

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Papers have been found showing that Chinese rebels were planning an attack on Canton and murder of chief mandarins.

Billy Maynard was knocked out by Terry McGovern in the fourth round at the Pennsylvania Athletic club in Philadelphia.

At Terra Haute, Ind., Samuel Harris, a miner, fell 102 feet down a shaft and escaped with nothing more serious than a broken leg.

The president has accepted the resignation of Second Lieutenant Algenon E. Sartoris, Tenth infantry, to take effect April 1 next.

The Pennsylvania railroad will spend \$67,000,000 on improvements of its lines between Philadelphia and Pittsburg in the next two or three years.

At Kansas City, James Orton, a cook, 35 years old, shot and killed his wife, Mollie Orton, 21 years old, in front of the home of the woman's mother.

Thirty-four men have been disfranchised for ten years in Martin county, Indiana, for selling their votes at the November election in 1902.

Secretary Cortelyou was heard by a sub-committee of the house committee on appropriations on the subject of an appropriation for the department of commerce and labor.

In the senate an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill was agreed to providing for the construction of a wharf, retaining wall and laundry plant at Honolulu, at a cost of \$85,000.

John Fellmore, aged 55, founder of the Order of United Commercial Travelers, died at his home in Columbus, Ohio, from pneumonia.

Dr. Lewald, the commissioner of Germany at the St. Louis exposition, held a conference with the lace curtain manufacturers of Plauen, Saxony, who decided to make a special exhibit at St. Louis.

The remaining troops of the Thirtieth United States cavalry will leave Fort Meade March 21, for San Francisco, there to embark for the Philippines, orders to that effect having arrived from Washington.

As a result of a conference between officials of the Nickel Plate road and representatives of the conductors' trainmen's and switchmen's brotherhoods, it is announced that the company has granted an increase in wages averaging about 7 per cent to the class of employees named.

The house committee on public lands authorized a favorable report on the senate bill giving persons employed in national parks and forest reserves the power to make arrests, also the bill authorizing the president to designate areas in the public forest reserves to be set aside.

Labor trouble at the Chicago stock yards is pending again. There is prospect of a general strike of packing house engineers, supported by the steam fitters and machinists. There are 200 engineers who have asked for a wage scale of \$3 for an eight-hour day, but the packers refuse to yield.

By an agreement which has been effected, Melville W. Miller of Indiana will be appointed to succeed Frank L. Campbell as assistant secretary of the interior and Mr. Campbell will take the position of assistant attorney general of the interior department just vacated by Judge Willis Vandevanter.

Secretary Moody has received from Captain Charles H. Davis, commanding the battleship Alabama, a check for \$434, which he said represented the voluntary contribution of the crew of the Alabama for the benefit of the families of the nine men killed in the recent accident on the battleship Massachusetts.

A joint call was issued by the chairman of the Trans-continental, the Western and the Southwestern Passenger association for a mass meeting of all the western roads in Chicago on March 5 to discuss the effect on passenger traffic of the Elkins bill and the steps necessary to a rigorous observation of the act.

Mrs. Coulter, the only woman member of the Utah legislature, has introduced a bill to limit election expenses of candidates for office. It provides that it shall be unlawful for any candidate to give away or treat to cigars, drinks or other refreshments, or to furnish voters carriages or other transportation to the polls. The penalty is fine, imprisonment or loss of office to which the offending candidate has been elected.

The municipal election in Chicago occurs April 7. The great broad mare Vilette was killed in a hole at Nashville, Tenn. She was by Brown Hal, out of Sweepstakes, and was a full sister to Star Pointer.

The University of Minnesota and the University of Wisconsin will not meet in debate this year. President Palma has signed the soldiers' pay loan bill, which authorizes the issue of bonds to the amount of \$35,000,000.

The Colorado house of representatives passed on second reading the Stephen eight-hour bill. The United States is asked to cooperate with the powers in preventing the importation of arms into China.

IS FOUND GUILTY

JURY SAYS MRS. LILLIE KILLED HER HUSBAND.

IN THE PENITENTIARY FOR LIFE

Defendant Takes Verdict Coolly—Remanded to the Custody of the Sheriff and Now Occupies Woman's Cell in Butler County Jail.

DAVID CITY, Neb.—"We, the jury in the above entitled case, being duly impaneled and sworn, do find the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree and recommend that she be imprisoned for life." (Signed) "A. C. POOLE, Foreman."

This was the verdict rendered by the jury in the Lillie murder case at precisely 3 o'clock Tuesday. As soon as the jury had agreed upon their verdict the news spread rapidly and in a few moments people were seen running from all directions toward the court house and before the defendant arrived the large district court room was completely packed with humanity. A large portion of the crowd was men, not to exceed twenty women being present. Each person who entered the court room door wore an anxious look and loudly whispered, "What is the verdict?"

Mrs. Lillie, accompanied by her father, brother, Mrs. Grisinger, her sister, and Sam Lillie, brother of the murdered man, arrived at 3:23. They all took their usual seats in the court room. While Mrs. Lillie looked bright and pleasant she had the appearance of anxiety as to what the verdict of the twelve men was. As they marched in she looked at each one very carefully.

When Clerk Straka read the verdict Mrs. Lillie sat motionless and when the word "guilty" was pronounced not even a quiver of the lip was noticeable.

Counsel for the defense asked that the jury be polled. Clerk Straka called the name of each individual juror and when he arose pronounced the question: "Was this and is this your verdict?" and the jurors individually responded in clear and distinct tones, "Yes, sir."

Judge Good thanked the jurymen for their patience during the trial of the case and then excused them without further service.

Mrs. Lillie was remanded to the custody of the sheriff and she now occupies the woman's cell at the county jail. The verdict as rendered was expected by those who heard all of the testimony and followed the case closely.

The instructions of Judge Good to the jury were lengthy and on the whole considered to be eminently fair, especially on the points of previous good character of the accused and motive for the commission of the crime.

Crownshield to Retire. WASHINGTON—Rear Admiral A. S. Crownshield, commanding the European station, has applied for retirement in accordance with the provisions of the personnel law. He will be relieved in command of the station house by Rear Admiral Charles S. Cotton, at present commanding the Norfolk navy yard. Admiral Crownshield is No. 20 on the list of rear admirals, and his retirement will place him in the first grade, where his retired pay will be \$5,225 per year. Lieutenant Henry H. Ward, naval secretary to Admiral Crownshield, has also resigned his commission.

Alaskan Homestead Bill. WASHINGTON, D. C.—The conference committee report on the Alaskan homestead bill, presented to the house Sunday, strikes the senate provision, preventing the use of soldiers' additional homestead rights in Alaska, leaving the law as it now exists. It limits the use of scrip to tracts not exceeding 160 acres and reserves from such location along navigable or other water tracts of not less than eighty rods in width between such tracts.

John Reese for Receiver. WASHINGTON—The president on Monday sent the following nominations to the senate: George C. Holt, United States district judge, Southern district of New York; John Reese, receiver of public moneys at Broken Bow, Neb.; John F. Vivian, surveyor general of Colorado.

No Relief for Captain Bailey. WASHINGTON, D. C.—The president sent to the senate a message vetoing the bill reinstating Captain Edward L. Bailey as an officer in the regular army and placing him on the retired list. In giving his reasons for disapproval the president reviewed the career of Captain Bailey, showing that he had been many times charged with conduct unbecoming an officer and that he was dismissed in 1893.

President Receives Smoot. WASHINGTON, D. C.—President Roosevelt on Monday received at the white house several members of the senate whose terms begin with the extraordinary session, called for next Thursday.

They were senators-elect Hayburn of Idaho, who succeeds Mr. Heitfeld; Ankeny of Washington, who succeeds Mr. Turner; Smoot of Utah, who succeeds Mr. Rawlins, and Mr. McCrea of Kentucky, who succeeds Mr. Meboe.

A SHORT SESSION.

What Congress Has Done During the Past Three Months.

SENATE IS CALLED TO CONVENE ON THURSDAY

Upper House to Report on Day Following Adjournment—To Settle Canal and Cuban Treaties—Senators Required to Make Up for Stated Debate.

WASHINGTON.—The president on Monday issued the following proclamation: "By the President of the United States of America: A Proclamation. Whereas, Public interests require that the senate should convene in extraordinary session, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary session of the senate of the United States shall convene at the city of Washington, on the 5th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, of all which persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice."

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington, the 2d of March, in the year of our Lord, 1903, and of the independence of the United States, the 127th. "THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

By the president, JOHN HAY, Secretary of State. Such a proclamation has been expected for some days, as it was known that the administration was determined to leave no stone unturned to secure the ratification of the Cuban and canal treaties.

Only one protest has so far been filed with the state department by European powers against the ratification of the Cuban treaty. At the same time, polite, but pointed, inquiries have supplemented the note filed by the British ambassador, from France and other European beet sugar producing countries.

In advance of the consummation of the treaty of course no open threat could be made, but events are shaping themselves so as to warrant the expectation by the officials here that Europe will retaliate against what it calls the unjust discrimination against European goods.

It is now known that the inquiries referred to have not been confined to Washington, but also have been directed to President Palma and have added much to the difficulty he is under in securing favorable action in the Cuban congress.

Volcano Caused a Panic. COLIMA, Mexico.—There has been no panic here over the eruption of the volcano, which in reality was slight. No ashes fell in this city, and the principal damage done was the burning of some brush by the lava. As regards this city reports have been unduly exaggerated.

Plague Record at Mazatlan. MAZATLAN, Mexico.—The number of deaths here in February was 107, of which fifty were from bubonic plague. From January 1 to March 1 there were burned by the sanitary authorities 291 houses of a cheap class, for which the owners were paid \$73,000.

Alaskan Treaty Ratified. WASHINGTON—Secretary Hay and Sir Michael Herbert on Tuesday exchanged ratifications of the Alaskan boundary treaty. The preparation of the cases of the two sides will proceed with all speed, as under the treaty they must be submitted to the arbitration within sixty days.

Schley Enthusiastically Received. NEW ORLEANS.—Admiral Schley Friday visited the New Orleans cotton exchange in company with Colonel A. K. McClure. The admiral was given a wildly enthusiastic reception and made an address expressing his pleasure at being in New Orleans.

MAY PAY MEXICAN DEBT. Multinational Offers Diaz \$50,000,000 to Square National Account. MEXICO CITY.—President Diaz has received a communication from Pedro Alvarado, a multimillionaire mining man of Parral, Mex., offering to contribute \$50,000,000 for the payment of Mexico's foreign debt.

Congress Works on Sunday. Little Accomplished in Face of Opposition of Democrats. WASHINGTON.—The house of representatives held a four hours' session Sunday and put the District of Columbia appropriation through its last parliamentary stage, in the face of the democratic filibuster. The previous question on the report of the Alaska homestead bill was ordered, and the vote on its adoption will be taken when the house reconvenes at 11 o'clock Monday. That was the net result of the Sunday session. Although it was Sunday by the calendar, it was still Thursday, February 26, according to parliamentary fiction. The democrats put a block in the legislative wheel at every opportunity and it required six roll calls to accomplish what was done Sunday. Large crowds watched the proceedings from the galleries.

Proposed Gold Standard. LONDON.—The Times correspondent at Shanghai telegraphs that the special commission of the national industrial exhibition at Asaba, Japan, headed by Prince Tei Goro, has been ordered to inquire into and report upon questions of establishment of a gold standard in China on the Japanese model. The proposal is regarded as merely a temporary expedient, adds the correspondent, and a pretext for inaction in the indemnity question.

Jeffries and Corbett to Fight. NEW YORK.—James J. Jeffries and James J. Corbett met and agreed to fight twenty rounds next July before the club that will give them \$25,000 or the largest purse that may be offered above this sum, the winner to take 75 per cent and the loser 25. It was also agreed that the principals should meet in Baltimore to sign articles Thursday next.

Schley Visits Los Angeles. LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Admiral Schley arrived here Monday. The chamber of commerce will tender him a public reception, probably Tuesday evening. He appeared well and in good spirits and has recovered from his recent indisposition.

SENATE IS CALLED

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SUMMONS A SPECIAL SESSION.

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HOUSE ADOPTS A NEW RULE.

Design is to Further Limit Power of the Minority to Obstruct.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

WASHINGTON.—The republican managers in the house have devised another rule to still further reduce the minority's power to filibuster and on Monday it was ordered favorably reported by the committee on rules. It adopts methods of sending to conference general bills with senate amendments which has been pursued with reference to appropriation bills, thus cutting off general rolls calls and by a further provision cuts off the demand for the previous question on conference reports, thus eliminating a roll call on each report.

The rule is as follows: Resolved, that immediately on the adoption of this order, or at any time thereafter, the speaker may lay before the house the bill (H. B. 12199) to regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States, now on the speaker's table, and the senate amendments thereto having been read, the question shall be at once taken without debate or intervening motion following question, will the house disagree to the senate amendments on bloc and ask a conference with the senate? And if this motion shall be decided in the affirmative, the speaker shall at once appoint conferees without intervention of any motion.

If the house shall decide the motion in the negative, the effect of said vote shall be to agree to said amendments and, further, that for the remainder of this session, whenever conference report shall have been presented and read, there shall be ten minutes of debate, and at the end of that time the previous question shall be considered as ordered on agreeing to said report.

FOUR NEW BATTLESHIPS. Naval Appropriation Bill Provides for Building. WASHINGTON.—Senator Hale, from the committee on naval affairs, reported the naval appropriation bill.

The most important amendment recommended by the committee relates to the increase of the navy. The entire house provision is stricken out and in its stead provision is made for four first class battleships of the general type of the Oregon and two first class armored cruisers of the type of the Brooklyn. The battleships are to cost not exceeding \$2,200,000 each and the cruisers \$2,750,000.

The battleships are to be of 12,000 tons displacement, and the cruisers of 9,500 tons. There is a provision that not more than two of these vessels shall be built by one establishment, and for the building of any or all of them in the government yards in case of a combination to deprive the government of the benefit of fair competition.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT. Decrease During Month of February \$5,969,665. WASHINGTON, D. C.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business February 28, 1903, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$837,972,898, which is a decrease as compared with January 31 of \$5,969,665. The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest bearing debt, \$914,541,420; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,230,510; debt bearing no interest, \$296,744,438; total, \$1,312,516,368.

This amount, however, does not include \$884,725,069 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand, held for redemption.

EX-NEBRASKAN IN TROUBLE. Lewis S. Irwin Taken to Milwaukee to Answer to Forgery. TOLEDO, O.—Lewis S. Irwin was on Monday taken to Milwaukee to answer to a charge of forgery. He has been in jail here for some time awaiting an officer from Milwaukee. Irwin asserts his innocence. He was fifteen years a legal practitioner in Nebraska, where he was also prominent in politics. For some time he was a state treasury inspector. Irwin offered no objection to returning to Wisconsin, but will probably be brought back as a witness in a murder trial here, as he was made one of the confidants, it is said, of Albert Wade, just convicted of first degree murder and who seeks a new trial.

CORBETT AND HANLON FIGHT. Mill is a Fast and Furious One and is Decided a Draw. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—After twenty rounds of the fastest fighting ever seen in San Francisco, Referee Graney decided the bout between Young Corbett of Denver and Eddie Hanlon of San Francisco a draw. Young Corbett clearly demonstrated to the crowd present that he has not gone back, as some sporting writers would have the public believe.

Working for Rosebud Treaty. WASHINGTON.—Senator Gamble and Representative Burke have had several conferences with Speaker Henderson and Representative Cannon Thursday regarding the Rosebud treaty. The members of the South Dakota delegation stated that they were greatly encouraged and now have strong hopes that they can secure favorable action upon the amended treaty.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.

CATTLE.—There was moderate run of cattle in the yards. As is apt to be the case toward the end of the week the demand was not quite as brisk, but still the prices paid for desirable grades were not much different from those in force yesterday. The beef steer market could be quoted a little slow, but about steady. Handy weight cattle of fair to good quality sold without much difficulty at steady prices. Heavy cattle, however, were rather neglected, and sellers found it a difficult proposition to get what they considered steady prices for that class. The cow market was also about steady. There was not the activity in the trade, though, that characterized the market earlier in the week, and in some cases salesmen thought they did not get quite so much for their cows as they sought to have. As a general thing, though, the prices paid looked just about as good as those of yesterday. The bull market was just about steady today, and veal calves also commanded a good price as they were paid yesterday. There were scarcely enough stockers and feeders in the yards to make a market, and as speculators sold out practically all the cattle they had on hand yesterday, they were unable to pay about steady prices for desirable grades.

HOGS.—There was quite a run of hogs here and, as other market were quiet, lower prices here caused a decided decline. Packers started in to buy their hogs 50¢ lower, but sellers would not take off that much, and as a result the market was very slow from start to finish. In some cases packers raised their bids and bought the hogs only a big nickel lower, while in others they succeeded in getting the hogs 50¢ lower. It was a rather uneven market and it was late before a clearing was made. Medium weight hogs sold largely around \$6.85. Good heavy hogs sold from \$6.85 to \$6.95.

SHEEP.—Choice lambs, \$5.50 to \$5.75; fair to good lambs, \$5.00 to \$5.25; choice yearlings, \$5.25 to \$5.50; choice heavy yearlings, \$5.00 to \$5.25; fair to good yearlings, \$4.75 to \$5.00; choice wethers, \$5.25 to \$5.50; fair to good, \$4.75 to \$5.00; choice ewes, \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good ewes, \$4.25 to \$4.50; feeder lambs, \$4.50 to \$4.75; feeder wethers, \$4.00 to \$4.25.

KANSAS CITY. CATTLE.—Corn fed, higher; heifers, steady to strong; quarantine, active; strong; stockers and feeders, steady; choice export and dressed, beef steers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; fair to good, \$4.25 to \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.00; western fed steers, \$3.50 to \$4.00; Texas and Indian steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; cows, \$2.50 to \$3.00; native cows, \$2.50 to \$3.00; native heifers, \$1.75 to \$2.00; canners, \$1.00 to \$1.25; bulls, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

HOGS.—Market quiet; steady; closed weak to lower; top, \$7.25; bulk of sales, \$6.80 to \$7.00; heavy, \$6.50 to \$6.75; mixed packers, \$6.75 to \$7.00; light, \$6.50 to \$6.75; yokers, \$6.50 to \$6.75; pigs, \$6.50 to \$6.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.—Market steady; native lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.25; western lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.25; fair wool, \$2.50 to \$2.75; native wethers, \$3.00 to \$3.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 to \$2.75.

THE FASHIONING FINNS. The Czar Intervenes in Their Behalf. ST. PETERSBURG.—The czar has personally intervened in behalf of the famine stricken Finns, and has ordered that extensive relief works be started without delay.

Bonilla Defeats Sierra and Trouble is Now Supposed to Be Over. WASHINGTON.—A cablegram received Friday at the navy department from Admiral Glass announces the arrival of this flagship and the Boston and Marblehead at La Union, Salvador. He said that communication by telegraph with Amapala was interrupted and reported further as follows: "Battle on the main land on February 22 has taken place, resulting in the total defeat of Sierra, who escaped with three or four hundred men. Bonilla is in pursuit. The capital is in the possession of the latter's adherents. The fighting is supposed to be practically over. All is quiet here. The American interests are undisturbed."

Fire Destroys Hayti Town. CAPE HAYTIEN.—A dispatch received here from Gros Morne announces the complete destruction of Port de Paix, Hayti, by fire. Only the vessels belonging to the Haytien company were saved.

Big Lace Curtain Exhibit. BERLIN.—Dr. Lewald, the commissioner of Germany at the St. Louis exposition, held a conference with the lace curtain manufacturers of Plauen, Saxony, who decided to make a special exhibit at St. Louis. The lace industry is now enjoying an unusual run of American orders and the manufacturers therefore are more ready to incur expenses than those engaged in the metal trades.

Packers' Men May Strike. CHICAGO.—Labor trouble at the stock yards is brewing again. There is a prospect of a general strike of packing house engineers, supported by the steam fitters and machinists. Two hundred engineers have asked for a new wage scale and an eight-hour day, but the packers refuse to yield. It was said by the men that they would go on strike next week unless a settlement was reached.



Many women and doctors do not recognize the real symptoms of derangement of the female organs until too late.

"I had terrible pains along my spinal cord for two years and suffered dreadfully. I was given different medicines, wore plasters; none of these things helped me. Reading of the cures that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought about, I somehow felt that it was what I needed and bought a bottle to take. How glad I am that I did not two bottles before I had an immense relief, and after using three bottles more I felt new life and blood surging through my veins. It seemed, as though there had been a regular house cleaning through my system, that all the sickness and poison had been taken out and new life given me instead. I have advised dozens of my friends to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Good health is indispensable to complete happiness, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has secured this to me." —MRS. LAURA L. BUEBEL, Crown Point, Indiana, Secretary Ladies Relief Corps. —\$5000 Forfeit if original of above letter proving genuine cannot be produced.

Every sick woman who does not understand her ailment should write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and always helpful.

There is not enough justice in the world to prevent the right from occasionally getting left.

YELLOW CLOTHES ARE UNSIGHTLY. Keep them white with Eucal Crown Ball Blue. All colors sell large 2-oz. package, 5 cents.

A coward likes to believe that discretion is the better part of valor.

As a concealed man a question and he will never say, "I don't know."

\$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's Goodway Well Hand-made Footwear than any other manufacturer in the world. \$25.00 REWARD will be paid to anyone who will disclose the name of the manufacturer of any pair of shoes that are not made by W. L. Douglas. Because W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than other companies, which enables him to sell shoes for \$3.50 and \$5.00 equal in every way to those sold elsewhere for \$4 and \$5.00. The Douglas secret process of tanning the leather produces a soft, pliable, more flexible and will wear longer than any other kind of leather. The soles have more than doubled the last four years, which proves its superiority. Why not see W. L. Douglas show a trial and save money for carrying enormous loads and the remarkable increase in sales. \$2,500,000 in business. 4 shoe sizes: \$5, \$5.50, \$6, \$6.50. A pair of \$5.50, \$6, \$6.50, \$7, \$7.50. W. L. DOUGLAS \$4.00 GILT EDGE LINE, Worth \$6.00 Compared with Other Makes. The best imported and made in America. Patent Calf, English, Box Calf, Kid, Cuban Calf, and National Knickerbocker Calf. Caution: The genuine have W. L. DOUGLAS name and address on bottom. Shoes by mail, 5c. extra. Blue Catalogue Free. W. L. DOUGLAS, BOSTON, MASS.

Results Count!

There are some things that have to depend on "catchy" talking points. In order to induce sales. There are other things that have to depend on merit and on account of RESULTS! A notable example of this is found in the New Tiffin Wagon, which gives its superior RESULTS to RESULTS! Its wonderful durability and capacity for carrying enormous loads, and the remarkable increase in sales, are some of the results which have made it famous wherever known. On your dealer ordering one, insist that he refer to do as write THE TIPPIN WAGON CO., TIPPIN, OHIO, and they will tell you who handles this superior wagon.

The Genuine TOWER'S POMMEL SLICKER HAS BEEN ADVERTISED FOR A QUARTER OF A CENTURY LIKE ALL TOWER'S WATERPROOF CLOTHING. IT IS MADE OF THE BEST material, selected or selected, fully guaranteed, and sold by reliable dealers everywhere. SIGN OF THE FISH. TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited, A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

POTATOES \$2.50 A Bbl. Special grade of Potatoes from America. The "Royal New Yorker" potatoes are the best in the world. They are large, round, and uniform in size. They are early maturing and produce a large crop. They are also very resistant to disease. They are sold by the bushel or by the ton. Write for a list of dealers. Established 1870. Omaha, Neb.

GREGORY'S SEEDS Found reliable. Catalogue free. J. J. Gregory, Seed Merchant, Mass.

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