

Brief Telegrams

In the religious communities where the use of meat is forbidden... The records of the weather bureau conflict with the popular belief in the equinoctial storm... It is stated that 500 Boer families are expected to establish a colony near Mesquit, Mex.

A GREAT BATTLE

IN WHICH JAPANESE TROOPS ARE VICTORIOUS.

CROSS RIVER AND TAKE HEIGHTS

After Five Days of Preliminary Fighting Mikado's Men Begin Decisive Battle—Turn Left Flank of Russians Near Wiju and Capture of Position.

TOKIO—Advices received here state that the twelfth division of the Japanese army forced a crossing of the Yalu just above Wiju, just before dawn Sunday morning. The second pontoon bridge across the river near Wiju was completed at 8 o'clock Saturday night and the imperial guard of the second division crossed during the night.

COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS GOT IT

S. F. Smith, President Central Newspaper Union, Davenport, is short \$50,000 Trust Funds.

DAVENPORT, Ia.—Statements and old papers filed for record with the recorder of Scott county show Samuel F. Smith, ex-mayor of Davenport, trustee of Davenport Carnegie library, publisher of the Daily Republican, and son of the author of "America," short in his accounts with trust funds of \$50,000.

BECAUSE SHE VOTED FOR SMOOT

Mrs. Coultter of Ogden Will Not Be Allowed to Address Federation.

SALT LAKE CITY.—Mrs. Mary G. Coultter of Ogden, a prominent Utah club woman, will not be allowed to make an address at the biennial conference of the Federation of Women's Clubs on May 17 next because she voted for Smoot while a member of the last legislature.

Act of an Insane Mother. CLEVELAND, O.—Mrs. Caroline Volkman, who is believed to be insane, threw her three children, Annie, aged 11, Willie aged 5, and Otto, aged 2, into Lake Erie Sunday afternoon and then jumped in herself.

United States Minister Powell, who has been ill for some time, cables the state department from San Domingo that he is about to leave that capital for Port au Prince, Hayti, to secure medical treatment not to be had in San Domingo.

The people of Paris will honor George Sand by erecting a statue of the great writer to stand in the Place des Vosges, near the Victor Hugo Museum.

During the year 1902-3 there were 4,462 beekeepers, with 22,126 hives, in the state of Victoria, Australia. They produced 1,159,591 pounds of honey and 22,961 pounds of wax.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of William Miller Collier of New York to be solicitor for the department of commerce and labor; also several promotions in the navy.

Dr. William A. Evans, who is among those talked for the presidency of the University of Illinois, is a well known physician of Chicago. He is 45 years old.

WORK ON THE CANAL

Thousands of Applications are Received.

WASHINGTON—Since the return of Admiral Walker and General Davis of the Isthmian canal commission to Washington from Panama they have been engaged in work preliminary to the meeting of the commission next week. During the absence of the commission, application for positions on the canal were received by the thousand. Thus far it has not been determined how the canal work will be done, hence the commission itself does not know yet just what positions it will have at its disposal.

The probability now is that the great bulk of the work will be done by contract. It has been suggested that a construction company be organized to undertake the work under the supervision of the commission. The organization of several companies, each to do a specified portion of the work, also has been suggested.

In the anthracite coal rate inquiry against the Philadelphia & Reading Railway company the Interstate Commerce commission Friday entered an order reopening the proceeding for further investigation. The commission has set the case for hearing at New York on May 4.

The committee directed by congress to investigate and report on the best methods of restoring the merchant marine of the United States Friday chose Senator Gallinger for the chairmanship.

At Friday's cabinet meeting Secretary Wilson reported that the department of agriculture had granted permission to the Venezuelan government to import into the United States 1,000 head of Venezuelan cattle. Of course the customs duties will have to be paid on the cattle. They will be shipped to New York, consigned to an abattoir. No breeding cattle are to be among the number imported, the idea being to use them exclusively for food.

The treasury department forwarded to the secretary of state for transmission to J. P. Moran & Co. of New York, financial agents of the Republic of Panama, a warrant for \$1,000,000 on account of the Panama canal purchase.

SHAW CALLS FOR THE CASH

Banks Requested to Put Up Money to Pay for Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON.—The secretary of the treasury has issued a call directing national bank depositaries to transfer to the assistant treasurer at New York City on or before May 10, 1904, an aggregate amount of \$12,000,000. The call on each bank is for 10 per cent of the public deposit of such bank as it stood before the recent withdrawal of 20 per cent of public deposits. Today's call, however, exempts all depositaries whose authorized balance before the recent call was less than \$100,000. It also exempts a few banks having active accounts were their authorized balance is not greater than the convenience of the treasury department in transacting public business required. With these exceptions, the call applies to all depositaries, permanent and temporary.

In view of the plethora of money in all the central reserve cities, it is probable that an additional call of the same character will be issued, payable about June 1. This would supply the amount of the draft upon the treasury made by the payment for the isthmian canal right-of-way, and would afford a working balance of \$50,000,000 actually in the treasury and sub-treasuries, as at present.

FRENCH SYNDICATE PAYS IT

Advance the \$40,000,000 to the Panama Canal Company.

WASHINGTON.—The attorney general has received cablegrams from Messrs. Day and Russell, who went to Paris as his representatives to conduct the closing negotiations for the Panama Canal property, to the effect that the deeds of the property, archives and all other papers and documents which will belong to the United States under the transfer, have already been turned over to them and that the purchase price of \$40,000,000 has been advanced to the canal company by a Paris syndicate of bankers. This syndicate, it is understood, offered to pay over the money, with a view to expediting the consummation of the sale, on the assurance of the attorney general that the draft of the \$40,000,000 would be honored on presentation at the treasury at Washington.

Fred Grant Makes a Gift

GALENA, Ill.—The twelfth annual celebration of General U. S. Grant's birthday was held here Wednesday, a large audience filling Turner hall. Bishop Samuel Fallows of Chicago made the principal address and paid a glowing tribute to the great commander under whom he fought. General Fred D. Grant and wife were among those present. The feature of the day was the presentation by General Grant to the city of Galena of the residence formerly owned and occupied by his distinguished father.

Kindergarten Union Adjourns

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—The eleventh annual convention of the International Kindergarten union adjourned after electing Miss Annie Laws of Cincinnati president and Miss Stella L. Wood of Minneapolis secretary.

Pearson is Chief Engineer

ST. PAUL.—E. P. Pearson has been appointed chief engineer of the Northern Pacific Railway company to succeed W. L. Darlin, who resigned several months ago. Mr. Pearson has been acting chief engineer.

ATTACK ARTHUR

JAPANESE ENGAGE FORTS AND WAR SHIPS.

HAVE CAPTURED NEW CHWANG

Reported that During Attack Russians Fall Back to Protect Railroad—Kourapatkin Reports Loss Between Three and Four Thousand Men.

Progress of the War. Reports indicate that the battle on the Yalu was a complete defeat for the Russians.

There is an unconfirmed report that the Japanese have captured New Chwang and that the Russians have been routed.

In another sea battle of Port Arthur the Japanese lost a number of vessels. Fireships were sent into the harbor, but failed to accomplish the purpose intended.

From 3,000 to 4,000 Russians are reported to have been killed in the battle on the Yalu.

Another Japanese fleet is reported to have been sighted off Port Arthur.

PORT ARTHUR—A Japanese squadron appeared off Port Arthur after daylight and engaged the forts and war ships. The fight is still proceeding.

Thirty Japanese prisoners have been captured.

At 1 o'clock in the morning five Japanese torpedo boats were sighted. The Russian land batteries, the gunboat Gillak with the coast defense vessels Grimischi and Otvashtin opened fire and compelled them to retire. Immediately afterwards other Japanese ships were sighted on the horizon. They were headed by a fireship, which was sunk near the entrance of the harbor at 1:29 a. m. After an interval of twenty-five minutes two more fireships came on and were sent to the bottom.

At 2:25 four more fireships approached. Three of these blew up on our mines. Two of these sank immediately and the other two fireships were sunk by the batteries and war ships.

The protected cruiser Askold participated in the firing. Fifteen minutes later three more fireships arrived. One of them blew up on a mine, the second was wrecked on the shore and the third was sunk by the Russian shells.

The crews of the Japanese fireships which were sunk while attempting to block the channel tried to save themselves in boats in which they put out to sea. A majority of them were killed by the Russian machine guns and rifles. Some of the survivors were picked up.

At daybreak a number of Japanese were seen clinging to the masts and funnels of the sunken vessels and these were rescued by the Russians. Thirteen of the wounded Japanese have since died. The Russians supplied the survivors with food and clothing and the wounded were taken to the hospital ship Mongolia.

During the morning ten of the enemy's torpedo boats remained in the offing and were fired on at long range. At 5:30 o'clock it was signaled that there was a Japanese fleet in the vicinity and that two of the enemy's launches had been run ashore. The town is quiet. Large crowds watched the morning's operations with great interest.

Forty Indictments Returned

DENVER.—The grand jury returned forty indictments against twenty-six persons, alleging election frauds. Among the persons named in the indictments are: Julius Aichle, county clerk; Walter H. Lowery, supervisor; Charles W. Cosekran, alderman; John D. Ross, alderman; Gus Kappa and John Kendrick, deputy constables; J. A. Dollison, candidate for alderman on the republican ticket; John Hall, a ward worker, and William Altman, now deceased.

Jews Attacked in Synagogue

VIENNA.—Reports are current here that there were six anti-Jewish riots in the town of Bender April 29. It is stated that the rioting began Saturday forenoon while the congregations were in the synagogues. The mob smashed the windows of houses in the Jewish quarter and threw women and children out of the windows. A girl was murdered in a most revolting manner. Cossacks restored order. The outbreak is said to have been due to the anger of the crowd over the Russian reverses in the east.

In the Nation's Strong Box

WASHINGTON.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the 100,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, \$226,152,322; gold, \$112,799,277.

Stock Growers Organize

DENVER.—The Cattle Growers' Interstate Executive committee was organized at a convention here and the following officers were elected: Chairman, William M. Turney of Texas; vice chairman, William A. Harris of Kansas; secretary, Fred H. Johnson of Denver. Denver was selected as the headquarters. J. J. Dickinson, representing the government in the beef trust investigations, was present. The gathering was called to form a permanent organization of live stock men west of the Missouri.

Attendance on Opening Day

ST. LOUIS.—The total attendance at the Louisiana Purchase exposition on the opening day, April 30, 1904, was officially announced Tuesday night as 187,793 persons. Of this number 178,423 were recorded admissions.

Jap Securities Marked Up

LONDON.—Japanese bonds were marked up 1/4 on the stock exchange Tuesday on the Japanese successes, while Russians were 3/4 down.

DRIVE ENEMY BEFORE THEM.

Russians are Unable to Check Advance of Japs.

WASHINGTON.—The Japanese legation here received the following official cablegram from Tokio: "General Kuroki, commanding the First army, reports from Chia Lien Chang that on May 1 the Second and Twelfth divisions and the Imperial guard, forming the First army corps, had advanced notwithstanding resistance on the part of the enemy, by three roads, driving the enemy before them, and at 8 p. m. occupied the line extending from Antung to Lushu Kon. The Imperial guard surrounded the enemy on three sides, and, after a severe fight, captured twenty guns, with horses and carriages, and more than twenty officers and many men. The general reserve corps advanced by the Lia Yang railway. The enemy was composed of the whole Third division of the Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth regiments of the Sixth infantry division of sharpshooters, General Mischenko's cavalry brigade, with about forty guns and eight machine guns. The enemy fled toward Zeng Huang Cheng. Our casualties did not exceed 700. Twenty-eight quick-firing guns and large quantities of small arms and ammunition were captured. Our heavy field guns were very effective. A Russian officer who was taken prisoner says that both of the commanders of the army corps and the division were wounded and that the Russian casualties exceeded 800."

SECRET OF AERIAL FLIGHT

Prof. Alexander Graham Bell Claims to Have It.

WASHINGTON.—Prof. Alexander Graham Bell gave at Columbia station an exhibition of the tetrahedral kite, which he believes to be the secret of aerial navigation. The demonstration was made to the members of the National Geographical society, of which Prof. Bell was formerly the president. The wind was light and therefore the trials were not as successful as some which have been made in private, concerning which much has been written by the inventor and other scientists. Three sixteen-cell kites, each said to have a sustaining power of seventy-five pounds, were sent to heights varying from four to eleven hundred feet, but the wind was so uncertain that the tests were not regarded as satisfactory.

DECIDES IN FAVOR OF BANK

Ruling of Judge in Phillips Case a Blow to Small Creditors.

CHICAGO.—The suit brought by the trustee of the George Phillips company to recover from the Bank of Montreal \$200,000, which the members of the firm had deposited shortly before the collapse of the corn corner in 1902 came to an abrupt ending in the United States circuit court today. Judge Seaman took the case from the jury and announced a decision in favor of the bank.

JAPANESE NOW ON RUSSIAN SOIL

Minister McCormick Learns Number of Those He is Caring For.

ST. PETERSBURG.—As a result of his investigations Ambassador McCormick finds that exclusive of the 570 Japanese in the Islands of Saghalien the total number of Japanese in Russia is 251, of whom 63 are in the province of Amur, chiefly at Port Zeya, 289 in the province of Primorvsk, chiefly at Nikolaievsk, and a major and his officers with five soldiers, two merchants and an interpreter, under arrest as spies. They are all being concentrated at Stretsk, whence as soon as navigation is opened they will be forwarded to Irkutsk; from there they will go to Berlin, via the Black Sea, the Russian authorities desiring to transport them so far as possible by water.

MORE STRICT LIQUOR LAWS

Eight Hotels and Twenty-three Drug Stores Closed in Boston.

BOSTON.—By order of the police board women will be barred from drinking liquor in the saloons of the city beginning Monday. Eight hotels will be closed, and pending an investigation, fifty drug stores will not be opened tomorrow. Twenty-three drug stores already have had their druggists' certificates cancelled on account of alleged violation of the liquor laws. It is understood that the action is the result of personal investigations made by Judge Emmons, chairman of the police board.

Irrigation Plans for Nebraska

WASHINGTON.—The secretary of the interior has set aside, provisionally, the sum of \$1,000,000 for the construction of the Pathfinder reservoir on the North Platte river in Wyoming. Construction will proceed contingent upon favorable reports from engineers in the field as to various details still under consideration, and particularly as to whether an adequate area of irrigable land can be found in western Nebraska. The reservoir will be of sufficient capacity to supply all of the land under it in Wyoming.

Too Many Correspondents

WASHINGTON.—The great number of newspaper correspondents dispatched to the far east has overwhelmed the Japanese government, and United States Minister Griscom on Thursday cabled the state department from Tokio that further applications in behalf of correspondents for permission to accompany the Japanese forces in the field cannot be granted. It is estimated that there are already at least 200 American and European correspondents traveling with the Japanese army.

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WASHINGTON.—The Japanese legation has published the correspondence that took place between Baron Komura, Japanese minister of foreign affairs and Mr. Kurino, Japanese minister to St. Petersburg, preceding the beginning of the Russo-Japanese war. The purpose of the publication is to disclose officially the Japanese attitude and especially to point out the efforts to force Russia to an early and comprehensive answer to the Japanese proposals relative to the evacuation of Manchuria.

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HOLD OF THE JAPS

SAID TO HAVE THE KEY TO THE SITUATION.

RUSSIANS' STUBBORNLY RESIST

They Are, However, Driven Out of Two Important Positions on Yalu by Overwhelming Forces—Heavy Fighting Near Chen Tien Cheng.

CHICAGO.—A Daily News special from Kobe says details of the heavy fighting in the neighborhood of Chen Tien Cheng received there Monday morning state that the Russians made a most stubborn resistance to the Japanese advance, but were driven successively out of seven lines of trenches.

ST. PETERSBURG.—At 2:30 Monday afternoon the Associated Press was informed that beyond the fact of the retreat of the Russians before overwhelming superior forces of the Japanese on the Yalu river, no details have been received since the report of General Sasulitch, commander of the Second Siberian army corps, of the retirement from Klien Cheng to Antung. It is quite possible that the loss on both sides during the week's fighting may reach the figures given by the Japanese, as the reserves were not brought up to support the Russian position at Klien Cheng, where the fighting was the heaviest. The Russians made a special effort to hold as long as possible the heights of Cho San, on an island opposite Klien Cheng, whence their guns commanded a considerable stretch of the river to the south, but a Japanese battery on a hill above Wiju dominated the position, which the Russians eventually were forced to relinquish, thus losing the key to the river.

"Black Teeth."

Emigrants from southern Italy are, many of them, disfigured by what is known as "black teeth." The teeth of these persons are affected during the period of growth by some gaseous constituent of drinking water, probably from impregnation with volcanic vapors. The effect gives a sinister look to an otherwise handsome face, but fortunately does not, it seems, affect the strength or durability of the teeth.

Rheumatism in Utah.

FRISCO, Utah, May 2nd.—There is a great deal of rheumatism in this and neighboring states, and this painful disease has crippled many a strong man and woman among an otherwise healthy people.

Recently, however, there has been introduced into Utah a remedy for Rheumatism which bids fair to stamp out this awfully painful complaint. The name of this new remedy is Dadd's Kidney Pills, and it has already wrought some wonderful cures. Right here in Frisco there is a case of a Mr. Grace who had Rheumatism so bad in his feet that he could hardly walk. He tried many remedies in vain, but Dadd's Kidney Pills cured him.

His wife says: "We both had Kidney Trouble, and my husband had the Rheumatism so bad that he could hardly walk. We used Dadd's Kidney Pills with much benefit. We have tried many remedies, but none have done us so much good as Dadd's Kidney Pills."

Similar reports come from all over the state, and it would seem as if Rheumatism had at last been conquered.

He Was Still Mad.

One day, during a lecture, a Harvard professor, with a peevish disposition, grew furious because of some interruption, and exclaiming down his book with an exclamation of rage, rushed from the room. The boys were very much distressed by his action, but did not know what to do. In a few minutes, however, the professor apparently came to the conclusion that he had done a foolish thing, for he returned and resumed his lecture without a word. Anxious to show their good will and to atone if possible for their rudeness, the boys took advantage of a good point in the lecture to applaud tumultuously. "No, no, no!" exclaimed the professor, holding up his hand with a gesture of protest, "I want you to understand that I'm as mad as h—l yet."

Stockholders of Erie Do Not Care to Continue It

NEW YORK.—J. Pierpont Morgan and the other voting trustees of the Erie railway company notified holders of the preferred and common stock of that company that a sufficient amount of the present voting trust certificates have not signified their desire that the voting trust should be extended, consequently the trust terminates finally on May 1. On and after that date Morgan & Co. will cease to transfer to present voting trust certificates and have arranged with the railroad company for the delivery of its stock in exchange for the trust certificates now outstanding.

SOAKED IN COFFEE.

Until Too Stiff to Bend Over. "When I drank coffee I often had sick headaches, nervousness and biliousness much of the time but about 2 years ago I went to visit a friend and got in the habit of drinking Postum. I have never touched coffee since and the result has been that I have been entirely cured of all my stomach and nervous troubles. My mother was just the same way, we all drink Postum now and have never had any other coffee in the house for two years and we are all well."

"A neighbor of mine a great coffee drinker, was troubled with pains in her side for years and was an invalid. She was not able to do her work and could not even mend clothes or do anything at all where she would have to bend forward. If she tried to do a little hard work she would get such pains that she would have to lie down for the rest of the day. I persuaded her at last to stop drinking coffee and try Postum Food Coffee and she did so and she has used Postum ever since; the result has been that she can now do her work, can sit for a whole day and mend and can sew on the machine and she never feels the least bit of pain in her side, in fact she has got well and it shows coffee was the cause of the whole trouble. I could also tell you about several other neighbors who have been cured by getting coffee and using Postum in its place." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

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