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A SUCCESS IN EVERY PARTICULAR

The De-Lone Concert and Dramatic Company Nelted the Ladies of the Altar Society of St. John's Catholic Church a Neat Sum

The best concert given in this city for many years was that given Monday evening at the Parmele by the De-Lone Concert and Dramatic Company. And it is a matter of satisfaction that the concert was a brilliant success in every respect. It netted the Ladies of the Altar Society of St. John's Catholic Church, under whose auspices it was given, a neat sum after settling all expenses, and gave all who attended a most satisfactory evening.

The complete success of the concert and the large attendance is due to the interest manifested by the ladies of the Society who all pushed the affair strongly and by their activity disposed of many tickets. Particularly is the success due to the activity and hard work of Mrs. Thos. E. Parmele who was virtually the business manager of the concert. Her untiring zeal and energy in its behalf resulted in everything passing off with the greatest possible smoothness. Too much praise cannot be given her for her very skillful management.

Of the numbers upon the program it is enough to say that every one was a success. The public had been led to believe that they would have a rare treat in the harp playing of Miss De-Lone and it can be said with safety that they were not disappointed. Miss De-Lone more than acquitted herself with credit. She is well indeed, said to be the "Queen of the Harp," and her mastery of that beautiful instrument was apparent. Every selection played was a masterpiece and Miss De-Lone played everyone with an instrumentation that was perfect. Undoubtedly she is a most finished and polished artist. Her selections ranged in all classes of music from classical to popular and were well suited to the great variety of tastes in the audience. It is to be hoped Miss De-Lone can be secured for another date in this city in the future.

Robert Cuscaden, the violin virtuoso, made himself also a general favorite with his mastery of that instrument. Like Miss De-Lone, his selections ranged from grave to gay, and from simple melodies to the highest grade of classical music, and all met with instantaneous appreciation from the audience. In his particular line, Mr. Cuscaden was the master of the violin as Miss De-Lone was of the harp. Such musicians are sure of an appreciative audience in this city at any time.

Miss Hazel Herbert took excellently with the audience as she is a dramatic reader of rare ability. She has great versatility in reading, being able to move passions and feelings of her audience by the varying moods of her selections, and acquitting herself as a talented and able young woman.

Of the local talent, it is known that no better bass singer can be found in this vicinity than H. S. Austin, and his work last evening bore out the reputation he has so ably built up in this vicinity. Mr. Austin was in fine voice and with his able musical education, he gave a number of selections which stirred the auditors to a high pitch of enthusiasm. His voice sounded strongly in the auditorium, the deep, rich, tones reaching each nook and corner of the building. He is quite justly a popular favorite.

Miss Ella Margaret Dovey, as the accompanist, acquitted herself splendidly. Miss Dovey also gave her numbers on the program with a finished polish and technique that showed her superb training. She is without doubt one of the most accomplished pianists in this vicinity.

From the foregoing it can readily be seen the entire program was exceptionally good, and deserved the applause which greeted almost every number.

GOV. SHELDON ON LABOR DAY

Recommends That All Business, as Far as Possible, be Suspended

Governor Sheldon's labor day proclamation issued Tuesday recognizes the dignity of labor in city, town and county, urges citizens and children alike to cherish a wholesome reverence for labor and expresses the hope that each succeeding labor day may witness a better understanding between employer and employe in a more optimistic union and proclaims equal protection to all the people in their rights as citizens of a republic. The proclamation designated September 7 as labor day. It is as follows:

"Nebraska points with pride to a working population in city, town and country. Here the dignity of labor is held in highest honor and its achievements unexcelled. We can all enjoy the results of honest effort, to the measure of our ability to plan and to work, and we may rejoice that the wealth in our state is as ideally distributed as anywhere in the world. It is especially fitting that out people have by law designated one day of the year as a legal holiday in token of their esteem for the importance of labor.

"Now therefore, I, George Lawson Sheldon, governor of the state of Nebraska, in accordance with law and custom do hereby proclaim the 7th day of September, 1908, as labor day, and earnestly recommend that all businesses so far as possible, be suspended on that day, to the end that the significance of the day may be brought to the attention of our citizens, and that the children, with whom lies the future destiny of our commonwealth, may thereby cherish a wholesome reverence for labor.

"On this day it will greatly profit our state if employer and employe will take counsel together in general gatherings, or in specific manner, and the hope

is fervently expressed that each succeeding labor day may witness a better understanding and a closer and more optimistic union, in spirit and in fact, among all the citizens of our state.

"Let it ever be kept in mind that all the people are entitled to equal opportunities, equal privileges, and equal protection in their rights as citizens of our republic."

THE ELECTION YESTERDAY

The Total Vote Being Very Light Throughout the County.

Nothing definite can be given of the returns from the primaries in Cass County as the judges and clerks in all cases kept no record of the vote of their respective wards and precincts. The city is apparently close between Dahlgren and Shallenberger while Berge has run well in the country and the probabilities favor a close vote between him and Shallenberger for the control of the county. The remainder of the ticket is almost wholly lost in mystery except possibly on congressman, Maguire seeming to have carried the county by a large majority.

The republican ticket is in the same shape as the democratic. The only fight which attracted much attention was that on Railroad Commissioner and Williams seems to have held a good lead over his numerous competitors.

The total vote was ridiculously light, the spathy in the republican ranks being much greater than in the Democratic. Just as soon as the vote can be correctly obtained the Journal will give it.

County Surveyor Hilton was called to Pacific Junction this morning to lay out some ditches for drainage purposes. The Mills County surveyor was unable to attend to the work owing to the pressure of other duties.

Celebrate Golden Wedding

A special from Weeping Water, under date of August 31, says: "In Fremont county, Iowa, August 29, 1858, occurred the marriage of F. M. Timblin to Miss Eva Coleman. On Saturday, August 28, 1908, in Weeping Water these same parties celebrated their golden wedding. Not only was there a celebration of the happy event of fifty years ago, but a reunion of the Timblin family. There were present of the children, A. L. Timblin of Omaha, Myrtle, also of Omaha, Lee of Wisner, Mrs. Weeks of Scotia, and Mrs. Welch of Hampton. Children, grandchildren and other relatives of the family made up a company of about forty. These were joined by a goodly company of neighbors and citizens. Mr. Timblin is seventy-nine years old and Mrs. Timblin seventy-four."

INCENSED AT THE ATTEMPT

Telegraph Operators Assert That Trains Cannot be Safely Dispatched by Telephone.

The Lincoln News says that the operators at Havelock are greatly incensed at the attempt which is being made by the Burlington to cheapen running expenses and to do without the employment of the operator. The statement below was given out by the operators as to the adaptability of the phones for the dispatching of trains:

"The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway has announced that it will spend a million dollars this winter and fall in an attempt to substitute the common telephone for the telegraph system for dispatching trains. The telephone system has been thoroughly tested in eastern states; it was not allowed there to be used as it was impracticable, and very dangerous to the traveling public.

"Every user of the telephone knows how unreliable it is; it never works twice alike and a great many times one has to guess at what is being talked over the phone.

"In dispatching trains, accuracy is the essential thing at all times, but in the use of the 'phone there is so much uncertainty that the public should not permit the use of a system that is known to be extremely dangerous and put the lives of those who ride on the trains in great danger.

"There are so many sounds alike on the 'phone that words are very often mistaken and one mistake of this kind in a train order might be the cause of a great wreck. Anyone knows how difficult it is to get a message over a 'phone at times and when the 'phone is working bad has to guess at a great deal that is being said, whereas, by the telegraph system everything is transmitted by dots and dashes, all train orders are repeated back to the dispatcher in the manner he sends them; this obviates any errors that might be made in receiving. Phone messages can be repeated, but the words sounds are so frequently mistaken that the system is to be dreaded. The adoption of the 'phone for transmitting train orders is a very dangerous experiment and the public should at once file a protest with the railway commissioners of the state to prevent its adoption and use, or if necessary see that suitable laws are passed at the next session of the legislature to prevent its use.

"With the adoption of the 'phone on the railroads will come in the employment of cheap and inexperienced men to operate the 'phones; this is the reason for the adoption of the system of 'phoning, and will be a great menace to the lives of the traveling public."

In Justice Court

Before Justice Archer last Tuesday County Attorney Rawls and Attorney Sullivan appeared and it was agreed that the complaint heretofore filed against John Keenan for assault upon B. E. Hill be dismissed and Keenan was arraigned and plead guilty to the charge of assault and battery. The justice gave him a fine of eleven days in the county jail, the sentence to date from Keenan's confinement on the assault with intent to do bodily injury charge. This amount to his dismissal.

County Commissioner Friedrich was called upon to show the representatives of Mr. Ward, the gentleman who has the contract for the concrete culverts and bridges where the new structures are to be located. This means that work will be commenced on them at once and rushed to a speedy completion, supplying a much needed work.

Help Wanted

Wanted—A girl for general house work. Apply to MRS. F. C. WEBBER.

Some Fine Apples

Ed. Brantner came in last Monday and made the Journal office a very pleasant call. He left a fine basket of apples with the paper as a memento of his visit. They are of the worthy variety, and are the finest apples yet brought to our attention being large, ripe and luscious. The flavor is fine making them a great eating apple. If Mr. Brantner can produce many apples of as fine a flavor as these he wouldn't need to do much farming, as they would make him a big fortune in themselves. They were certainly appreciated by the members of the force.

C. E. McENTEE RETURNS FROM SOUTH

Chief Engineer and General Manager of a Railroad Company.

Chas. E. McEntee, Chief Engineer and General Manager of the San Antonio, Durango and Rio Grande Railroad, returned last Tuesday from San Antonio, Tex., his headquarters. During his stay in Texas Mr. McEntee took occasion to thoroughly go over the line of the proposed road, and is greatly impressed with the country through which the road will run. He has decided to accept the position tendered him, and arrange his affairs so as to give the matters his entire attention. Speaking of the country through which the road will run Mr. McEntee says that it will grow anything from Irish potatoes to figs, lemons and oranges. He never saw such cotton as that land produces. The yield is a bale to the acre which brings in fifty dollars while the returns from oranges are many dollars greater. One of the promoters of the road, Mr. Campbell, last year had four acres of oranges which netted him twenty-two hundred dollars, saying nothing of the income from his figs which is much more. He does not believe that Nebraska farmers know what profitable farming is. Down there the farmers put in about three hours a day looking after business and if the methods and vigor of the northern farmer were used, they would be millionaires several times over in no time. Mr. McEntee reports the prospects for the early construction of the road which will run from San Antonio through Southwest Texas to the Rio Grande river where it will connect with a road to Mexico City, as being exceptionally bright.

Five Dollars and Costs

Mention was made in the Journal of yesterday of the furious and unsuccessful assault of Henry Burrows upon one John Barleycorn, and the prediction was there made that Henry would receive some of the even handed justice which Judge Archer is known to deal out. It was even so, as Henry was arraigned later in the day before the Judge and in default of a reasonable excuse, he was presented with a fine of five dollars and costs being what the court considered a reasonable amount of his celebrated brand of justice. As Henry had no money but expressed a desire to work and earn some wherewith to liquidate, the Court suspended sentence allowing Henry to engage in the pursuit of sheep herding for our worthy townman, J. P. Falter. Henry says he will remain with the sheep until the time comes to shear them and will in the near future, make good with his honor.

Make it a National Law.

The Journal is in receipt of the following communication from a citizen of Alvo, which seems to explain something concerning the increase in deposits of the Oklahoma banks which operate under the guarantee law, and ought to open the eyes of the local bankers as to what they are doing when they oppose the guarantee law:

"ALVO, Neb., Aug. 29, 1908.—(Editor Plattsmouth Journal.)—I sent a Chicago draft for \$2,000 to the Oklahoma State bank of Chickasha, Okla., this bank paying 4 per cent interest on time deposits if left for six months, and I can cash the certificate before maturity. Now, I contend this certificate, drawing four per cent interest, is better than a government bond, and is absolutely protected under the guarantee law. Now, vote for Bryan and we will have this law a national law."

GEORGE A. HESS.

J. C. Seerist and family departed this morning for her home in Wheeler County after a very pleasant visit in this city, for a few days with B. C. Hyde and family. Mr. Seerist was formerly employed in the Burlington brass foundry at this point and has a great many friends here. He is now engaged in farming in Wheeler County.

MRS MARY HARRIS ARMOR LAST NIGHT

The Parmele Theatre Crowded to Overflowing to Hear the Noted Lady From Georgia.

An audience of some twelve hundred greeted Mrs. Mary Harris Armor at the Parmele Theatre last evening and for an hour and a half listened to a strong and masterful plea for the abolition of the saloon and the liquor traffic. Mrs. Armor's address was the most powerful argument heard in this city for years, presenting her side of the liquor problem with a thoroughness which showed her careful study of the question.

She is a strong, earnest and forceful speaker with a delivery of great rapidity, too great in fact, to be as effective it might have been. She is a woman of above medium height, rather attractive in appearance and seemingly intensely nervous. There was considerable disappointment expressed by many of her audience at the lack of eloquence, they seemingly having had the impression that she was an eloquent orator, while she really is more of a matter-of-fact speaker.

The arguments advanced by her in her address were the usual stock arguments of prohibition speakers, but in addition she gave an expose of the manner in which Georgia was converted to prohibition—the county option principle which resulted in arraying one town and city against another until alleged prohibition was carried in the state. She made a vigorous denial that the race problem had contributed in any degree to that result, alleging that it was not fear of the negro and his drinking that had influenced the result but was rather a desire to protect the home from the inroads of liquor. Her description of the methods by which each county was gradually won over to prohibition—the county precincts voting prohibition on the towns and cities, and each of them in turn being concentrated against the large cities in the state until the end came in the adoption of prohibition in the state by the county precincts and small towns voting it onto the larger cities. She made no claims that it was impossible to obtain liquor in the large cities in fact, tacitly admitting this to be the case as the liquor could be shipped in from outside points. Upon this feature the only question was the enforcement of the law, and that was largely a matter of public sentiment in the various communities. Her speech did not admit this to be the fact in so many words but could not be otherwise construed upon close study. The usual sentiment against liquor and its use

with the consequent good results to the community which would result from the money which was spent in this way, and turning it into other channels was dwelt upon at length and met with approval of the audience.

The speech was well received, being frequently interrupted by applause, and is perhaps as able a presentation of the prohibition side of the question as will be heard here during the campaign. At the close of her speech she made a strong appeal for funds for the use of the W. C. T. U. in conducting the anti-saloon campaign and was eminently successful there being about One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars subscribed in a few minutes. It is not known just how much of this fund was paid in. This money is sent to the state organization of the W. C. T. U. and will be used to defray the expenses of speakers &c. during the campaign. Mrs. Armor is a paid orator of the organization, receiving a stated sum for her campaign in this state.

Following her address she left the city upon the midnight train over the M. P. for her home at Atlanta, Ga.

During her stay in the city Mrs. Armor made many friends here and impressed all who met her as a brilliant, sincere and conscientious woman intent upon the abolition of the liquor traffic. In conversing with friends she showed a great and wide versatility, grasping the various phases of political action with ready facility. Speaking of the reports that Taft might carry some southern states she regarded them as absurd, and spoke of Watson's pretensions to Georgia as ridiculous. She has found Mr. Bryan to be strong every where she has been and believes his chance is excellent. She spoke of her campaign in this state as being a very pleasant one, and of the fine audiences and uniform courtesy which had been extended her at all points. Referring to her debate with Mayor Dabham of Omaha, at Bellevue, she gave him a fine compliment as a man and a gentleman whom she was surprised to find defending the liquor traffic.

An incident of her meeting in the city was the attempt of a newspaper writer here to get her to inject some local references into her speech which she wisely and judiciously refrained from doing. This abortive effort to do a little spite work was the subject of much humor from those aware of it.

Will Reside in Omaha.

Washington Smith and wife departed Monday morning for Omaha, where they will make their future home. They shipped their household goods to that point last evening. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have concluded that they would like a change of location on account of Mr. Smith's health, which has been very poor for some time past, it having been the cause of his severing his connection with the Burlington as foreman of their car shop here.

Washington Smith is one of the best known citizens of this city, and a man whom everyone regrets to see leave. He is a man of much sterling worth and one whom all appreciate for his good qualities as a citizen. He had been honored many times by his fellow citizens with positions of trust and responsibility, having been at various times a member of the city council, member of the school board, and at the time of his leaving he was a park commissioner. In all these positions he had acquitted himself with great credit, and to the full satisfaction of everyone.

It is the hope of everyone that he will soon see fit to return with his estimable wife and make his home here once more.

But Will They?

President Roosevelt proposes that no unfair advantage shall be taken of the democrats in the present campaign, and to that end he has issued a warning to all post-office officials and employes throughout the country, notice of which has been received in Omaha, that they must keep entirely out of political movements, especially and having to do with the election of president.—Omaha Bee.

Under Proper Management

The wisdom of the action of the county commissions in selecting J. H. Tams as keeper of the county farm is now becoming apparent. As the time comes to check up and discover how the past season has been in regard to the income from the county property, considerable curiosity is manifested as to the showing it will make. From an excellent source the Journal learns that the season has been a very profitable one. Mr. Tams having exercised great judgment in running the farm, and having also used every possible degree of economy in doing so. It can also be said that practically all the patients at the farm are well satisfied and are carefully looked after and provided for. It is, of course, impossible to run an institution of this kind without occasionally more or less friction and Mr. Tams had perhaps less of this than any keeper for some time before him. But even he, has had some trouble. The commissioners in voting for his selection are to be congratulated upon the vindication of their judgment.

In County Court

In County Court today, there was filed a case to-day entitled the Automatic Button Company vs. Allen Walker Walker who lives at Weeping Water is alleged to have purchased buttons to the amount of \$10,321.55 and to have paid on this bill \$9,697.61 leaving a balance due of \$623.94. When one stops to consider how many buttons are represented in this bill, he is appalled to think how many there must be under the bureaus and sinks in the Weeping Water neighborhood.