

# The Plattsmouth Journal.

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## A BRUSH WITH REBELS

Cavalry Troop Encounters Four Hundred Natives in Rifle Pits.

## LOADS OF ARMS COME TO LAND

Major West Stationed Near Duragan is on Trail of Smuggled Goods—Six Natives Are Killed and Five Wounded—Casualties During September.

MANILA, Nov. 14.—Captain Hartman's troop of the First cavalry early this morning came upon 400 insurgents at Buau in Pantangan province, southwestern Luzon. Half the insurgents were armed with rifles. They were prepared for an attack and were in rifle pits. The cavalry attacked the insurgents on the flank, killing sixteen of them, wounding five and capturing nine rifles. The insurgents broke and ran, the cavalry pursuing them.

Two large boatloads of arms are reported to have been landed on the southern part of the Batangas peninsula and taken to Duragan. Major West, stationed in that locality, is endeavoring to find these arms.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—General Chaffee reports to the war department the following casualties during last September, dated September 29:

Engagement near Candelaria, Luzon, 4 p. m. September 24: Allen Crockett, lieutenant first infantry, killed in action.

In engagement near San Antonio, Samar, September 16: Jacob Settler, G. Ninth infantry, chest, mortal.

In engagement at Lillo, Luzon, September 9: William Rice, M. Eighth infantry, hip, severe.

In engagement at Jagua, Bohol: Howard M. Reiley, M. Nineteenth infantry, chest, slight; Andrew Rowan, captain, nineteenth infantry, S. K. slight; James Carter, I. Nineteenth infantry, leg, severe; Benjamin F. Davidson, I. Nineteenth infantry, leg, slight; Peter W. Scanlon, sergeant, I. Nineteenth infantry, thigh, slight.

## HAS A TALK WITH MISS STONE

She is Confined in the Residence of a Turkish Official.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Ivan Molochoff, a Bulgarian clergyman from Usoub, in Macedonia, has just arrived from visiting Miss Stone and is now in consultation with Mr. Dickinson, says a Sofia (Bulgaria) dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser. "Miss Stone," he said, "is in the town of Ceres, Macedonia. I left her two days ago, coming direct to Mr. Dickinson to try to arrange for her release. Miss Stone and Miss Tsalika are well, but the strain is terrific, and there is danger that Miss Stone may lose her mind. To be always in the same surroundings is likely to drive her crazy; constantly looking at the same objects has semi-mesmerized her and she has had a presentiment that evil will befall her.

"The brigand chief informs me that he will now insist on the full ransom, as the length of time Miss Stone has been left on his hands leaves no margin for bargaining. The name of the brigand chief is Dervich Younous, and he is an Albanian.

Ignasias Abides in Limbo.

SAN JUAN, P. R., Nov. 14.—Santiago Iglesias, who was sent to Porto Rico by the American Federation of Labor to organize the workmen of the island and who was arrested on arriving here last week on a charge of conspiracy, has not yet answered the message from Mr. Gompers as to the cause of his detention. He is withholding his reply until tomorrow, awaiting the attorney general's answer to his petition to Governor Hunt to be released on his own recognizance.

Goes Insane in London.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Miss Venderbit Wackerman of New York, who came into prominence last winter by threatening Hubert Herkomeyer, the artist, with a suit for damages because he refused to allow her to complete sittings for a painting of her, which he had begun, was taken to St. Giles' infirmary today as a wandering lunatic. She will probably be examined tomorrow.

Fighting Bob Goes to Asia.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Secretary Long intends to send Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans out to the Asiatic station to be second officer in command. Both Admiral Remy, commander-in-chief at that station, and Admiral Kempf, junior squadron commander, will return soon to the United States.

Chicago Men Corner Eggs.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Local packers are believed to be cornering the egg market and now have 500,000 cases in cold storage. The combination expects, it is said, to have the market completely under its control before the middle of January.

Will Enforce Insurance Law.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.—The Bundesrath today adopted regulations for the enforcement of the insurance law.

## LUTHER W. OSBORN IS DEAD

Distinguished Nebraskan Passes Away at His Post in Samoa.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—A cablegram received at the state department today from Auckland, New Zealand, announces the death at Apia, Samoa, on October 17, of Luther W. Osborn, United States consul general at Apia.

Mr. Osborn was born in New York and appointed to his present post from Nebraska July 26, 1897. Thus he was the principal representative of the authority of the United States in the Samoan group in the troublesome days before the partition and it appeared that he alone of all the foreign representatives at Apia aroused no opposition. He obtained the confidence of the natives and the other representatives of the foreign powers.

The death of Luther W. Osborn of Nebraska, consul general at Apia, Samoa, announced today by the state department, came as a great shock to the officials. His communications to the department have been marked by thoroughness, clearness and value.

When trouble between the contending factions of natives arose Judge Osborn, as acting chief justice of the Samoan islands, decided every question with such eminent fairness that both sides to a controversy were bound to accept his decisions. When the excitement in the islands was at white heat and actual warfare between contending native tribes had broken out Consul General Osborn remained on the island, refusing to take refuge on a man-of-war, and by his coolness and courage prevented wholesale slaughter.

The consular service of the United States contains not a chapter of coolness, intelligent judgment and successful diplomacy on the part of any consul surpassing this chapter of Judge Osborn's record at Apia.

## SORROW AT HIS OLD HOME

How News of Death of Col. Osborn Was Received in Blair.

BLAIR, Neb., Nov. 13.—There is great sorrow here at his old home over the death of Consul Osborn. Mr. Osborn came to Blair from Elmira, N. Y., in August, 1869, and began the practice of law, which he continued to follow until October 14, 1897, when he sailed for Samoa. His wife and son, their only child, accompanied him. Mr. Osborn's death casts a gloom over the entire city and many are the expressions of sorrow heard to-night on every hand. Two letters were received here yesterday from Mr. Osborn, one being to Mayor W. D. Haller, which was dated Apia, October 18, and the other October 19. In both letters Mr. Osborn writes cheerfully, as though in good health. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and Knights Templars of this city.

Chinamen Must Go Back.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 13.—The cases of approximately one hundred Chinamen who are detained at San Francisco were heard by Assistant Secretary Taylor today. They are all known as "transit cases," the Chinamen making oath at the port that they were bound for Mexico.

"We have investigated many similar cases," said Secretary Taylor, "and found that ninety-nine out of a hundred mysteriously came back to the United States. As a matter of fact they go to Mexico only in order to come over the border at the first opportunity."

## MCKINLEY MEMORIAL PLANS.

A Meeting of the Committee Selected by Gov. Shaw.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 13.—People of Nebraska are asked to contribute to the fund of the McKinley National Memorial association, which proposes to erect a monument to the late president at Canton. Governor Savage is an honorary member of the association, and bankers and other prominent men have been asked to cooperate with him in organizing a Nebraska auxiliary. The governors of all states are honorary members.

Mexican Letters by One Post.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 13.—The Mexican government has notified the postoffice department of this country that it desires the customs duties chargeable on articles sent by mail from the United States for delivery to addresses in the City of Mexico hereafter shall be addressed at Neuvo Laredo, Mex. Instructions to forward all such mail to Neuvo Laredo accordingly have been issued from here and all railway postoffices authorized to exchange mails with postoffices in Mexico.

Send Newspaper Men to Jail.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Judge Haney gave his decision in the contempt case of the editors of the Chicago American. He ordered Andrew M. Lawrence, the managing editor, to serve forty days in the county jail, and H. F. Canfield, the writer of the objectionable article, to remain there thirty days. S. S. Carvalho and J. P. Hammond were discharged. The case against W. R. Hearst and Clare Briggs will rest for the present.

## REVIEW MADE PUBLIC

The Industrial Commission Discusses Agricultural Depression.

## THE EAST PUSHED TO THE WALL

Western Farmers Operate on Too Large a Scale for Yankee Brothers—Agriculture Drops on Atlantic Coast—Liberal Land Grants on Frontier Formidable.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The industrial commission today made public its review of evidence taken before the commission on the subjects of agriculture and agricultural labor. Among other subjects discussed is that of agricultural depression, of which the commission speaks as follows:

"The cause most often assigned for the depression of agriculture in the eastern states is the increased production due to the opening of western lands in advance of the natural demand, especially through the agency of liberal land laws and grants of land in aid of railroad construction.

The competition of the west has been rendered especially severe by the policy of the railroads in making freight rates relatively low for long distances. The old staple products having thus become unprofitable in the east it has been necessary for farmers to change their methods and vary the character of their crops, taking up especially the culture of products which are not easily transported long distances.

"Thus, truck farming has largely superseded cereal growing along the Atlantic coast, but farmers in the North Atlantic states now complain of the severe competition of the states further south in this industry and much the same may be said of fruit growing. Even so perishable a commodity as milk is transported much longer distances than formerly since the introduction of refrigerator cars.

"Another cause which several witnesses assign for the unsatisfactory condition of agriculture in some parts of the country is the conservatism of the farmers, their lack of quick adjustment to changed conditions and lack of effective business planning and management. The farmers, as a class, have not kept up with the times, but have raised the same crops year after year without regard to changes in supply and demand. This undue conservatism and lack of managing ability among farmers is especially emphasized with reference to the southern states and is given as an explanation of the too exclusive attention to cotton production prevailing there."

## MORE MONEY FOR RURAL MAIL

Postmaster General Will Ask for Double Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—In his annual report, which will be completed soon, Postmaster General Smith will ask for an increase of the appropriation for the free rural delivery service from \$3,500,000 to \$6,000,000, and will advocate the extension of the service as far as practicable. He will express the opinion that this branch of the work of the department is of the greatest utility and will plead for most liberal consideration on the part of congress. He will explain in some detail the recent action of the department in the matter of second class mail matter, taking the position that the law granting a rate of 1 cent per pound contemplated benefit only to absolutely legitimate newspapers with legitimate subscription lists.

## ON TRAIL OF MORE CONVICTS

Warden Confident of Recapture of Remaining Men.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 13.—An even dozen convicts from the Fort Leavenworth prison were still at large this morning, no additional captures having been reported during the night. With the ringleader, Frank Thompson, in the toils, the prison officials feel more confident of quickly securing the remainder of the men now at large, as Thompson, in or out of prison, exercised a great influence over his comrades.

Advances Iowa Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 13.—The following fourth class offices will be advanced to the presidential grade as third class on January 1: Marlow and Marietta, Indian Territory; Elgin, Essex, Preston, Radcliffe, West Bend and Whiting, Iowa; Kenmore, Leeds, Minneawaukon and Towner, North Dakota; Anson, Fredericksburg, Round Rock and Thurbur, Texas.

Satisfactory to the British.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Pall Mall Gazette, referring to the speech made by Senator Lodge at Boston on Saturday last, says: "If, as believed, Mr. Lodge's speech reveals the mind of President Roosevelt, this country will have nothing to complain of. The sthonian business will be settled next year in a manner honorable and satisfactory to both countries, which means, we presume, that America will get its own way in the matter."

## SOLDIERS READY FOR THEM.

Mindoro Insurgents Attempt to Repeat Tactics of Samar Rebels.

MANILA, Nov. 12.—Major William L. Pitcher of the Eighth regiment of infantry, commanding the Mindoro expedition, reports that the garrison of Abra de Ilog was attacked yesterday by a force of insurgents commanded by Lenocos. The Filipinos apparently attempted to repeat the Samar tactics, but the Americans who were breakfasting, fully armed, completely routed the insurgents, who left five men dead on the field, each having a rifle and ammunition. One American was seriously wounded.

Captain Noyes of the Thirtieth infantry, commanding a detachment of fifty men, has captured a deserter named Richter of the Sixth artillery, wearing the uniform of an insurgent lieutenant.

Major Pitcher says he recently captured three officers and a large part of an insurgent company, all fully armed. It is believed the insurgents recently received an illicit supply of munitions of war.

CATBALOGAN, Island of Samar, Nov. 12.—The insurgents are flocking northward. They are suffering greatly from famine. Many isolated bolomen have surrendered. Only fear caused by Lubkan's proclamation, threatening with death those who surrender, prevents a general submission of the insurgents, but it is expected this will be assured in a few days.

## GET THE RINGLEADER.

Officers Capture Frank Thompson, Negro Desperado, After Struggle.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 12.—With the capture of Frank Thompson, the negro leader of the federal penitentiary mutiny of last Thursday, fourteen of the twenty-six fugitive convicts have been retaken.

Thompson was captured near Council Grove tonight by Deputy United States Marshal Prescott and a posse of farmers. He showed fight, but was brought down by a load of buckshot. Thompson is not dangerously wounded and will be returned to the penitentiary tomorrow.

The convicts are yet at large and inspiring much fear among the inhabitants of the country districts. Tonight officers are at work in a dozen different counties and as some report that they have groups of convicts rounded up, more captures will be made before morning.

From Council Grove, where Thompson was captured, tonight six convicts have started to Cottonwood Falls and are freely holding up and robbing people and plundering farms all along. Many have had encounters with the men and people along the route are afraid to venture out of their houses tonight.

## URGE ANOTHER DEPARTMENT.

National Business Leaguers Want One of Commerce and Industry.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Elliott Durand, Laverne W. Noyes and several other Chicagoans, representing the National Business League, today presented to the president a memorial urging him to recommend in his message to congress the establishment of a Department of Commerce and Industries, and also the reorganization of the consular service on a civil service basis.

Representative Boutelle of Illinois today arranged for a future conference with the president on the subject of the abrogation of the treaty of 1817 with Great Britain, by which the building of war vessels on the great lakes is inhibited. Mr. Boutelle is much interested in this subject. He says there are a dozen or more ship yards on the great lakes and that the antiquated treaty of 1817 prevents them from sharing in the work of building smaller vessels of the navy.

Goes to Identify Maddox.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 12.—J. H. Shuncher superintendent of the Pinkerton detective agency of Chicago, will leave tomorrow for Hot Springs, Ark., to identify the man giving the name of H. C. Maddox, who is under arrest in that city and thought to be an accomplice of Harry Longbaugh, the supposed train robber now held here at the Four Courts.

To Succeed Judge Sedgwick.

LINCOLN, Nov. 12.—Lincoln attorneys have begun to wonder who will be appointed successor to Judge Sedgwick for supreme court commissioner. The position will not become vacant until January 1, when Judge Sedgwick will take his seat on the bench.

## HOW ABOUT KING CORN

Great American Staple Falls Below Its Usual Output.

## LOWEST AVERAGE EVER RECORDED

Nebraska Does Not Produce Quite Its Average Amount of Hay, Though Decrease is Made Up in Other States—Good Prices the Rule.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The following crop bulletin has been issued by the department of agriculture: The preliminary estimates of the average yield per acre of corn as published in the monthly report of the statistician of the department of agriculture is 16.4, compared with an average yield of 25.3 bushels per acre in 1900 and 1899 and a ten-year average of 24.4 bushels. The present indicated yield per acre is the lowest general average ever recorded for this crop, being 2.2 bushels per acre below the yield in 1881, which has stood for twenty years as the lowest on record. The indicated yield in bushels per acre in the seven principal states is as follows: Ohio, 26.1; Indiana, 19.8; Illinois, 21.4; Iowa, 25; Missouri, 10.1; Kansas, 7.8, and Nebraska, 14.1.

Of the twenty-three states having 1,000,000 acres or upward in corn all but Pennsylvania, Virginia and Michigan report an average yield per acre below their respective ten-year average.

The general average as to quality is 73.7 per cent, as compared with 85.5 per cent in November last and 87.2 per cent in November, 1899. It is estimated that 4.5 per cent of the corn crop of 1900 was still in the hands of farmers on November, 1901, as compared with 4.4 per cent of the crop of 1899 in farmers' hands on November 1, 1900, and 5.9 per cent of that of 1898 in hand November 1, 1899.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of buckwheat is 15.9 bushels, against an average yield per acre of fifteen bushels in 1900, 16.5 bushels in 1899 and a ten-year average of 15.9 bushels. Of the six states having 10,000 acres or upward under this product, including New York and Pennsylvania, which together contain over three-fourths of the entire buckwheat acreage of the country, four report a yield per acre in excess of their respective ten-year average. The general average as to quality is 93.3 per cent, against 90.2 per cent in November last and 88.4 per cent in November, 1899.

Preliminary estimates of the yield per acre of potatoes is 59.9 bushels, against an average yield per acre of 59.8 bushels in 1900, 88.6 bushels in 1899 and a ten-year average of 78.7 bushels. The present indicated yield per acre is the lowest since 1890. Of the states having 50,000 acres or upward in potatoes, all except Michigan and Maine report a yield per acre comparing unfavorably with their ten-year averages. Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska report less than one-half, and Missouri less than one-fourth of an average crop. The average as to quality is 78.4 per cent, as compared with 88.1 in November last and 91.4 in November, 1899.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of hay is 1.32 tons, against an average yield of 1.28 tons in 1900, 1.35 tons in 1899, and a ten-year average of 1.28 tons, while more than three-fourths of the forty-seven states and territories for which comparative data are available report a yield per acre in excess of their respective year average. Such important states as Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, Texas and Arkansas are all included in the region representing less favorable. The average as to quality is 91.3 per cent, against 89.7 per cent in November last and 93.8 per cent in November, 1899.

## MISS STONE IS HOPEFUL

Writes Again and Speaks of Mme. Tsalika—Prison Irksome.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 12.—From another letter that has been received from Miss Ellen Stone, the abducted, American missionary, it appears that she is enduring the trials of her harrowing experience with fortitude, forgetting herself in her anxiety for her companion, Mme. Tsalika.

Miss Stone does not complain of the treatment to which they are subjected, but finds the confinement irksome and the weather extremely trying.

The tone of the latest letter received from her is hopeful. The brigands, by dating the letters at places in Macedonia and delaying their delivery, seek to create the appearance of being distant.

Press Demands Protection.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—Discussing the rumors that American capitalists intend to acquire the German ocean lines, the Berlin Tageblatt says: "Steps must be taken to protect these lines from Americanization."

Scarlet Fever Attacks Prince.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 12.—Prince Christian, eldest son of the crown prince of Denmark, is severely ill with scarlet fever.

## NINE MEN RUN DOWN.

Farmer Surprised Party of Convicts Who Are Hiding in His Barn.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 11.—All the police, deputy sheriffs and farmers in the country adjacent to Leavenworth were on the lookout today for the twenty-six federal convicts who escaped from the stockade yesterday. As a result two convicts have been killed, two wounded and five captured unhurt. The casualties took place in a fight near Nortonville, Kan., that resulted in the death or capture of five men. The dead:

J. James Hoffman, aged 29, white; J. J. Poffenholz, aged 25, white, a soldier convict; John Green, aged 21, white, and Willard Drake, aged 19, are wounded and recaptured, and the fifth, Fred Moore, aged 16, a negro, is recaptured, unhurt.

The five men were discovered in the barn of Fay Weishaar, a quarter of a mile from Nortonville, Kan., about 3 p. m. today. Weishaar went into the barn and was ordered out at the point of guns. He rushed to Nortonville and gathered a wagonload of men, who, with revolvers, shotguns and a few Winchester rifles, hastened to the scene.

## IN CONVICTS' GRASP.

Sheriff Cook and Deputy of Topeka Are Themselves Made Prisoners.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 11.—Sheriff Cook of this county and Deputy Sheriff Williams were captured by two escaped convicts from the Fort Leavenworth military prison yesterday afternoon at Pauline, five miles south of Topeka, and held prisoners in the farm house of a man named Wooster for several hours. The convicts finally escaped between a line of police sent from Topeka to reinforce the sheriff and are now at large. Both were slightly wounded.

Wooster was badly wounded by one of the convicts when he tried to fire on them. Mrs. Wooster and Sheriff Cook were held before the convicts as a shield by the prisoners in making their escape. A posse is in pursuit.

## NOTE GREATLY REDUCED

Nearly Quarter of a Million Less in Ohio Than in 1900.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 11.—With almost half of the official returns from the eighty-eight counties in Ohio received, it is estimated that the total vote may be 100,000 less than for governor two years ago, when 929,872 votes were cast, and almost a quarter of a million less than for president last year when the total vote of Ohio was 1,649,121.

Notwithstanding the increase in population during the past thirteen years, the total vote, will likely be much less than for president in 1888, when it was 841,941 and probably less than has been cast for governor since that time with a single exception.

## FIRST IN MCKINLEY'S MEMORY

Minnesota Village Unveils at the Town of Tower.

TOWER, Minn., Nov. 11.—To this village belongs the honor of having erected the first monument in honor of William McKinley. Representatives from the entire northwest were present at the unveiling, including Governor Van Sant and other men of prominence. When the monument was unveiled all the bands that Tower and the surrounding country could muster played the hymn "Nearer, My God, to Thee." The speakers were Governor Van Sant, John Owens, Thomas McKeeon and Rev. Dr. Forbes.

Anti-Saloon League.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Active preparations are making for the meeting here in December of the sixth annual convention of the American Anti-Saloon league. The sessions will be held in one of the commodious buildings of the city and beginning Tuesday, December 3d, will continue through Thursday. A large attendance is expected, as the league expects to secure railroad excursion rates throughout the country. The call for the convention is signed by Rev. Luther B. Wilson, the acting president of the league, and a request is made that all bodies hostile to the saloon send delegates together with a representative from each for the national board of direction.

Six Hundred Cases of Smallpox.

LINCOLN, Nov. 11.—Dr. Brush of Beatrice, one of the secretaries, said that over 600 cases of smallpox had been reported to him since October 15. Of this number 200 were in the Indian reservations. The disease was found in over 160 localities.

Paymaster Loses Thousands.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Nov. 11.—Paymaster Stevens of the United States army arrived here from Atlanta Saturday and before leaving that city placed in a safe \$200 and \$4,800 in "paper money for the purpose of paying the several hundred artillery men at Fort McRea their salaries for the past month. When he reached the fort here he opened the grip and found that all the paper money, amounting to nearly \$5,000, had been abstracted.

## TO KEEP NAVY MOVING

Chief Equipment Bureau Gives Statistics of the Fuel Department.

## AMOUNT GROWS TO 95,713 TONS

Exceeds by that Figure the Total Purchase of Last Fiscal Year—Secretive About Some Stations—They Are Proposed Places Not to Be Mentioned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—A striking illustration of the growth of the American navy is presented in the single statement in the annual report of Rear Admiral R. B. Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau of the navy, that he spent \$2,273,111 the last fiscal year for 324,108 tons of coal at an average cost of \$7.01 per ton. The report says that this was nearly 95,713 more tons of coal than was used during the preceding fiscal year. Ten years ago the coal consumption was 73,900 tons per annum.

The domestic coal costs \$6.20 per ton and the foreign coal, of which there were used 105,066 tons, cost \$8.50 per ton. Admiral Bradford has scattered American coal all over the world wherever suitable storage could be found. He has placed 12,000 tons at Yokohama and 5,000 tons at Pichilique, Mex., and he has sent large quantities to Guam and to the Philippines. He carried 9,000 tons by water from the Atlantic coast to Mare Island, California, where it came into competition with English Cardiff coal. They have averaged the same in cost, viz \$9.29 per ton, but at present, owing to the scarcity of American freight vessels, the best Cardiff coal is considerably cheaper at Mare Island. It is recommended that two large steam 10,000-ton colliers be built to keep depots supplied in time of peace and to accompany the fleets in time of war.

Summarizing the work accomplished at various coaling stations during the year the report takes up Cavite and says that the bureau is about to open bids for a 45,000-ton coaling station there. Efforts have been made to obtain a site for a coaling station at Cebu, but thus far without success. Coaling stations have been located at Port Isabella, Basatin island and at Poloc, Mindanao.

A complete station has been established at Yokohama, Japan, and it is now fully stocked with coal. The same statement is true at Pichilique, Mex., where through the courtesy of the Mexican government our coal and colliers have been admitted to the station without port duty or customs of any kind. In the West Indies a little work has been done at San Juan on the coaling scale, but Admiral Bradford expresses regret that little progress has been made for securing other sites for coal depots in the West Indies. It is particularly essential that some of the deep water ports of Cuba should be made available for this purpose, as the entire waters surrounding Cuba are most important in a strategic sense. Estimates are submitted for improvements of coaling stations at most Atlantic ports, including a modern plant at Norfolk.

## CAPE COLONISTS MUST FIGHT

They Must Assist in Driving Out the Swarming Rebels.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—In a letter, dated October 23, the Capetown correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

Lord Kitchener and Sir John Gordon Sprigg (the Cape premier) have arranged a scheme for the expulsion of the invaders from Cape Colony. A joint commission of imperial and colonial military chiefs have been sitting here for some days past to draft a scheme.

It is understood that this provides for the colony taking a large share in the future campaign and contributing largely toward its cost. Apparently a levy of loyalists en masse is the idea involved.

Paul Revere is Dead.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Paul Revere, vice president, general of the Sons of the Revolution, died today at Morristown, N. Y., aged 45. He was a son of General Joseph Warren Revere, who fought in the Seminole and civil wars, and a great grandson of Paul Revere of revolutionary fame.

Feudal Accident Results Fatally.

FRANKLIN, Neb., Nov. 11.—Jack Smith, who was injured by jumping from a load of hay and striking on a pitchfork, the handle of which penetrated his body for a distance of ten inches, died of his injuries.

Hangs Away at Passerby.

DEVILS LAKE, N. D., Nov. 11.—The 6-year-old son of William Barber secured a revolver and began shooting at persons passing his home. Miles Miller a merchant, was made a target by the boy, but missed. Burt Crary, a 12-year-old boy, was the next person to pass and young Barber shot him through the apex of the right lung, probably fatally wounding him. The Barber boy seemed to think he was having a good time.