

BAR ASSOCIATION FAVORS CHANGES

Suggests Some Radical Differences in Court Procedure.

ONLY MATERIAL ERRORS COUNT

Lawyers Agree That This Only Should Be Cause for Reversal—Jury Commission for Omaha—Roscoe Pound Indorsed for Supreme Court.

Lincoln, Dec. 30.—The Nebraska Bar association indorsed Roscoe Pound, formerly of this city and now professor of law at Harvard university, for a position on the United States supreme bench, made vacant by the death of Justice Harlan. The association also went on record as favoring some radical changes in judicial procedure in Nebraska. The report, which was adopted, was brought in by the resolutions committee, composed of Howard Kennedy of Omaha and E. J. Clements and T. J. Doyle of Lincoln.

The recommendations were for a revival of the office of district attorney, the reduction of the number of peremptory challenges in criminal cases, the defendant being allowed the same number as the state, which is to have the same number as at present; the enactment of a statute directing courts in every stage of criminal procedure to disregard technical errors or defects, and that no judgment shall be reversed that does not affect the substantial rights of the defendant; the appointment of a jury commissioner in Omaha; the commencement of civil actions by original notice, and five-sixths of a jury in civil cases to render a verdict.

There were some objections to all the proposals except the one that nothing but material error should be ground for reversal by the supreme court and on this there was unanimity. The other recommendations, however, were finally adopted.

Paul L. Martin, dean of Creighton law school, discussed the "Trained Lawyer" in his address, declaring the bar had lost much of its old-time prestige and that only more strict requirements for admission could restore it. The report of the committee on education was along the same lines and, if it is adopted, candidates will have more strenuous time than at present. If the new regulations are adopted the applicant must have had four years in high school, at least one year in a law school in addition to private study which will enable the candidate to pass the examination.

The annual meeting of the association concluded with a banquet at the Lincoln hotel, at which there was a large attendance.

Bond Company Campaign.
State Auditor Barton and Banking Commissioner Royce are preparing a campaign against bond and land companies organized in other states and which collect money on installments. The inquiry about the Standard Home, whose agents have been soliciting business in the state without a license, started things. The company is incorporated in Delaware and has head offices in Birmingham, Ala. It is conducted on the bond building and loan plan. The Alabama state officials say they know nothing about its standing. Another company which is being investigated is the Mexican Land company.

Douglas County Helps Out.
Douglas county came to the rescue of the state treasury with a remittance of \$55,269, Thomas county paid \$1,993 and Valley county, \$4,321. These payments, with others which are expected to come in rapidly now, will place Treasurer George in a position to take up all the outstanding warrants of which there are at present about \$250,000.

Cafeteria at University.
The proposed cafeteria at the university is to be a go and in a few days work will be commenced remodeling the basement of the Temple at the university for that purpose. The purpose is to give students the noon meal at a reasonable price. It probably will be run by the university Young Men's Christian association.

One Saloonist in Case.
Judge Cornish, in the case of Florence Brennan, who sued three saloonkeepers for damages, ruled that action can be maintained only against one and the action against Herman Steinkuhler and Harry C. Jensen was dismissed, that against Henry C. Seeley being retained on the docket.

Arapahoe Man Married Upon Train.
Lincoln, Dec. 30.—Earl Shock of Arapahoe and Miss Rachel Given of Western, W. Va., were married in the vestibule of a Burlington westbound train and departed on the same train for their new home at Arapahoe. The two young people were youthful sweethearts in West Virginia, where both resided until about a year ago, when the young man came to Nebraska to win his fortune.

Man Hurt in Ice House Sues Armour.
Madison, Neb., Dec. 30.—Smith Arbuckle has commenced action in the district court of Madison county, Nebraska, against Armour & Co. to recover damages in the sum of \$40,000 for injuries which he alleges that he sustained on Nov. 23, at Memphis, Neb., while employed in the defendant's ice house at that place.

LADY SARAH WILSON.

"Heroine of Mafeking,"
Who Will be Mrs. Leeds'
Guest on Yacht Cruise.



MRS. LEEDS PLANS CRUISE

Party Will Make Trip in Yacht to Far East.

Paris, Dec. 30.—Mrs. W. D. Leeds has chartered the Semiramis from Lord Anglesey and intends leaving Naples about Jan. 16 for India, Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and the Philippines.

She will have with her the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, Lady Sarah Wilson, the "heroine of Mafeking," and one or two other friends.

LABOR LEADERS CALLED TO COURT

Heads of Striking Unions Ordered to Appear Monday.

Kansas City, Dec. 30.—To answer what they believe is a government prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust law, charging them with restraint of trade—the first suit of that nature ever filed against a labor leader in the United States—three officials of the unions whose men are striking for better working conditions on the Harriman lines were ordered by the government to appear Jan. 1 next in the United States circuit court of the eastern division of Illinois at Danville.

The men summoned were M. F. Ryan, general president of the Railway Carmen of America; J. A. Franklin, international president of the Brotherhood of Boiler-makers, and A. Hinzman, vice president of the boiler-makers. The court summons was issued at the order of Judge Wright of the federal district court and it is approved by Edward D. White, chief justice of the United States.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE TABRIZ

Occupancy is Result of Nine Days' Siege of City.

Tabriz, Persia, Dec. 30.—A nine-days' siege of this city by the Russian troops has resulted in its complete occupation by the Russian forces and the dispersal of the combatants belonging to the constitutional progressive party. Numerous casualties were sustained by both sides, the Russians alone losing from 100 to 200 men, while the losses of the Persians were very severe, although the number cannot be ascertained.

Safe Conduct for Shuster.
Washington, Dec. 30.—Russia is making preparations for the safe passage of W. Morgan Shuster, Jr., dismissed treasurer general of Persia, out of that country, according to dispatches received at the state department from Ambassador Guld at St. Petersburg. Mr. Shuster's party, it is believed, will start from Teheran within a week. The party includes Mr. Shuster's wife and two daughters.

Offer of Oil Stock Made to Dolley.
Cleveland, Dec. 30.—S. H. Garrett, Tepcha (Kan.) agent of Charles A. Sandals and Albert S. Griffin, on trial in the federal court here for alleged misuse of the mails to defraud, testified that stock of the Sterling Oil company had been offered to J. N. Dolley, state bank commissioner of Kansas, for his indorsement of the company. Griffin, on the stand before Garrett was called, testified that Dolley consented to go to Oklahoma to inspect their properties, but refused to do so the day before the party was to start.

La Follette Argues Direct Primaries.
North Baltimore, O., Dec. 30.—Senator R. M. La Follette, on his third day of progressive missionary work in Ohio, came here from Toledo. The initiative, referendum and recall and combinations and trusts were again discussed, but the main tenor of his remarks here were for direct primary elections.

MEAT BUSINESS RULED BY POOL

Former Secretary Tells of Dividing Country into Sections.

PRICE DETERMINED EACH WEEK

Values of Fresh Beef and of Cattle Fixed at Meetings of Packers' Combination—Veeder Tells of Inside Workings of Pool.

Chicago, Dec. 30.—Direct evidence that a packers' pool was in existence from 1893 to 1896 and that it, after suspending operation two years, resumed control of the country's fresh meat business, was given in the packers' trial by Henry Veeder, who admitted that he acted as secretary of the organization.

It was the first positive testimony offered by the government regarding the existence of the old pool which it is said met under the name of "Post-office Box No. 247," every Tuesday afternoon on the sixth floor of the Counselman building, Chicago, to fix the price charged for fresh beef, to agree on the price to be paid for cattle and to allot among its members the amount of meat to be shipped into the different centers of distribution.

Henry Veeder, who is the son of Albert H. Veeder, the veteran attorney for the packers, followed his father on the stand as the second witness called by the government. His story of the inside workings of the old packers' pool was not half finished when court adjourned. He admitted many of the material allegations made by counsel for the government in their opening address to the jury.

Between 1893 and 1896, the members of the pool were Armour & Co., Armour Packing company, Cudahy & Co., G. H. Hammond & Co., St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision company, Morris & Co. and Swift & Co., according to Henry Veeder. In 1895 Schwarzschild & Sulzberger entered the combination, the witness said.

Describes Weekly Meetings.
He described the meetings held every Tuesday afternoon, at which he said reports of the last week's business of the different members were received and allotment of the next week's business was divided on a percentage basis.

The witness said the country was geographically divided into five sections, each known by a letter of the alphabet and that each of the members of the alleged pool was similarly designated to prevent publicity.

He testified that a record was kept of the amount of meat shipped to the different branch houses and weekly statements were sent to the members showing the cost, average price received and the margin of profit on fresh beef in the different cities.

The witness gave a minute description of the intricate system used by the alleged pool in keeping its accounts and transacting its business.

Attorneys for the defendants made an unsuccessful effort to prevent the witness from answering questions regarding the inside workings of the packers' pool, but Judge Carpenter overruled every objection and directed the government to proceed with the presentation of its case.

TURKS DEFEAT ITALIANS

Official Messare Tells of Twenty-four-Hour Battle in Tripoli.

Washington, Dec. 30.—A twenty-four-hour battle, in which the Turkish troops defeated the Italian force, killing half of it in the rout, is discussed in official messages from Constantinople, made public at the Turkish embassy. The message was transmitted to the imperial ministry of war at Constantinople by the commander of the Turkish troops from Tobruk, Tripoli. The Turks lost seven killed and a few wounded.

Bomb Found in Chicago.
Chicago, Dec. 30.—An infernal machine, consisting of a quantity of high power dynamite in a box and designed to be exploded by a series of springs actuating percussion caps, was taken from three boys by the police here. They said it had been given to them by an electrician Edward Herbert, Herbert said he had found it in a vacant lot.

Woman Clerk of Court Will Retire.
Kansas City, Dec. 30.—After nineteen years' continuous service as clerk of the United States circuit court here, Miss Adelaide Utter, who was the first woman to be appointed to a federal court clerkship, will retire Jan. 1. The circuit court will go out of existence at that time, having been merged with the federal district court.

Roosevelt Puts Lid on News.
New York, Dec. 30.—Theodore Roosevelt announced he would decline to make public in the future the names of persons who should call upon him "and anything that they say or do not say." Colonel Roosevelt had nothing to say upon any other topic, he declared.

Crippled Destroyer Towed Into Harbor.
Washington, Dec. 30.—The crippled torpedo boat destroyer Warrington, which was run down off Hatteras in a gale by an unknown ship, was safely towed into Hampton Roads by the revenue cutter Onondaga, which also brought the destroyer's crew.

THE JAPANESE COMPLIMENTED

Pastor Russell Praises Their Kind Demeanor.

DEPLORES LACK OF FAITH.

Noted Preacher Discourses on the Importance of the Will and Its Proper Direction—New Year the Time to Choose a Right Line of Service—Faith in God of All Grace Necessary to Strengthen Character and a Permanent Civilization.



PASTOR RUSSELL

Tokio, Japan, Dec. 31st.—The Foreign Missions Investigation Committee is here and are accorded every courtesy and every facility. Pastor Russell, Chairman of the Committee, delivered two addresses today. He had one of our finest Auditoriums, the Y. M. C. A., and a large attendance. In his audience of English residents were many Japanese. Very earnest attention was given him. We report one of his addresses from the text, "Choose ye this day whom ye will serve" (Joshua xxiv, 15). He said:—

I am deeply impressed with the great progress which your nation has made, which is manifest on every hand. But alas! I fear that here, as in civilized lands, some of the progress is injurious. The Japanese and every other people need a faith ballast. It is necessary to strength of character and a permanent civilization. Without it, in a little while the whole world will be swept into anarchy. Indeed I foresee that awful condition approaching rapidly—in Europe, in America and here in Japan.

Laments the Lack of Faith Ballast.

The basis of anarchy is a lack of faith ballast; and alas! our wonderful schools, with their fine equipments, are the real cause of the condition which is approaching. In Europe and America this indelicacy is glossed over with the name of Higher Criticism, but here I see that you more candidly label it Agnosticism and Atheism. It appalled me to find that the progress of your scholars from Shintoism Confucianism and Buddhism has not been toward Christianity, but toward total unbelief. I have been handed a report from three of your schools which made me heart sick. Out of a total of 400 Students 4 professed Christianity, 17 the religion of your fathers, 90 declared themselves Atheists, 292 registered as Agnostics and 46 were so bewildered as to be non-omnital.

Alas, my friends, even your proverbial politeness, gentleness, kindness of character and willingness to die for your Emperor cannot exist long under the influence of such a lack of faith ballast. And what your scholars of today believe will surely reflect in your masses shortly. And I am bound in candor to admit that a very similar condition of things prevails throughout Europe and America. The outlook is ominous indeed.

Whatever we may be, the closing of one year and the opening of another furnishes a favorable opportunity for retrospection as well as for good resolutions. I trust that my audience agrees with me in this. The greatest power in the universe is the power of the will, and we are all learning how important a matter it is that our own wills and the wills of our fellow-creatures be rightly directed. It is in line with this thought that the Wise man declared that "greater is a man that ruleth his own spirit than he who conquers a city;" and, "As a man willeth in his heart, so is he." (Proverbs xvi, 32; xxiii, 7.)

War and Rapine Not Noble Objects.

Of old Alexander the Great willed to be the conqueror of the world, and at a cost of wealth and streams of blood he accomplished wonders. We are gradually learning, however, that war and rapine are not sufficiently noble objects for the human ambition and will. Instead, the bright minds of the world are turning toward the conquering of the earth. Highways are cast up, rails are laid, trains are run, mountains are pierced, rivers are spanned by bridges, and the human will is using steam and electrical power in every direction in a marvelous manner. I am not emphasizing these well known facts so common to our observation, but calling attention to the will behind all these results, without which they would not be attained.

And what is thus noted in the achievements of the world reminds us that we each and all have wills, which should be rightly directed and forcefully exercised in all of our personal affairs, our lives, our ambitions, our family and social attainments. A will-less man is a good-for-nothing. How important, then, it is that all of our wills should be wisely, rightly directed, that our lives may be made as successful and useful as possible, for the glory of our Creator and for the welfare of our fellows, as well as for our own sakes. I suggest to you, therefore, in harmony with our text, that we "choose this day" our course for the coming year, yea, for life, and finding that we have chosen wisely

that we bend every energy to the outworking of that resolution or will.

Japan a Flowery Kingdom.

This choice does not necessarily mean that all must turn right about face and go in the opposite direction to that in which we have been going. I am not a believer in the theory of man's total depravity. Wherever I travel I perceive marks of sin, depravity, human imperfection, weakness, but I also perceive evidences of good intentions, good endeavors, noble resolves.

Is it not because sin at the present time is profitable, advantageous, pleasurable, or seems to be one or all of these, that it is sought after, desired and given so large a control in human affairs? Is not this true because we are now under the domination of the Prince of darkness, the Prince of this world, whom the Scriptures declare shall be bound for a thousand years and deceive the nations no more, by putting light for darkness?

When the deception shall pass away and mankind shall see clearly the joys and rewards of righteousness, will they not prefer them? And if in that glorious Epoch right doing brings blessing and pleasure, and wrong doing brings all the disadvantages and stripes, may we not expect that the majority of humanity will seek righteousness, seek harmony with God, and thus seek the joys and blessings of Divine favor and everlasting life?

My brief stay in Japan has given me a keen appreciation of what the Japanese have already attained as a people—entirely aside from Christianity. I perceive many things in Japan, closely connected with your religious customs, which put to the blush certain conditions prevalent in Europe and America, where Christianity has been dominant for centuries. We are to acknowledge the good wherever we see it, and so now I freely acknowledge that I perceive amongst your people an esthetic taste, a gentleness of demeanor and a loyalty of heart which I fully appreciate, even though these qualities came to the Japanese, not through Christianity, but through Shintoism and Buddhism. Indeed, I must apologize for much of the rudeness and crudeness of the so-called Christian nations, of which you have heard through your learned men and of which you know something through contact with the soldiers and sailors of these lands who come to your ports.

I would have you understand that the teachings of Christianity cover every form of courtesy, gentleness, brotherly kindness and hospitality. The very keynote of Christ's instruction to His followers is love, out of a pure heart—and that each should do unto his neighbor as he would that his neighbor should do to him. The fruits and graces of the Holy Spirit of Christ are prominently set forth in the Bible—meekness, gentleness, patience, long-suffering, faith, hope, joy, love.

You should know, moreover, that while these qualities are very generally ignored amongst the representatives of Christendom, there are, nevertheless, faithful disciples of Jesus who study daily to put into practice all these qualities marked by Divine approval. The difference seems to be that these esthetic qualities or graces in your land have become a national trait with the Japanese, while in Christendom, so-called, they are practiced only by a proportionately small number, the remainder rather boasting of and cultivating qualities the reverse of these, as more helpful in the battle for life and for money which is manifest everywhere among them.

Disagrees With Missionaries.

I find myself unable to agree with the teachings of the missionaries which have reached you, however honest some of them may have been. Knowing that an essential feature of Shintoism is reverence for deceased ancestors, many missionaries, I fear, have done violence to your tenderest feelings and most deeply seated convictions when they told you that your ancestors, instead of being objects of worship, are damned of God and have begun their experiences of a torture which will last to all eternity, because they did not know and therefore did not accept Jesus Christ as their Messiah and Savior, and did not become His followers.

I will not discuss the sincerity of these brethren in thus doing violence to your most sacred and tender sentiments; I will merely say that to my understanding they have misinterpreted our great Creator's Plan and the explanation thereof furnished us in our sacred Scriptures. Instead, I give you the Bible Message, that your forefathers, whom you so deeply venerated, are, according to the Bible, asleep in death, sweetly resting from all labor, strife, vexation and turmoil, awaiting the morning light of a new Epoch.

That glorious period, when they will be awakened and come forth under more favorable conditions than the present, under a reign of righteousness, and to a clear knowledge of the Truth, is to be inaugurated by the coming of Christ, the world's Messiah. He comes to establish His Kingdom and to overthrow the Prince of darkness. He comes to break the shackles of ignorance and sin, sickness and death, and to set mankind free from these. His Kingdom will set up the glorious standard of righteousness and truth and render every assistance possible for humanity to come into harmony with the Divine will.

In that glorious Day, which I believe, is very near at hand, everything that you and your ancestors have learned in harmony with meekness, gentleness, patience, long-suffering, brotherly kindness, love, will be that much of an assistance in your uplift toward the full perfection of the Divine requirement of character. And, similarly, be it noted, those who have failed to cultivate these heart and character quali-

ties, whether they were Japanese or nominal Christians, will have that much whereof to be ashamed, and to overcome and rectify.

Does Not Wish to Be Misunderstood.

Do not misunderstand me. I am not ignoring the fundamental Christian doctrine that "Christ died for our sins, according to the Scriptures, and rose again for our justification." I am affirming that doctrine and carrying it to its legitimate conclusion. The Bible, the Inspired Authority of Christendom, clearly teaches that the sacrificial death of Jesus, the Just for the unjust, was not for a mere handful, but for the entire race. That sacrificial death took place more than four thousand years after Adam's sin, but it is to be made efficacious for Adam and all of his race—not merely for those who have heard the Message of Divine grace, nor merely for those who have lived since the sacrifice took place, but, as the Bible declares, "Jesus Christ, by the grace of God, tasted death for every man." (Hebrews ii, 9.)

Another Scripture distinctly shows that the Divine favor and blessing resulting from Jesus' death is not only to be a benefit to the Church, to those who now believe and walk in the footsteps of the Redeemer, but will ultimately benefit all the remainder of mankind. Thus we read, "He is a propitiation (satisfaction) for our sins (the Church's sins), and not for ours only, but also for the sins of the whole world." (1 John ii, 2.) All mankind, therefore, must ultimately receive a benefit, a blessing, as a result of Jesus' death, and this will include your ancestors. This is the method God has adopted for the fulfillment of His glorious promises of thirty-five hundred years ago to Abraham—to which promise our Creator gave His oath, that we might have strong consolation and faith in His fulfillment. The promise is that "All the families of the earth shall be blessed," and, additionally, that the blessing shall come to them through Abraham's Seed.

Christendom's Great Mistake.

The great mistake made by Christendom has been in overlooking the fact that God's great work thus far has been only the finding of the promised Seed of Abraham, through whom the blessing will reach all peoples. Primarily, this gracious offer was made to Abraham's natural posterity, the nation of Israel, if they could keep perfectly the terms of their Law Covenant. But they were unable so to do because, like the remainder of the race, they were fallen, imperfect. Then it was that God revealed to them that He would send them a Savior, who would deliver them from their own weakness and use them in carrying the blessing and favor to the whole world.

In due time God sent His Son, Jesus, to be the Redeemer. Jesus left the glory which He had with the Father and humbled Himself to human nature, yea, even to death, the ignominious death of the cross. Thus doing He provided the Ransom-Price for the sins of the whole world, for the penalty upon the race was a death penalty, the result of one man's disobedience. Thus the death of a Just One for the unjust is sufficient to constitute a satisfaction of the Divine Law, the redemption of the race from its death sentence. Thus was secured to all an opportunity for resurrection: "As by a man came death by a Man also comes the resurrection of the dead; for as all in Adam die, even so all in Christ shall be made alive, every man in his own order"—not all at once. —1 Corinthians xv, 21, 23.

Jesus, the Redeemer, having finished His sacrifice, was returned to heavenly glory at the right hand of Divine Majesty, far superior to angels, etc. He now is ready for His great work. Why the delay, do you ask? The Scriptures very clearly inform us that a special, saintly class, to be gathered out of all nations, peoples, kindreds and tongues, is to be associated with the Redeemer in His great work of blessing the world. It is for this fore-ordained company to be called, chosen and found faithful that the Messianic Kingdom delays. It is my opinion that the delay is nearly over—that very soon the last member of the glorious company will have passed beyond the veil, and that then, forthwith, the sufferings of The Christ, Head and Body, being ended, Messiah's glorious Kingdom will begin.

What Israel Did Not Obtain.
St. Paul points us to the fact that the Jewish Age, up to the time of Jesus, accomplished a great moral uplift in that nation, but that the nation as a whole was not saintly and hence, as a whole, could not be the Redeemer's associates in His Messianic Kingdom. When Messiah came to His own day, they received Him not, but crucified Him, they as a nation were rejected from Divine favor for a time. But some of them were Israelites indeed—some of them received Jesus, became His disciples, and were accepted of God by the begetting of the Holy Spirit, at and after Pentecost, to be members of the House of Sons—members of spiritual Israel.

Since then Divine Providence has been selecting the saintly ones from every nation under heaven, to complete this spiritual Israel. Thus St. Paul declares again, "If ye be Christs, then are ye Abraham's Seed, and heirs according to the promise"—the promise that all the families of the earth shall be blessed through this Seed.—Galatians iii, 26, 29.

So today, on the threshold of the New Year, I urge upon you a recognition of the power of the will, and the importance of its proper exercise in choosing the best things—the things represented in Christ and His glorious Gospel of the love of God. "Choose ye this day whom ye will serve"—God or Mammon.