

# PEOPLE'S PULPIT...



Sermon by  
**CHARLES T. RUSSELL,**  
Pastor Brooklyn  
Tabernacle.

## OUT OF THE BELLY OF HELL CRIED I

"I cried by reason of mine affliction unto the Lord, and he heard me; out of the belly of hell cried I" (Jonah ii, 2.)

On the Mediterranean Sea, April 17.—We are not far from the place where poor Jonah long ago had his sad experience in his attempt to run away from the Divine commission to the Ninevites. We are nearing Jaffa, the port from which he sailed, then called Joppa. Some, intent on disproving as much as possible of the Bible, have attempted to make light of Jonah's experiences, claiming that there was no fish in the world of such capacity as could swallow a man entirely. We are to remember, however, that the Scriptures do not say that it was an ordinary whale that swallowed Jonah, but rather they specifically declare that God "specially prepared" a great fish for the occasion. Nor is this all. We have our Lord's own testimony to the truthfulness of the matter, and whoever denies either his truthfulness or his intelligence is thereby denying also his Messiahship and repudiating him as a Savior, because neither a falsifier nor a dupe could possibly be recognized as the great Redeemer and Savior, the Sent of God, the Messiah. Additionally our Lord informs us that the Jonah incident was in the nature of a type, especially designed of God to foreshadow the fact that Jesus himself would be dead for parts of three days and arise from the dead on the third day, even as Jonah was buried alive for parts of three days and on the third day the great fish vomited him upon dry land. There is nothing difficult about the narrative to one who has proper faith in God. To those who have not faith, nothing connected with Divine revelation is reasonable, commendable or satisfactory. Let us maintain our stand with those who hold fast to, and hold forth for others, the Word of Life.

### The Belly of Hell Described.

But what have "the belly of hell" and the poor soul crying from it to do with the story of Jonah? And how does the story associate itself with our journey today over the Mediterranean Deep? Jonah was the man who was in the belly of hell and whose cry unto the Lord from there constitutes our text. When a boy I heard this text, and my imagination conjured up what hell would be like, and especially what the belly of hell, or what I supposed the middle part of it, would be like. I had the opportunity of looking into blast furnaces through what is called the glory-hole or peep-hole. There I noted that the center of the fire was at white heat. I tried to imagine people in such a condition in the very middle or belly of hell. I could not imagine how they could survive such an experience a single moment, let alone for all eternity. I sought theological expositions of the matter and learned that some theologians of the fiery past, admitting the destructive effect of fire, claimed that God would specially vitalize all the poor creatures consigned to this torment, so that they would never die, but would keep on suffering forever and forever and forever, untellable tortures. I found that other theologians explained that those consigned to such a fiery ordeal would gradually become adapted to it and assume an asbestos-like shell which would measurably protect them from the fire. But these theologians went on to explain that, wishing them to suffer horrible tortures, God would scale off the asbestos shell, causing them to suffer still more excruciatingly every time the operation was performed. As a child I tried to imagine that this was the just desert of sinners, and that the Heavenly Father was really kind and loving—that he did not give them worse, though I could not think of anything worse that they could suffer.

"When I was a child, I spake as a child; but when I became a man, I put away childish things" (I Corinthians xiii, 11). I asked for the proof that anybody could endure such sufferings and yet live. I asked for the proof that our God is as unsympathetic as any devil could be. My mind rejected as irrational the whole proposition. I said: The God whom I shall worship must be a greater being than myself—greater than any human being, not only in power to execute his will, but also in wisdom to make a wise arrangement for his creatures, and also perfect in justice to do to them as he would have them do to him, if he were the creature and they the God. He must also be perfect in love, the noblest feature of any character. I said to myself: Such must be the God who was the Creator of our race, for he has produced in humanity certain degrees of these various qualities and he could not give to man what he does not himself possess, nor can we suppose that he would create man with more justice, wisdom, love and power than he himself possesses. To that great God I bowed my heart and mind and every power that I possess. To him I still

bow, and give thanks that by his grace I have come to see his character, his Plan and his Word more clearly than in the past. I thank him that now I can see in what way ultimately Jesus will be the "Light of the world"—not merely the Light of the Church (John viii, 12).

In abandoning the doctrine of eternal torment my disposition was to abandon the Bible also, because I believed that the Bible was the foundation of the irrational theory which had pictured God to my mind as a demon of the worst imaginable type. But, thank God, dear friends, the Lord heard my prayer for light, for knowledge respecting himself. After I had made a search of heathen creeds, as well as those of Christendom, and had found them all illogical, unreasonable, unsatisfactory, I turned to the Bible again, saying, Perhaps I have not done the Bible justice; perhaps I have unconsciously attributed to the Bible the teachings of the creeds. Perhaps I have read it through colored spectacles. Praying to God for guidance I took up Bible study in a very different way from previously. I began to study the Bible as I should have done at first—without reference to any of the creeds. I began to let God teach me. I ceased to say, it reads, "Thus," but it must mean otherwise. It says, "So and so," but cannot mean that, but the reverse. In other words I ceased to try to teach God and endeavored to be taught of God through his Word, guided by his Holy Spirit.

### International Bible Studies.

That was thirty-eight years ago. Under the Lord's blessing I found the Key to the interpretation of the Scriptures—not because of ability, but, I believe, because it is now due time for the Bible to be understood—in the closing of this Gospel Age and the dawning of the Millennial Day. Having found the Key and used it myself I have spent my best endeavors since to put the Key into the hands of God's consecrated people the world over. I have nothing to boast of, dear friends, but have much to be glad for. First, I am glad on my own account with a joy unspeakable, that now I know my Heavenly Father and can have confidence in him and can have love for him, as never before. I am thankful that, to some extent, I have been enabled to convey similar joys, similar blessings, to others of his dear people of all denominations in all parts of the world. The Lord has gradually enlarged my opportunities year by year. I am not building a sect—not making a new denomination—not founding a Church! We have had too much of that sort of thing already. Not only have we Wesley's Church and Calvin's Church, etc., etc., but it has become the custom for each minister to be spoken of as the proprietor of the Church; as, for instance, The Reverend Dr. A.'s Church. It has become a custom, too, for the preachers to speak of the people as "My people," "My Church." This is all wrong. I wish to have neither part nor lot in it. I have no Church, and wish for none. There is but the one Church—the Church of Christ—"the Church of the Living God"—"the Church of the First-Borns, whose names are written in heaven." That Church includes in its membership every true saint of God who trusts in the merit of Christ and seeks to walk in his footsteps. Whatever earthly systems such may be identified with are without Divine authorization. Their standing in God's sight is merely because of their identification with Christ as "members of his Body."

In God's providence I was led to publish six volumes of "Studies in the Scriptures," or Bible Keys. These were taken up by the Bible and Tract Society, and published at cost price, to enable all of God's people everywhere to procure them. They are now published in ten of the most prominent languages. The first volume, "The Plan of the Ages," has passed the three million mark. I have received not one cent of royalty. My life is a very simple one. My expenses are small. I accept no salary and take up no collections. Voluntary donations from those who have been blessed by my labors supply my needs and the surplus goes to the Bible and Tract Society for the general forwarding of its work—"The Promulgation of Christian Knowledge."

Each earnest Christian who obtains the assistance of these Bible Keys and enters into the treasures of God's Word and becomes rich himself in spiritual knowledge and in joy and peace of heart is glad to call the attention of others to these Bible Keys. Thus the International classes of Bible Students of all denominations in all parts of the world are springing up and a blessed light, we believe, is going forth from these, assistful to all who love righteousness and hate iniquity. Although I am the regular Pastor of the Brooklyn Tabernacle congregation, there are several assistants and I am privileged to speak to thinking Christians of various parts of the world, especially in the United States. Only the Lord knows how I thank him

for this privilege of service, and for the still larger opportunity afforded me through the columns of some of the principal newspapers of the United States.

My sermons are handled by a Syndicate, and I am advised that now they appear in nearly five hundred newspapers, aggregating a circulation of six million copies, or, according to newspaper count, thirty million readers. All of these dear people of every denomination who do any thinking at all, I am sure have had similar difficulties to those which I experienced—difficulties in appreciating how our Heavenly Father could be a good Father, a good God, a loving Creator and yet provide for his human creatures such terrible destinies as all the creeds of the "dark ages" set forth. There is not a thinking Christian in the world who does not need the correct understanding of the Bible in order to be able to stand in the evil day that is upon us. All need to give heed to St. Paul's words, "Take unto you the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to withstand in the evil day, and, having done all, to stand" (Ephesians vi, 13). Our day is a blessed one in respect to its wonderful opportunities and privileges, but it is an evil one in the sense of being a time of great trial and testing of faith to Christendom.

Thinking minds are rejecting the doctrine of eternal torment and generally at the same time rejecting the Bible and denying that it is the inspired Word of God. These dear friends are stumbling into infidelity and think that Higher Criticism and Darwin's Evolution theory are new light. What they need is to see that the true light is in the Bible and that, wearing our grandfathers' spectacles, we inherited the Word of God and wrested it to our own injury and to the loss of our peace of mind and fellowship with the Father and with the Son and with the Holy Spirit.

### The Key to the Scriptures.

Whoever gets the proper understanding of our text has in his possession the Key to the Bible. If he will use it, passage after passage will open for him and the whole Word of God becomes a new and glorious revelation of Justice, Wisdom, Love and Power Divine. Jonah was in the fish's belly—he was buried alive. It is this that is referred to in our text. The words *hell-belly* signify *grave-belly* or *belly-grave*. The context shows all this, telling us additionally that sea-weeds were wrapped about the Prophet's head and that God heard his prayer and delivered him from the *hell-belly*, or *belly-grave*, on the third day by causing the fish to vomit him up. If you have a reference Bible note that in the margin there is a reference to the words of our text, saying, "Hebrew, the grave." Ah! says one, The translators merely made a mistake and translated it *hell* when they should have translated it *grave*. Yes, I answer, and they made the same mistake in every case in which they used the same word *sheol* throughout the Old Testament. As it is, *sheol* is translated *grave* more times than it is translated *hell* in our Common Version; but it should be translated *grave* every time. There we have the Key to the Bible. The hell of the Bible, the penalty for sin, is death, the grave, the tomb. It is not an everlasting hell, for special Scriptures declare that *sheol* (*hell*) shall be destroyed. "I will ransom them from the power of the *grave* (*sheol*); I will redeem them from death; O death, I will be thy plagues; O *grave* (*sheol*), *hell* I will be thy destruction" (Hosea xiii, 14). St. Paul quotes this prophecy in conjunction with his great discourse on the resurrection, "O death, where is thy sting? O *grave* (*hadess*, where is thy victory" (I Corinthians xv, 55).

We see, dear friends, what our dear Redeemer suffered on our behalf to release us from the penalty for sin. He did not go to eternal torment for our sins. He did go into *sheol*, into *hadess*, into the *grave*. "Christ died for our sins, according to the Scriptures" (I Corinthians xv, 3). Thus God has provided for the resurrection of the dead—all mankind, "both of the *just* and of the *unjust*." The *just* are the Church, the saints. The *unjust* include all others. The blood of Jesus will avail for the release of every member of the race from the great penalty of death. Now it operates under a special call to the sinfully few who are invited to become joint-heirs with the Redeemer in his great Kingdom which shortly is to bless all the families of the earth—not only those then living, but also all who have gone down to the tomb. The general resurrection will not be an instantaneous one, as in the case of the saints. It will be a gradual one in two senses.

(1) All will not come forth at once, but, as the Apostle declares, "Every man in his own order," company or band (I Corinthians xv, 23).

(2) It will be gradual in the sense that the awakening from the tomb will be but the beginning of the resurrection of the world. During the thousand years of Christ's reign all who will give heed to his instructions and assistance may rise gradually—up, up, up—and by the close of the Millennium they will reach the full perfection and image of God lost by Father Adam through disobedience. The unwilling, those rebellious after the light has fully come upon them, will be destroyed in the Second Death, from which there will be no recovery. They will perish as the brute beasts.

So, then, let us learn a lesson from Jonah's words, not forgetting the other lesson mentioned by our Lord when he declares that Jonah's experiences in the grave—the belly of the fish, and his release therefrom—foreshadowed his own experiences in the tomb and his resurrection in power and great glory on the third day.

## THE GOOD WORK GOES BRAVELY ON

### Another Alfalfa Mill Meeting This Afternoon

About a score of farmers, together with several members of the Plattsmouth Commercial club, met in the office of J. P. Falter in the Coates' building this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock for the purpose of discussing the benefits of the new alfalfa meal mill to be erected here shortly. Some stock was subscribed for, but the support from the outlying districts will be greatly increased in the next week, as many of those present promised to take firm hold of the matter and aid the project more materially by buying stock.

None of the farmers promised to buy more than one share but this will be enough if about seventy of them can be induced to do so. Attorney A. L. Tidd, one of the solicitors who has been covering the city for the past several days and soliciting subscriptions from the people of the city, addressed the assemblage and said that more than \$6,000 had already been subscribed from the citizens of Plattsmouth and that promises of more had been given him. He was optimistic that \$1,500 more will be given toward the erection of the mill by Monday or Tuesday.

By that time also it is expected that the solicitors who are helping Attorney Tidd, Henry Schneider and Frank Schlater, will accompany him to the rural districts where the farmers will pledge their subscriptions more readily than they can in the city.

The benefits of the new alfalfa mill were little known until statistics were looked into, and it was learned, much to the surprise of many of those present at the meeting, that the average is \$10 a ton. At this rate \$32 an acre without much care and attention, would be the reward of the farmers putting their ground to the raising of alfalfa. Such returns are rare with any other line of produce that a farmer raises.

The promoters of the new mill are sanguine that when the farmers throughout this section are thoroughly apprised of all the benefits of the mill, that subscriptions will come in even faster than was at first expected. By the end of next week it is thought that all the stock necessary to begin building operations will be sold and the work of letting the contract will begin.

### Booming Cities and Towns.

The "city on the blue" is boasting for a better town—a better town means more money in it for everybody. Under the auspices of a commercial organization, Beatrice is going to have George B. Irving, a municipal specialist, come there and tell the people how certain towns and cities are doing remarkable work to increase their prosperity. Mr. Irving has been at Plattsmouth, Madison, Nebraska City and other towns in the state, and we have not observed any criticism in the newspapers of his methods of arousing the people to their duty to themselves. There is not a town in the land but what needs a "punching up" of its citizens to a realization of the opportunities presented, and be reminded of what they are passing by in the way of good things. There are few of us who know it all, and a man who makes a special study of municipal advantages and who travels and observes what other cities are doing, ought to put up a mighty interesting talk on what Fremont lacks and what Fremont needs. Mr. Irving made a proposition to come here some time ago. He got a cold deal. It is never too late to change one's mind. Irving might do a whole lot for us if he were invited to come to Fremont.—Fremont Herald.

### For Sale.

Five S. C. and R. C. R. I. Red Cockerels at \$1 each, also eggs 75 cents per setting.

Mrs. C. E. Schwab,  
Murray, Neb., Both Phones.

### NOTICE.

The state of Nebraska, in county court, for the county of Cass.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN GEORGE HANSEN, DECEASED.

TO ALL PERSONS INTERESTED: You and each of you are hereby notified that a petition has been filed praying the administration of the estate of John George Hansen, deceased, and for the appointment of John G. Wunderlich administrator thereof; that a hearing will be had upon said petition at the office of the county judge for said county on the 9th day of May, A. D., 1910, at 9 o'clock a. m.

All objections thereto must be filed before said hour of hearing.

Witness my hand and official seal this 16th day of April, A. D., 1910.

Allen J. Beeson,  
County Judge.

William C. Ramsey and Basil S. Ramsey,  
Attorneys for Estate.

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\$20 to \$35. Others not so good \$5 to \$18.

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## PLATTSMOUTH HIGH SCHOOL DEBATING TEAM COVERS ITSELF WITH GLORY

Judges are Unanimous in Their Decision in Favor of the Local School Over the Blair High School.

Those of the faithful who turned out last evening to witness the debate between the team from the Plattsmouth High school and the team from Blair are unanimous in their opinions today that this was one of the best debates ever witnessed in this city and one of the most satisfactory.

That there never was a doubt in the minds of the impartial as to who had won is evidenced by the decision of the judges, they being unanimously in favor of the local team. From the very first the debate was most interesting and the speakers on both sides held the attention of the audience without any difficulty. The question, "Resolved, That labor unions are on the whole beneficial," was one that the people of this city are especially interested in at this time when the men at Havelock, many of whom are personally known to the people of this community, are out on a strike. The cause of labor in its relation to capital and to general industry of every kind, is one of the largest questions that this country has to face, and the interest that these young people take in this vital problem shows well for the future of this section at least.

In last evening's contest the local team had the affirmative side of the question and the argument was opened by Miss Lucile Gass, of this city, the speaker being introduced to the audience and judges by Principal Harrison of the local high school, acting in the capacity of chairman. Miss Gass opened the debate in a masterful style, displaying a knowledge of the subject, and a keenness of logic in reasoning that went far toward convincing the judges and showed that a great deal of thought and preparation had been exhausted upon the study of labor conditions in this country and elsewhere. When the young lady had completed her argument for the affirmative and the applause had subsided, Mr. Carl Hathaway, opening speaker for the negative side of the question, was introduced and made a very forceful and logical talk on his side of the question. He discussed the conditions existing in our own day in regard to the relations of capital to labor, and cited numerous specific instances bearing upon the question at hand. He was roundly applauded at the close and the audience appeared to be well pleased with his speech.

Following Mr. Hathaway for the negative, Mr. John Falter on the affirmative arose and made his usual incisive and forceful argument, citing numerous examples, and defending his case with remarkable acumen and skill. Mr. Falter was well received and received many encomiums for his work.

The other speakers for the negative were Mr. Waldo and Mr. Hanon and both of these gentlemen made good talks and were the recipients of much applause. Miss Marie Douglass of this city made the closing argument and rebuttal for the affirmative and it was generally conceded that she made the best speech of the evening. Miss Douglas is one of the most brilliant speakers that this city has ever produced, and it is quite freely prophesied that this young lady has a great future before her in her chosen art of elocution. Although it would seem like unfair discrimination to say that any one speech was the best on this occasion, it must be said that as a consistent and dependable winner for the local team this young lady done remarkably good work and deserves special commendation. When the judges retired for the purpose of considering their decision, there was little doubt in the minds of those present as to what would be the outcome of their deliberations, and when they returned with a unanimous verdict in favor of Plattsmouth, the audience voiced its approval by rounds of deafening applause.

The judges of this occasion were Professors Conant and Robbins, of the law school of the university of Nebraska, and Professor Sheldon, of the department of history. These gentlemen were united in declaring that Plattsmouth had the decision.

By defeating Blair the local team put a second competitor behind them in the State High School debating league, and brought themselves one round nearer the coveted goal of the state championship. The date and place of the next debate have not yet been definitely decided, but as the team from Wahoo has defeated their David City contingent, our next contest will be with Wahoo for the championship of our district. The contest with Wahoo will decide which of these two teams will have the honor of competing with the teams of the ten other districts for the championship of the state.