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ZUCKWEILER & LUTZ

WAGNER IS RELEASED ON A BOND OF \$1,000

Baker Charged With Forgery Is Given Old Job Back—Nothing Known of His Past.

Henry Wagner, the baker, who is charged with passing a forged check for \$20 against the Riley bar, appeared before Judge Travis in district court today. His bond was fixed at \$300. C. L. Herger and Adolph Giese going on the bond.

While he is out on bond he will be given his old job back by his former employer, C. L. Herger. Herger and Giese believe that Wagner is not a bad man and would not have given a worthless check had he not been drunk. In going on his bond they are giving him the benefit of the doubt, as nothing is known of his past record.

He had said that he had a father who was a baker in Seattle, but inquiry there failed to confirm this statement. His friends here believe that a proof that Wagner did not know what he was doing when he gave the check is the fact that he sent a telegram from St. Joseph asking his former employer, Mr. Herger, to give him his job back, and thereby revealing to the authorities where he was. Sheriff Quinton believes, however, that Wagner was drunk when he sent the telegram than when he passed the check.

Wagner has promised Mr. Herger that he will conduct himself in the future so that he (Herger) will not regret having aided him.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Coyle, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Dodge for some time, left Friday evening for their home in Harrisburg, Pa.

"The Wolf."

Last night witnessed the opening of the theatrical season at Pekin's popular play house. The production of "The Wolf" was given its initial performance in Pekin. The company giving the play under the management of Jones & Crane, put on the Eugene Walter great romantic drama in an excellent manner. It was not only the first time the play was produced here, but it was also the first time that the company produced the play. Guy Cauffman as Jules Beaubien, Miss Constance Cauffman as Hilda, Mr. Crane as George Huntley and Franklyn Hawkins as the American engineer, easily carried off the honors, although the whole cast was very good and far above the average. A large audience was present to witness the play and everybody was more than pleased with the performance. If the local management will continue to put on plays of this character a successful season will be assured. The days of the cheap clap-net dramas have passed and the theater-goers are looking for something better than the old hackneyed and rehearsed stories. —Peoria (Ill.) Journal.

At the Parmelee theater Saturday night, September 16. Remember the date.

Attended Committee Meeting.

Dr. J. S. Livingston, member from Otoe and Cass counties, attended a very enthusiastic meeting of the democratic state committee in Lincoln last week. At that time a democratic state club was organized and the outlook was very promising for democratic success in Nebraska. Democratic headquarters, in all probability, will be removed from Columbus to Lincoln, the latter being more accessible to all interested.

LOUISVILLE, Mo.

Born—Monday, September 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Vogler, a girl.

Miss Lottie Kopp left today for West Point, where she has accepted a position as teacher of the fifth grade.

Attorney D. K. Barr has been at the hospital in Omaha the past week taking treatment.

Mrs. M. Petersen has sold her rental property on Railroad avenue to Rev. J. L. Lundberg.

John Gakemeier left Tuesday for Bihau, Montana, to look after his farm in that vicinity.

Rev. Henry Greife and son were here from Olva this week, visiting his brother-in-law, Rev. Theodore Hartman.

Misses Nada and Daisy Schlater have returned home from Denver, being called home by the illness of their father.

Henry Joachim and wife visited at the home of Judge Cornish, in Lincoln, Thursday and Friday, and look in the state fair.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Richey, Emmons Richey and Mrs. Edith Rochford motored to Lincoln Thursday to attend the fair.

Miss Ida Youngblad is ill with typhoid fever at her home in Lincoln, the result of having nursed a patient through a siege of fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Tutt of Plattsmouth, and Miss Margaret Fetzer of Lincoln, formerly of Plattsmouth, visited at the home of Charles Fetzer over Sunday.

Wendell Hill and wife, Mrs. Ed Heil and little daughter, Henry Heil, jr., and daughter motored to Omaha Monday, where they went to call on Mr. Henry Heil, who is still in Emmanuel hospital.

There seems to be but little doing in Cass county politics. It seems to be the opinion of a great many that the main battle will be between the two candidates for county treasurer. One fellow said to us sarcastically, "Let 'em fight it out. They are both from Plattsmouth." So go it, gentlemen.

Home From Long Trip.

Uncle Isaac Pollard and his daughter, Mrs. Wallace and Barnum, returned Saturday night from their long trip to the land of the Midnight Sun. They left Alaska about the middle of August and were on the water for over a week on their way home. Mr. Pollard has been busy since his arrival home setting out the trees that he shipped in ahead of him, but says he enjoyed the trip, had the best of health and saw a great many things of interest in that far-off land.—Nehawka News.

Entertained Friends.

Mrs. A. J. Kanka entertained a number of friends Saturday at her home on West Main street. A three-course luncheon was served, and the afternoon was devoted to high five. The guests declared the affair a most successful and enjoyable one.

Mrs. J. W. Edwards went to Glenwood this morning.

GOD'S KINGDOM TO TOP ALL OTHERS.

Messiah to Be King of Kings and Lord of Lords.

THE DAY OF CHRIST AT HAND.

Pastor Russell Says That Great Day Will Witness the Overthrow of Sin and Death—Satan Shall Be Bound, and Divine Justice Will Be Executed in the Earth—A Sermon to Bible Students—A Great Crowd as Usual.



Mt. Lake Park, Md., Sept. 10th.—The International Bible Students Association has been holding a Convention here for more than a week; many able speakers have been heard. Higher Criticism is at a discount amongst these Bible Students. They claim that the internal harmonies of the Bible attest its Divine authenticity. Amongst these earnest students are many who at one time were infidels. They profess greater faith than ever in the Bible as the result of reading Pastor Russell's books, to which many of them were led through his sermons. Pastor Russell was the principal speaker at the Convention today. He arrived during the week, and is being entertained some distance from the Park, at the Weber mansion. Hundreds visit him every evening. Pastor Russell spoke twice today in the large Auditorium. He delivered one of his discourses from the text, "In the last days the Mountain of the Lord's House shall be established in the top of the mountains, * * * and all people shall flow unto it" (Isaiah ii. 2). He said in part:

Our text tells of great events in the "last days." It would be a mistake, however, to suppose that these words imply the end of time or the end of the world, in the ordinary sense. The Bible declares that "the earth abideth forever," and it tells of the wonderful blessings of Restitution, when the Lord's footstool shall blossom as the rose—Paradise restored. All this is to come in the "last days."

The Jews understood that the seven days of the week, six of labor and the seventh of rest, were typical of seven greater days of a thousand years each. In harmony with this thought, some of them tell us that we are living in the Friday night of the world's history—which means that the great Sabbath of Rest is about to begin—the thousand years of Messiah's reign (the Jewish day beginning in the evening).

The New Testament writers seem to have had the same thought. Thus our Lord declared, "My Word shall judge you in the Last Day." Similarly, Martha declared her faith in the resurrection of her brother, saying, "I know that he shall rise again in the resurrection, at the Last Day"—the Millennium Day, the Day of Christ—the great Day which will witness the overthrow of sin and death and the uplifting of humanity. Of that great Day we read, "In His Day shall the righteous flourish, and evil-doers shall be cut off." This Seventh Day is frequently spoken of as "that Day," as indicating the time when Divine power will no longer permit the reign of sin amongst men, but Messiah's Kingdom will actively intervene. The overthrow of Satan, in and all unrighteousness will then take place. It is during this Day that Messiah will put down all things opposed to righteousness: "The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death."

"Throughout that glorious Day the resurrection process will be in operation; mankind will be rising out of its meanness, sin, sickness and death, back to all that was lost in Eden and redeemed by way of the Cross. In the end of these days, or "after these days," of the reign of sin, God promises to make a New Covenant with the House of Israel and with the House of Judah, through which they shall be uplifted; and the blessing will flow from them to all nations (Jeremiah xxxi. 31). It will be after these days also that "God will pour out His Spirit upon all flesh," as says the Prophet Joel (Joel ii. 28).

Our text is to be considered from this standpoint. In the end of these days, in the promised Day of Messiah, the Mountain of the Lord's House shall be established, fixed, in the very top of the mountains—above all other kingdoms. This is in full accord with the entire tenor of the Scriptures. A mountain symbolizes a kingdom; and as the Prophet declares, God's Kingdom will be the highest Mountain; it will be over the top of all other kingdoms. It will be established or fixed permanently above all others.

Messiah, the great King, with His Elect Bride and associate with Him, will exercise His Divine power, Satan shall be bound for a thousand years, and sin will no longer be permitted. From the invisible plane of glory and majesty, Justice will be executed in the earth; every good word, thought and deed will be rewarded, and every evil thought, word and deed will be punished—swiftly—surely. Perhaps paralysis of the tongue will be the means by which evil speaking, false words and deceptions will be punished. Perhaps paralysis of the arm or

finger will be the means employed to stop the crime. Certain it is that "Nothing shall hurt or destroy in all God's Holy Kingdom" thus established.

How speedily the world will then learn righteousness! Now it doubts the very existence of God, and declares that if He exists He pays little or no heed to wrong-doers. "Now the wicked flourish; yea, they that tempt God are even exalted," as the Scriptures declare. But the New Day will change all this. Messiah "will lay righteousness to the line and justice to the plummet, and the hail [Truth] shall sweep away the refuge of lies, misrepresentations, misunderstandings" (Isaiah xxviii. 17, 18). "The blind shall see out of obscurity, and the deaf ears shall be unstopped;" "The knowledge of the glory of the Lord shall fill the whole earth," until "None shall need say to his neighbor, 'Know the Lord,' for all shall know Him."

Gravitation Reversed

The present tendency is to gravitate downward, but our text tells of a reversal of this order. All nations shall then flow or gravitate upward—toward the righteous Kingdom of Messiah: "Many people shall say, 'Let us go up.'" The Kingdom, in its original establishment, will be Israelitish—Abraham, Isaac and Jacob and all the Prophets will be made Princes in all the earth (Psalm xlv. 16).

The Jews, naturally, will rally to their standard and begin to recognize the fulfillment of the prophecies of old. Other nationalities will begin slowly to realize the import of the great, New Jewish Dispensation. Their ideas and ideals will be antagonistic for a time. Gradually they will see the Restitution blessings coming to Israel, in harmony with the Divine arrangements of the Kingdom. Then, as our context declares, "Many people will say, 'Come, let us go up to the Mountain of the Lord, to the House of the God of Jacob; He will teach us [as well as the Jews] His ways and we [as well as they] will learn to walk in His paths.'"

Both Spiritual and Natural Israel are in the picture. Mt. Zion is the higher, the Spiritual Jerusalem; the lower, the earthly. The Law shall go forth from Mt. Zion (Spiritual Zion, the Messiah—Head and Body—Bridegroom and Bride)—while the Word of the Lord (the directing and instructing) will go forth from Jerusalem (the Patriarchal Princes, who will represent the Kingdom).

Judging Among the Gentiles

The context tells us that the new King, Messiah, will judge amongst the nations—amongst all the peoples. It will be a general judgment first, an individual one subsequently. The national judgments will mean calamities upon the nations. The demonstrations of the great dreadnaughts and great armies will prove that they are not to be the peacemakers of earth. On the contrary, those trusting in these devices will suffer most severely. All must learn the lesson that Messiah's Kingdom comes not by human might nor power, but is the Lord's institution, in His own appointed time.

The lesson will be so thoroughly learned in that Day of Trouble that war will forever cease. The Prophet David tells us that the mighty army of the Lord, through Messiah's Kingdom, will work havoc with present institutions. Then "He will make wars to cease unto the ends of the earth." Our context tells us that thereafter "They shall beat their swords into plowshares and their spears into pruning hooks; nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more." Even Boys' Brigades, etc., thereafter will be at a discount. Human energy and activity will find better employment in conquering self, sin-sickness and death.

Hiding in the Rocks

The description here given by the Prophet Isaiah of the Day with which this Gospel Age will end, the great Day when Messiah's Kingdom begins, agrees very closely with a description of the same given in the book of Revelation. Isaiah tells us that idolatry to gold and silver shall be brought to an end, and the great trouble of that Day will cause many to hide themselves in the rocks, for fear of the Lord and for the glory of His Majesty (Isaiah ii. 10, 11). "The lofty looks of man shall be humbled, and their haughtiness shall be bowed down and the Lord alone shall be exalted in that Day" (vs. 9-11).

The idols He shall utterly abolish, and those who worship them "shall go into the rocks and into the caves of the earth, for fear of the Lord and for the glory of His Majesty, when He ariseth to shake terribly the earth" (vs. 18-21).

The same picture is set before us in Revelation vi. 15-17. Here the great ones of earth are represented as calling upon the mountains to fall on them and to hide them from the presence of the Lord. The thought is to fall over us, hide us, protect us. The Prophet Malachi asks, "Who shall abide in the great Day of the Lord? 'Who shall be able to stand?'"

Let us construct a picture before our minds. Let us suppose the vast oceans, constituting three-fourths of the earth's surface, to represent the masses of mankind unsettled, unattached, without property, with little hope or prospect, with limitless longings, but no power to satisfy them—"without God and without hope in the world." Let us consider the land behind and before us to represent society, fixed, established, desirous of peace, having something which it does not wish to lose, which it does not wish the "sea" class to wash away.

As in the sea we find shallows and mighty depths, so on the land we find low places, higher places and moun-

tain peaks, and each of these represents a certain degree of prosperity or adversity. The mountain heights would represent the princes of society, merchant princes, bankers, as well as political powers. As from time immemorial there has been a conflict between the land and the sea, the latter, in storms, violently attacking the former and seeking to capture it, so between the two classes here represented—the "sea" class, helpless and without property, is envious of the "earth" class, those who, under the present order, seize and possess the chief blessings.

The mountains, the rocks of society [social institutions, lodges, financial institutions, capitalists, combinations, national treaties, etc.], will all fall in that great Day of trial and judging and testing; the shaking and overthrow of every human institution is in full accord with the Divine requirements of Justice, Righteousness.

Who Shall Then Stand?

My dear hearers, where is your treasure? Where is your security? This long-foretold Day of the Lord is nigh. The great time of Trouble impends, a time "such as was not since there was a nation" (Daniel xii. 1). If our treasures are upon the earth and our confidence rests in human organizations, the time is near when we may be crawling into these holes, these social and financial protective arrangements, calling upon them to cover us, protect us, but there will be no protection possible. The Apostle declares respecting that Day that everything that can be shaken will be shaken—everything that is not in full alignment with the Divine standards will go down. In the language of the Scripture, we should set our affections on things above, not on earthly things. The Master counsels further, "Lay up for yourselves treasure in heaven, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt, and where thieves do not break through and steal."

If we have been careless in this matter in the past, it is high time for us to invest what little we have of time, influence, talent and money in the service of the King of kings—in laying up treasure in heaven, in promoting the interests of the great Kingdom wherein we trust, and of which we hope soon to be members, sharers with our dear Redeemer.

We are not counseling foolishness—the throwing away of money, of time and influence. On the contrary, we counsel the spirit of a sound mind, that every hour, every talent, every penny be used, not as our own, but as the Lord's; not according to our selfish desires, but according to the Divine will, so far as we are able to understand it; that we may glorify God in our bodies and spirits which are His.

Every talent we possess is that much of our stewardship, of which we must shortly give account. The Lord's servants, the consecrated, Spirit-Begotten, will be called to account before that great Day of trouble upon the world. Jesus said, "Watch ye, that ye may be accounted worthy to escape all these things coming upon the earth, and to stand before the Son of Man." Our watching is in respect to our talents, our faithfulness in their use.

In one of His parables the Lord tells us that on His return to establish His Kingdom, before beginning to deal with the world at all, He will deal with His servants. The inquiry will be, How have we used the pounds and talents given to us by our Master? All those who use their opportunities faithfully will be accounted worthy of a share in the Kingdom, as illustrated in the parable, "Enter ye into the joys of your Lord." "You have been faithful over a few things, I will make you ruler over many things." "Have dominion over two cities," "five cities," etc.

There will, indeed, be some of God's people who will pass through the trouble with the world. Those who are too fearful of the weight of the cross will bury their talent in the earth. They will fail to have their portion with the Lord and His saints; yet in the Kingdom and, instead, will have their portion with the hypocrites, in the great trouble of that Day.

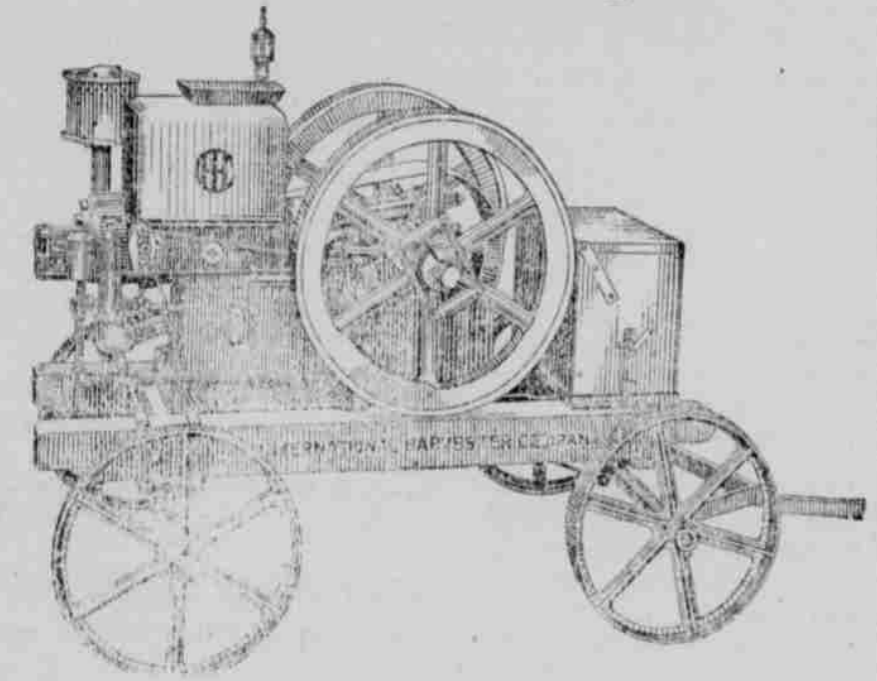
The Catastrophe Cannot Be Averted

It is impossible for us, or for any one, to avert the great catastrophe which is surely bearing down upon the world. The Lord's people are to have nothing whatever to do with bringing about the great catastrophe, any more than had the Prophets, whose words we are using. It is for us to make our own "calling and election sure," and as far as possible to send out the Divine Message in no uncertain tones to all of God's people, that each and all may be found faithful in the use of their pounds and talents—retrieving each possible loss of opportunities, or, as the Apostle says, "Redeeming the time, because the days are evil" and unfavorable.

Our day witnesses the world gone pleasure-mad—"Lovers of pleasure more than lovers of God." The spirit of the world surrounds us, threatens to engulf us and destroy our spirituality. There never was a greater need than now for the soldiers of the cross to arise and "put on the whole armour of God," to "watch and pray," and fight a good fight against their own weaknesses and against the darts and snares of the Adversary.

Many dear Christians realize that we are living in strange times, but do not realize that we are in the transition period between the reign of sin, sickness and death, and the reign of Messiah's Kingdom of righteousness and light. Let each one whose eyes of understanding have opened to a better appreciation of God's great Book be on the alert to "show forth the praises of Him who hath called us out of darkness into His marvelous light."

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Come in the next time you are in town.

August Gorder

Plattsmouth, Nebraska

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE COUNTY OF CASS, NEBRASKA

In the Matter of the Application of The Plattsmouth Auto and Wagon Bridge Company of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, for an Order of Court Prescribing the Rates of Toll to be Charged by Said Company for Crossing Its Bridge.

TO ALL PERSONS INTERESTED: Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of August, A. D. 1911, The Plattsmouth Auto and Wagon Bridge Company of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, filed its petition in the District Court of the County of Cass, Nebraska, requesting said Court to enter an order and decree prescribing the maximum rates of toll charges for crossing its said bridge, erected across the Platte river, near Plattsmouth between the Counties of Cass and Sarpy, in the State of Nebraska, alleging the following schedule of toll rates to be reasonable, to-wit:

Each person on foot, on bicycle or in vehicle50
Children under twelve years of age, when accompanied by parents or guardian Free
Horse and rider15
Motor cycle and rider25
One-horse vehicle and driver25
Two-horse vehicle and driver35
Three-horse vehicle and driver50
Four-horse vehicle and driver50
Horses and cattle, led or driven, each10
Calves, sheep, goats or hogs, led or driven, each05
Huckster, live poultry, patent medicine and grocery pedler, each, wagon and driver \$1.00
Emigrant wagon, with driver \$1.00
For each additional person50
Automobiles and chauffeur,50
Thresher separator, team and driver \$2.50
Corn sheller, team and driver \$1.50
For each additional vehicle or implement drawn by team or person10

and the order of Court was entered fixing the 9th day of October, A. D. 1911, at ten o'clock A. M., and district court room in the City of Plattsmouth, Nebraska, as the time and place of hearing upon said petition, and that at said time and place orders will be made and entered prescribing the maximum rates of toll charges for the use of said bridge, as to the Court may appear proper and just. All objections to said schedule above presented must be filed before said hour of said day of hearing, of all of which you will take due notice.

By the Court, Harvey D. Travis, Judge of the District Court in and for the County of Cass, Nebraska, and Byron Clark and Wm. A. Robertson, Attorneys.