

HUNDREDS ANSWER CALL TO OLD GLORY

Fervish Recruiting Reported From All Parts of the United States.

Tremendous Rush to Fill Ranks of the Army to Required Quota.

New York, April 1.—A tremendous rush to the nation's defense is shown today by figures on recruiting and reports of patriotic movements gathered from all sections of the country. Men and women are responding to the call and even boy scouts are giving pledges of national service.

Legislatures are appropriating defense sums; banks are considering the raising of funds for war needs; recruiting stations are outdoing themselves; patriotic meetings are scheduled or have been held in a number of cities. Nearly every city reports a sentiment that is waiting only the real call to arms to plunge states and cities into a real rally to the colors.

The west, called pacifist, reports just as much preparation, just as much of a martial air, almost the same stimulation in recruiting as other sections.

Millions of dollars have been appropriated by states. Massachusetts and Vermont each appropriated \$1,000,000 and New Hampshire followed with \$500,000. Governors of the six New England states are in constant communication, working toward the common end of preparing the section for eventualities.

Daily drills for soldiers are being held in the downtown streets of St. Louis to stimulate recruiting and recruits are drilling on the roofs of skyscrapers during the lunch hour there as well as in New York and other cities. Colleges, universities and public schools in Missouri are drilling students.

Denver reports hundreds of applications for enlistment in army and navy, and the governor of Colorado is considering an order to demobilized guardsmen to report at once for further duty. The Colorado agricultural school has set an offer of service for its students. Women are studying red cross work. A gigantic preparedness meeting was held tonight in Denver.

During the week nearly 300 men have joined the Illinois national guard regiments. Since March 1 nearly 1,000 men have joined the regular army at Chicago. Army enlistments have increased more than 125 per cent in that section.

A bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for war use in the event of hostilities has been introduced in the Minnesota state legislature. Two volunteer regiments of 500 and 700 men have organized. Women in a telegraph school have offered their services for signal duty.

Autos are carrying speakers over Indiana seeking to stimulate recruiting. Six new companies of the national guard are being formed in that state, with almost 400 men already enlisted.

The governor of Ohio has signed an order providing for a military census and it is expected to be carried out soon. He also has issued a proclamation urging farmers to increase the acreage under cultivation and for city folk to develop back yard gardening.

Pittsburg's recruiting is slow, with women applicants for service outnumbering the men some days.

Recruits of cavalry and infantry are being organized in Tennessee. Nearly 400 recruits have been obtained for guard service in three Tennessee towns.

Los Angeles will have a home defense organization of 10,000 according to preparations being made by the chief of police. Three thousand already have agreed to serve.

The Oregon militia gained 250 recruits in thirty-two hours. Naval and marine recruiting stations are enlisting ten to fifteen men daily in Oregon.

Nebraska recruiting stations report stimulated recruiting, but expect a heavier run just as soon as war becomes certain.

Boy scouts in Pennsylvania are helping recruiting by putting up posters. No great effort has been made in this state to raise the guard quota. This state public safety committee is taking a census of the state's citizens for possible use. Citizens of McKeesport, Pa., have donated more than \$2,000 for general defense purposes.

Kansas has taken no definite preparedness steps but recruiting is reported from Kansas City, Kansas, to be increasing.

Iowa's naval recruiting was double its previous best record. Military re-

cruiting is going on so fast it is almost certain new state regiments will be formed. Regular army recruiting is slightly above normal, with many militiamen entering this service. A preparedness appropriation of half a million dollars is waiting on President Wilson's message to congress.

California will have a preparedness appropriation.

The governor will also appoint a defense council. More than 500 men have joined the state regiments in California this week.

New York state will have an inventory of all military resources. Recruiting has been rapid here, with women speakers touring the streets of New York City encouraging enlistments. Naval stations showed a gain of 1,500 for the week. Preparations are being made to fill men's jobs with women workers.

TEUTONS ADMIT BRITISH ADVANCE

Allied Troops Approach to Within Three Miles of St. Quentin—Turks Still in Retreat.

Berlin, April 1.—(Wireless to Sayville.)—British troops after tenacious fighting in which they suffered heavy loss yesterday, pushed their lines into the German positions on the Somme for a depth of nearly two miles, says the official statement today. The British advance was between the Peronne-Gouzaucourt road and the lowlands of the Omeignon stream, in which the towns of Jeancourt and Vermand are situated.

Except for aerial exploits in which German pilots destroyed two entente captive balloons and dropped bombs on troop camps east of Monastir, the German official statement issued today says there were no events of importance yesterday on the western and Macedonian fronts.

Approach St. Quentin. London, April 1.—Heavy fighting took place today west of St. Quentin, resulting in the capture by the British of the village of Savy. Later British troops attacked Savy wood, about a mile from the village, and only three miles from St. Quentin and occupied that position.

The official report from British headquarters in France which records the capture by the British of Vendelles, lying further north, and Epethy and Peziere, to the southeast of Heudicourt.

Turks in Retreat. Efforts by Turkish troops to enclose a British force near Daltawah, thirty-five miles north of Bagdad, has failed, says an official British statement, and the Turks in that region now are in full retreat.

French Also Advance. Paris, April 1.—In their operations southwest of Loen the French troops have made important advances, capturing several German trench systems and have reached the outskirts of Vauxaillon and Laffaux, according to the official communication tonight.

DR. BLEICK. Dr. Bleick, 522 World-Herald building, Omaha, specialist in eye, ear, nose and throat diseases, will be at Plattsmouth every Tuesday, at B. A. McElwain jewelry store. Eye glasses scientifically fitted.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for pains in the chest and lameness of the shoulders due to rheumatism, and am pleased to say that it has never failed to give me prompt relief," writes Mrs. S. N. Finch, Batavia, N. Y.

For rent or sale—6 room house, city water, electric lights, 1 block, good garden, alfalfa patch. On Wintersteen Hill, close to shops. Inquire of W. M. Matschullat. 3-2-1wkd.

The cigar with the real goods in them is the Exquisite, manufactured by Herman Spies. The best 5c cigar on the market.

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How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

READY FOR SPEECH TO JOINT SESSION

Fight Over Leadership Between Clark and Mann Now Looks Like a Victory for Democrats.

G. O. P. WING LOSES 3 VOTES

Believe House Organization Will Be Speedily Effected—Senate Meanwhile to Mark Time.

Washington, April 1.—Congress is virtually ready for the president's war message.

Barring the completely unexpected the sixty-fifth house will organize in a short time after it meets in the epochal session that starts at noon Monday.

Champ Clark or James R. Mann will be elected speaker. From events of today even many republicans predicted that it will be Champ Clark who will be chosen to preside over what is expected to be one of the most momentous gatherings of the lower body since the nation came into being.

Democrats apparently are solidly united. There is very little indication indicating that Representative Gallivan, Boston, will carry his recent over "wet" defeat in the last congress to the point of leading the "wet element" to disrupt what seems certain victory not only in the speakership battle, but in the battle for all other officerships in the house.

Republicans Lose Two.

Republicans lost two more votes today, which, with the loss of Representative Capstick, New Jersey, yesterday, brings the number they will have in the house Monday, down to 211. Representative Helgesen, North Dakota, was stricken with appendicitis and Representative Bleakley, of Pennsylvania, announced he would not be here to vote. The democrats have a total of 214. All are expected to be present. Two independents are said to be certain to vote with them and one other is leaning toward the democrats. Final steps preliminary to the opening Monday were taken today when republicans of the house, at a caucus, named Mann for speaker and nominated a full ticket of house officers.

A fight featured the caucus along with the conspicuous absence of a Miss Jeanette Rankin, republican representative-elect from Montana. Representative Augustus Gardner, of Massachusetts, in a speech that lasted, with the interruptions, for an hour, announced that he would not vote for Republican Leader Mann for speaker, but would support Representative Lenroot of Wisconsin, leader of the house element.

Gardner left when a resolution offered by Representative Elston of California, declaring members not bound by the caucus action, was tabled. With him went Representative Gray of New Jersey. Republicans reported Representative Dalingier, of Massachusetts, also left, but it was claimed he returned later.

Old Rules Stand.

The caucus voted that rules of the Sixty-fourth congress should be continued until December 10, when a committee of seven to be appointed by the speaker, should report new rules. It was also voted that until April 14, motions to suspend business to pass appropriation bills should be in order.

A committee on committees was named with power to name a steering committee of five. Mann is chairman of both. No floor leader will be named unless Mann is elected speaker. Representative Hamilton of New York was named whip, with Representative Farr of Pennsylvania, Nicholas, of Michigan, and McArthur of Oregon as assistants.

The senate, already organized, will swear in Senator-elect Hiram Johnson—and mark time until the house is organized. Then both houses will notify the president they are ready to receive his message.

Up to today senators and representatives returning from the middle-west and the northwest reported a noticeable absence of sentiment from back home. Today they began to hear from home. By this evening a veritable stream of letters, telegrams and in some instances, even telephone calls, literally swamped their clerks.

"Stand Behind President."

Not yet all the demands are for war, nor yet all for declaration of a state of war. Many still cling to the hope of peace. All urge "stand behind the president."

Senator Harding, of Ohio, got 500 letters and telegrams today. This is an illustration of the masses of mes-

sages almost all representatives and senators are receiving.

Noticeable in the world from home is a direct change in regard to universal military service of some sort. Sentiment is veering in favor of the system.

Indiana members say the situation has stirred their people as they have never seen them stirred before. In Kansas, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, the voters are writing or wiring their congressmen and senators what to do. Heretofore these states have been heard from only in spots. The trend of sentiment is veering toward a more belligerent attitude, although the pleas for peace until the last—but not "at any price"—are numerous.

After sounding the sentiment of his state by means of hundreds of telegrams, Senator Owen of Oklahoma, today announced the people of his state would stand behind the president "in anything he decides." This sentiment, Owen said, comes from individuals and organizations of every political faith, of every creed and every color. Business men and workers told him the same thing.

A Gigantic Meteor Stream.

One of the most accomplished and astute students of meteors, Dr. Denning, is of the opinion that the August meteors, which radiate from the constellation Perseus and are sometimes popularly called the "tears of St. Lawrence," belong to a stream so broad that the earth, traveling between eighteen and nineteen miles a second, occupies seven weeks in crossing it.

This would make the width of the stream, if the earth traversed it at a right angle to its course, nearly 80,000,000 miles. These meteors are so scattered all round the orbit in which they travel that some of them are visible every year. They are believed to be connected with a bright comet which appeared in 1802 and is supposed to have a period of about 120 years. The outer end of its elliptical meteor stream is situated far beyond the orbit of Neptune.—Los Angeles Times.

Elephants' Fear of Mice.

The reason why one tiny mouse is capable of scaring a whole herd of elephants half to death is found in the fact that in the elephants' native land there are little animals known as chameas, which feed on a small, sour berry of which elephants are very fond. They live in settlements, something after the manner of prairie dogs, under the berry bushes, and sometimes when feeding the elephants trample upon the little towns, and the chameas in their fright frequently run up the tubes of the elephants' trunks. Their long, sharp claws catch in the flesh, and they cannot be ejected. The mice violently the monster blows through its trunk the more firmly the hooked claws of the little animal become imbedded in the flesh, and inflammation and death are the result. In captivity, therefore, the elephants think they are in danger of the deadly chameas when they see a mouse.—New York American.

A Tale of Six Cities.

There are at least six cities on this continent which every one should see. Every one should see New York because it is the largest city in the world and because it combines the magnificence, the wonder, the beauty, the sor didness and the shame of a great metropolis. Every one should see San Francisco because it is so vivid, so alive, so golden. Every one should see Washington, the clean, white splendor of which is like the embodiment of a national dream. Every one should see the old gray granite city of Quebec piled on its hill above the river, like some fortified town in France. Every one should see the sweet and aristocratic city of Charleston, which suggests a museum of tradition and early American elegance, and of course every one should see New Orleans.—Julian Street in Collier's Weekly.

Nest of a Turtle.

The manner in which a turtle constructs her nest is both interesting and suggestive, it being one of the most expeditious operations ever performed by that slow moving creature. After selecting a suitable spot she begins digging out a hole with her hind legs by moving the sand in a circle and throwing the excavated sand in a rim all around it. When that is about eighteen inches in depth and twelve in circumference she drops her eggs into it, pulls the rim of sand over them and, rising on all four legs, lets her body drop heavily on the covering sand until she has made it as compact as any part of the surrounding beach. She then makes a few false demonstrations on the shore to mislead inquisitive enemies and hastens to the sea as fast as she can travel.

Insects in Flight.

Motion pictures of insects in flight prove that the movement of the wings of all insects presents the same general character. When flight is begun the amplitude of the first wing beats is much smaller than of the subsequent ones, but the period remains almost unchanged. The insect regulates the velocity of its flight not by the rapidity of the motion of its wings, but by changing their inclination. Although in normal conditions the period of the wing beat remains constant, it may be increased or diminished by various influences, such as fatigue and cold.

Wanted—Plain Sewing. Mrs. J. N. Barger, So. 8th St. Phone No. 498-W. 3-1-1mod.

FATE OF THE BONE DRY BILL IN BALANCE

Possibly Some of the Wets May Gild Back or That No Bill May Be Passed.

GOVERNOR MAY TAKE A HAND

Lincoln, April 1.—A week from next Saturday may see the legislative halls deserted, and it may not. It is the sentiment of a large number of the members in both houses that this week ought to clean up things, so that the members would dare go back home in the day time and face their constituency.

This week it is expected that the dry bill will come up in the senate for third reading and final consideration. Leading dry members of that body say they will never vote for the bill in its present form and if this is so it will mean that the bill will pass that body by about the same vote as it got in committee of the whole, with about three or four votes to the good.

There are rumors that some of the senators who voted for the wet amendments are not as enthusiastic over the bill in its present form as they were at the time it was sent to third reading last week. The bill was recommended for third reading by a vote of 18 to 15 yeas, so that by a change of two wet votes to the no column the bill would be defeated, 16 to 17.

Should it go down to defeat there would be no dry legislation this session and conditions would continue as they are until the matter could be put up to the voters again.

Some of the dry leaders in the senate have admitted that if the bill is defeated and there is no legislation on the subject, the radical drys will have to stand responsible. They say if the house had been contented to have put through the original dry bill drawn covering the question as put up to the people and carried at the last election there would have been no fight in the senate.

The bill may pass the senate in its present form, which provides for an unlimited amount of liquor for the personal use of the individual. If it does it will go to a conference for the house will not for a moment concur in the senate amendments.

If the conferees fail to agree, or if either house fails to adopt the conference report, then a situation will result, which may put it up to the governor to settle. Some believe he would refuse to allow the members to go home until a bill of some kind was passed.

SAY CHAMP CLARK WILL BE RE-ELECTED AS SPEAKER

Washington, D. C., April 1.—Re-election of Champ Clark as speaker of the house tomorrow, when the extraordinary session begins, seemed assured tonight and the prospect of a complete democratic organization was admitted to be strong, even by republicans.

Illness and bolting among republicans, and proposed organization by democrats favorable to independents are expected to prove vital factors in the fight.

Four republicans, representatives Helgesen of North Dakota, Carpsick of New Jersey, Cooper of West Virginia and Meeker of Missouri, are ill and probably will not be present.

Two republicans, Representatives Gardner of Massachusetts and Gray of New Jersey, have said they will not vote for Representative Mann, the republican nominee for speaker on the first ballot. Democrats hope they will support Clark. Representative Dalingier of Massachusetts also may not vote for Mann.

Hence, at the best, it is estimated that the republicans cannot poll more than 208 of their 214 votes for Mann on the first roll call, even if their entire membership is present. Democrats insist they will have at least 213 if not 214 of their own members present to vote for Clark, and they are counting on enough independents to give the 218 necessary for election.

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PACIFISTS PLAN TO STORM THE CAPITOL

Host of Men and Women Will Button-hole Congressmen and Senators.

Washington, April 1.—Pacifists, marshalled by the Emergency Peace Federation, will invade Washington tomorrow for the purpose of attempting to dissuade congress from taking any action that would lead to open hostilities between the United States and Germany. Leaders of the movement already here said tonight that at least 5,000 persons would visit them.

At the same time a host of "Pilgrims of Patriotism," headed by a citizen's committee, will arrive from New York for the express purpose of countering the activities of the pacifists and "the peace at any price" propaganda. Special trains are expected to bring thousands of them from other cities.

Both factions, according to their plans, will storm capital hill and endeavor to present their views to senators and representatives.

Members of congress today had an intimation of what was in store for them when they received hundreds of telegrams, some demanding that peace be not disturbed and others insisting that the honor of the country be maintained by definite action. The White House also was literally flooded with thousands of messages from both sides. The police have forbidden parades by either faction and the delegates will be obliged to proceed to the capitol from their respective headquarters as individual pedestrians.

Miss Elizabeth Freeman, suffragist leader, in charge of the office of the Emergency Peace federation headquarters here, said tonight that as fast as the delegations of pacifists

arrived they would be told whom to see at the capitol and would be expected to find the objects of their visit wherever they might be, except, of course, upon the floors of the senate and the house.

Miss Freeman and other pacifist leaders declared emphatically that even if congress should declare that a state of war exists they would not abandon their efforts in behalf of peace.

Both the peace champions and the anti-pacifists probably will hold mass meetings.

Washington itself is in the grip of a wave of patriotism, flags flying and buildings decorated.

Nature Cures, the Doctor Takes the Fee.

There is an old saying that "Nature cures, the doctor takes the fee," but as everyone knows you can help Nature very much and thereby enable it to effect a cure in much less time than is usually required. This is particularly true of colds. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy relieves the lungs, liquefies the tough mucus and aids in its expectoration, allays the cough and aids Nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition.

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The Evening Line-Up

Both children and grown-ups, with coughs and colds, are all the better for a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar at bed time. It wards off croup, stops tickling throat, and hacking coughs, and makes an otherwise feverish, sleepless night of coughing and distress, a quiet and restful one.

BROWNVILLE, TEXAS, Mr. Chas. Baker, writes: "My wife would not think of using any other cough medicine, as Foley's Honey and Tar is certain to bring quick relief. It is especially effective in cases of bad coughs, and we give it to our children and recommend it always as a safe remedy, for it contains no opiates."

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