

The Plattsmouth Journal
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R. A. BATES, Publisher

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THOUGHT FOR TODAY
 There is only one way to get ready for immortality, and that is to love this life, and to live it as bravely and faithfully as we can.—Henry Van Dyke.

The future is the penalty of the past.

The first robin hasn't put in an appearance yet.

True love begins at the cradle and ends at the grave.

After George Washington, then comes St. Patrick's day.

A private citizen is dead when they bury him. A public man is dead when he goes out of office.

An Indiana legislator has introduced a bill to bar corsets from the state. Ten to one his wife is as slim as a rail.

Abe Lincoln said it was "hard to fool all of the people all of the time," but Abe Lincoln was an honest man and doesn't live now.

Fortunes and misfortunes equalize conditions after all. The poor cannot get what they want to eat and the rich cannot eat what they want to get. So there you be.

When you are handed over to the undertaker, the work you leave behind will be divided between a couple of dozen other good men, and the old world will go on grinding out the dope just the same.

Permanent peace can only be maintained between the man who keeps chickens and the man who makes garden by watchful waiting and a mutual understanding.

There was a time when a woman wearing a gown with tight sleeves thought she was dressed immodestly. She has since recovered her composure and discarded the sleeves altogether.

Perhaps it might be preservative of history if the legislature, before adjournment this time, should provide the public with an official certificate as to who killed the insurance trust bill. It is a question that with reference to former sessions gave rise to some bombast and contention. Only by the official certificate can the legislators retain any of the credit to themselves while campaigns are being fought out.—Lincoln Star.

We don't want to be too hard on the suffragists, but we can't see why this legislature should give them the right to vote on anything in the face of the returns of two years ago. The people of Nebraska will be given an opportunity to vote on the question again two years hence. So let them wait to get another vote of the people on the matter. Many people may have changed their opinions since the suffragists lost out. So let the legislature be very cautious on the matter.

Print paper keeps on climbing, and yet congress has made but little effort to find out the reason therefor. Every newspaper in the land should write to his congressman for information, and they should find out "who are for them and who are against them." If they are for us, they should do all in their power to suppress the paper trust. There is no question as to there being a trust. There will be another election two years hence, and in the meantime we will find out who are for us and who are against us. Join us, boys, in the fight for right and justice to ourselves.

AMERICA FIRST.
 Beginning with this number, The Fatherland will be known as The New World. We shall attempt to serve our readers under the new name as well as under the old, adopting as our slogan the words of Carl Schurz: "My country, right or wrong; if right, to be kept right; if wrong, to be set right."

The Fatherland has always emphasized that it is an American publication. Its original name was adopted as a graceful tribute to the country of our fathers. Our Fatherland is America. The change of name implies no change of heart. We have considered a change of name many times in the past. We are making the change now to avoid misunderstanding.

We shall retain our independence of judgment. We do not believe that we forfeit our right of free speech, because we are Americans of German descent, even in case of war between the United States and Germany. But we desire to avoid unnecessary provocation.

In Germany a publication named Uncle Sam would not be popular at present. A publication named The Fatherland may seem objectionable to many, especially to Americans of German descent who desire to emphasize that their allegiance is to America solely. We want to stress the fact that America is our country, not merely the country of those whose progenitors came with the Pilgrim fathers. We are the heirs of the New World and the Old.

The New World is not the mouth-piece merely of the German-Americans, but of all Americans who believe in maintaining the Declaration of Independence, and who, remembering the advice of George Washington, abhor an entangling alliance with the ancient enemy of the United States. Between England and Germany these men, like ourselves, are for Germany. We are for Germany against Russia, Japan, France, Serbia, Montenegro, Belgium, Portugal, Italy and Roumania. Between America and Germany, or between America and any other land, we are for America always.

We cannot champion Germany's cause of our country is at odds with Germany. Fortunately we are not yet embroiled in the war. We trust that President Wilson will be able to maintain peace. We know that he can maintain peace, if he demands of both belligerents alike strict observance of the Declaration of London.

Whatever happens, we shall continue to contend for peace. We shall attempt to combat the menace of racial dissension. We shall stand for fair-play for all. We shall oppose with unflinching determination those disloyal Americans who would make our country the catspaw of Great Britain. May the spirit of Carl Schurz whom we invoke in our motto guide the destiny of our country!

GEORGE SYLVESTER VIERECK.

A gigantic comet is predicted in June. It cannot possibly present another war.

When a man complains that he can't get on a jury he reveals one of the best reasons why he isn't fit for jury duty.

An Englishman would rather watch a Zeppelin descend in flames than see the finest display of fireworks ever devised.

Bank robbers may continue to try, but they will never make that sport became a popular national game like golf or checkers.

If a man has no money and objects he is called a knocker. If he is rich and objects, he is called a very careful and conservative man.

THE CLAMOR FOR WAR.
 That President Wilson stands for peace, hopes for peace, strives for peace, all reports from Washington agree. At the same time he is subjected to terrific pressure to plunge this country into war, not on the basis of some future "overt act" but on the basis of what has already occurred.

The people of Nebraska and the central and western states who have not recently visited the east and who do not see the eastern newspapers can have little conception of the militant spirit of the seaboard, or of the scorn and contempt in which the president is held because he persists in holding out against war.

In the New York papers of Monday last appeared a three-column advertisement signed by Dr. Lyman Abbott, President Hibben of Princeton university, and others of like eminence. That advertisement declared: "It is no longer a question of whether there shall be war with Germany. There is war with Germany." The government is criticised for not waging war in conjunction with the allies. The question is asked of the American people: "Will they stand aside while others fight for them the battle of human liberty?" Readers are urged to telegraph the president and their congressmen "urging formal recognition of the state of war already existing between Germany and the United States."

The New York Herald, under the caption "Cold Facts" prints a cartoon. Two little children, born in America and killed at sea, are shown under the Liberty bell. On the bell are wreaths labeled "Beautiful Sentiments" and "Flowery Words." The Herald declares that the only difference between Bryan's "pacificism" and Wilson's is that Bryan avows it and Wilson tries to hide it.

The New York Sun sneers daily in this fashion: "Senator-elect Hale of Maine dodged five shells near Ypres. Americans are becoming highly expert in dodging."

From innumerable sources come these daily and hourly efforts to inflame the public mind and to push the administration into war without waiting for any further excuse.

It is not only today that Woodrow Wilson is standing against this war propaganda. For more than two years he has been obliged to resist it. For more than two years it has been incessantly at work, extending and exerting its influence by all manner of means and devices, open and covert, legitimate and sinister.

War may come. But if it does come it will not be because President Wilson and congress have permitted themselves to be bullied into it by the domestic jingoes and sentimental and mercenary partisans. It will come only after they have made what their careful judgment tells them is every honorable effort to avoid it.—World-Herald.

We do not believe in extending the time of those now holding office. Neither do we believe in an increase of salaries. There is not a man today holding a county, or even a state office, but who is making more money than he ever made before in his life. The best thing the legislature can do, and one that would meet the approbation of voters and taxpayers of the state, is to pass a law for four-year terms, with none of the present officers being eligible for re-election. The members of the legislature that can get such a law through will receive the praises of the big majority of the people of the state of Nebraska.

Horse meat is becoming a widely used dish in New York. At a banquet given there last week by a theatrical producer, horse meat was served as the meat, and a salad was served containing horse meat.

The excitement over the trouble between Germany and the United States does not seem to increase to any serious extent.

Before you fly off the handle, kindly remember "that those whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad."

KEEP YOUR EYES ON IT.
 There is one measure submitted to the current session upon which the people are going to keep rather close watch. It is the Trumble bill for the repeal of the Mockett law that made it impossible for a few citizens in any school district to compel the teaching of a foreign language.

The Mockett law was objectionable for several reasons. One of them is that it increases the cost of maintaining schools in districts where the foreign teaching is required. Another was that a comparatively few residents of a district could force this study upon a district whether a majority of the taxpayers favored it or not.

But by far the greatest objection has relation to "America First." Teaching a foreign language in an American school tends but to maintain foreign sympathies and create a spirit of solidarity among the foreign residents whose native language is thus taught.

Foreign governments have sought to retain a lingering support from their nationals who have come to this country to become citizens. At least one of them has met with much success in that respect. That sufficiently accounts for much that has been heard in this country since the war began abroad.

The agitation of hyphenism has brought out during the past two years the fact that one of the prime purposes of the German-American alliance has been to force the teaching of German in the American public schools. Nebraska was one of the states that fell for its propaganda. But now that the purpose has been disclosed Nebraska would be slighting its Americanism if it did not repudiate every such measure.

The past two years have shown that we need to teach genuine and wholesome Americanism more than we need to teach Germanism or any other foreign "ism."

Nebraskans who are intensely American, which means the overwhelming majority, are going to observe with interest how their legislative representatives vote on this Trumble bill, and it may as well be known now that any legislator found catering to a foreign vote will later wake up to a consciousness that in gaining it he has lost the votes of all other citizens.—Lincoln Star.

Fine winter weather still on.

The pull-together plan is what does the business.

All of us can see where fame has made some mighty poor selections.

Opportunities are among the things which never come back to the man who waits.

We have noticed that a great many people never learn a thing until it is too late.

When the peacemaker gets what is coming to him, he generally gets it in the neck.

There are a great many secrets that really wouldn't interest you if you knew them.

Less than five months 'till the glorious Fourth of July. Why not begin to think about celebrating the great natal day?

The best way to correct an error is to acknowledge it, determine not to make the same one again, and then start off with a clean slate.

While the "leak" committee at Washington is investigating, it might call for the ledger on which the good New Year resolutions were inscribed. There is a "leak" there, too, maybe.

It has been suggested to start a paper mill in Omaha. This is a good suggestion, in which all the newspaper fraternity of Nebraska join in unanimously.

A Missouri farmer sold the cobs from thirty acres of corn for \$430, or nearly \$15 an acre. Plattsmouth ought to have a cob pipe factory.

COMPLETE SURPRISE TO MRS. LIVINGSTON ON HER BIRTHDAY
 Saturday being the eight-first birthday anniversary of Mrs. R. R. Livingston, the members of the St. Luke's Guild of which this estimable lady has been a most faithful member for a great many years, decided to give her a surprise in honor of the event and accordingly Saturday afternoon the members of the society met at the home of Mrs. Livingston and gave her a surprise in every sense of the word as she was perfectly unaware of the plans of the friends, and their sudden appearance to join in assisting her in the observance of her birthday anniversary was one that completely took Mrs. Livingston unawares. The afternoon was spent in visiting and enjoying the opportunity of being with the guest of honor. One of the features of the afternoon was the large and handsome birthday cake with its many candles, indicating the years of the guest of honor, and within the cake was concealed the time honored dime, ring and thimble, and much pleasure was derived in the cutting of the cake and the division of the prizes. The cake was baked by Mrs. T. P. Livingston especially for the birthday and added much enjoyment to the surprise. At a late hour in the afternoon the guests departed homeward wishing their friend might enjoy many more happy anniversaries in the years to come.

FOUR BRITISH SHIPS IS DAYS WORK BY SUBS
 London, Feb. 18.—Germany raised her total of ships sunk by submarines to 117 since February 1, by the sinking of three British vessels today. A fourth, also British, fell victim to a mine.

The four ships lost by England today had a total of 7,406 tons, making a grand total tonnage destroyed since February 1, of 233,352 tons.

Today was the third successive day that all the victims of the unbridled sinking have been British vessels.

The score stand so far: Ships lost; American, 2; other neutrals, 34; British, 74; other belligerents, 7.

A Hint to the Aged.
 If people past sixty years of age could be persuaded to go to bed as soon as they take cold and remain in bed for one or two days, they would recover much more quickly, especially if they take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There would also be less danger of the cold being followed by

FOR SALE.
 Thirty good Durham 2 and 3-year-old calf heifers at my farm, six miles west of Murray. Bert Jameson.

NO REASON FOR IT
 When Plattsmouth Citizens Show the Way.

There can be no reason why any reader of this who suffers the tortures of an aching back, the annoyance of urinary disorders, the pains and dangers of kidney ills, will fail to heed the words of a neighbor who has found relief. Read what a Plattsmouth woman says:

Mrs. F. S. Brinkman, Eleventh and Pearl streets, Plattsmouth, says: "For several years I had been bothered by my kidneys. My back often pained me severely. Headaches and dizziness were common and my sight became affected so badly that I couldn't read during these attacks. I was also troubled with the action of my kidneys, which caused me much annoyance. Doan's Kidney Pills, produced from Edward Rynott & Co.'s drug store, benefited me greatly in a short time." (Statement given April 10, 1912.)

On February 22, 1916, Mrs. Brinkman said: "I still consider Doan's Kidney Pills a very fine kidney medicine and gladly confirm my former endorsement."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Brinkman has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Farm Loans, Insurance, and Real Estate. See J. F. Foreman.

Local News
 Charles D. Cummins of Omaha was a visitor in this city over Sunday with his relatives and friends.

John McNurlin and wife spent Sunday at Cullom with relatives and friends, returning home this morning on No. 4.

Luke L. Wiles was among those going to Omaha this morning to spend a few hours looking after some business on the stock market.

G. H. Meisinger, from near Mynard, was among those going to Omaha this afternoon to visit for a few hours with his wife at the hospital in that city.

Charles Spangler and wife of Nuckolls county, are spending a few days with their relatives and old friends in this county, arriving Sunday from their home near Nelson.

W. H. Wilson of Sidney, Ia., who has been enjoying a visit at Auburn and Union with relatives and friends, was in the city for a few hours en route home from Union.

Ed Ackerman and family of Wymore, Neb., were in the city over Sunday visiting with their relatives and friends, departing this morning for their home.

E. W. Beins, residing south of this city, was attending to business matters and visiting friends here for a short time Saturday afternoon. He gave this office a pleasant call.

Mrs. James H. Herold of Lincoln is in the city, coming down to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. James Hodgert, and will remain for a few days here with relatives and friends.

Paul Heil came in this morning from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Heil in Eight Mile Grove, and returned on the early Burlington train to his school work in Omaha.

Henry Shoemaker, accompanied by Mrs. Shoemaker and daughter, and daughter-in-law, drove up this morning from their home near Nehawka, and the ladies of the party continued on to Omaha on the early Burlington train, while Mr. Shoemaker remained in this city to visit his friends.

MISS GRAVITT ENTERTAINS NUMEROUS YOUNG FRIENDS
 Saturday evening at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Gravitt, Miss Babel entertained a number of her friends in honor of her thirteenth birthday. Games were played, which were entered into with much enthusiasm and merriment and afforded the merry company much pleasure. Miss Gwendolyn Wampler, Hazel Sitzman and George Gravitt contributed a number of instrumental selections which were most thoroughly enjoyed by all. At a suitable time delicious refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served, to which all did ample justice.

Those in attendance were: Harry and Ella Hyde, Gwendolyn Wampler, Margie Chrisinger, Hazel, Winnie and Goldie Sitzman, Hilda Julian, Mary and Nellie Richter, George and Milton Toman, Clara and Johnny Lamphear, Mabel, Johnnie and George Gravitt. It was close to the midnight hour when the jolly merry-makers wished Miss Babel many more happy birthdays and wended their way homeward, declaring they had spent a most delightful evening.

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WHEN TO GO:
 Go early this spring if possible; yet the area is large and will offer an excellent choice as late as the Summer.

INFORMATION
 will be readily furnished applicants either by the United States Land offices at Douglas, Sundance and Buffalo, Wyoming, or by me. Send at once for our circular of information and guidance. It tells you exactly what to do.

S. B. HOWARD, Immigration Agent, C. & Q. R. R.,
 1004 Farnam St., Omaha, Neb.

Burlington Route

PHILADELPHIA IS OFF FROM LIVERPOOL
 First United States Liner Leaves Europe Since Germany's New War Policy.

Liverpool, Feb. 15.—(Delayed.)—The Philadelphia, the first American liner to leave Europe since Germany's declaration of unrestricted submarine warfare, sailed from here late Wednesday afternoon. She carried ninety-five passengers of all classes of which thirty-eight were Americans.

The Philadelphia was unarmed. In addition to her passengers she carried a general cargo of what is known as express freight and two tons of dispatches from the American embassy in London for the state department in Washington.

A jolly and good natured crowd waved farewell from the Philadelphia's decks to anxious friends as the ship left the dock. Prior to embarking the passengers had discussed the prospect of the liner being attacked by a submarine but most of them treated it lightly.

Most of the passengers comforted themselves with the belief that Germany in spite of threats to torpedo anything in the prescribed war zone would not go to the length of sinking an American passenger liner. There were comparatively few British passengers and this was explained by the fact that the authorities refused passports except in a few instances.

London, Feb. 16. Officials of the American line assumed today that the Philadelphia has passed outside the danger zone, as no word has been received from her since her departure late Wednesday.

NATION'S FINANCES CAN STAND ANY CRISIS
 Washington, D. C., Feb. 16.—The nation's finances are mobilized to meet any situation likely to be presented in the near future, in the opinion of the federal reserve board, whose precautionary measures, undertaken upon the severance of relations with Germany, have assumed concrete form and are believed to cover every contingency that may arise.

There are at present on deposit with federal reserve agents in the various reserve districts approximately \$300,000,000 in cash and the huge reserve of \$600,000,000 is available at Washington for use wherever it may be needed. As a precautionary measure the board has requested the bureau of engraving and printing to engrave a large additional sum of reserve notes which will be ready for use in case the occasion may arise.

An estimate by George M. Reynolds of Chicago that the banks of the country are at present able to withstand a financial strain involving eight times the sum involved in the panic of 1907 is believed by officials to be a correct appraisal of the strength of the federal reserve system.

FOR SALE.
 New 6-room cottage, fully modern. Price \$2,500. Incumbrance \$1,500. Will take young stock, horses or cattle for equity. Address Box 57, Plattsmouth, Neb. 4-19-wk.