

# The Plattsmouth Journal

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## SWEET MEMORIES CLING.

My Country, 'tis of thee,  
Land where things used to be  
So cheap, we sing!  
Land where we once could buy  
Things that were not so high,  
To thee, with many a sigh,  
Sweet memories cling!

Some of thy children swear  
That what they eat and wear  
Takes all their wad!  
Others now vow that they  
Eat but once each day,  
And for it cannot pay,  
So help them God!

Thy people humbly crave  
To pull from out the grave  
At least one leg!  
We do not ask to dine  
On flesh of beef and swine,  
But give us, Lord Divine,  
One good fresh egg!

Our Father's land, once free,  
Best home of Liberty,  
With thee we stop!  
We don't exactly like  
From Liberty to hike,  
But we must hit the pike  
If things don't drop!

It must be admitted that the weather bureau recognized the cold wave almost as soon as it reached town.

By removing the padding from men's coats next season the tailors will have to shoulder a lot of the criticism.

The echoes that resound from the big Democratic banquet Monday night are full of enthusiasm, and denotes victory for the party next fall.

A scientist estimates that there are 2 billion microbes in a single dish of ice cream. And what's to be done about it? You can't boil your ice cream.

With Hayward and Pollard both in the race for the Republican nomination for congress, a Lincoln man is able to walk right away with the honor.

Walter Wellman, who announces that he will cross the Atlantic ocean in a balloon next June, appears to be better at discovering assignments than at covering them.

Twelve years ago last Tuesday night every telegraph editor in christendom received a jolt he will never forget. A little bulletin came in late announcing that the battleship Maine had been blown up.

The sensation of the hour in Missouri is the investigation of the poisoning of Colonel Swope, of Kansas City. The effect of the coroner's proceedings was to show that Dr. Hyde, whose wife is a relative of the Swope, administered the drug, but it does not show murderous intent.

Postal Savings banks would take the money out of circulation in the middle west and place it all in the government depositories. Men having money on deposit could "sweat" several days after presenting a check waiting for the money to come back from the east. No, we don't believe we want the postal savings banks.

Allen W. Fields of Lincoln, will probably become a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress. Judge Fields is a good man, and possesses more ability than Hayward, Pollard and Tobey combined. If this district is to be represented by a Republican, let him be a man that will prove a credit to the district.

Ludden, the secretary of the state normal board, is a man whom his own party would like to see removed from the position he has so signally disgraced. He and Brian are so cracked in politics that neither can lay straight in bed. Ludden should, and

no doubt will be removed in as short order as possible, if there is any possible show for Governor Shallenberger to do so.

The money would be well spent if not a passenger or a pound of freight went up or down that stream. River improvements fix railroad rates, industries are springing up in that section, and if the Missouri is made navigable it will have an immense traffic. Anything that increases river transportation facilities benefits the man who is one hundred or two hundred miles from the river as much as it benefits those who live upon the riverbanks.—Champ Clark, Speaking in Congress.

## TO HIGH PRICE INVESTIGATORS.

The most striking definition of the real meaning of excessive tariff rates is found in the difference in the cost of living in Detroit, Mich., and just across the river in Windsor, Can., which cities are only 2,561 feet apart. Those investigators in Washington, who are having such a hard time fixing the blame for high prices, might with profit take a day off and run over to Detroit and Windsor and look the ground over.

Prices of foodstuffs, wearing apparel and rents average from 20 to 25 per cent more in Detroit than in Windsor, and the only thing that stands between those two cities is a brief expanse of water and the Payne-Aldrich tariff law!

The Detroit man is "protected" and the Windsor man isn't.

By not being protected the Windsor man pays \$15 for a suit of clothes that the Detroit man will find it impossible to duplicate in quality for \$25. What the Windsor man is escaping in this instance is the Payne-Aldrich tariff tax of 44 cents a pound on good all-wool clothes, and the additional tax of 60 per cent of the value of the goods.

While reading the following comparative prices, the reader should keep in mind that Detroit and Windsor are practically one city, that all in the world that separates them save the "upward revision" tariff wall is a half mile of water—and ferry boats cross these waters every few minutes:

Hats of the same manufacture, sell in Windsor for \$3.00; in Detroit \$5.00

Tobacco, same brand per pound in Windsor \$1.00; in Detroit \$2.50.

Butter, best per pound in Windsor 28 cents; in Detroit 36.

Beef, cheapest cuts per pound, 6 cents in Windsor; in Detroit 10 cents.

Cheese, per pound in Windsor 11 cents; in Detroit 16 cents.

Bacon, breakfast, per pound in Windsor, 19 cents; in Detroit 24 cents.

This is certainly an object lesson to the consumers in tariff-burdened America.

## MR. TAFT AND THE PEOPLE.

President Taft altogether fails to understand the cause of the widespread and growing displeasure of the people with his administration. His speech at the Republican club banquet Saturday night was a cry of alarm—unmistakably it was that. But it was also an attempt at justification, and in that his failure was so disastrous that he visibly added to the causes of present dissatisfaction. What is it that blinds the eyes of Mr. Taft to the plain truth that the great issue upon which his administration has been adjudged a failure is one of common morality? The people may be deceived by the intricacies of tariff schedules, they may be poor judges of the constitutionality of federal laws, but the false pretense the broken pledges, bad faith, these are faults in honor which they perceive

as quickly as anybody, for the moral sense is primary and universal. Carl Schurz used to say that while political argument and appeal often left an audience unmoved, he never failed to carry his audience with him on a moral issue if he could put it clearly before them. We need not tell Mr. Taft, for he knows it already, that the broken tariff pledge of his party has been brought within the clear apprehension of the people. No truth in our political history was ever better known.

His party and he appealed for the votes of the people upon the promise that the Dingley tariff should be revised downward, we repeat, revised downward. He made that promise many times, as a candidate pledging his personal faith that the party's promise should be kept. The votes were given, his party triumphed, he was elected. The promise was not kept, Mr. Taft and the Republican leaders have deceived the people.

What does it avail him now, what has it availed him since the Winona speech, to repeat his feeble, paltering defense of that dishonorable deception? Fifteen million voters cannot be lied to and not find it out. Undoubtedly Mr. Taft believed that the pledge would be kept. He did not then consciously deceive the people. But on that day last September when he abused himself to declare, as he declared again Saturday night, that the Aldrich-Payne tariff is "the best customs law that has ever been passed," the country learned with deep regret and concern that it must revise its judgment of the character and moral fiber of its president. That is why Ohio, his own state, is in grave danger; that is why in every state from the Ohio border west to the Pacific the party is rent with factional discord; that is why the Republicans, in all probability, are to lose in next fall's elections their majority in the house of representatives. How different today would have been Mr. Taft's standing before the people if with the courage of a man he had vetoed the bill and denounced the treachery that shaped it!—New York Times.

The president is making an effort to harmonize the Ohio Republicans. The Democrats are already Judson Harmonized.

Answers given by Mr. Glavis are very displeasing to the attorneys for Secretary Ballinger—which is the best evidence that the answers are satisfactory to Glavis.

It is rumored that Richardson county will soon have a candidate in the field for the Republican nomination for congress. "Come on boys," the more the merrier.

Billy Hayward says he would rather run for congress than governor, because the liquor question will cut no figure in his candidacy for the latter position. Is Mr. Hayward afraid to come either for or against county option? It looks that way.

The last legislature passed the 3 o'clock closing law, a restriction that has been enforced. It came from a Democratic body of representatives. It was a distinct gain for the temperance people and unexpected. Can the prohibitionists hope to accomplish more?—Weeping Water Republican.

This year is particularly happy in the arrangement of its holidays. Lincoln's birthday, Memorial day and Fourth of July and Christmas fall either on Saturday or Monday, giving two days in succession of freedom from labor to those who deserve them.

When some public men wait until the last minute to jump into the county option bandwagon, people generally have their doubts as to whether they are conscientious in such a tardy move. If it is principal with them it should have been taken long ago.

The resignation of Prof. Crabtree from the presidency of the Peru normal and his retirement from that institution will prove a great disaster to educational interests of Nebraska.

The removal of Ludden from the state normal board is next in order, and the reinstatement of President Crabtree should follow.

Ex-Governor Sheldon has emphatically declined to become a candidate for that office this year. C. H. Aldrich of David City, is the only Republican candidate thus far announced, and he comes right square out for county option. We like to see a candidate come out and declare for what he stands for.

If the prohibition question is to be voted upon in Nebraska, let the matter be settled as soon as possible. The Democrats are not in favor of county option, and there are numerous Republicans who are in the same fix. Every candidate for the legislature will have to declare for or against county option.

Will the Plattsmouth Journal endorse Colonel Bryan's county option views, or Jim Dahlman's personal liberty policy. It is really too bad to be placed in such a predicament.—Weeping Water Republican. Why bless your dear, hypocritical soul, the Journal is not in the habit of changing its opinion on such matters, and it stands right were it has always stood on the liquor question. We are for principal, not men.

Slippery Elmer keeps his press bureau awful busy in dishing out editorials to a few Republican papers in Nebraska and one reads the same thing in a half dozen papers on the same date. The people of this state understand how this is done, but the postoffice editors in particular have to the will of the great blowhard, while the more independent papers consign these articles to the waste basket.

## TELLS IT TO THE INTERESTS.

The Wall Street Journal says: "It is to the interest of our politicians to persuade people that most of the evils they suffer from can be cured by legislation. It would never do to tell the farmer the truth—that he and not the legislature possesses the remedy for most of the evils from which he suffers. Probably the politician does not know any better. The representatives of a people are not ordinarily very much wiser than the people they represent."

The farmer is not so simple as the editor of the Wall Street Journal may think he is. But why not address these remarks to the representatives of special interests? Why not remind these gentlemen that if they are content with an honest livelihood they could get along without special legislation? The simple truth is that we have a lot of measures framed in the interest of the trust system which need to be defeated and we have a lot of legislation that was enacted for the use and benefit of special interests that needs to be revised. The people are awaking to the fact that they must display some interest in the details of the government under which they live if they would have it preserved in the form in which the fathers laid it.

## WHAT WILL ROOSEVELT DO?

Will ex-President Roosevelt endorse the administration of President Taft?

This is the big question among the politicians. Incidentally, the whole nation is interested in the query and would like to know the answer.

There are men flying across the ocean today, hoping to make the great "scoop" by obtaining the first authentic word from Roosevelt as to whether he is for Taft's renomination or not. Republican standpatters have asserted that Roosevelt will support Taft, and this makes the uncertainty more acute. The Democrats sincerely hope he will endorse Mr. Taft. When Roosevelt started for Africa he told John A. Stewart, the president of the New York State League of Republican clubs, that he would not be a candidate for senator from New York; that he would not become a candidate for mayor of New York; that he would not be a candidate for

president in 1912. It may as well be understood that this view is not taken seriously by many of Roosevelt's friends. Stewart's statement is merely a setting forth of the standpat idea, which they hope the ex-president will follow—as if Theodore Roosevelt is to be regarded as a follower. The standpatters have made various indirect attempts to secure Roosevelt's endorsement of the Taft administration in general, and they have attempted to secure his endorsement of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill. No one knows whether they have been successful or not. In the last few days fear seems to have sprung into the hearts of the Taft element; they are in a most uneasy state. The really conservative believe that Roosevelt will endorse Taft, but not what Mr. Taft has been inveigled into doing; that he will stir things up in Washington as they have not been stirred before, and that out of it all will come the ex-president demanding another trial of his friend along newer lines of public service; that those greatest adherents to the cause of Taft today will be ousted from their position, and that the ex-president is in duty bound to a fellow friend in trouble, will shoulder the responsibility of his candidacy.

President Taft has promised to go to Alaska in the latter part of May, provided congress has adjourned, and in that event would not return until some time in July. The president's absence from the country at the time of ex-president Roosevelt's return home, would speak for itself. Much interest therefore is manifest in what takes place in the early springtime.

## Public Auction.

The undersigned will sell at public auction at his present home on the old John Magney farm, four miles north of Nehawka and six and one-half miles east of Weeping Water, on

THURSDAY, FEB. 24, 1910

## HORSES AND CATTLE.

One iron gray gelding, four years old, weight 1150, one iron gray gelding, eight years old, weight 1400, one gray mare, smooth mouthed, weight 1200, one team of bay mules, smooth mouthed, weight 2100, one black mare, coming three years old, weight 1250, one gray mare, smooth mouthed, weight 1200, one bay gelding, six years old, weight 1100, one iron gray gelding, five years old, weight 1200, one black gelding, nine years old, weight 1350, one black mare, eleven years old, weight 1400, one gray mare, smooth mouthed, weight 1200, six cows, one heifer, six calves, one cow and calf.

## IMPLEMENTS.

Two farm wagons, three top buggies, one spring wagon, one stalk cutter two 3-section harrows, one hay rake, one Deering mower, one Buckeye mower, one Deering binder, one Badger riding lister, one walking lister, one Peru disc, 2 Badger riding cultivators, one Tip-top cultivator, one Avery cultivator, new; one riding stubble plow, one walking stubble plow, corn elevator and power, one broadcast seeder, one 50-gallon iron kettle, one U. S. separator, two heating stoves, three sets of work harness, two sets of single harness, 6 dozen full blooded Buff Orpington chickens, three turkeys.

All my household goods and many other articles too numerous to mention.

## TERMS OF SALE.

All sums of \$10 and under, cash in hand; over \$10, a credit from six to twelve months will be given, the purchaser giving good bankable paper bearing eight per cent interest from date. Property must be settled for before being removed. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Free lunch served on the grounds at noon.

A. B. TUCKER,  
Robt. Wilkinson, Auctioneer.  
D. C. West, Clerk.

## HORSES FOR SALE

5 work horses, 4 cultivatory, 1 corn planter, offered at private sale. Apply to Mr. Baughman, on Dovey Section.

A large number of Elmwood people came in last evening to see the basket ball game and urge their girls on to possible victory. Among those attending were Messrs. Ralph Eubley and Harry Green and Misses Bessie G. DeLosDernier, Estella Delesernier and Lottie Mairs. The basket ball girls were Misses Camp, Nellis Leay, Emma Kunz and Pearl Wesihel.

# EDWIN R. TODD LAID AT REST

Funeral Services Conducted by  
Rev. Luther Moore and In-  
terment Made in Oak  
Hill Cemetery.

From Saturday's Daily.  
The funeral of the late Edwin R. Todd took place yesterday afternoon from the Christian church in this city, there being an unusually large number of friends of the deceased gathered there to pay their last and token of respect to this venerable Nebraska pioneer and citizen. The services were conducted by Rev. Luther Moore who delivered an able and eloquent address upon the life and works of this well known citizen and the christian family from whom he was descended. Rev. Moore was thoroughly posted upon the family history of the deceased and dwelt at length upon the trials and tribulations which his father had gone through with when he came into the wilderness to preach the Word. Rev. Moore also referred throughout his address to the high standing which deceased had in the community and the great worth which his old friends and neighbors had attached to him during his lifetime. The sermon was most able and impressive. There were a number of musical selections which the deceased had so well loved in his lifetime being given.

The floral remembrances of loving friends and neighbors were both many and handsome, the casket reposing amid many flowers, mute expressions of the deep regard with which all regarded the aged pioneer.

Interment followed the sermon, the cortege being extremely long. The body was laid to rest in lovely Oak Hill, those acting as pall bearers being Messrs. Thomas Wiles, Isaac Wiles, Henry Eikenbary, Jacob Tritsch, Walter J. White and W. H. Newell, all for many years friends and companions of the departed.

The attendance from out of the city was very large including Edward Twiss and wife, Mrs. John Twiss, C. G. Mayfield and wife and two daughters and a son and Mrs. G. W. Mayfield, a sister of deceased, all of Louisville, Mrs. Grace Thomas of Ralston, L. C. Todd of Nehawka, Harry Todd of Murray and Harry Thomas and wife of Elmwood.

The widow of the deceased was unable to come into the city for the services owing to ill health.

## Card of Thanks.

We, the undersigned, wish to thank all those who so kindly assisted us in our late bereavement of our husband and father and also for the beautiful floral remembrances.

Mrs. E. R. Todd.  
A. E. Todd and family.  
Eddie Todd and family.  
A. L. Todd and family.  
Dr. G. W. Todd and family.  
Dr. T. J. Todd and family.  
Russell Todd and family.  
Mrs. Bertha Todd.

## A Narrow Escape.

Frank Brinkman, the well known switchman, last night had a very narrow escape from the loss of his left foot, while engaged in his duties in the yards above the depot. He escaped with merely a badly bruised foot but this was simply due to a remarkable streak of good luck, and today he is shaking hands with himself. The switcher was engaged in backing some cars in on one of the tracks which runs in close to the high bluff on the west side of the upper yards and Mr. Brinkman was riding on one of the cars on which an apron was projecting or open. The apron struck the bank and dropped down, catching Mr. Brinkman's foot and badly squeezing it. Mr. Brinkman had presence of mind enough to hurriedly disengage himself and at once had some of the men on the engine bring him some hot water in which he plunged his foot. To this prompt action is due the fact that his foot this morning was much better than he had hoped for. An examination by the company physician disclosed that no bones were broken but the foot was mightily severely bruised and Mr. Brinkman will be off several days from work on that account. The injury was very painful also last night but today was considerably better. It was a very fortunate escape for the young man.

Mrs. E. M. Godwin, daughter Ruth and son Everett were passengers this morning for Omaha where they will spend the day with Mrs. D. B. Ebersole and sons at the hospital. It is reported that Mrs. Ebersole is getting along considerably better and is now able to sit up, news which is quite pleasing to her many good friends in the city. It is hoped that the improvement is to continue and that she will fully recover within a short time.