

CAMPBELL GETS BOOSTER JOE

Omahian Secretary of League for Seven States and Alaska.

TO DEVELOP THE NORTHWEST

First Assignment Will Be to Collect Exhibits and Give Biggest Land Show in St. Paul's Great Auditorium.

From advertising a city of 186,000 people to the secretaryship of a development league for the advertising of the greatest section of the American continent, is the unique advancement of Will A. Campbell of the Commercial club of Omaha. He becomes a sort of general secretary for the Commercial clubs of seven states and the territory of Alaska.

Into this section of the United States during the next decade hundreds of thousands of people are to be taken and the plan of an interstate organization shows the extent to which commercial club organization for the purpose of development is being carried.

Seven great states have organized the Northwestern Development league and the Nebraska man is to be its executive secretary. The members of the organization are the states of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and the territory of Alaska. The railroads of the west are also backing the



WILL A. CAMPBELL.

(Secretary Northwestern Development League.)

organization, particularly the lines owned and controlled by James J. Hill, who has always been a leader in state development. The state commercial clubs and their immigration departments are also in the league.

This shows how the commercial club or development league idea has been expanded. First the business men of a town or city, which does not want to depend on natural growth, organize a local commercial club, chamber of commerce or board of trade. In some states these local organizations are banded together into county associations or commercial clubs. Then these go in together and organize a state federation of commercial clubs to do the larger work for the state. Now the state federations bind themselves into a great league, powerful in its influence, capitalized by the wealth of a vast area and assisted by the most powerful transportation companies, which are ever ready to look into and invest in the far future.

Such is the organization which is to devote itself to the section between the falls of St. Anthony and Puget Sound; from the Klamath lakes to the Grand Portage of Lake Superior. That the influence of the association will be potential is beyond question and other sections of the United States are bound to follow as they watch the seven states realize a new era of pioneering.

One of the first assignments which Mr. Campbell will have, besides working out some details of the organization, will be to collect in St. Paul a vast exhibit of the resources of the seven states and Alaska, bringing the territory for which he is to work under one roof. These will be first shown in St. Paul in early December at what will be known as the Northwestern Land Show. It will give an opportunity to show thousands what there is beyond the Twin Cities, in the great territory to which they are the gateway.

A movement is also on foot to locate the National Apple show in St. Paul and it will be held in connection with the Northwest Land show. For three years the apple show has been held in Spokane, but the management of this show has decided that it would best serve the purpose of advertising the orchards of the west by holding it in some eastern or middle western city. The Northwest Land show and the National Apple show under one roof will make an exhibition larger than anything of its kind which will be held this year.

The Omaha man is peculiarly fitted for the executive secretaryship of the Northwestern Development league, having been in charge of exploiting the National Corn Expositions and a number of other exhibitions having the development object behind him. He is said to have brought 19,000 new settlers into Minnesota in 1910 by exploiting that state through the Minnesota Conservation congress called by Governor Eberhart and worked out to a large extent by Mr. Campbell.

THUGS ATTACK FARMER

Sheffield Man is Assaulted, but No Robbery is Committed.

Sheffield, Ia., July 7.—Leroy H. Tanner, a farmer living northwest of here, was the victim of thugs and no one seems able to divine their purpose. He was driving home through the woods when the assailants sprang out at him. He was knocked unconscious and when he came to two hours later the horse he was driving was beside him, and he drove home, where a physician was called.

Mr. Tanner supposed that their motive was robbery, as he had considerable money on his person, but neither money nor watch were taken. He is entirely at a loss to account for the cause of the assault.

HEAT HATCHES CASE OF EGGS

Continued Hot Weather Gives Trouble to Egg Buyers.

Algona, Ia., July 7.—The continued hot weather is giving some trouble to the egg buyers of Algona. A case of eggs was received at the egg factory here, shipped from Ruthven, and when opened to be repacked it was discovered that the eggs were hatching. One plump Plymouth Rock was already out and was taken care of by Hiram Beddles, an employee. The brood is thriving well and is living evidence of the record breaking heat.

ELDORA BOY SEES COMPANION DROWN

Keeps Secret Until Next Day Because of Fear of Whipping.

Eldora, Ia., July 7.—After seeing his companion, Cecil Smith, aged ten years, drown in the Iowa river, James Riley returned home and kept the secret until morning, because he feared a whipping, he having been ordered not to go swimming. Mrs. Parmelia Smith, the widowed mother of the drowned boy, spent an anxious and sleepless night when her son did not return, but hoped he had gone to a camp of friends, who were on an outing north of town. When the boy did not return she gave the alarm and a posse was organized and, aided by the Riley boy's confession, recovered the body.

Des Moines Business Men to Buy Team

Des Moines, July 7.—President Higgins of the Des Moines baseball club is expected in Des Moines today to close a deal for the sale of the club and franchise to Des Moines business men, who have made an offer and are ready to form a company to handle the team.

Blood Poison Proves Fatal.

Clinton, Ia., July 7.—Conductor Walter C. Payne of the Chicago and Northwestern road is dead at his home here as a result of blood poisoning, which followed a slight scratch received on his hand while handling butter tubs.

CONDENSED NEWS

A report shows that suicide rate decreased in 1910 as compared with the previous year.

Four waitresses in a hotel in Mount Pocono, Pa., were drowned in an ice pond near the hotel.

Homer Benjamin and his brother, Lester, of Petersburg, Ind., were drowned in the White river while bathing.

Two persons were killed and five seriously injured during a charge by the police on a mob near the street car barns at Mexico City.

A quarrel over a girl at a country dance near Muskogee, Okla., resulted in a fight, in which eleven men were stabbed. One of the injured will die.

Dr. Charles P. Donelson of Chicago died of blood poison. Some time ago he extracted an ulcerated tooth from a patient and received a small scratch on his hand, resulting in blood poisoning.

Dr. Haldane Cleminson of Chicago was taken to the penitentiary at Joliet to serve a life sentence for murdering his wife. His last words to jail companions and guards were that he was innocent.

The cigarette habit is the cause of 75 per cent of the truancy cases, according to the annual report of Truant Officer H. R. Howe to the Rockford board of education. Pool playing is reported as the next principal cause.

What is said to be the greatest oil well ever struck in Oklahoma is on fire and oil is being burned at the rate of 150 barrels an hour. The fire started from a lantern carried by A. R. Timblin, a lease employee. He was instantly killed by the explosion. The well is in the Osage nation.

A few minutes after it became known that Frederick Prager had been found dead in bed at his home at Pittsburg, neighbors rushed to the house and began ransacking for \$11,000 rumored to have been hidden somewhere about the premises. It took a squad of police to clear the house of fortune hunters.

Through the heroism of his fourteen-year-old daughter the life of John Denker, a Gregory county (S. D.) homesteader, was saved when he was overcome by heat and smoke while trying to save his automobile from a burning building. The daughter rushed to his rescue and succeeded in dragging him from the burning structure.

NORRIS ATTACKS TAFT'S AIDE

Declares Secretary Hilles Heads "Political News Bureau."

SAYS IT SUPPRESSES TRUTH.

Nebraska Congressman Says Progressives Are Being Wronged by Conspiracy of Big Newspapers—Echo of Shotwell Incident.

Washington, July 7.—Charges that Charles D. Hilles, secretary to the president, is acting as the head of a "political news bureau" which "suppresses truth" and issues "ungrounded and false" reports as to sentiment concerning presidential candidates were made in a letter from Representative Norris of Nebraska, insurgent leader in the house, addressed to the Nebraska Progressive Republican league.

Representative Norris charged that the "suppressed" facts relate to sentiment favoring the candidacy of Senator La Follette for the presidency.

His letter was in answer to telegrams from the Nebraska progressives declaring their repudiation of Frank A. Shotwell, who, they say, had reported himself as an agent of the league and as such had given out several statements favoring the renomination of President Taft.

Mr. Norris charged that the progressives had been wronged by a "conspiracy of great newspapers" in suppressing news relating to the progressive movement. After referring to a series of articles printed, Mr. Norris letter concluded:

"These various articles have earmarks that strongly indicate they originated in the White House. I do not think that the president himself dictated them and I do not know that he had knowledge of them, but it is generally understood that the information came from his private secretary and almost without exception these objectionable articles contain items of information that necessarily must have come from one closely connected with the White House.

"I am reluctantly led to believe that the president's private secretary is the head of a political news bureau that is making a determined effort to suppress any sentiment in favor of the candidacy of Senator La Follette and to do this by the suppression of truth and the publication of ungrounded and false reports."

PLAN WORLD STEEL LEAGUE

Leaders of Industry Will Form International Organization.

Brussels, Belgium, July 7.—The steel men concluded the business which had called them together from nine steel producing countries in a brief session and adjourned.

The conference appointed a committee of thirty, made up of members proposed by each national group, to work out a plan for an international steel organization and submit it to the fall conference when called.

The American members of the committee are Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the board, and President A. J. Farrel of the United States Steel corporation; Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel corporation; E. A. S. Clarke, president of the Lackawanna Steel company, and Willis S. King, vice president of the Jones & Laughlin Steel company.

The committee organized by making Judge Gary chairman and W. B. Peat of England, secretary, and adjourned to meet again when summoned by the chairman.

Judge Gary said he felt that distinct progress had been made toward a "common world of feeling and practice in steel affairs." He is satisfied with the results thus far accomplished through the international exchange of opinion.

STANDARD OIL TO BE SPLIT

Plan a Reorganization That Will Not Affect Dividends.

New York, July 7.—It is reported here that within a short time plans for reorganizing the Standard Oil company of New Jersey will be announced. The company, it is said, will undergo complete disintegration and all subsidiaries that are charged with having combined and conspired to monopolize the oil trade will operate separately. The company may be split into fifteen or twenty parts and each will operate in its own territory independent of other companies. The control will continue to be the same. It was reported that under the reorganization plan the earnings of the Standard Oil company will not be affected.

Aviators Re-cross Channel.

Calais, France, July 7.—The covey of French aviators that descended on the English coast last Monday, took wing from Dover at daybreak, and a half hour later settled lightly on the soil of France. The flight of the Straits of Dover was accomplished easily. Vodrines led the way.

Lineman Fatally Crushed.

Omaha, July 7.—David Kirk, a line man for the Omaha and Council Bluffs street railway, was crushed almost beyond recognition under a reel of copper wire. He died at St. Joseph's hospital, having been so terribly crushed that it was impossible to save his life.

GIVE LIFE TO SHERMAN LAW

Wickersham Discusses Recent Decisions of Supreme Court.

Battle Creek, Mich., July 7.—Attorney General Wickersham spoke before the Michigan State Bar association here and discussed the supreme court's recent interpretation of the Sherman anti-trust law in the Standard Oil and tobacco cases. He gave his unqualified indorsement to the court's application of the so called "rule of reason."

"Those who have thoughtlessly yielded to the superficial conclusion resulting from the application by the chief justice's rule of reason to the interpretation of the Sherman law," he added, "can find but little to justify the idea that the Sherman law has been made ineffective by those two decisions, for precisely the contrary is established by those two great judgments."

"The most cursory examination of the decree in the tobacco case—the most casual consideration of the drastic and far-reaching remedy imposed—makes it perfectly apparent that the Sherman law, perhaps for the first time, has been demonstrated to be an actual effective weapon to the accomplishment of the purpose for which it was primarily enacted, namely, the destruction of the great combinations familiarly known as trusts."

CONVICT NEVILLE GIVES HIMSELF UP

Comes Back From New York to Serve Unexpired Month.

Lincoln, July 7.—Weary and worn out from beating his way from New York state, where he had been since breaking his parole over a year ago, Ralph Neville, a convict at the penitentiary sent up from Douglas county following his conviction for burglary, returned to the folds of Warden Delahanty's institution, a penitent and weeping man. He gave himself up to the warden and begged to be put back in the cell that he might serve out the remainder of his sentence, which amounts to one month.

Neville came the entire way from New York to right the wrong he committed when he broke trust with the officers by escaping while paroled to Dr. Williams of University Place. Part of the way from the east the convict walked and part of the way he rode brake beams of overland fliers. At other times he was forced to be content with freight trains. He arrived at the state penitentiary dust-covered and begrimed with oil.

Jurors Get No Pay for Recess.

Lincoln, July 7.—According to a decision rendered by Judges Frost, Cornish and Stewart of the district court, sitting en banc in the case of F. C. Cochran against Lancaster county, a juror who is excused from duty from Friday evening to Monday morning is not entitled to pay for the Saturday intervening. Juror Cochran sued for \$9, alleged to have been due on account of three days of such Saturday service.

TWINS WED TWINS.

Tabler Brothers of Missouri Wed Moore Sisters of Texas.

A courtship which began in April, 1910, between Lorand and Leland Tabler of Adrian, Mo., twin brothers, and Alta and Alma Moore of San Marcos, Tex., twin sisters, has just ended in a double wedding.

The Tabler twins couldn't be told apart. They never were separated even for a day. Friends of the Moore twins could not tell which was which, and they, too, never have been separated.

The Tabler boys met the Moore girls when on a visit to Texas in April, 1910. The girls were students at the San Marcos normal school. The husbands are twenty-three years old and the wives twenty-one.

8,000 AT ENDEAVOR MEETING

Board of Trustees Relieves President Clark of Detail Work of Office.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 7.—Eight thousand delegates crowded into the Auditorium at the opening session of the International Christian Endeavor society. The feature was the annual address of President Francis E. Clark. The report of Secretary Shaw shows an increase of more than 1,000,000 members since July, 1909.

Starting a world wide work on a larger scale, the board of trustees relieved President Clark of the detail work of his office, to permit him to effect closer interdenominational endeavor. Other officers were re-elected.

Showers Bring Relief.

Washington, July 7.—Thunder showers in the north Atlantic states drove the heat wave from what was practically its stronghold, and the country generally is freed from the sweltering conditions of the last five days, showers mainly bringing the longed for relief.

Kills Wife and Himself.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., July 7.—Guy Sells shot and killed his wife by firing three bullets into her body from a revolver, and then fatally wounded himself.

The gutton is always thinking of what he is going to eat, the dyspeptic of what he has just eaten.—New York Press.

SUIT TO DIVORCE MINES AND ROADS

Government Renews Fight to Vitalize Commodities Clause.

TEST CASE OF LEHIGH RAILROAD

Complaint Charges That Railroad Really Owns Coal Transported, Buying It at Nominal Loss and Depending Upon Profit From Freight.

Washington, July 7.—The government will renew the fight to disassociate the great coal-carrying railroads from their virtual control of mines and thus vitalize the commodities clause of the interstate commerce law. A test case against the Lehigh Valley railroad was filed in the United States court in Philadelphia.

That the Lehigh Valley Railway Coal company, Cox Bros., Inc.; the New York and Middlefield Railroad and Coal company and the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron company are not bona fide coal companies, but merely adjuncts to the Lehigh Valley railroad and are "devices for evading the commodities clause," is the government's principal complaint.

It is also alleged the Lehigh Valley with the object of removing competition, has caused the Lehigh Valley Coal company to contract at a loss for the output of other anthracite operators, has transported the coal over its own lines and through the coal company has fixed the prices in New York and other markets.

The government charges that although the buying of coal from other operators has been done at a loss to the coal company, it has enabled the Lehigh Valley railroad to transport the coal over its lines and profit from the freight charges.

Coal Company a Dummy.

To support its claim that the coal company is merely the "dummy," the government cites that the officers of the railroad and the coal company are the same and that certain members of the directorate are members of the directorate and executive committee of the coal companies. Among those named are: Eben B. Thomas, George F. Baer, E. T. Stotesbury and James A. Middleton.

The government's complaint also said that since the capital stock of the coal company had been owned by the railroad it has paid no dividends, that millions of dollars have been advanced by the railroad to the coal company which have never been refunded and that the railroad has paid the interest on the coal company's bonds, being compensated, the government claims, by the earnings of transportation of coal over its lines.

By proving that the Lehigh Valley railroad is actually the legal owner of the Lehigh Valley Coal company's anthracite, or has a pecuniary interest in it, the government hopes to bring its case into line with the recent decision of the supreme court in the commodity clause case, strike down dummy coal companies and force the coal carrying railroads from their control of mines.

Separate From Coal Case.

While in effect the government's action is a blow at the so called coal trust, the case is separate from that suit, which is now on appeal to the supreme court.

In the government's original commodities clause actions against anthracite roads, which was begun in 1908, the courts held that a railroad company might own stock in a coal company and not violate the commodities clause if it did not own or have any interest in the transported coal of that company.

With that decision the commodities clause was considered by many a dead letter, but Attorney General Wickersham carried the case to the supreme court, where it was decided that the government might amend its complaint and involve the question of fact as to whether the railroad has any interest in the coal which it transported.

Judge Gray of the United States circuit court of the Eastern district of Pennsylvania signed an order at Wilmington, Del., permitting the filing of the amended complaint. The government is represented in the action by the attorney general, James A. Fowler, his assistant, and Edwin P. Grosvenor, special assistant attorney general.

Riot in Amsterdam.

Amsterdam, Netherlands, July 7.—There was hot fighting in the harbor district here between rioters on the one hand and police and troops on the other. The strikers stoned the police and the troops replied with their rifles. The striking shipping men then produced revolvers and in the fusillade that followed a number of persons were wounded. The troops ultimately routed the strikers and later patrolled the streets in strong detachments.

Wedding Begins Sentence.

Louisville, July 6.—With no further hope held out to him before the highest court in the state had confirmed his sentence to the penitentiary for life, Joseph Wendling, convicted of the murder of eight-year-old Alma Kellner, was taken to the state penitentiary at Frankfort to commence serving his sentence.

JOHN J. McNAMARA.

Head of Ironworkers Accused of Los Angeles Dynamite Plot.



M'NAMARA DEFENSE SPRINGS A SURPRISE

Alleged Dynamiters Refuse to Plead to Murder Charge.

Los Angeles, July 7.—The defense in the McNamara dynamite conspiracy case sprung a surprise when John J. McNamara, the accused Indiana labor leader, and his brother, James B., were called into Judge Bordwell's department of the superior court.

Both men were summoned to plead to nineteen charges of murder, the result of the destruction of the Times plant. In addition, John J. McNamara was expected to plead to the charge of conspiracy to destroy the Llewellyn iron works. Instead, he challenged the jurisdiction of the court, claiming that it had no right to exact a plea on either the nineteen charges of murder or the Llewellyn iron works indictment because he was extradited from Indianapolis not for murder, but for alleged dynamiting.

A motion for the quashing of the indictments was made in the case of James B. McNamara, who entered no plea whatever, holding that the indictments against him should not stand because the grand jury was biased and because Earl Rogers, who acted as a special district attorney to aid the inquisitors during the investigation, had previously been active on behalf of the Times and the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association during the search for evidence.

The prosecution met the move of the defense with a motion to disallow the plea to jurisdiction. An argument on the relevancy of John McNamara's action ensued.

THEN CONSECRATED BISHOP

Notable Gathering of Catholic Dignitaries at Wichita.

Wichita, Kan., July 7.—Monsignor John Henry Tihen, formerly chancellor of the Catholic diocese of Wichita, was consecrated bishop. He will go at once to Lincoln, Neb., to take charge of the Lincoln diocese.

There was a most notable gathering of the Catholic dignitaries in Wichita for the consecration ceremonies. Among those present were Archbishop Glennon of St. Louis, head of the province in which Wichita is included; Bishop Hennessey of Wichita, who is the consecrator; Bishop Scannell of Omaha and Bishop Lillies of Kansas City, co-consecrators; Bishops Matz of Denver, Janssen of Belleville, Ill.; Ward of Leavenworth, Cunningham of Concordia, Meerschoort of Oklahoma, Burke of St. Joseph and Innocent Wolf, abbot of the Benedictine order of Atchison.

In addition to these nearly 300 priests from the neighboring states took part in the ceremonies.

FARMERS FEAR HOPPERS

Appear in Numbers and Effects of Depredations Are Noticeable.

Tionka, Ia., July 7.—Grasshoppers are putting in their appearance in great numbers and the effects of their depredations are plainly noticeable and now the farmers are worrying for fear they will get into the corn fields. They are not nearly so thick as they were twenty years ago, when they laid waste to everything. The farmers are now in their oats fields harvesting the crop. Most of those who are cutting say that not only the crop will be light, but the quality will not be up to former years.

Stolen Mail Pouch Found.

Hampton, Ia., July 7.—A pouch of first class mail that was stolen from an Iowa Central train, or the local station of that road, last November, was found in Breed's lake, three miles from here. While diving from a pier in the lake, a swimmer struck the pouch lying on the bottom. He brought it up. The letters had been opened and were in bad condition as a result of the soaking they received.

Fort Dodge, Ia., July 7.—William Heller, a miner for the Plymouth Gypsum company, was killed by a blast, of which he was unaware.