BLOODY RIOT ON MAIN STREET LAST EVENING

Resulting in the Injury of One Dago and a Man From Over the River.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The lower part of Main street last evening about 8 o'clock greatly resembled one of the battlefields of Mexico, after a conflict between the federals and the rebels, with blood scattered profusely over the sidewalk in front of the Johnson meat market, and the loud cries and shouts of the combatants to add to the excitement and terror that prevailed throughout that section of the city

The trouble was between the gang of Italians living in the bunk cars near the depot and three men from the east side of the river, Al Lindsay, Charles Woolen and A. Shooning and here the story of the starting of the trouble is very conflicting, as both parties claim to have acted in their defense. The Italians claim the men attempted to hold them up at their car by pulling a gun, and the Italians claim one of their members was stabbed in the side. Failing to make good they started to leave, pursued by the indignant sons of Sunny Italy who with loud cries and armed with bricks and other weapons, pursued them up the track toward the city, and here Lindsay turned up Main street with three of the bunkmen close at his heels. The Italians continued to hurl bricks at the fleeing man, which, add to their loud cries, made a great deal of noise and aroused everyone in that section of the city. Near the Johnson meat market the Italians caught up with Lindsay and one of their number grappled with him and attempted to throw him down and secure a knife with which he was armed, and for several seconds a thrilling wrestling match was enacted until the Italian, who was a very powerful fellow, secured a good hold on Lindsay and forced him up against the window of the meat market and the large plate glass forced out by the struggling men fell outward and covered them with its fragments and cut both of them in a terrible manner about the face and arms. Lindsay received a large gash across the face and top of the head and the Italian some very deep cuts on the head and arms, and as he was uppermost of Lindsay he saved that man from really more severe injuries. Still fighting the men emerged from the wreck of the window and continued the battle with the blood flowing in streams from their injuries and the sidewalk in a few minutes was covered with blood, in which the two men wrestled, and finally the foreigner, with much force, hurled Lindsay to the walk and held him down and an attempt was made to secure the knife which Lindsay held in his hand. In the mix-up Lindsay was kicked several times in the side by another of the Italians who had gathered to aid their countryman.

Officer Fitzpatrick, who was down in that section of the city, came up and assisted in quieting the riot and getting the injured men up from where they were weltering in their gore, and the two men who had done the fighting on the street were taken to jail, while the man who had received, as he claimed, a stab at the car from the knife of Lindsay, was taken up to the office of a physician. Dr. Martin was called to attend the two injured men at the jail.

The story of Lindsay is considerably different from that of the Italians. After the injuries were dressed last evening he gave his version of the affair, which, if true, puts a far different light on the matter. He says he and his two companions had just arrived from the Iowa side of the river and were coming up the railroad embankment from the bottoms, when they were confronted by one of the bunk car men with a gun and thought at first that he was merely out hunting and asked him if he did not believe that he was a little reckless in handling the weapon, and at this he whistled and three more of the men came up and the Iowa men began to go to town with their pursuers giving chase. The Italians closed with the men and two of them retreated down the embankment, but Lindsay was caught and defended himself as best he could, and he says he finally got away and started for the business section of town for protection, and the invaders caught up with him in front of the meat market, with the bloody consequences as noted above.

While the men were battling with each other on Main street their cries could be heard all over that section of the city and a large crowd gathered to try and quell the riot, but without success until the men, weakened by the loss of blood, desisted from the fight long enough to allow them to be separated. For several hours after the battle there was a large crowd of the curious gathered at the jail to watch the dressing of the wounds of the injured men, and it was truly a grusome sight with the blood scattered in profusion over the clothing and persons of the men and on the floor of the jail, and it was near the midnight hour before Dr. Martin was able to complete the work of bandaging up the injuries of the men.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Yesterday was a very strenuous day in the office of County Attorney O. H. Taylor, when that official was trying to locate the exact truth in regard to the riot on Monday night between the three parties from Iowa and the gang of Italians in the bunk cars near the Burlington depot. The Italians were greatly excited over the affair and it was with much difficulty that any light could be shed on the facts as to how the trouble really started.

The three men, Lindsay, Schoening and Walling, came up from the ferry, where they had landed from their homes in Iowa, and met near the tracks Sam Leo, one of the Italians, who was out hunting. The men, the Italian claimed, threw up their hands and said hands up, but he does not understand English very well and may have interperted their action as a command to him to throw up his hands. He called another of his countrymen who was nearby and they followed the three Iowa men as far as the bunk car, and then told the other Italians that the three men had told them to throw up their hands, and this action aroused the Italians to a fever heat and they claim they desired to take the men up to the police.

At this time Walling and Shoening left the track and started down the bank and Lindsay started up the street, followed by the mob of foreigners, who were shouting and talking in their native tongue, and when the coal office of C. W. Baylor was reached Lindsay was grabbed by Sam Leo, and Lindsay at once prepared to defend himself, as he states, and drew a pocket knife and jabbed Leo in the side, and then breaking away started up the street with the Italians in hot pursuit and was captured at the Johnson meat market by Ralph Samrocco, who proceeded to do things to him and threw Lindsay into the plate glass window during the trouble. The Iowa men claim that they had no hostile intentions toward the Italians, but threw up their hands in fun and that Leo pointed the gun at them using some words that they did not understand, and they became frightened at the hostile action of the man.

There will probably be a complaint filed, it is stated, against Lindsay, charging him with assault with intent to do great bodily injury, in order that the matter may be more thoroughly investigated.

Annual Election of Officers.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Last evening Plattsmouth Lodge No. 6, A. F. & A. M., held their annual election of officers at the Masonic temple, and there was a large attendance of the members of the order present to take part in the proceedings of the lodge. The following officers were chosen:

W. M.—Oliver C. Dovey.
S. W.—Fred T. Ramge.
J. W.—James Loughridge.
Treasuerr—Carl G. Fricke.
Secretary—M. Archer.

E. G. Larson was attending to business matters in the metropolis today.

BOSTON BEAUTY SPECIALIST TO VISIT THE CITY

F. G. FRICKE LOOKS FORWARD TO LARGE CROWDS DURING HER STAY HERE

Will Give Number of Free Facial Massages and Personal Advice in Your Home by Appointment.

An opportunity which is sure to prove as beneficial as it is rare will be afforded the women of Plattsmouth and vicinity when Mrs. E. Leives, the much talked of Beauty Specialist, now touring Nebraska as representative of the United Drug Company of Boston—creators of the many Harmony Beauty Requisites and equally well-known toilet preparations, starts her public demonstration for the week, commencing Monday, May 25, as the guest of Mr. F. G. Fricke, proprietor of the Rexall Store and sole distributor of the Harmony Toilet Products in Plattsmouth.

Mrs. Leives contends that it is the privilege of every woman to take advantage of anything that will tend to lend a touch of added beauty to the skin; but, says Mrs. Leives, "extreme care should be exercised to choose only such preparations that really do help nature in the beautifying of your complexion.

"Of course no one will question the assertion that the woman with the clean, well preserved skin is a much admired person anywhere," and, she continues, "if the woman of today would only take the care to treat the skin to the benefits of a good massage, that she takes in reading the household section of the paper, we would see fewer wrinkles, and more, yes, a great many more women young at fifty."

We have no doubt about Mrs. Leives' ability to offer the women of Plattsmouth some very valuable advice, and Mr. Fricke will, we feel sure, have a store full of the "fairer sex" during Mrs. Leives stay at the Rexall Store.

Mr. Fricke tells us that he has a real beauty treat in store for the women of Plattsmouth, so you'd better get ready for Mrs. Leives' arrival, ladies.

Surprised Him.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Ralph Barthold, West Oaks base ball enthusiast and all round good fellow, was the victim of a surprise on last Thursday. We venture the assertion that Ralph thinks Mrs. B. good at keeping secrets. Mr. Barthold had a birthday May 14. He came home from his work and said nothing. Just about dusk up drove 25 of his neighbors and gently reminded Ralph that they knew he was 34 years old that day. For the next two or three hours there was a jolly time at the Barthold home. Sure they had a fine time and splendid refreshments.—Glenwood Tribune. Mr. Barthold is a son of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Barthold this city.

John Hall came in this afternoon from the south. Mr. Hall states that he spent Sunday last with Rev. D. A. Youtzy, at Chester, Neb. Mr. Youtzy is well known here, as he was for some years pastor of the Christian church at this place.

E. W. Moreland and little sons departed for Allendale, Mo., Friday morning, where they will make their home in the future with Mr. Moreland's parents.

Most Prompt and Effectual Cure for Bad Colds.

When you have a bad cold you want a remedy that will not only give relief, but effect a prompt and permanent cure, a remedy that is pleasant to take, a remedy that contains nothing injurious. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these requirements. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and restores the system to a healthy condition. This remedy has a world-wide sale and use, and can always be depended upon. Sold by all dealers.

COST OF ROADS IN NEBRASKA

Counties of State Expend Over Million and Half Dollars.

LITTLE LESS FOR BRIDGES

Douglas Paid Out More Than Any Other, While Lancaster County Stands Second and Gage County Third—Prosecution Under Seed Law.

Lincoln, May 21.—The counties of the state of Nebraska expended $1,759,044 for road purposes and $1,605,222 for bridges in 1913, according to reports in the office of the secretary of the state board of equalization. Douglas county expended more than any other county, while Lancaster stands second and Gage county third. Grant county expended only $100 for roads and nothing for bridges last year, being the least amount expended by any one county. Following are a few of the counties reporting:

	Road.	Bridge.
Adams	$32,447	$ 22,207
Boone	28,790	22,432
Cass	26,600	34,981
Douglas	78,221	109,167
Lancaster	57,309	59,950
Jefferson	49,910	20,946
Gage	54,541	56,762
Grant	100	.....

Seeking to Evade Bank Law.

Secretary Royse of the state banking board is in receipt of evidence showing that an attempt is being made to evade the state banking law by a certain party, who is writing letters to bankers over the state offering to let them have the money and suggesting a way in which the law can be evaded. The law requires that not more than 5 per cent can be paid as interest and makes the suggestion that they can issue a 5 per cent certificate and then pay the balance of 1 per cent in a straight payment in bulk for the year. The matter will be taken up with the attorney general.

Homeopaths Elect.

The homeopathic physicians are almost unanimously for prohibition if the vote taken at the state meeting here is the sentiment of the state, only one vote being registered against the proposition as brought up in the resolutions at the close of the session. The dissenting member was Dr. E. B. Finney of Lincoln. Dr. Charles A. Shoemaker of Lincoln was chosen president of the society. Dr. W. R. Boyer of Pawnee City was elected vice president, Dr. Laura J. Brown of Lincoln, corresponding secretary; Dr. Charles A. Gardner of Omaha, recording secretary.

Prosecution Under Seed Law.

The first prosecution under the pure seed law was begun in a justice court by the pure food department, Miss Louise Allen, state analyst, being the complainant. The Griswold Seed company of Lincoln is the defendant, it being alleged that the company sold alfalfa seed not up to the requirements, in that it contained a greater percentage of dodder seed than the law allowed. One foul seed to every 10,000 is the percentage allowed, while the lot examined by Miss Allen contained a percentage of one to 380. The case will be heard next week.

Haskell Protests Against Bonds at Ord

State Auditor Howard heard a protest, made by W. W. Haskell of Ord, against the registration of $18,000 in water extension bonds and $5,000 in lighting bonds voted by the city of Ord. Mr. Haskell contended that the city council had no authority to call a special election by resolution, as no ordinance had ever been passed authorizing special elections. Mr. Haskell is a newspaper man, but is said to be the wealthiest man in Ord.

Ice Plant Bonds.

As a result of a conference held with the state railway commission, F. M. Currie, representing the Custer Electric company, will file an application for an issue of bonds for the building of an ice plant at Broken Bow. The question to be arrived at was whether the application could be considered as coming under the public service department or the blue sky department of the commission.

Grueber Makes Filing.

William Grueber of Byron, who served in the last legislature from the Thirty-third representative district, has filed for the Democratic nomination for senator from the Fifteenth district, composing the counties of Jefferson and Thayer. This district was represented in the last session by John Heasty of Fairbury, who may file for the Republican nomination for governor.

Delinquent Fund Received.

The state received another remittance toward the payment of the insane delinquent fund. Wayne county completed its payment with a check for $724.51. Notice has also been received that the county board of Colfax county has made a special levy to pay its delinquency, which is $4,584.32.

Pick Case Appeal.

John Pick has appealed from a decree of the Douglas county district court, which gave his wife, Emma L. Pick, a decree of divorce, the custody of their little girl and alimony of $75 a month for the wife and $25 for the daughter.

ALDRICH IN NEW HAVEN DEAL

Ex-Senator Helps Sell Trolley System to Railroad.

MORGAN'S THE MASTER MIND

Former President of Road Declares Money King Never Made Dollar in Connection with Company—Did Not Approve of Purchase of Worcester.

Washington, May 21.—That former Senator Nelson W. Aldrich was primarily instrumental in the sale of the Rhode Island trolley ssytem to the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad for $19,000,000 or $20,000,000, was the statement made by Charles S. Mellen, former president of the road, in his testimony before the interstate commerce commission.

Details concerning the relations of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad and the Billard company, through which the latter, or John L. Billard, made a profit of $2,700,000, were given by Mr. Mellen.

The purchase of the Worcester, Nassau and Rochester railway by the Boston and Maine was discussed. It developed that it was brought about by the late J. Pierpont Morgan. Mr. Mellen testified that Mr. Morgan handled the details of that purchase. The railroad cost the Boston and Maine nearly $3,000,000. Mr. Mellen, while he considered the property valuable, frankly said he had not approved of the purchase of the property.

The total investment of the Boston and Maine in the Worcester was $7,925,000, Mr. Folk showed.

"When Mr. Morgan told you he had bought the stock of the Worcester road at 165 from the Mutual Life Insurance company, what did you say?"

"I think I said 'Jerusalem,' or something like that."

"Why didn't you remonstrate with him?"

"I did not think this was the way to approach Mr. Morgan."

"Were you afraid to remonstrate with him?"

"It was not a question of being afraid. I had greater faith in his judgment than I had in my own."

"Was Mr. Morgan's the 'master mind' in New Haven matters?"

"His was the 'master mind' pretty nearly everywhere that Morgan was."

Mr. Mellen, guided by the questioning of Chief Counsel Folk, endeavored to develop in related form the facts concerning the acquisition by the New Haven or the New England Navigation company of their various subsidiaries.

Mr. Mellen, testifying to his high regard for Mr. Morgan, said:

"I do not remember his doing a single thing on which he made a dollar in connection with the New Haven while I was president."

ALLOWANCES HELD DEBATES

Commission Hits Steel Interests in Denying Rehearing.

Washington, May 21.—Allowances, aggregating millions of dollars, heretofore made to iron and steel industrial railways by trunk line railroads in the territory east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac have been ordered discontinued by the interstate commerce commission.

The commission announced its refusal to rehear the industrial railways case on the application of companies representing the United States Steel corporation and other iron and steel corporations. The decision in the original case that the allowances were unlawful was reaffirmed.

Estimates made by the commission experts indicate that the amount of the allowances paid to the United States Steel corporation alone aggregate approximately $9,000,000 a year; and the total of the allowances paid by the trunk lines to all iron and steel industrial roads in the eastern territory was about $13,000,000 a year.

The commission held that these allowances were substantially rebates on freight rates.

The allowances have figured conspicuously in the pending advance rate case. It has been contended that if they were eliminated, the railroads would be able to increase their net income by just the amounts they heretofore have paid to the iron and steel companies in allowances.

COMES OUT OF HIS RETREAT

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Returns to New York.

New York, May 21.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has returned to work after twenty days spent at the country estate of his father at Pocantico Hills. Since May 1, when he went into retirement, most of his tormentors, under the leadership of Upton Sinclair, have been silenced, several by being sent to jail. Sinclair is in Colorado and Marie Ganz and the Rev. Bouck White are serving sentences on Blackwell's island, the latter for having broken up the services at the Calvary Baptist church ten days ago. "Mother" Jones alone remains in the lecture field and nightly denounces the Rockefeller interests in the Colorado coal districts.

Miss Seva Johnson came in last evening on No. 2 for a short visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gust Johnson.

Returns Home From New York.

From Wednesday's Daily.

This morning Miss Catherine Dovey returned home from New York, where she has been studying voice culture under Madame Starr, the celebrated instructor, who had charge of the training of the voices of Miss Alice Dovey and Mrs. Fred Truesdell. Miss Catherine is possessed of a splendid voice and has a brilliant future before her, judging from the statements of the leading New York teachers who have had the opportunity of hearing her voice.

Miss Cressie Hackenburg and Miss Freda Wallengren went to Omaha on the early train, where they will spend the day.

A Very Interesting Book.

From Wednesday's Daily.

One of the very interesting relics to be found at C. E. Wescott's Sons store during this anniversary week is the old P. O. Reporter. This is a large book about two feet square and six inches thick, in which were written or jotted down in many different handwritings the happenings of the day. This was to take the place of the daily paper, there being none published at that time. This book dates back to 1871.