayor Miller Welcomes Delegates to Lincoln and Mayor Smith of Omaha Makes An Address.

Lincoln, March 29.—The twenty-sixth annual convention of the southeastern Nebraska educational association opened Friday morning at the high school auditorium. Nine hundred teachers had registered at noon Friday and the registration is expected to reach 1,000. Treasurer T. V. Goodrich of the association said that this is the largest convention in the history of the organization.

When the convention opened the mayors of the two largest cities in the state were on the platform. Mayor Miller of Lincoln welcomed the teachers. "We are going to make a greater Lincoln no matter what the legislature does," said Mayor Miller. "We are going to make it the best capital city in the country. We are going to have better parks and more play grounds."

He said that Lincoln is not proud of some of its school buildings but that it is going to build better ones. He takes no stock in the statements made in some quarters that the schools of a generation or more ago were better than those of the present day. He thinks that the schools are now better and teachers are fired with the spirit of progress.

"You have a bigger job now than when I was a boy," he said "There are many more boys and girls to educate in the higher branches."

The mayor who said everybody should have an equal chance emphasized the dignity of labor as part of the training of the school boy. He said that he thought it all right that he should study and play but he should be made to work, that he would be able to make a living when he left school. The mayor thought that it would be reasonable to devote one-third of the time of the boys to some sort of labor. As a large employer, he declared that those boys who are compelled to work during their school days in vacation time and after study hours are of the stuff who make real men.

Against Any Discrimination.  
The association by unanimous vote passed the following resolution against educational discrimination of the country school children: "Whereas the present compulsory education law discriminates against children living in the country inasmuch as it requires persons having charge or control of such children to cause them to attend school for only two-thirds of the time school is in session, while persons having control of children living in cities are required to cause them to attend during the entire time, and "Whereas there exists a further discrimination against country children in the fact that the compulsory education law affords protection to city children up to the age of sixteen, while no protection is afforded to country children above the age of fifteen, and "Whereas the Nebraska legisla-

#### COMES HOME FROM HOSPITAL.

From Thursday's Daily.  
Mrs. Charles M. Manners, who has been at the hospital for the past month, where she underwent an operation for correction of her health and where she has been receiving treatment since, was so far improved today that the attending physician thought it well to allow her to return home, and Mr. Manners went to Omaha this morning, and returned this afternoon bringing Mrs. Manners with him. While the good woman is not the stoutest, still her health is greatly improved and she is gaining in strength every day, doing as well as could well be expected under the circumstances. The fact of her rapid progress toward complete recovery, will be received by her many friends with a great deal of pleasure.

#### AMIL HILD DOING NICELY

From Friday's Daily.  
M. Hild is in receipt of a letter from his son Amil, who is still located at St. Aignin, France, and is doing nicely. He is assisting in various lines of work in and around the hospital and among the wounded. He did not seem to know just when they would leave for home, but no doubt like all the balance of the boys, very anxious to get back with the folks at home.

#### FARM INSURANCE.

Now is the time of the year when one should have their Live Stock and Buildings protected against loss by fire, lightning and tornado. I write for the Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., of Lincoln, the oldest, strongest and most satisfactory Farm Insurance Co., in Nebraska. Do not neglect this. W. T. Richardson, Mynard, Phone 2411.

Journal Want-Ads Pay  
**DR. H. C. LEOPOLD**  
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN  
Special Attention to Diseases of Women  
ACUTE DISEASES TREATED  
Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted  
Night Calls Answered—After Hours and Sundays by Appointment.  
5:30 a. m. to 12:00—1:30 p. m. to 5:30  
Carter Block  
Phone 208  
Plattsburgh, Neb

### Some Interesting Prices FOR PAY-DAY WEEK!

- \$6.95 A good dress Slip On—just the thing for rainy days. Colors—Tan and Gray.
- \$1.50 A splendid Union Suit, heavy balbriggan, with slight nap—a comfortable garment for Spring wear.
- \$1.00 Dress shirts with starched cuffs—black and white. Stand the laundry.
- \$.95 Jersey roll neck sweaters, in red, blue and gray—just the thing for work—save laundrying.
- \$.85 Soft cuff dress shirts—assorted colors, Neck band. A worth while bargain.
- \$.20 A medium weight balbriggan work sock. 20c per pair, 3 pairs for 50c.
- \$.15 A light weight black work sock. 15c pair. 2 pairs for 25c.
- \$2.50 Standard weight, best make, fullest cut, guaranteed dye bib overalls. Suspender back or high back.
- \$2.25 A full cut, guaranteed color, heavy dark blue denim bib overall.
- \$2.00 Same as above only lighter weight.
- \$1.25 Good color, light weight, bib overall, not as full cut as above.
- \$1.35 Our famous "Kenwood" work shirt—very best cheviot material, non-shrinkable neck band—regular \$1.50 seller.
- \$1.25 A good wearing chambray work shirt in gray or blue—full cut.
- \$1.00 A heavy cheviot work short in assorted colors.

We have just received five dozen of the old reliable extra heavy black and white stripe twill work shirts—reinforced—Wearwell—\$1.75

### C. E. Wescott's Sons

"EVERYBODY'S STORE"

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ture now has under consideration House Roll No. 64 which rewrites the compulsory education law of the state and the opportunity now exists to remove these discriminations.

"Therefore, be it resolved: That this association urges immediate consideration by the legislature of the injustice of the present situation and recommends that this be remedied by making the compulsory education law now applying to cities to apply generally throughout the state.

"Be it further resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to each member of the house and senate committees on education and to the governor."

#### MOVING TO WEST TODAY.

From Thursday's Daily.  
Thomas B. Stokes and family are departing today for the west, where they will make their home in the future, and will farm near Haxton, Colo. They have their car loaded, and were ready to go this morning, and were delayed on account of inspection of stock, and finding some one to accompany the stock, both of were solved and the car went out today in charge of James Deal, while Mr. Stokes accompanied Mrs. Stokes and their little son. They will make their home in the west, where they expect to engage in farming. Mr. Stokes is a hard working man, and we are certain will succeed in the west.

Geo. W. Wall was a visitor in this city from his home at LaPlatte coming over on the noon train to do some trading for a few hours.

#### MRS. ELIZA KAUF. MANN IMPROVING

From Friday's Daily.  
Mrs. Eliza Kaufmann who has been seriously ill at her home in this city, with pneumonia, is reported as showing considerable improvement. Mrs. Kaufmann has been a very patient sufferer with the pneumonia, but still has made a very strong fight against the disease, and the improvement is very satisfactory to herself and friends, who are well pleased at the improvement, and hope that she may be well again soon.

#### UNCLE JUSTUS LILLIE SOME BETTER

From Friday's Daily.  
Uncle Justus Lillie who has been sick at his home in this city for some days past is reported as being in some better condition than formerly, and has been showing some improvement since yesterday. Mr. Lillie's many friends in this city will be greatly pleased to know of his improvement.

#### IS VISITING HIS HOME.

From Saturday's Daily.  
This morning August Nolting departed for Omaha, on the early train of the Burlington, where he went to visit his son Henry Nolting, who is at the Emanuel hospital, where he is receiving treatment for inflammation of the intestines. It is not as yet known whether an operation will be required in his case or not.

You will find a nice line of popular copyright books at the Journal office.

#### WESTERN NEBRASKA FARMS!

We have 10,000 acres choice wheat, corn, alfalfa and potato land in MORRILL AND BOX BUTTE COUNTIES, NEBRASKA good laying, well grassed, fertile. We start our campaign to sell this at once. Investigate early for a selection.  
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ISSUED UNDER THE FEDERAL FARM LOAN ACT  
Dated November 1, 1918  
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Redeemable at par and accrued interest on any interest date after five years from date of issue. Coupon bonds fully registerable and interchangeable. Denomination, \$1,000. Interest payable semi-annually, May 1st and November 1st. Principal and interest payable at the bank of issue in exchange Approved by the Federal Farm Loan Board of the United States government.  
Exempt from All Federal, State, Municipal and Local Taxation!  
This exemption includes the Federal Income Tax and income from these bonds need not be included in returns  
PRICE ON APPLICATION  
**Chas. C. Parmele,**  
Bank of Cass County  
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Philip Thierolf  
VALUE GIVING CLOTHIER