

SEEK TO UNCOVER VAST CONSPIRACY

Others Reported to Be Implicated in Times Explosion.

STATE RECEIVES FEDERAL AID

Fredericks Would Not Let James McNamara Plead Guilty and Brother Escape—Tells of Conferences Leading Up to Confession.

Los Angeles, Dec. 4.—The United States government and the California authorities are co-operating to uncover one of the most gigantic conspiracies ever conceived in the history of this country.

This was the declaration of Assistant District Attorney W. Joseph Ford, second in command to District Attorney Fredericks, and the man who was arrested in Indianapolis for alleged illegal extradition of John J. McNamara.

He admitted that the conspirators had under surveillance in other parts of the country some prominent labor leaders alleged to have been involved in the Times explosion, but said that arrests might first be made by the federal government in connection with its investigation.

A grand jury will be impaneled within a week.

He denied that the confession of James B. McNamara of dynamiting the Times building, killing twenty-one men, and of his brother, John J., of dynamiting the Llewellyn iron works came as the result of a compromise through which other prosecutions would be stopped.

"Those plans concern two persons," he said. "They pleaded guilty and took their chances. There has been no agreement to stop the prosecutions."

This statement supports the interview given in Chicago by William J. Burns saying the men "higher up" in the case would be prosecuted. Burns refused to give any names of the men "higher up," but said that Milton A. Schmidt and David Kaplan were present when the Times building was destroyed.

Refused Any Compromise.

Mr. Fredericks admitted that an effort had been made by a committee of citizens to get a compromise in the case, but he said he insisted upon the carrying out of his own terms.

The business men who instituted the move to end the trial, it was learned, would have been satisfied with the confession of James B. McNamara. They thought that would be sufficient, but the state officials thought otherwise.

The committee argued and argued, but District Attorney Fredericks was obstinate. It was a plea of guilty by both brothers at this time that he recommended for a continuance of the trials.

"That was my ultimatum," said the district attorney, "and the committee of business men, who were practically the go-betweens, persuaded the defense that it was the last straw."

Standing Offer to Confess.

Fredericks said that since July he had had an offer from the defense to let James B. McNamara plead guilty to save John J. McNamara.

"A month ago Darrow and I were talking in court about it. The court stopped the proceedings, so we quit. That afternoon Darrow came to me and made virtually the same offer, and I refused to accept it."

"If you ever change your mind, let me know," Darrow said as he left.

"I never will," I replied.

"Then Darrow and Lincoln Steffens got together and Steffens went downtown to get men to come to me to urge me to agree to Darrow's proposal. The matter was put to me, but I refused to consider it, and they did not urge me."

Mr. Fredericks said he told the business men's committee that "he was not running society, but was seeking to prosecute those guilty of crime."

"I said I knew I had the goods," he continued, "and I did not propose to let them go."

"Meanwhile I had talks with Darrow and Davis and stood pat that both men must plead guilty. The matter of punishment did not interest me, but I knew, and counsel for the defense knew, that if J. J. McNamara wanted to save the life of his brother he could help by coming through. I knew all along that the proposals were Darrow's and I knew that I had the goods."

"Darrow and Davis came again and they said they could not get the joint confession. I told them in that case I'd go ahead with the trial and that I'd rather proceed with it anyhow."

"Finally they said they would take my terms and both men pleaded guilty. That is the history of the negotiations."

Big Fund Is Gone.

From labor unions throughout the country are coming demands that the \$190,000 which labor subscribed for the defense of the McNamaras, be returned or divided among the widows and orphans created by the Times explosion. This cannot be done. Clarence S. Darrow, chief of counsel for the defense, admitted that the major part of this great sum already has been expended.

Organized labor is everywhere demanding that the McNamaras pay the full penalty for the crimes to which they confessed.

BISHOP FALLOWS.

Prelate on Chicago's Preacher Jury, Which Will Try Sanity Cases.



SAVED FROM SALE FOR BACK TAXES

Town of Voorhies Not to Go on Auction Block as Feared.

Voorhies, Ia., Dec. 2.—A considerable portion of the town of Voorhies has been saved from the auction block on tax sale day by the payment of delinquent taxes by the townsite company, which owns 110 lots.

The entire tax amounted to only about \$80, as the valuation on each lot was not high. The costs, if the property had gone to auction, would have amounted to far more than the taxes. The tax on each lot ranged from 31 cents to 70 cents, and the cost for the advertisement of each was 20 cents. If the property had gone to auction the costs per lot would have been something like 38 cents.

This was the first year the taxes on these lots were not paid promptly and the only reason they were not paid in due season this year was that there was an oversight due to change in officers.

MUST DISBAND SECRET UNION

Postoffice Clerks Are Ordered to Drop New Organization.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—What employees of the United States mail service termed an attack on their union organization was received here in a general order from C. P. Grandfield, first assistant postmaster general, calling on all secret organizations in the service immediately to disband. The order was aimed, the men say, at the National Federation of Postoffice Clerks, an affiliation of the American Federation of Labor, to which most of the men here belong.

The order does not affect any employee who belongs to fraternal secret organizations outside the postal service.

Membership in secret organizations was termed "injurious to the interests of the government," as being incompatible with the employee's oath of service taken on entering the postoffice.

Creamery Butter Continues to Advance
Kansas City, Dec. 2.—With creamery butter here selling at 45 cents, 8 to 10 cents higher than at this time last year, local commission men said it would go several cents higher within the next few days. This year there has been little country butter offered and the reason assigned was the decreasing popularity of the churn with the farmer's wife.

Cummins Will Introduce Bill.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Senator Cummins of Iowa announced that he would introduce a bill providing for presidential primaries early in the coming session. The bill would direct the holding of primary elections in each state, at which the electors of both parties could announce their preferences for presidential candidates.

Iowan Commits Suicide in Minneapolis

Minneapolis, Dec. 2.—The dead body of Wellington Frye, aged twenty-two years, with a bullet wound in the head, was found in a lodging house here. Frye's home, it is said, was at Dayton, Ia. Marital troubles and the despondency over losing his position are said to have been the cause.

Orient Football Player Fatally Injured.

Creston, Ia., Dec. 2.—Clyde Carr, an Orient football player, was seriously and perhaps fatally injured at Lincoln during the game between the two schools. He was hurt internally.

Gored to Death by Bull.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 2.—Robert Hancock, a farmer near here, was gored to death by a bull.

OPENING DAY IN CONGRESS

Half a Thousand Senators and Representatives on Hand.

BIG CROWD SEES FORMALITIES

Speaker Clark of House Expects Long Session, but No Definite Legislative Program Has Been Planned—Complexion of Congress.

Following is the complexion of the Sixty-second congress:
Senate—Republicans, 49; Democrats, 42; one vacancy (Colo.).
House—Democrats, 227; Republicans, 161; Socialist, 1; Independent, 1; one vacancy (Seventh Kansas district).

Washington, Dec. 4.—Both houses of congress convened at noon for the opening session of the Sixty-second. That bids fair to go down in history as one of the most strenuous sessions on record. The galleries were crowded and there was an attendance of almost half a thousand senators and representatives.

The session today, in accordance with precedent, was brief and largely perfunctory so far as the senate was concerned.

Speaker Clark received a remarkable ovation when he took up the gavel to announce the opening of the session in the house.

Both houses appointed committees to call upon the president and notify him that congress is in session. Each branch appointed another committee to notify the other house that it was in readiness to proceed with legislative business.

Both houses inducted new members into their midst, two senators in the senate and five new representatives in the house.

Tomorrow the senate investigating committee will resume its probe into the Lorimer election and the senate committee on interstate commerce will resume the hearings on trusts.

Speaker Clark has announced that he expected a long session. The speaker has conferred with many of the Democratic house leaders, but as yet no definite legislative program has been planned. An early caucus of the house majority will be called. The tariff, trusts, Panama canal, currency reform and appropriation bills will be conspicuous factors of the session's legislation.

Senator W. S. Kenyon announced that he would introduce this week a bill designed to prohibit the issuance of intrastate railroad passes.

"I have drafted this measure with a view to prevent certain states of the union from continuing to defy public sentiment in the matter of this pass evil," he said. "This power the congress clearly has under a decision in the matter of the safety appliance law which the supreme court has just rendered and in which the court has held that the law is applicable to railroads operated wholly within the state."

"It is plain that the issuance of a pass on a railroad good within a state must necessarily have effect upon the interstate traffic and revenues of that or its allied railroad. That the congress could pass a valid law calculated to prohibit the issuance of all passes I think is apparent to every lawyer who read the supreme court decision in the safety appliance case."

LYNCHING IN OKLAHOMA

Negro Is Hanged for Robbing White Man at Mannford.

Tulsa, Okla., Dec. 4.—"Bud" Walker, a negro, who earlier in the night was fatally wounded in a battle with a posse of citizens near the town of Mannford after Walker, with another negro, had held up and robbed three residents of Mannford, was taken from a deputy sheriff at the jail door at 1:20 a. m., hanged to a tree and his body riddled with bullets.

The body was then dragged through the streets to the edge of town and left to await disposition by the coroner.

Six Hundred Glass Eyes Seized.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—George P. Locke, special agent of the United States customs service, made a seizure of 600 glass artificial eyes from a local optician. The eyes are valued at \$4,200 and are said to be part of a consignment of 15,000, valued at \$105,000, alleged to have been smuggled into the United States from Germany last summer by a Hoboken (N. J.) man.

Senator Guggenheim to Retire.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Senator Simon Guggenheim of Colorado will not be a candidate for re-election and will quit the senate upon the expiration of his term, March 3, 1913. This announcement was made through a letter addressed to Jesse F. McDonald, chairman of the Colorado Republican state central committee.

Trip for Whisky Fatal.

Marshalltown, Ia., Dec. 4.—Declaring he was unable to endure a "dry" town, Charles E. Peterson, a structural iron worker, went to Boone to purchase a jug of whisky. Returning here in the evening, he fell beneath the wheels of a freight train on which he was riding and died in a local hospital.

BISHOP C. H. BRENT.

Philippines Prelate Who Presides at Opium Meeting at The Hague.



OPIUM CONFERENCE MEETS

Twelve Countries Represented in Sessions at The Hague.

The Hague, Dec. 4.—Twelve countries were represented by delegates at the international opium conference which met here, the United States, Great Britain, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Holland, Persia, Portugal, Russia and Spain.

Bishop Charles H. Brent of the Episcopal church in the Philippine islands presided.

ALFONSO AND EULALIE MIX IN ROYAL ROW

King Forbids Aunt From Publishing Book She Has Written.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The Temps prints the particulars of a right royal row between King Alfonso of Spain and his aunt Infanta Eulalie, a princess with bold and unconventional views. The infanta, who resides in Paris, received the following telegram from King Alfonso at Madrid:

"I am astonished to learn from newspapers that you have published a book under the name of Countess Avila. I suppose this will cause a great sensation. I order you to suspend publication until I have taken cognizance of the contents and give my permission to publish."

To this telegram Infanta Eulalie replied as follows:

"I am greatly astonished that my book should be judged without being read. It is a thing that could only happen in Spain. Never having a liking for court life, from which I have always held myself aloof, I take this opportunity to send my adieux. For after this proceeding, which is worthy of the inquisition, I consider myself, so far as my private life is concerned, free to act as I deem fit."

She has given orders for the sale of all her estates in Spain and will henceforth live in the strictest privacy.

BEAUTY HINTS BY BULLETIN

Chicago Health Department Issues

"First Aid" Advice to Women.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The Chicago health department became a "first aid to beauty" advice bureau. The weekly bulletin, edited by Health Commissioner Young, gives this information: "And here's a hint to the ladies: Pure air will put the 'bloom of youth' on your cheeks that never can be attained by beauty lotions. It beats the drug store variety, too.

"Pasty complexions and wrinkles best are avoided by the fresh air treatment. This also is the best treatment for them. You can't keep your house closed up and get the necessary pure air. Open the windows and grow beautiful."

KIMMEL'S AUNT A SKEPTIC

Claimant Is an Imposter, Mrs. Helen Montague Says.

Niles, Mich., Dec. 4.—The Kimmel insurance hearing was adjourned to Wednesday. The deposition of Mrs. Helen Montague, whom Kimmel called Aunt Hi and who is a sister of Mrs. Estella Kimmel, was only partly concluded. She was very positive in her statement that the claimant bears no resemblance whatever to her nephew, George A. Kimmel, and that he is not Kimmel. Her brother, John A. Johnson, testified to the same effect.

Fairmont Girl Hurt in Explosion.

New York, Dec. 4.—Miss Grace Ashby of Fairmont, Neb., was nearly killed by an explosion of gas in her bedroom at Glenden seminary, Poughkeepsie. The explosion set the building on fire and threw the other girl students of the school in a panic. They rushed from the burning building clad only in their night clothes. It is said the young woman's injuries are not such as will result fatally.

Drowned Near His Home.

Dublin, Ireland, Dec. 4.—The Marquis of Waterford was drowned in the River Clodagh, near his residence, at Curraghmore. He was a leader among the Irish nobility and a nephew of Lord Charles Beresford.

UNIVERSITY FEES ARE MODERATE

Cost of Tuition at Leading Educational Institutions.

EXPENSES LESS AT NEBRASKA

Professional Colleges and Laboratory Courses Excluded From Compilation to Give Fair Basis for Comparison. Aldrich Says Fees Are Too High.

Lincoln, Dec. 4.—A year ago Herbert Potter, a graduate of the University of Nebraska, under the direction of Chancellor Avery, secured statistics from a number of typical institutions (state and private), in order that a basis might be secured for comparing fees at Nebraska with institutions of equal rank, or with those whom Nebraska aspires to equal in quality of work. Mr. Potter submitted his figures to the various institutions for revision and correction. The data secured is believed to be very nearly correct up to Jan. 1, 1911.

In order to give a fair basis for comparison of cost in these institutions, those fixed fees have been compiled that are charged of students in the general colleges. The professional colleges and the laboratory courses have been excluded.

Incidental, tuition, library, infirmary and other fixed fees, per year:

California	\$ 8
Chicago (approx.)	80
Colorado	15
Cornell	102
Harvard	154
Illinois	24
Iowa	20
Kansas	20
Michigan	32
Minnesota	25
Missouri	10
Nebraska	8
Ohio	20
Wisconsin	24
Yale	155

*May be omitted in case of poverty.

*Engineering students, \$20.

*To those paying laboratory fees, \$6.

In addition to the above it goes without saying that all of these institutions charge fees for material consumed in the laboratory. Thus, in Nebraska a student pays a flat fee of \$5 for chemistry I. In Ohio he would pay for a similar course a flat fee of \$2 for the use of gas, water, etc., and in addition to this he would buy a card for \$5 on which the value of the material used would be punched. Thus at the end of the semester he might have a balance due him, or he might have used up several cards. In the University of Wisconsin the deposit for a course in chemistry runs from \$15 to \$25, with a returnable balance. Experience shows, however, that the cost is higher than in Nebraska, the reason being that the students have more and better apparatus to work with. In addition to the tuition paid at Yale, a full course in chemistry costs a laboratory fee of \$45. In Harvard the chemistry fee is from \$12 to \$36, and students are liable to go much above this amount for the use of material and breakage.

Governor Aldrich had made the emphatic assertion that university fees are somewhat excessive.

The discussion was brought about by the fact that two Filipino youths complained to the governor that fees were so high at the university that they had little faith in the declarations of residents of the state that the state university was a "free" school. The youths objected to the payment of fees to the amount of \$31 per semester, which was the amount asked from them by the law department—the highest in the university save those where the more expensive laboratory fees are required.

JURY CONVICTS MATTHIESSEN

Fremont Merchant Is Found Guilty of Assault.

Fremont, Neb., Dec. 4.—Fred Matthiessen, a well known merchant, was convicted of assault after the jury had been deliberating three hours. He was charged originally with shooting Herman von Wasmer with intent to do great bodily harm.

The trouble grew out of an alleged intimacy between the defendant and Mrs. Wasmer, though in spite of this the evidence shows that Wasmer spent much of his time when in town at the defendant's store, and during the afternoon of the shooting the two were drinking together. The affair happened last August.

Watson Gives Kearney Land.

Kearney, Neb., Dec. 4.—As a gift to the city of Kearney, H. D. Watson, founder of Watson's ranch, executed a contract with Mayor John W. Patterson placing in his hands for disposal all of the land held by himself and associates adjacent to the city, in all over 3,000 acres. This land will be surveyed and platted into five to twenty-acre lots and placed on sale on easy terms to men who will develop them into small farms for intensive farming.

Cow Tramples Boy.

Beatrice, Neb., Dec. 4.—The nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Reedy of Blue Springs was seriously injured by being trampled by a cow which he attempted to lead into the lot. His arm was broken and he was severely bruised about the body. He was brought here for treatment.

A Snap for the Stockman.

440 acres in southeast Greenwood county, Kansas; fenced and cross-fenced; 80 acres of rich creek bottom land in cultivation, balance finest native prairie grass (limesoil). Fair 5-room house, stable, etc. Some bearing orchard. Lots of fine living water, which is furnished by a large creek which runs through north side of ranch. Creek is skirted with timber; cattle come off grass into deep water. This is considered to be one of the best little stock ranches in the county. School close by; fine smooth road to town. Just 5 1-2 miles from ranch to town; a nice well improved country all the way. For quick sale \$18 per acre buys this 440 acres; no trade taken on this. Has a mortgage of \$3500 on the place. Three years to run. \$4420 buys the equity. Nothing better for the money. Give me to your friend if you don't want me, I must sell.

W. A. Nelson, Real Estate Broker, Fall River, Greenwood County, Kansas.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF CASS COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

In the matter of the estate of Adam Ingram, deceased.

This cause came on for hearing upon the petition of Edward Ingram, administrator of the estate of Adam Ingram, deceased, praying for a license to sell the west half of the northwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter in section 19, township 12, range 12, in Cass county, Nebraska, or a sufficient amount of the same to bring the sum of \$250.00 for the payment of debts allowed against said estate and the cost of administration, and also to pay the expenses of these proceedings, there not being sufficient personal property to pay such debts and expenses.

It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in said estate appear before me at my office in the court house, at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on the 20th day of January, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why a license should not be granted to such administrator to sell so much of the above described real estate, or all of the same of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay said debts and expenses.

It is further directed that this order be published for four successive weeks prior to said day in the Plattsmouth Semi-Weekly Journal, a newspaper published at Plattsmouth, Nebraska and of general circulation in said Cass county.

Dated this 4th day of December, 1911.

HARVEY D. TRAVIS,

Judge of the District Court.

For Sale.

One span of good work horses, weighing 2,300 pounds, 8 and 9 years old. Also wagon and harness. Inquire of A. H. Graves, Murray, Neb.

Hatt and Son will give a sack of

Plainsifter flour to the farmer—man or boy—of Cass County who will bring to their store the biggest and best 6 ears of field corn raised by him. The contest closes December 9. Soundness of kernels and size of ears will be the points taken into consideration.

For Sale.

Thoroughbred Barded Plymouth Rock Cockerels. Prices reasonable. Phone No. 1-1. C. L. Wiles, 11-29-4th.

For Sale.

Pedigreed Duroc-Jersey male pigs. V. E. Perry, Mynard, Neb.

B. F. Wiles was a passenger to South Omaha today to inspect the stock market, returning on No. 24.

C. A. RAWLS

LAWYER

Office—First National Bank Building

Highest price paid for all kinds of poultry.

Hatt Produce Co.

Herman Greeder,

Graduate Veterinary Surgeon

(Formerly with U. S. Department of Agriculture)

Licensed by Nebraska State Board

Calls Answered Promptly

Telephone 378 White, Plattsmouth

Do You want an AUCTIONEER?

If you do, get one who has Experience, Ability, Judgement.

Telegraph or write

ROBERT WIKINSON,

Dunbar, Neb.

Dates made at this office or the Murray State Bank.

Rates Reasonable