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## THE VOTE OF TUESDAY

Returns From New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Other States.

### REPUBLICANS GENERALLY WIN OUT

Seth Lowe Elected Mayor of New York City—Ohio Goes Largely Republican—What the Figures From Other States Indicate.

#### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Seth Lowe, former president of Columbia university and four years ago the Citizens' union candidate for the first mayor of Greater New York, was elected the second mayor of Greater New York by a plurality ranging anywhere from 20,000 to 40,000, defeating Edward M. Shepard of Brooklyn, the democratic nominee. The campaign was an exciting one and the vote, though somewhat less than in the presidential election a year ago, was the largest ever polled in a municipal contest in this country.

Richard Croker at 8:45 o'clock last night conceded the election of Lowe, but was not willing at that time to give up the county ticket. He said he was disappointed at the Brooklyn vote, as he had expected Mr. Shepard to make a good showing there, it being his home borough.

Returns also indicate the complete triumph here of the Greater New York fusion ticket, Charles V. Fomes, the nominee of the Citizens' union and the republicans for president of the board of aldermen, defeating George M. Van Heesen, the democratic nominee.

#### OHIO.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 6.—The republicans yesterday carried Ohio by such increased plurality on their state ticket and with such an enlarged majority in the legislature as to cause all sorts of comment on what did it. The result continues the republicans in power in the state, making an epoch of twelve years in succession for that party in Ohio, and it insures the reelection of Senator Foraker.

The extent of the republican success is attributed to the silver democrats not voting, to the attitude of John R. McLean, the democratic candidate for governor two years ago and the Ohio members of the national committee, to the superior organization of the republicans and other causes. The republicans attribute the result largely to the popular desire not to disturb the prevailing prosperity, in accordance with Senator Hanna's appeal to "let well enough alone."

#### NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 6.—Late returns bear out the earlier indications that Franklin Murphy, rep., has been elected governor by about 10,000 plurality. Partial returns from the counties show that most of them about the same pluralities as were given three years ago, when Voorhees was elected governor by 5,499 plurality.

#### RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 6.—In the election of Governor Gregory and the entire ticket by a plurality of at least 6,000, the republicans of Rhode Island, with a majority in both branches of the general assembly, have again retained the guidance of the state's policies. The campaign lacked fever and the result was a decreased vote at the polls.

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Returns from every city and town in the state except the town of Dartmouth give Crane, rep., 185,500; Quincy, dem., 115,370. Last year the total vote of the state was: Crane, 223,057; Paine, 120,038. Crane's plurality in the state, approximating Dartmouth, is 70,408.

#### CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 6.—Connecticut chose delegates to the first constitutional convention to be held in the state since 1818. Of the 163 towns in the state, 165 have been heard from, showing that republicans were elected in 105, democrats in forty-four and citizens or non-partisan candidates in sixteen.

#### VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 6.—Returns to 2 o'clock in the morning sustain the belief that the democrats have elected their ticket by 25,000 majority and secured a big majority in the general assembly. The republicans made their greatest gain in the valley, where there were democratic factional fights.

John O'Brien, 108 years old, died at Mattoon, Illinois.

## THE RESULT IN NEBRASKA

Republicans Claim that Their Ticket Has Carried the State.

OMAHA, Nov. 6.—The Bee says: Returns at this hour—6 a. m.—are sufficient to make it certain that the republican state ticket has carried Nebraska. Sedgwick's plurality for supreme judge should be in excess of 7,000.

Only scattering returns have been received on regent, but these indicate there is no great discrepancy between the vote on these officers and on supreme judge.

On the returns received in form to make comparisons with last year's vote Sedgwick has a plurality of 6,608. In these same precincts Dietrich had a plurality last year of 4,505, giving Sedgwick a net plurality of 2,103 in excess of that given Dietrich in these precincts. These precincts are all outside of Douglas county and Douglas shows a still greater percentage of increase. These returns are from out the estimate of a falling off in fifty-seven of the ninety counties in the state and last year cast a little less than one-third of the total vote outside of Douglas.

The total vote as compared with last year shows a decrease of 10,513 in the precincts compared, which would bear the state not less than 40,000.

LINCOLN, Nov. 6.—At midnight Chairman Lindsay of the republican state central committee declared that Judge Sedgwick was elected by a plurality of between 5,000 and 7,000. "We have heard from only a small portion of the state," said he, "but the returns so far received warrant the assertion that the republican state ticket has won the fight. There have been big gains over the majorities of last year, and enough figures are at hand to place the result beyond question. We have no information concerning the vote for regents, but we feel confident that our candidates were successful."

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 6.—Chairman DeFrance of the populist state central committee at 12:30 this morning said: "We have not enough figures at this hour to warrant us in making any prediction as to the result of the election, but we feel confident that Mr. Hollenbeck has won. This estimate is based on returns from only forty-three precincts, comprising about one-fourth of the state, and is therefore not much more than a supposition."

Omaha—"Decidedly mixed," is the most expressive way to describe the results of the election yesterday in Omaha and Douglas county.

While the republicans carried the county by more than their usual majority on the state ticket and other officers where strictly party votes were polled, on several of the principal county officers the competition seems to have been a go-as-you-please race. While the figures are not yet complete, nothing satisfactory being at hand from South Omaha, yet with only five precincts to hear from in Omaha and the country, it seems certain that Judge Sedgwick and the republican state ticket have carried Douglas county by a majority upward of 1,500.

Omaha—The Herald says: "Election returns from over the state were slow in coming in from the scenes of Tuesday's battle, less than one-third of the 1,600 precincts reporting on the head of the ticket at the hour of going to press. These showed a republican gain that would be sufficient, if continued throughout the state, to wipe out the fusion majority of two years ago and elect Sedgwick by about the same majority as was received by the body of the state ticket last year."

#### IOWA.

DES MOINES, Nov. 6.—A. B. Cummins, republican, was elected governor yesterday by over 90,000 plurality, the largest ever given a candidate on the state ticket. The republican vote will fall short about 15,000 from the vote of two years ago, but the plurality will be 35,000 more. The prohibitionists have polled a heavy vote and in many precincts have beaten the democrats. The republicans made gains in the legislature also. Two hundred and ninety-five precincts in Iowa give Cummins 39,000; Phillips, 22,386. The same precincts in 1899 gave Shaw, republican, 39,888; White democrat, 28,612.

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Estimates from the sixty-seven counties of the state give Frank G. Harris, republican candidate for state treasurer, an apparent plurality of 51,018; William P. Potter, republican candidate for supreme court judge, 44,807 plurality.

#### Spain Bows Its Thanks.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 6.—At yesterday's session of the Pan-American congress a note was read from the Spanish minister conveying the thanks of the chamber of deputies of Madrid for the friendly sentiments of the conference toward Spain, as wired by General Reyes, delegate from Colombia, several days ago, and expressed at a municipal banquet. General Reyes made a speech further explaining and justifying his toast.

## COUNT OF THE BALLOTS

State Results Quite Generally Favorable to the Republicans.

### THE LOCAL CONTESTS ARE MIXED

The Landslide in Greater New York Assured Democrats—Additional Returns From Nebraska, Iowa, Massachusetts and Other States.

OMAHA, Nov. 7.—In this city these were successful candidates in the late election: Sheriff, Power, dem.; judge, Vinsonhaler, rep.; clerk, Unitt, rep.; treasurer, Elssasser, dem.; register, Deuel, dem.; coroner, Brailley, rep.; superintendent, Bodwell, rep.; surveyor, Edquist, rep.; representative, Batten, rep.; county commissioner, Connolly, dem.; Waterman, rep.; O'Keefe, dem.; police judge, Berka, rep.; school board, Andresen, Cermak, Homan, Funkhouser, McIntosh.

Judge Sedgwick and the republican candidates for university regents on the state ticket have carried Douglas county by some 1,700 majority. The regents run close to the supreme court and close to one another.

LINCOLN, Nov. 7.—From all returns received up to noon Chairman Lindsay of the republican state central committee estimates that Judge Sedgwick's plurality will exceed 7,000. The entire republican ticket is elected in Lancaster county. Complete returns give Jesse Moore, candidate for register of deeds a majority of 31, and B. F. Knight, candidate for treasurer, over 800. All other nominees are elected by between 1,000 and 2,100.

A table of forty-two counties, complete, shows a plurality for Sedgwick of 6,601. These same counties last year gave Dietrich, republican candidate for governor, a plurality of 41, a net gain over last year of 5,969, when Dietrich had a plurality in the state of 861. This would indicate that the republican plurality on the head of the state ticket will be in the neighborhood of 10,000, as the counties included in the table represent more than half the vote of the state for governor last year. Partial returns from other counties show that the same ratio of republican gain obtains throughout the state.

OMAHA, Nov. 7.—The Herald says: Figures secured by the World-Herald covering about 70 per cent of a state vote on judge of the supreme court of Nebraska indicate that in 1,121 voting precincts of the state out of the total number of 1,611, that Sedgwick has received 74,527 votes, and that Hollenbeck has received 63,118 votes, thus giving Sedgwick a majority up-to-date in the first heard from portions of the state, customarily republican, of 11,409.

But comparisons with the Holcomb-Reese vote of two years ago for the same position indicate that this majority will receive a big trimming down on the late precincts.

#### The Result in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Nov. 7.—Returns are coming in slowly, only one-half of the 2,100 precincts have been heard from. If the same percentage of gain in majority continues, Cummins, republican candidate for governor, will have 92,000 over that of Phillips, democrat.

The prohibition vote has been largely increased, advancing from 9,000 last year to 25,000 this year. Practically every precinct heard from shows a falling off in the democratic vote.

#### Republicans Own Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 7.—In the election of county officers in Colorado, the republicans won in most of the large counties except Arapahoe. Complete returns from all the precincts in this city and all country precincts except one show that all the democratic candidates were elected in Arapahoe by majorities ranging from 2,000 to 4,000. In many counties the result is mixed, the offices being divided between democrats and republicans.

#### Will of Edward Stokes.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The will of Edward S. Stokes, who died on Saturday last at the residence of his sister, Mrs. McNutt, was filed in the surrogate's office yesterday. The will was executed on February 13, 1891, before Mr. Stokes had the disagreement with his cousin, W. E. D. Stokes, and the latter is the chief beneficiary under the will. No petition setting forth the value of the property left by Mr. Stokes was filed with the will.

#### Virginia Democratic 25,000.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Latest returns in the election figures do not alter the figures first sent out. Those figures place the democratic majority on the state ticket about 25,000. The indications are that the republicans have elected one senator and fourteen members of the house. This is a gain of eleven on the present general assembly, but that body will still be overwhelmingly democratic in both branches.

## BELIEVES MISS STONE DEAD

Student Who Was Member of Her Party So Informs His Friends.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The positive conviction that Miss Ellen M. Stone is dead is contained in a letter which has just been received in Boston from Ivan Raduloff, a student, who was with the American missionary when she was captured by brigands in Turkey, together with Mme. Tsilka, says the Boston correspondent of the Press. According to this letter the snow in the mountains into which Miss Stone and her companion were taken by their captors was three feet deep three weeks ago, at the time the letter was written. Even in the summer time the snow upon the highest summits of these mountains does not melt. The first snowfall usually comes at about the middle of September, and by the middle of October the mountain passes are absolutely closed to travel.

It was the conviction among Miss Stone's friends in Samokov, Bulgaria, three weeks ago that she could not possibly have survived the rigors of her captivity until that date. There was a hope that Miss Stone might have been concealed by her captors in the monastery of St. Ivan of Sila, which is near the Bulgarian-Turkish frontier and on the Bulgarian side of it. So great was the anxiety of the Bulgarian government to do everything in its power to assist the United States government in their effort to find the missionary that it adopted the exceedingly unpopular measure of ordering a search of the monastery. This search disclosed the fact that Miss Stone had not been there.

## NEBRASKA GETS MANY MEDALS.

Several of Gold and Silver are Awarded at Pan American Exposition.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 5.—The horticultural department of the Pan-American exposition has just announced its awards. Nebraska receives medals as follows: State Horticultural society, gold medal; general display of fruits, Youngers & Co., gold medal for displays of fruits; Theo. Williams, Benson, gold medal for collection of hybrid plums; silver medal, Marshall Bros., Arlington, for display of fruits; bronze medal, C. H. Bernard, for display of apples and pears; honorable mention, Frank Martin, Omaha, for exhibit of plums.

In the agricultural department Nebraska received a gold medal for a collection of agricultural products, a silver medal for collection of cereals, gold medal for a display of sugar beets and their products, and a silver medal for a display of corn.

## WILL TALK WITH CONTINENT.

Connection by Telephone of England Belgium and Holland.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 5.—Belgium and the Netherlands are to have telegraphic communication with London and other large cities of England, according to a report to the state department from United States Consul Roosevelt, dated at Brussels, October 10. Consul Roosevelt says that very soon a new sub-marine telephone cable will be laid connecting Brussels with London, and that the circuit will be so disposed as to serve, besides London and Brussels, Antwerp, Liege, Birmingham, Manchester and Liverpool.

Mr. Roosevelt says that the point of immediate connection on the Belgian side will be near La Panne, and that the line will emerge again at Ramsgate, on the English coast.

## Will Close for Want of Coke.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 5.—Eighteen blast furnaces in the Pittsburgh district and the Mahoning and Shenango valleys have or are about to close down for want of coke. The motive power shortage on the railroads is responsible for this. Suspension of these blast furnaces will cut off pig iron production over 5,000 tons each day and throw about 1,500 men out of work. No relief is in sight and it is probable other furnaces will have to close, with the result that the steel mills will be materially affected.

## Taft Will Be on Sick List.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Secretary Root received a telegram from Governor Taft, saying that on account of the recent operation he had undergone he would be incapacitated for duty for about three weeks. He said the operation had been successful and that his convalescence was progressing satisfactorily. During his disability Judge Wright, who had been appointed vice governor, will administer the affairs of the Philippine government.

## Ask for Duty on Coffee.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—A delegation from the Porto Rican chamber of commerce, headed by Antonio Balanquida, called upon the president and submitted data in favor of a duty of 5 cents per pound on coffee from countries other than Porto Rico. They claim that such a protective duty is necessary to build up the industry of the island. The delegation has been on a touring investigation in the United States.

## PATIENCE NOT VIRTUE

French Chamber Agrees that Sultan's Conduct Merits Chastisement.

### HIS ABUSES HAVE BEEN PROLONGED

Government's Action is Upheld by an Overwhelming Majority—Porte Breaks Many Promises—Belief that France's Action Will Be Approved.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—In the Chamber today M. Sembat (radical socialist) interpellated the government on the Franco-Prussian dispute, noticing the action taken as being for a maternal end and contending that France ought to have interferred at the time of the Armenian massacres.

The foreign minister, M. Delcasse, replied that France's patience was exhausted by the porte's breaking its own promises. France in the present difficulty pursued no fresh advantage, but everybody would agree that this effort on the part of France ought to at least serve to put an end to the annoyance and unjust treatment of which France's workers in the Orient had been the object. He added: "Unless Parliament arrests our action the government wishes to show that France, after exemplary patience, has other things to oppose to the long and persistent refusal to do justice than simple observations. The government intervened in the quay questions in order to get Turkey to fulfill its engagements. If the government has not done so there would have been an end of the numerous enterprises which France has created in Turkey in the shape of railroads, roads, light-houses and banks."

The porte has also persisted in its refusal to reimburse Mme. Tubini and Lorando in spite of the decrees of the tribunals in their favor. The government will only present to the porte demands which are in conformity with its conscience and which can be sustained in perfect tranquility of mind before the whole world.

The debt has been reduced by a large percentage and the porte in August agreed to give satisfaction, but on the morrow these arrangements were forgotten and others were proposed. Our minister then ceased official relations with the porte. There was no ultimatum, but the cessation of relations indicated that the government took the porte's word seriously and that it intended that the engagements entered into should be respected, but reserved to itself fixing the moment for their execution.

"Our rights are certain and nobody will dispute them. Our action is legitimate and nobody can take umbrage as it, and our patience has been long, so our action must be more resolute."

As to Armenia, M. Delcasse stated that during the last three years he had not overlooked the question and while defending France's material interests, he had displayed equal solicitude for its moral interests and for its traditions.

## JARVIS HALL IS DESTROYED.

Episcopal Military Academy Near Denver Burns to the Ground.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 5.—Jarvis Hall, a military academy at Montclair, near Denver, a school for boys, maintained by the Episcopal church of the diocese of Colorado, was burned to the ground, causing a loss estimated at \$75,000. Seventy-five students roomed in the building, but all escaped without injury. The origin of the fire is unknown. A high wind prevailed, and although the Denver fire department responded to a call for help, all efforts to save the building were fruitless. It was insured for \$40,000. The library of Canon Rogers, rector of the academy, one of the finest in the west, was partially destroyed.

## NEGRO BURNED AT STAKE

Caught Soon After Commission of Crime and Put to Death.

GULF PORT, MISS., Nov. 5.—A negro whose name has not yet been learned was burned at the stake in Perry county, Miss., Saturday night. The crime for which the negro suffered was committed early in the morning and Mrs. Fortenberry was the victim. She is the wife of one of the most prominent men in that section. She was beaten into unconsciousness by the negro. After recovering consciousness and while yet almost too weak to move, she began crying for help.

## Roosevelt Appoints a Collector.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 5.—The president appointed John R. Bonnell of Crawfordsville, Ind., collector of internal revenue for the seventh Indiana district.

## Funston Wants to See Home.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 5.—It is stated that General Frederick Funston will shortly apply for leave of absence from the Philippines and return to the United States on a visit.

## DAY FOR RENDERING THANKS

President Issues His Annual Proclamation, Fixing It on November 28.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—President Roosevelt Saturday issued his proclamation fixing Thursday, November 28, as a day of national thanksgiving. It follows:

The season is nigh when, according to the time-hallowed custom of our people, the president appoints a day as the special occasion for praise and thanksgiving to God.

This Thanksgiving finds the people still bowed with sorrow for the death of a great and good president. We mourn President McKinley; we also honored him, and the manner of his death should awaken in the breasts of our people a keen anxiety for the country, and at the same time a resolute purpose not to be driven by any calamity from the path of strong, orderly, popular liberty which, as a nation, we have thus far trod.

Yet in spite of the great disaster it is, nevertheless, true that no people on earth have such abundant cause for thanksgiving as we have, the last year in particular having been one of peace and plenty. We have prosperity in things material and have been able to work for our own uplifting in things intellectual and spiritual. Let us remember that, as much has been given us, much will be expected from us, and that true homage comes from the heart as well as from the lips and shows itself in deeds. We can best prove our thankfulness to the Almighty by the way in which on this earth and at this time each of us does his duty to his fellow men.

Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving Thursday, the 28th of this present November, and do recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their wonted occupations and at their several homes and places of worship reverently thank the Giver of all Good for the countless blessings of our nation.

In witness of which I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this second day of November, in the year of our Lord 1901, and of the independence of the United States the 126th.

By the president,  
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.  
JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

## Manufacturing Statistics.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The census bureau statistics of manufactures in Colorado and Utah show for the two states a capital of \$77,478,420 and 4,070 establishments. In Colorado the capital invested in manufactures and mechanical industries aggregate \$2,825,427; establishments, 3,570; wage earners, 24,725; value of products, \$102,830,133. This is an increase of over 125 per cent in capital and 142 per cent in value of products since 1899.

The Utah figures show a capital of \$14,650,948, an increase of 122 per cent. Establishments, 1,400; average number of wage earners, 6,615; value of products, \$21,215,783, an increase of 138 per cent.

## Sale of Alfalfa Fed Hogs.

LODGE POLE, Neb., Nov. 4.—S. H. Hardin of Rancho, Wyo., purchased of Robert S. Oberfelder 150 head of choice spring Poland-China sows averaging in weight about 155 pounds. These sows were raised almost exclusively on alfalfa and are of the large-boned Poland-China variety. The pigs will be taken to the Hardin ranch on the Crow reservation in Montana, where Mr. Hardin has large tracts of alfalfa and immense herds of cattle.

## Wisconsin Judge Dead.

NENA, Wis., Nov. 4.—Judge A. L. Collins is dead at the home of his son, A. W. Collins. He was 91 years of age. He was a son of Brigadier General Oliver Collins, who served in the war of 1812.

## Portsmouth Ordered to Canton.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 4.—The navy department has ordered the gunboat at Portsmouth, N. H., the Colon, to relieve the gunboat Machias, which has been watching over affairs at that port for some months past.

## No Additional Cases.

GLASGOW, Nov. 4.—No additional cases of the plague have been officially reported to a late hour tonight. Two hundred employees of the Central Station hotel are confined to the hotel precincts for observation.

## Conversion of Hawaiian Silver.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Authority for the conversion of all Hawaiian coins into corresponding coins of the United States and for the immigration of a limited number of Chinese laborers, conditioned upon their engaging in agricultural pursuits only during their residence in the territory and their return to their own country upon ceasing to be farmers, are the chief recommendations of H. B. Cooper, acting governor.

## TURKEY MUST GIVE UP

France Urges Its Claim on Sultan With Menace of War Ships.

### BROKEN TREATIES TO BE MENDED

Contracts Are Said to Be Disregarded or Encroached Upon—War Vessels Now Going Forward to Enforce the Decrees of the French Government.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—This morning M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, telegraphed M. Baptist, counselor agent for the French embassy in Constantinople, directing him to present today to Tewfik Pasha, Ottoman minister of foreign affairs, a note asking how the Turkish government proposed to pay the Lorando claims and demanding the execution of the sultan's irade dealing with that matter. The note will also request satisfaction regarding the rights of France, which are defined in the various treaties and which in some cases have not been respected and in others have been encroached upon by Turkey.

The declarations of what has been done bears out the statement made yesterday regarding the intentions of the French government. Admiral Caillaud is expected to reach his destination tomorrow. The foreign office has received no news from him since his division left the other division of the Mediterranean squadron four days ago.

It is pointed out that the absence of news is not surprising, as the instructions to Admiral Caillaud were to steer due south and avoid passing in sight of Bonifacio, Corsica or traversing the strait of Messina in order to prevent his movements being signaled. The vessels of the division carried only a normal supply of coal, but this would be much more than enough to enable them to steam 1,500 miles, the estimated distance they must cover before reaching their destination.

It is expected that Admiral Caillaud will be joined en route by the torpedo cruiser Condor, which is stationed in Creten waters, and may be met by the torpedo dispatch boat Vantour, which is stationed at Constantinople. It is also probable that the cruiser Admiral Charner, which arrived at Port Said October 31, from the far east, is being held there in order to join Admiral Caillaud if needed.

It is further reported that three other war ships are held in readiness at Toulon to reinforce him should their presence be necessary.

## ICE RUNS ON THE YUKON

Communication With Dawson by Water About to Close.

FORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 4.—The steamer Dirigo, from Skagway, brought 100 passengers and 700 tons of canned salmon. Navigation is practically ended on the Yukon. On October 27 cake ice was running out of Pelly river into the Yukon. Slush ice was running at Dawson and the river was daily expected to close.

Great preparations are being made at Dawson and during the winter there will be strong competition for over-ice travel. An opposition stage line will be put on. A large number of men are working on roads and trails and when the river freezes everything will be in readiness for stages.

The revenue cutter Rush, with Governor Brady and Rev. Sheldon Jackson on board, is cruising in the vicinity of Wrangel, visiting the Indian villages.

## Report on School Militia.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 4.—The census report on school, militia and voting ages for all states and territories shows the following summary for the country as a whole: Persons of school age, 5 to 20 years, 26,110,788, of whom 24,897,130 are native born, 22,406,211 are white and 13,086,160 are males; males of militia age, 16,300,363, of whom 13,132,280 are native born; males of voting age, 21,329,819, of whom 19,036,043 are white. Of the total number of males 21 years of age and over 2,326,155 are illiterate. Of the 16,227,285 native born males 21 years of age and over, 1,706,298 are illiterate, and of the 5,102,534 foreign born, 620,062 are illiterate.

## Mrs. Grant Herein Again.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Mrs. Grant widow of General Grant, has almost recovered from her recent indisposition. She suffers from a bronchial affection, which, however, does not confine her to her room. Mrs. Sartoria, Mrs. Grant's daughter, will remain with her mother during the winter.

## Wood Burns for Three Days.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—A dispatch from Poplar Bluff, in the southeastern section of this state, says the forest fires since 1835 are raging a few miles south of that city. The woods have been in flames for three days and thousands of cattle and horses are in danger. Farmers and stockmen have turned out en masse to fight the flames, but they have made very little progress. The fire will cause a famine for feed for cattle.