

The Plattsmouth - Journal

Published Semi-Weekly at Plattsmouth, Nebraska

R. A. BATES, Publisher.

Entered at the Postoffice at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, second class matter.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Postmaster Smith has been made the victim of his enemies, who want to dictate the appointment of his successor.

By the time Colonel Roosevelt gets back to this country he will be needing a powerful microscope to find the remains of "my policies."

Judge Archer is making a good campaign for county judge. He is a pioneer citizen and well qualified for the position. In fact, there is no one in the county that is better fitted for the office and he should be elected.

Republicans are always on the move when there is an office in sight. Anticipation has already brought four candidates to the front, and one of them is just finishing an eight-year siege in the court house. Wouldn't that cork you?

The third-term candidate is finding out that there are not as many voters in Cass county as he thought there were who would vote for a third-term candidate. They would not vote for John D. McBride four years ago for the third term, and we don't believe they will vote for Quinton.

The postoffice fight is waxing warm. It may be that the candidates are a little previous in the matter of petitions. There has been no thorough investigation of the charges, and it may be that they are trumped up. But evidently some of the aspirants believe in the early worm theory.

An Oklahoma City bank, with deposits aggregating \$3,000,000, was closed by the state bank commissioner Tuesday, and within forty-eight hours the payment of depositors was begun. There was no run on the bank. Depositors knew their money was absolutely safe, and that they would be paid in full. If a guarantee law works so nicely in Oklahoma, why not the same in Nebraska?

Four years ago John D. McBride told the convention at Elmwood he would not run for the third term for sheriff. But when they prevailed upon him to make the race because no one else wanted the nomination, he finally consented. Was this the way with the present incumbent? Not much. There were two candidates for the nomination—Quinton and John Busche, the latter an excellent citizen and well qualified for the position. In fact, if anything, better fitted for the office than the present incumbent. Vote for Ed. Tutt and stop this third term business.

Those who have had experience in bank failures need not have pointed out to them the advantages of the Oklahoma situation. The closing of an institution with \$3,000,000 of deposits would without doubt unsettle business in almost any city in the country, and in any other state would certainly have an effect upon the banking business of the entire commonwealth. The bank which was closed was the reserve for 150 others, and had on deposit \$1,300,000 of their funds. Yet these smaller institutions are not in the least affected and will keep right on doing business as though nothing had happened. Without the guarantee law, a report to the effect that any of the smaller institutions had any considerable sum on deposit in the failed bank must certainly have resulted in a "run" on the little fellow and no one could foresee where the failures and losses would end.

We sincerely hope that the Cook and Peary dispute will soon be set-

tle. We feel satisfied that Dr. Cook ought to have the credit of discovering the north pole and believe that Peary is a bluffer of the first water.

BURKETT JOINS IN CHORUS.

Senator Burkett has wheeled into line with President Taft and Senator Erown and other elder statesmen who have been assuring us that the tariff is all right, we are all right, the country is all right and everything is all right. The senator's speech last evening was not a very direct defense of the tariff, but he sidled in in good style before he got through. He laid down as the first proposition that a grouch is an undesirable citizen, and by implication he averred that anybody who kicked about the tariff was a grouch. He confessed to impatience because things were not done his way, but he had discovered that legislation was all a compromise, and represented, in its last essence, the composite mind of those who moulded it. He was inclined to accept the bill as the best that could be hoped for, although it is what Senator Dooliver proclaimed to be "an organized swindle."

Mr. Burkett says it is the verdict of the majority, and seemed to reprobate criticism of it because this is a government by majority. Instead of denouncing the law, he said, it is better to find out the good and applaud it as patriots do, while locating the bad and improving it as statesmen should do. But he didn't point out the good, nor did he tell his hearers that the party, after solemnly pledging revision, which Taft said meant downward, it passed a bill that on the whole increases the tariff burdens. The criticism against the tariff law that is unanswered and unanswerable is that it is not the product of the composite mind of the party or of the members of the national legislature. The composite mind of the party decreed that there should be downward revision, and the nation agreed with it. When it came to making the bill, it was the composite mind of the manufacturers as represented by Aldrich that made the bill. How can Senator Burkett say it was the composite mind of the senate that evolved the bill that passed substantially as the senate finance committee amended it, and that it was accomplished, not through each member voting his own honest convictions on each schedule, but as the result of a system of trades based upon a promise to vote for whatever the others want if they will agree to vote for what he does? It follows, therefore, that it was not government by majority, but government by dicker, based on need and greed.

It is true that no tariff law can be passed that will suit everybody and which will not be a proper subject of criticism in some of its schedules. It is possible, however, to pass a tariff bill that will satisfy most reasonable men, and which in most of its schedules is fair and reasonable. This kind of a bill could have been made if Aldrich had not effected a combine among the senators, and if the voting had been as free from any interest other than that of the public, such as characterized the voting of the ten insurgents. The News regards the present tariff law as indefensible because it is not only a betrayal of the party pledge, but a betrayal of the public interest. It has printed columns of actual facts that prove this, and it is prepared to print other columns taken from the records to show that the same fraud and bad faith lurks in many of its schedules. It is not defense of a bill that increases tariff burdens to say that no tariff bill can be made that will satisfy everybody, when

the facts are patent that a bill could have been passed that would decrease those burdens, and when it is well known that outside of the insurgents and the president, no effort was made at Washington to make a bill that would be a real downward revision or which would satisfy anybody but the manufacturing interests.—Lincoln News (Rep.).

Andy Snyder is making splendid campaign for register of deeds, and winning golden opinions wherever he goes. His quiet, unassuming manner takes with the people. Then his qualifications for the position are splendid.

Where can be found in Nebraska three more competent lawyers for the supreme bench than Judges Sullivan, Good and Dean? Judge Sullivan served six years on the supreme bench, Judge Good is serving now as district judge, which position he has occupied for ten years, and Judge Dean is now serving on the supreme bench. Their abilities as jurists is beyond approach.

Dan Killan of Gage county is a full-fledged candidate for the renomination for governor on the Republican ticket next year. We chanced to get pretty well acquainted with Mr. Killan last winter during the session of the legislature, of which we were both members, and was associated with him a great deal. We learned to think a great deal of him and believe his popularity will make him a formidable candidate.

This is said to have been John A. Johnson's favorite prayer: "Spare me from the bitterness and the sharp passions of unguarded moments. May I not forget that poverty and riches are of the spirit; and, although age and infirmity overtake me, and I come not within sight of the castle of my dreams, teach me to be thankful for life, and for time's olden memories that are good and sweet. And may the evening's twilight find me gentle still."

Miss Mary E. Foster's record as county superintendent of schools is well known to the voters of Cass county. She has been untiring in her efforts to keep the business of the office, and that she has done so in a very systematic manner, no one can dispute. Then why should she not be continued in that position for the second term? We believe the voters of the county will decide in her favor by a good majority, instead of electing a man who has not been in the county hardly long enough to become a voter.

Little Vicky of the Omaha Bee has tried so hard to fill his father's place, but everyone knows that that little pate of his never did nor never will have stored there one-fourth the brains of Edward Rosewater. Little Vicky is the son of a great man, and that is all he has to commend him. His political star is about to set to rise no more. The Republican party of Nebraska is about done with him. He has tried hard to dictate the party policy in Nebraska, but has proved a dismal failure.

HOUSES OF LORDS.

One of the anticipated possibilities of the impending crisis in British politics is the abolition of the house of lords. There is much popular clamor for it on the plea of progressiveness. It is one of the outgrowths of the conflict over the budget and the radical means proposed for raising the national revenues. Some people really seem to imagine that the upper branch of parliament is doomed to extinction.

There has long been heard considerable grumbling in this country against the American house of lords, and an element of American citizenship has been at times outspoken in the demand that it should be abolished. Should the people of Great Britain set us the example by wiping out its oracle of aristocracy, such is the force of example that it would afford occasion for members of the senate to begin casting about for places upon which to alight in case of emergency.

Americans, however, think they have a better plan for disposing of the United States senate as at present constituted. They are considering the plan of electing senators by direct vote of the people. Perhaps a senate of their own creation would be permitted by the people to continue to exist, but if England should ever abolish the upper house, it will take some drastic reform such as is now being considered in this country to save the United States senate.—Lincoln Star.

NOW YOU WILL UNDERSTAND.

In what is considered the strongest Republican district in the state, Congressman Pollard was defeated for re-election by a man who was not as well known throughout the district as he should be. Pollard had only served one term, but had failed to "make good," even if he had been advanced by Speaker Cannon and given every opportunity. In order that he may be in line for the nomination next fall Mr. Pollard has purchased the Plattsmouth News-Herald so that he can administer a rebuke to those Republicans who refuse to fall into line and give him such assistance as he thinks he is entitled to. That he has begun the whipping into line is evident from the following, a clipping from his paper:

"We don't believe the man who gets a sour stomach and criticizes his party and then goes out and tries to defeat a candidate who has possibly not come up to his expectations is any better than the man who goes out and gets drunk and then comes home and kicks his wife. Both are stirring up trouble in the family and both imagine they have cause for kicking up a row."

That is not a very clever bouquet to hand to the numerous Republicans who refused to vote for him. To compare the delegates who went to Falls City, and were compelled to vote as the leaders said to a man, who is drunk and goes home and whips his wife, to say the least, is not very clever. Just how the independent Republicans of the district will like the comparison remains to be seen.—Nebraska City News.

We have had our ear to the ground for it for some time, and now we are beginning to hear it—the first rumblings of a rising chorus among disgruntled Republicans for the nomination of Roosevelt in 1912 and the side-tracking of Taft.

Halley's comet, which exhibits in the heavens once in every seventy-five years, is announced to make a return engagement early next year. The most of us had better take a good look at it, for it is probable we won't get a chance to see it again.

Ed. Tutt has been out among the people all this week, and he feels greatly encouraged over the prospects. His two years experience as deputy sheriff will enable him to take right hold of the office and perform the duties of the office in a business like manner.

We talked with a Republican from the west side of the county yesterday and he says he is going to vote for Frank E. Schlater because he has proved himself worthy of the office for the second term. He said that where an official has filled the treasurer's office in the efficient manner that Mr. Schlater had, he deserves another term, but that he will never vote for either a Democrat or Republican for the third term.

The Nebraska Workman, the organ of the A. O. U. W. in this state, pays Clell Morgan the following compliment: "D. C. Morgan of Plattsmouth, chairman of the finance committee of the Degree of Honor, is a candidate for county clerk of Cass county. It is quite probable that he will be elected, and when he is, if he attends to business as closely for the county as he does for the Degree of Honor, his constituents will have no cause for complaint."

The taxpayers need a man of George P. Meisinger's honesty and ability on the county board of com-

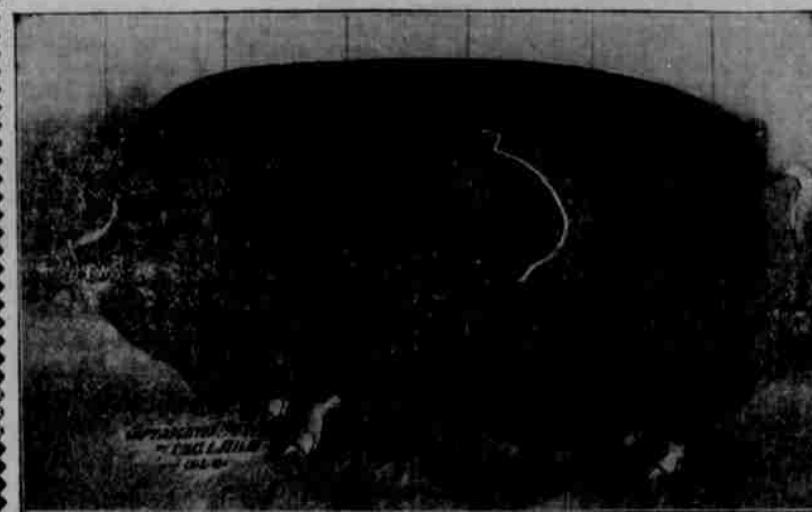
E. M. SMITH

Will Sell

36 POLAND CHINA HOGS

October 11, 1909 at 1 p. m.

At Rainey's Livery Barn, Union, Neb.



15 BOARS—Fall and Winter. 21 SOWS—Yearling and Fall

This stuff is strictly expansion Wan 36278, Onward Price 57756 and S. P. of the Perfection Blood. The lot will be thin fleshed, but no better blood lines can be found in this part of the state. You are invited to attend this sale.

COL. R. WILKINSON, Auctioneer,
JOHN R. PIERSON, Clerk.

missioners. And this paper will guarantee that if he is elected, the people will say that we are right when we declared that he will prove one of the best men for the interests of all the people that ever served in that important position. In every community that he visits he makes friends. His very countenance denotes honesty, and the ability to carry out that which he thinks is to the best interest of all the people of Cass county.

Beginning November 1, the postage on registered letters will be ten events instead of eight as heretofore. We believe it was the Republican platform of 1888 that promised the people one cent postage. Postage on registered letters was formerly ten cents, but it was later reduced to eight cents. Now an order has been issued putting it back to ten cents. This is like the tariff—an upward revision. The people are getting what they voted for and should not grumble. Those of us who foresaw what was ahead and voted for better things have a right to grumble, and in our grumbling we have the company of some very good men who didn't vote with us. But they see they were flim-flamed and are not afraid to say so. We refer to Senators Cummings, Dooliver, Clapp, Nelson, Bristow and Beveridge, besides some twenty insurgent congressmen.

MORE TARIFF INFAMY.

Winter is approaching and people must buy woolen clothing to keep themselves and children warm. Below we present an item in the new tariff law that will make some people wonder why they voted for Taft on the promise to revise the tariff downward.

Only a man insane with party zeal can have the temerity to stand up and defend such a damnable out-

rage upon the poor people of our country. Here is paragraph 378 of the new upwardly revised tariff law:

"Clothing, ready-made, and articles of wearing apparel, made up or manufactured, wholly or in part, not specially provided for—cloaks, dolmans, jackets, talmas, ulsters or other outside garments for ladies' and children's apparel, forty-four cents per pound and sixty per cent ad valorem."

Let us illustrate what tribute a lady will have to pay to the protected manufacturers' trust when she buys a garment. Say the garment weighs four pounds and its productive cost is \$12. At forty-four cents per pound the specific duty will be \$1.76. The ad valorem duty of sixty per cent on \$12 is \$7.20, making the total tariff on the garment \$8.96. The law and the tax rate are given above and you can figure it for yourself. It is only a mutton-head who will attempt to defend the woolen schedule of our tariff law.

GOES TO HOSPITAL.

Mrs. N. H. Isbell, accompanied their son to Immanuel hospital this morning, where the young man will undergo an operation for rupture. John does not like the idea of being tied up indoors for three weeks, but the doctor advised him to submit now, as he would then be stronger and in good shape for work. The operation will be had today. Dr. Livingston accompanied them to the hospital.

BUYS ALBERTA FARM.

George Thomas returned from Calgary this morning, having become so favorably impressed with the country that he invested in a half section of Alberta soil. Mr. Thomas' land is located about fifty miles north of Calgary and four miles from Disberry. He brought with him from Dick Oldham's farm, which is not far from his own land, samples of wheat and potatoes, which are very fine.

William Volk was a passenger to Omaha on the morning train today.

Low Rates for Autumn

TO THE NORTHWEST:—Cheap one-way Colonist fares to the Northwest, Puget Sound and California, September 15th to October 15th; daily through trains to the Northwest via the Great Northern; also via the Northern Pacific. To California, daily through tourist sleepers via Denver, Scenic Colorado and Salt Lake City.

ROUND TRIP TO PACIFIC COAST:—Very low Seattle and California round trip excursion tickets on sale during September. This is the last chance to obtain these cheap rates for the greatest railroad journey in the World.

EASTBOUND:—Special round trip rates to Chicago, Kansas City, Lincoln, Omaha, St. Joseph, St. Louis, August 28th to September 5th and from September 11th to September 19th. Daily low thirty day round trip rates from Chicago to Atlantic cities and resorts.

September is the last month for the special vacation rates to Colorado. Homeseekers' excursions September 7th and 21st.

Consult nearest ticket agent; he has latest advice of special rates.

W. L. PICKETT, Ticket Agent.

L. W. WAKELEY, G. P. A., Omaha.

