

# The Plattsmouth Journal

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY AT PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA  
Entered at Postoffice, Plattsmouth, Neb., as second-class mail matter

R. A. BATES, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$2.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Profiteering must cease.

For the Food Manager says so.

No right to put up food prices simply because you feel like it.

Slackers can slack no longer in Nebraska. Be a patriot and join the colors.

It begins to look as if Germany will do what she is told to do after the war.

How fresh the world seems already, since the clouds of German brag were blown away.

When the morning paper is full of Yank news the breakfast coffee goes fine without any sugar at all.

Now Germany says it was her plan to evacuate the St. Mihiel salient anyway. However it was our plan first.

The Prussian butcher is not only greatly worried about his flanks but begins to realize that he cannot save his bacon.

Many a man of 40 or 45 arrested in the slacker roundup was so pleased at being thought a youngster of 31 that he accepted the inconvenience with the utmost good humor.

Mr. Burleson has put it up squarely to one of moderate means: Which shall we do without, the car or telephone? Most of us will have to do without both before the war is over.

What are we to do with the speeders? They should be taught some sense, and the only way to do it is to fine them every time they speed beyond the limit. Treat all alike.

Teaching Americanism in the schools is admirable—though perhaps it is sounder as a by-product than as a special study—but let us not fail to smuggle in a little of the three R's.

If the speed ordinance isn't enforced here in this town there will be some one else killed and maybe more. Some auto drivers have no more care for people crossing the street than they have for the dogs that cross.

Prudence dictates that in sending millions of packages of chewing gum to Pershing's army we shall not deplete the supply needed for our army of women workers. If it is true that chewing gum helps the army stave off thirst, it will be impossible for the factories to keep up with the demand as soon as national prohibition becomes effective.

The military censorship is, of course, as necessary now as it ever was. When our force in France was comparatively small it was necessary to conceal their whereabouts in order to give them protection from the superior German forces. But now, if the Germans find out where our boys are, they avoid them. By virtue of our censorship a good many Hunns have blundered right into a nest of Yanks, and their military careers ended right there.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists.

E. A.—We still are.

Still a little cool.

Time to don sweaters.

Everything going higher.

Flash-light robbers are the latest.

Non-Essential—Arguing when the war will close.

Germany man power is waning, but its wind power is still unimpaired.

"Anthracite to be scarce," says a Pittsburgh headline. See? It's already decided.

Auto accidents are becoming more frequent. Fast and careless driving the cause.

Nobody will be able to get quite so much fun out of the gaslineless Sundays as will the man who never had a car.

Seeing what a mess they have made of things never seems to make Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs want to get off the job.

And now we have the "munitionettes!" There evidently is need of a society for the suppression of cruelty to the English language.

Many people will have to go hungry this winter if the state food commissioner don't get his clamps on the nefarious food profiteers.

"Try chloroform for the stains on your new blue taffeta dress," advises a writer. Cyanide is quicker, dear, if you feel that bad about it.

One has only to read an interview with Mr. Ford and then ride in one of his cars to become convinced that he is truly a self-made man.

The Kaiser calls himself "his country's father." Which probably will revive in Germany the popularity of that old song, "Everybody Works But Father."

Only about seven weeks till election and but very little interest seems to be taken. We would advise some candidates to get busy if they expect to get any votes.

You will find more 4-leaf clovers growing in a cornfield than you will in a pool hall or loafing up and down the streets, and the time to look for them is when the corn is ready to husk.

Mr. Debs gets ten years, which, no doubt, will cause him to feel very sorry for the world generally. Mr. Debs is by no means certain that the world can roll on ten years without his guiding hand.

Having no suitable substitute for sugar this year, we are simply going without. Just as we are going without the ground glass which formed such an essential part of our fare about this time last year.

"What a bore it is," writes a popular author, "waking up in the morning always the same person." Move into an apartment house and set the alarm clock out in the hall. There's no telling whom you will wake up.

Mr. G. C. Burroughs, a fashion authority, believes he sees the "end of the wool era," and that cotton will have a larger part to play in the clothing problem. Perhaps we'd better allow it even a larger part than necessary, then, for cotton sometimes shrinks, too.

### AS TO THE LUSITANIA.

The decision of Judge Mayer of the Federal District Court affirms with official authority what most persons in this country have accepted as fact for some time: that the Lusitania and the American passengers and property aboard her were sunk intentionally by torpedoes fired by agents of the German Government; that no munitions were carried aboard the ship, to afford the slightest color of justification for a defiance of international law.

Seeing that the Lusitania crime more than any other single act forced the United States into the war, Judge Mayer travels pretty safe ground in his conclusions. His view that the injured American litigants should find their remedy at Berlin is, we believe, in strict consonance with the nation's stand, and in fact certain proceedings with a view to make possible the speedier satisfaction of their claims are actually under way via France.

### A WARTIME CHRISTMAS.

The country is to have a wartime Christmas this year. Beyond doubt there will be a hearty response to the appeal of the Council of National Defence that the holiday shall not be allowed to interfere with the winning of the war. The people are asked to give only useful things, to make their purchases and shipments weeks or even months ahead, to carry home, so far as practicable, all their packages.

In this way it is hoped that there may be an appreciable saving in labor, in material and in transportation. The manufacturers and retailers are co-operating loyally with the movement. Many of the stores have agreed not to increase their working forces during the holiday season and to do their utmost to spread the purchases over several months.

Fortunately there is no request for the curtailment of simple toys, for these articles, so natural and so essential to childhood, are being supplied largely from waste material. The youngsters may enjoy their drums and dolls with consciences even clearer than usual, for they are no longer made in Germany but by our own manufacturers.

The wonderful response of the people throughout the land to the plea for Sunday gasoline conservation fore-shadows their attitude to this new request. We may be sure that this year there will be no eleventh hour crush in the stores, no clogging of the parcel post and express, no exchange of useless gifts.

### WHO IS THE PUBLIC?

We hear much about the public. It is seldom praised; often it is berated. The public will stand for anything, we are told. The public likes to be duped, said P. T. Barnum years ago in explanation of his success as a showman. The public be damned, said a corporation head a generation ago. Society never advances, declare the philosopher Emerson. The public is a huge beast, someone else has said.

Almost anybody who talks about the public or matters pertaining to the public will reiterate such opinions today. And no offense is taken; no indignation meetings are held and no resolutions drawn up in condemnation of such insulting language. Apparently nobody feels insulted.

Who, then, is the public? Nobody can tell us; always the thing eludes our search. But is not the public anybody but you and me, or anybody except the persons talking about it? Therefore, the public can never be found, though one should inquire all his days. Always the thing is farther on, like the rainbow's end.

So, there is little use relying on the public to do anything, to take the initiative, to start something, to rise up in rebellion against wrong, oppression, outrage, injustice.

There has been much talk about rebellions, revolutions, when public indignation has reached the boiling point; but there never was and likely never will be a public up-

rising of any kind without a leader, without some individual working alone or in co-operation with a very few other individuals to organize "public sentiment," to give it form and substance, "a local habitation and a name."

Therefore, all the abuse that has ever been heaped upon the public might be gathered into one mass and once more hurled at the thing's head and nothing would ever be heard of it and nobody hurt.

What recourse can be had, then, when the people suffer, when a community, a selfish and soulless corporation or what not? None at all by damning the public.

It all comes back to you and me who started the discussion. You are a vital part of the public; I am. You owe it to yourself and the cause of justice, as do I, to wait not a moment in doing something, in going straight to a neighbor and with him to somebody else, and on and on until an army is raised and the outrage put down. Let us realize our own individual responsibility and not exhaust our indignation on an abstract public. The public will do its duty when you and I act.—K. C. Star.

### LEGAL NOTICE.

To Andrew W. Pentland, if living, if dead the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees or personal representatives of said Andrew W. Pentland, and S. C. Smith (first name unknown), devisees, legatees or personal representatives of said S. C. Smith, defendants. You and each of you, are hereby notified that on the 9th day of September, 1918, Frank Hughson, plaintiff herein, has filed his petition in the District Court of Cass County, Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are, to quiet in plaintiff the title to the Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4) of Section Eight (8), and Lot number One (1), with the accretions thereto, in Section Seventeen (17), all in township Ten (10), North, Range Fourteen (14), East of 4th P. M., of said Cass County, against all claims rights and demands of each and all of the defendants. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 28th day of October 1918. Dated September 9th, 1918. FRANK HUGHSON, Plaintiff. D. O. DWYER, Attorney.

### Good for Biliousness.

"Two years ago I suffered from frequent attacks of stomach trouble and biliousness. Seeing Chamberlain's Tablets advertised I concluded to try them. I improved rapidly."—Miss Emma Verbyrke, Lima, Ohio.

### Stationery at the Journal office.

W. A. ROBERTSON, Lawyer. East of Riley Hotel. Coates Block. Second Floor.

### PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 5th, A. D. 1918:

### A JOINT RESOLUTION to amend Section one (1) of Article seven (7) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska:

Section 1. That Section One of Article Seven of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended, the same hereby is amended by striking out the following words:

"Second. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States, or the subject of naturalization, at least thirty days prior to an election."

And inserting in the place of the words so stricken, the following words:

"Second. Persons of foreign birth who shall have become citizens of the United States by naturalization or otherwise conformably to the laws of the United States at least thirty days prior to an election."

Sec. 2. That at the general election nineteen hundred and eighteen (1918) there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for their approval or rejection the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the right of suffrage. At such election, on the ballot of each elector voting for or against said proposed amendment, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the right of suffrage." and "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the right of suffrage."

Sec. 3. If such amendment shall be approved by a majority of all electors voting at such election, said amendment shall constitute Section One (1) Article Seven (7) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska. Approved, April 9, 1918. KEITH NEVILLE, Governor. Attest: CHARLES W. POOL, Secretary of State.

# Mockenhaupt Land Co.,

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE,

Sterling, Nebraska

We have sold numbers of Cass county, Sanders county, Johnson county, Pawnee county, Richardson county and Iowa people land in Southeastern Nebraska.

When you buy land in Otoe county, Nemaha county, Gage county, \$75 and up per acre, you are getting something that will make you a bank account instead of failures.

We have some choice 40, 80, 120, 160, 240, 320 and 640 acre tracts of land, with very reasonable prices and good terms.

We have the largest and best land list in Southeastern Nebraska.

It will pay you to see us for a home or investment.

# Mockenhaupt Land Company

STERLING, NEBRASKA

### HER TROUBLES HAD COST THOUSANDS

MRS. WHITE SAYS TANLAC OVERCAME TROUBLES AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

"Actually, a few bottles of Tanlac did more for me than all the other medicines and treatments that have cost me thousands of dollars," recently declared Mrs. Kittie White, whose husband is proprietor of the University Paint Company, and who lives at 1312 Forty-Second street, East, Seattle, Wash.

"Fifteen years ago," she continued, "I was as strong and healthy a woman as you ever saw, weighing in the neighborhood of a hundred and seventy pounds. My troubles started when I contracted asthma, which got so bad that many a time I have had to sit up night after night wheezing and gagging, hardly able to get my breath and suffering so terribly I really thought I was going to die. Then my stomach went back on me, my food would sour, and the gas that rose up in my throat would almost strangle me, and start me to vomiting till I would be in such misery I would almost go distracted. My head ached like it would split and my back hurt like it was going to break in two. I lost over forty pounds, I was but a shadow of my former self, and was so weak, and felt so worn out that I was barely able to get around."

"Now this was just the awful condition I was in when one of my friends told me about Tanlac, and I thought if I could get my stomach in good condition and regain my strength, maybe I could stand the asthma better, so I got me a bottle. Well, sir, the results have far surpassed anything I expected. Why, my appetite is so great, that I feel ashamed to eat enough to satisfy myself, and my stomach is in good condition. But the greatest surprise of all is I haven't suffered a particle from asthma since I have been taking Tanlac. I felt so fine on finishing my first bottle that I just couldn't get another one quick enough, for I couldn't afford to miss a single dose. I sleep so sound now, that I don't know a thing from the time I go to bed till I get up in the morning. I never know what a headache is and those awful pains in my back are all gone. I have already gained several pounds and am gaining in weight and strength every day. Why, I can do any amount of hard work now without getting tired, and can't remember the time when I felt as fine as I do today. I am so happy over my great improvement that I want everybody to know what a splendid medicine Tanlac is."

"Tanlac is sold in Plattsmouth by F. G. Fricke & Co., in Alvo by Alvo Drug Co., in Avoca by O. E. Copps, in South Bend by E. Sturzenegger, in Greenwood by E. F. Smith, in Weeping Water by Meier Drug Co.,

in Elmwood by L. A. Tyson, in Nurdock by H. V. McDonald and in Eagle, by F. W. Bloomkamp."

For a Weak Stomach.

The great relief afforded by Chamberlain's Tablets in a multitude of

cases has fully proven the great value of this preparation for a weak stomach and impaired digestion. In many cases this relief has become permanent and the sufferers have been completely restored to health.

Subscribe for the Journal.



# Back These Boys With Your Dollars

### A War Savings Stamp Is as Secure as a National Bank Note

Both are backed by the United States Government. About the only difference is that the stamps pay you 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly on January 1st, 1923.

If you are pressed for money at any time, you can cash a War Savings Stamp for its current value at any money order postoffice on ten day's notice.

War Savings Stamps are convenient and easy investments, no "red tape" and are backed by the entire resources of the people of the United States.

Every Stamp you buy helps to keep the Germans out of your own home. Every Stamp you buy brings you nearer to financial freedom.

# This War Will Be Won Only When Thrift Becomes Our Watchword

- THIS SPACE CONTRIBUTED BY
- Western Machine Works.
  - C. G. Fricke.
  - Plattsmouth Garage
  - Jess F. Warga.
  - Philip Thieroff.
  - E. G. Dovey & Son
  - Pollock Auto Co.
  - Fetzer Shoe Co.
  - Waterman Lumber & Coal Co.
  - J. S. Chase.
  - E. J. Richey.
  - John W. Crabbill.
  - F. G. Fricke & Co.
  - Bestoi & Swatek.
  - C. E. Hartford.
  - L. E. Egenberger.
  - T. G. Bach & Co.
  - Service Garage
  - B. A. McElwain.
  - Fred Mumm.
  - W. W. Morgan.
  - Bank of Cass County.
  - Popular Variety Store.
  - Tait & Son.
  - Avard & McLean.
  - Cass County Monument Co.
  - E. A. Stanfield.
  - Plattsmouth Steam Laundry
  - W. E. Rosencrans.
  - Fred Wagner.
  - First National Bank.
  - Lorenz Bros.
  - Peters & Parker.
  - D. B. Ebersole.
  - Kroehler Bros.
  - C. E. Wescott's Sons.
  - Farmer's State Bank.
  - H. M. Soemichsen.
  - Weyrich & Hadraba.