The Plattsmouth Journal.

VOL. 21. NO. 28,

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1901.

\$1.00 PER YEAR.

THE LINE UP FOR LAND

Thousands Rush to Register for Claims in Indian Territory.

Not Until July 9 Will Early Comers Know Their Luck-Lottery Deal Spoils Picturesqueness-Excitement is When Interlopers Try to Push In.

EL RENO, O. T., July 11.-The total Reno yesterday was 4,018, 193 being below 100 degrees in the northern. women. Commissioner Richardson established a separate egistration booth can register 8,000 Ally from now on force is perfected.

EL RENO, O. T., July 11.-Following out the proclamation of President by whites the 1,300 farms in the Kiowa-Comanche country, the first registration of homeseekers was made here and at Lawton at 9 o'clock this morning. Hundreds were still lined before the various registration boards when darkness came tonight and tomorrow continue until all who come have been begin July 29 and until then none of the 50,000 applicants will know whether or not he has been lucky enough is small for this time of year, to receive a homestead.

The lottery scheme robbed the opening of the picturesque run and the exciting times incident to the great opening of the Cherokee strip ten years ago. Compared with that event the affair today was tame in the extreme. Although there are perhaps 20,000 people in town practically no disorder prevailed. As a rule the homeseekers were well provided with money and provisions and aside from the long wait in the sun before the registration booths, no serious inconvenience has been experienced.

Last night hundreds of people slept in the streets and alleys to maintain their places in lines which began forming yesterday at the six registration booths in El Reno. Many had waited on the border of the new country for two years or more and the last night of their long vigil was the most trying they had experienced. The line was made up of the halt, the lame and the brawny frontiersman, sprawled out in the dust. The crowd before each booth elected a captain and each man and woman in line was given a number which they pinned conspicuously to their clothes. A company member was permitted occasionally to absent himself from line for a short breathing spell and invariably his place was protected by his fellow watchers.

As the hour of 9 o'clock neared interlopers tried to push in and break the numerical order of the line organization. This instantly raised bad blood and when word was passed down the line a little later that the booth officials would not recognize the line organization, but would register the first person to present themselves there were threats of violence and rioting seemed likely. Trouble was prevented by the early announcement that the line organization would be respected by the government officials. Cheers and waving of hats greeted the word and from this time forth no sign of trouble was apparent. Applicants were admitted to the bootas four at a time and the filing proceeded rapidly all day long.

During the day the heat became intense, but no serious suffering was reported. The numerous women in line were treated gallantly by the men. who shaded them from the sun with embrellas and furnished drinks from the lemonade venders who plied meir

The second place of registration named in the proclamation was at Lawton twenty-five miles overland. where similar scenes to those enacted in El Reno were witnessed.

OPENING NOT TO BE DEFERRED.

Secretary Hitchcock Telegraphs There

can Be No Postponement. WASHINGTON, July 11.-The complaints from land offices in Oklahoma other than El Reno and Lawton that they should be allowed to make registrations from the opening of the reservations are regarded officially as not well founded. The matter was taken up some weeks ago and Delegate Flynn at the time unsuccessfully endeavored to have the other Oklahoma offices included.

It is claimed here that the reports of the number of cattle on the land to be opened has been exaggerated The opening of certain lands on August 6, which stockmen are seeking to have postponed, is mandatory. A several hundred people at the rail- other advance of a similar amount the battleship Alabama. The delay was

NEBRASKA CROP CONDITIONS.

Yield of Wheat Good in Quantity and Quality-Corn Grows Well.

United States Department of Agriculture, Nebraska Section, Climate and Crop Service of the Weather Bureau-Weekly Crop Bulletin-University of SLEEP IN STREETS TO BE ON HAND Nebraska, Lincoln, July 10.—General A CHANGE IN SUGAR DIFFERENTIAL

The past week has been hot, with heavy showers in eastern counties. The daily mean temperature has averaged 5 degrees above normal. The maximum temperatures for the week generally exceed 100 degrees in registration of homesteaders at El southern counties and were but little

The rainfall of the past week has been heavy in southeastern counties. for women. Mr. hardson says he varying from one to nearly six inches; in the northern and western counor as soon as organization of his ties it has generally been less than half an inch

Winter wheat harvest is nearly completed and threshing has commenced in southern counties; the yield Mckinley opening up to settlement is good in both quantity and quality. Spring wheat and oats have been considerably damaged by chinch bugs and dry weather in central and southwestern counties, and in many fields these crops will be about a failure. In some places chinch bugs are leaving the wheat fields and attacking and next day the registration will the corn. Corn has been damaged slightly in a few southwestern coungiven an opportunity to file their ties by the hot weather of the past names. The drawing by lottery will week; generally, however, corn has grown well and in a large part of the state has grown very rapidly. Corn

G. A. LOVELAND, Section Director, Lincoln Neb.

RUSH IN REVENUE OFFICE.

Demand for Refund of War Stamps

Makes Business Brisk. OMAHA, Neb., July 10.-The demand for the refund of money used in the purchase of stamps under the war revenue law which are not required under the amendments to that law which went into effect July 1, is keeping the office force of the internal revenue collector busy.

It is estimated that in this district there are \$50,000 in stamps subject to redemption, but these stamps are so scattered that the redeeming of them is a slow process. Applications for refunds come from people holding hundreds of dollars in stamps and from those whose total refund will not exceed 25 cents and the work re-

quired in each case is the same. It is believed that the revenues of the government will be swelled to a marked extent over estimates by the failure of many persons to have their money refunded, as in many cases the time necessary to prepare the necessary papers is of greater value than the stamps to be redeemed. The redemption of these stamps coming at the beginning of the fiscal year when the force is busy preparing the reports for the year just closed, together with the fact that several new clerks are being instructed in the duties of the office, consequent upon the change in the head of the Omaha office, keeps the force at work overtime.

"SOONER" READY TO MAKE RUN.

Disregard Fact that Reserves Will Be Opened By Lottery.

EL RENO, I. T., July 10 .- Judge Kilpatrick, special alloting agent 'of the Kiowa-Commanche reservation. said that Caddo county is full of "sooners" and that trouble is likely to occur, notwithstanding the county is to be opened by lottery and not by run. Two troops of cavalry, one each for Fort Reno and Fort Sill, have been ordered to the posts and are expected to arrive at their destination on Wednesday. Lew Hornbeck, of Minco Newstral, has a small following here who declare they intend to locate now regardless of the president's proclamation naming certain days upon which the land is to be allotted by drawing. Already some of Hornbeck's followers have entered the forbidden country.

Generally speaking, the proclamation is satisfactory, but quite a number of homesteaders express dissatisfaction over the clause governing the drawing. They say that endless confusion must result in selecting land after homesteaders have secured the lucky numbers.

Four Paroles Granted. DES MOINES, Ia., July 10.-Gover-

nor Shaw has granted paroles as follows: Arthur Moer, from Marshall county, convicted of burglary; Harvey Owens, Davis county, convicted of larceny; William Voshall, Iowa county, larceny, and James O'Brien, Bremer county, assault on a woman.

Jessie Morrison In Prison.

ELDORADO, Kan., July 10.-Jessie and that there are in fact on the Morrison was taken to the penitenyears' sentence for the murder of Manufacturers' association. The high- of \$264,000 against the government for

RUSSIA GIVES ASSENT

Offers to Return to Old Tariff Status With the United States.

In Return Would Give Up Duties Levied | average of 281/4 bushels per acre. on American Goods-Secretary Gage Declines-The Question is Now With

tween the Russian government and the United States relative to the tariff. The Russian minister of finance. M. De Witte, has proposed that Russia will vacate all the additional duties levied on American goods since the imposition of the sugar differential if the United States will vacate its action on the sugar differential. To this Secretary Gage has replied that the offer of the Russian government cannot be accepted, as the question of the sugar differential is now in the hands of the court, thus precluding action by the executive branch. These exchanges, although made nominally by the minister of finance and Secretary Gage, have gone through the medium of the Russian foreign of- pats are below par.

fice and the State department. The proposition of the Russian minister of finance was the direct result of Secretary Hay's note of about two weeks ago. In that note Mr. Hay pointed out that the action taken as to petroleum was not new, nor was it meant to have any connection with the previous action of the government on sugar. This appears to have reconciled the Russian officials in their view that the petroleum order was only another step in the policy previously taken respecting sugar. Accordingly, M. De Witte's response was communicated to Washington, Count Lamsdorf forwarding it to M. DeWollant, the Russian charge here. It is not long, but it is quite to the point. It makes no further reference to the petroleum order. The chief attention is given to sugar and the specific offer is made to vacate immediately the increased duties which Russia has levied, if the United States will vacate its action on sugar. This would amount to re-establishing the status quo which existed before the

relative to Russia. The Russian proposition was duly communicated to Secretary Gage, who has responded promptly that as the sugar question is now before the courts, it is not possible for him to avail himself of the Russian suggestions. Thus the matter stands.

United States took its initial action

NOT A MAN RETURNS TO WORK.

Men on the Reading Road Reject the Offer of the Management.

READING, July 10.-Not a single Philadelphia & Reading striking employe in this city returned to work today. The men have apparently rejected the latest proposition of acting President Welsh.

It is said that at the Sunday morning conference between Mr. Welsh, Vice President Voorhees and the strikers' representatives the railroad officials would give no assurance as to the basis of increase which the men might look for, thus leaving the men in a state of uncertainty.

"That connot be considered at this time," said Mr. Welsh firmly.

The situation at the Reading shops

in this city continues the same. The freight handlers are still out, but the places of many of the men have been filled. The clerks at the freight depot asked for an advance, but received no reply to the request. The salaries range from \$20 to \$25 per month, the latter being for the chiefs. The men work from ten to fifteen hours a day, without extra for over-

TO INCREASE FORT FACILITIES.

Root Coming West to Learn Just What is Needed.

WASHINGTON, J. C. July 10 .- Secretary Root expects to leave this week for a somewhat extended visit to the west, where he will inspect a number of military posts, especially those of Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Fort Riley, Kan., and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., where extensive improvements are to

The government contemplates expending in the neighborhood of a able barracks and other facilities for the accommodation of a large number of soldiers at those places.

Brooms Are to Cost More. CHICAGO, July 10.-Brooms were

EUROPEAN CROP PROSPECTS.

Mark Lane Express Finds English Harvest Short.

LONDON, July 9.- The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly crop review says it is doubtful if the recent rains will effect great "transformation scenes" in the wheat crop of England. It thinks the yield may reach an

The Express considers that the enhanced price and big weekly market in Paris furnishes evidence that the French farmers consider the govern-WASHINGTON, July 10 .- Another ment estimate being quite 10 per cent important exchange has occurred be- too high. The agricultural press puts the yield at 35,000,000 quarters, 4,000,-000 quarters below the government

Spain is reaping a magnificent harest, estimated at 12,500,000 quarters The Italian harvest promises to reach the full average and the Roumanian harvest is estimated at 9,000,000 quarters, leaving 3,000,000 available for

The spring wheat in Russia is less romising. In several provinces the winter wheat crop, however, is splendid, according to the moderate standard prevailing. Their rye will make an excellent harvest. The other autumn-sown crops are all above tha average, but the spring barley and

PLAN TO SETTLE BIG STRIKE.

Steel Combine and Labor Organizations

Practically Agreed. NEW YORK, July 9.-The World says: A plan has been agreed upon which will settle the great steel strike within the next five days. As matters stand all that remains to be done is to hold a final meeting to formally ratify the plan and announce the erms. The program now is to holu that meeting and make that announcement on Wednesday or Thursday of

The main points at issue have been settled and there will be no great steel strike such as was contemplated a week ago. It may be stated that this early settlement is the direct result of J. P. Morgan's efforts. If the conference which is to formally end the strike is held here, it will be at burg at the office of the American Fin Plate company. Representatives of the general board of the United States Steel company, all the subvarious labor bodies in the Amalgamated association were notified on Saturday night of the coming conference and were invited to send representatives.

THESE CANNOT GET LANDS.

Persons Disqualified from Making Homestead Entry in Oklahoma.

WASHINGTON, July 9 .- Commissioner Hermann of the general land office has issued a general order specifying the persons who are disqualified from making homestead entry in the Wichita and Kiowa, Comanche and Apache ceded lands. Those disqualified are as follows:

Any person who has an existing homestead entry, or after June 6, 1900, abandoned or relinquished such entry; a married woman, unless deserted or abandoned by her husband; those not citizens or who have not declared such intention; anyone under 21 years old not the head of a family, unless he served in the army or navy fourteen er more days in actual war; proprietors of over 160 acres of land anywhere; anyone who has perfected title to a homestead of 160 acres by proof of residence and cultivation of five years or under section 2, act of June 15, 1880; anyone whose title acquired and now being acquired by him under the public land laws, in pursuance of entries made since August 30, 1890, with the tract now sought to be entered, will make an aggregate of over 120 zeres of non-mineral land.

Creek Indians Celebrate. MUSKOGEE, L. T., July 9 .- The proclamation of President McKinley. putting the Creek treaty into effect. was received here by Chief Porter and a great demonstration is being made The treaty provides that Indians may sell their lands to white people, and also gives title to town lots. The Creeks have 5,000,000 acres of fertile land, and a great rush of white settelrs is expected. The Creek nation contains the late big oil find at Red million dollars in the erection of suit- Fork. The Muskogee town site commission was re-established and work resumed in accordance with the treaty.

Congress Talks Too Long. WASHINGTON, July 9.-The navy advanced 25 cents a dozen in price department has been advised that the Cramps of Philadelphia have a claim several hundred people at the raillarge part of the 72,000 head on the
Shiped to larket by the allotted time
and the rest moved down to the Kiowa grazing lands, which will not be
thrown open to settlement.

Several hundred people at the railother advance of a similar amount
the battleship Alabama. The delay was
sat approved, but all were brought from Oporto.

Sylvania, the vanderbilts one caused by the controversy in congress
as to the quality of armor. Other
shiped to larket by the allotted time
shiped to larket by the allotted time
and the rest moved down to the Kiowa grazing lands, which will not be
thrown open to settlement.

Sylvania, the Vanderbilts one caused by the controversy in congress
as to the quality of armor. Other
shiped to larket by the allotted time
shiped to larket by the controversy in congress
as to the quality of armor. Other
Spanish, and be printed both in Engshiped to larket by the controversy in congres.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 8. George
for the Vanderbilts
shiped until copies can reach Montanila.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 8. Kennan, the well known traveler
and the Vanderbilt in the bit will be translated into
the broad until copies can reach manila.

ST. PETERSB reasons assigned for the advance. | nois and Wisconsin.

Ambassador White's Only Son Kills Himself at Syracuse, N. Y.

IS DRIVEN TO IT BY ILL HEALTH

Repeated Returns of Nervous Troubles Occasioned by Anelent Attack of Typhoid Fever Make Death Seem Preferable-Great Sorrow Shown.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 9 .- Freder. ick D. White, son of Andrew D. White, United States ambassador to Germany, committed suicide at 5:30 this evening at his home in this city. tion of his act.

Mr. White had appeared to be in usual health during the day and had attended to matters of business in the management of the White estate. He was alone in the house with the servants during part of the afternoon. Mrs. White returned shortly after 5 o'clock and found Mr. White dead in the bathroom. A bullet from a rifle had passed through his brain and death had been instantaneous. No one had heard the shot.

Some eighteen years ago on completing his course at Columbia college, Mr. White had a severe attack of typhiod fever, from which he never recovered. Stomach and intestina? troubles resulted. Later his nervous system became weakened and within a few years neurasthmia developed. About a year ago he suffered a severe attack of the complaint. During the recent hot spell another attack of the disease came on, leaving him in a state of acute nervousness.

Mr. White had been about town during the forenoon and appeared the appearance of the body when found it is supposed that he placed and discharged it with his foot.

Coroner Matthews made an exam mation of the body and it was at first the office of Mr. Morgan; if in Pitts- given out that death was one to cerebral hemorrhage.

The announcement of Mr. White's death was received with great sorrow in this city, where he occupied sidary companies whose interests are a prominent position in social circles. effected, as well as the leaders of the A cablegram announcing his death was sent to Ambassador White at Berlin. As yet no arrangements for the funeral have been made.

Frederick D. White was the only son of Ambassador White. He was born in Ann Arbor, Mich., December 15, 1859. He was educated at Cornell university and also in the University of Berlin, Prussia. He also studied in Columbia law college, New York, from

1882 to 1884. In the latter year he was admitted to the bar at Binghampton, N. Y., and afterwards practiced his profession in this city. Much of his time in later years has been devoted to the management of the property owned by himself and his father.

COMPTROLLER REFUNDS DUTY.

Recent Decision of the Supreme Court Returns a Large Sum.

WASHINGTON, July 9 .-- Mr. Trace well, the comptroller of the treasury. has decided that the secretary of the treasury has authority under the law to refund to Lascelles & Co. of New York the duties paid by them on sugar imported from Porto Rico between the date the treaty of Paris took effect and the approval of the Foraker act. The duties so paid amounted to over \$470,-000. This decision is based upon the recent insular decisions of the supreme court. Other claims are on file for refunds amounting to about \$1,500,000.

Glacier Bay a Mass of Ice. PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., July 9 .-The excursion steamer Queen has arrived from the north. Her officers report Glacier bay one mass of ice and that no nearer than fourteen miles of Muir glacier can be reached, an ice jam from thirty to forty feet high extending clear across the bay. The ice floes in the channels are greater than

ever known before.

Councillor Bodel "Pinched." LEIPSIC, July 9 .- Town Counciller Bodel, president of the board of supervisors of the Leipsiger bank, and who was absent in the United States when the bank failed, arrived here from New York. He was at once arrested by the public prosecutor.

Philippine Tariff Approved. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9 .- The new Philippine customs tariff, upon which the insular division of the war

TO BRAND DAIRY GOODS.

Uncle Sam Will Inspect Butter and Sim-Har Products for Expert.

WASHINGTON, July 8 .- The agricultural appropriation act for the curdent fiscal year authorizes the secretary of agriculture in his discretion to apply the law for the inspection and branding of live cattle and products to dairy products intended for exportation, the purpose being to enable American exporters of dairy products to give foreign buyers the assurance of certification by the government of the United States of the purity, quality and grade of dairy products.

Secretary Wilson has decided to exercise the authority conferred on him by establishing in the customs districts of Boston, New York, Chicago and San Prolonged ill-health and a persistent Francisco a system of inspection of and exhausting nervous disease 18 dairy products and have experts in given as the only possible explana- those departments gather information by means of which regulations may be

A beginning will be made in a small way, with a view of bringing about a practical and honest system by which all parties may be properly protected. It is stated at the department that it is probable that at an early date the owners or shippers of products for export may, upon application, have the goods marked and certified as to purity and quality, provided they are above the minimum grade.

ELECTORAL LAW FOR CUBA.

Constitutional Convention Considers It Idle to Draft Ideas.

HAVANA, July 8.-The Cuban constitutional convention has not arrived at an understanding regarding the electoral law. Several meetings were held last week, but little interest was manifested in the proceedings, many of the delegates being absent. The conservatives are hopeless with respect to the rescinding of the universal suffrage clause and are endeavoring to secure a plural vote for property holdbright and hopeful and it is believed ers and for professional and business he did not premediate suicide. From men. In this they are strongly opposed by the radicals.

An objection has recently been the barrel of the rifle in his mouth raised against drawing up the electoral law until the United States government has approved the constitution, the argument being that it would be useless to draft laws based on the constitution if Washington is going to make changes in this instrument.

ATTENDANCE STILL TOO SMALL.

Unless It Increases Buffalo Exposition

Will Not Pay. BUFFALO, N. Y., July 8 .- The total attendance to date at the Pan-American exposition is 1,719,768 The exposition attendance began on May 20. but at that time many features were incomplete and the people remained away. The average daily attendance for June, including five Sundays, was over 31,000. The excessively hot weather during the last two weeks has had a deterrent influence on the attendance, notwithstanding Buffalo is rated as "the coolest city" by several degrees on account of the breezes from Lake Erie. It is believed that July and August will easily bring the total to above 5,000,000, and it will remain for September and October to bring the remainder of 10,000,000, at which

the status of guesses is set. BOERS ACCUSED OF ATROCITY.

Said to Have Put Wounded to Death it

Battle. LONDON, July 8 .- The Daily Mail gives sensational prominence to mail advices from Vlakfontein, which attribute to the Boers inhuman atrocities that the censor would not allow to be described by cable, "A couple of Boers," says the

Daily Mail's correspondent, "who were armed with Martinis, walked around It is estimated that a profitable feedamong the dead and dying. Some they turned over to see if they were dead. If it were otherwise then one or the other of the Boers shot them as you would an ox. I saw four killed in this way. One youngster pleaded for his life. I heard him say: "O, Christ, don't,' and then bang went the rifle."

Indians Will Try to Stop It.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 8 .- A spe cial to the Times from Oklahoma City, O. T., says:

An injunction suit will be brought before Judge Irwin at El Reno in a few days for an order restraining the register of the land office here, the receiver, the surveyors and all other persons from proceeding with the opening of the lands of the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indians according to the proclamation of the president and the act of congress under which he proceeded.

No Plague in Rio Janeiro. RIO JANEIRO, July 8.—There is no

OPEN TO SETTLEMENT

President McKinley Proclaims Date of the Oklahoma Rush.

SIXTH OF AUGUST WILL BE THE DAY

Registration of Applicants to Begin the Tenth of July-Sixteen Days for Filing of the Names-Each Applicant Will Have an Equal Show.

WASHINGTON, July 8 .- The proclamation of President McKinley, opening to settlement the lands ceded by Indians in the territory of Oklahoma, was given to the public yesterday. The proclamation covers the cessions made by the Wichitas and affiliated bands of Indians in accordance with the act of March 2, 1895, and those made by the Comanche, Klowa and Apache tribes in pursuance of the act

The proclamation provides for the opening of the lands in these reservations which are not reserved at 9 o'clock a. m., on the 6th of August next, the lands to be open to settlement under the homestead and townsite laws of the United States.

The proclamation says that beginning on the 10th inst. and ending on the 26th those who wish to make entry of land under the homestead law shall be registered. The registration will take place at the land offices at Reno and Lawton. The registration at each office will be for both land districts.

To obtain registration the applicant will be required to show himself duly qualified to make homestead entry of these lands under existing laws and to give the registering officer such appropriate matters of description and identity as will protect the applicant and the government against any at-

Registration cannot be effected through the use of the mails or the employment of an agent, excepting that honorably discharged soldiers and sailors may present their applications through an agent, no agent being allowed to represent more than one soldier. No person will be allowed to register more than once. After being registered the applicant will be given certificates, allowing them to go upon the ceded lands and examine them in order to aid them in making an intelligent selection.

It is explicitly stated that "no one will be permitted to make settlement upon any of the lands in advance of the opening provided for," and the statement is added that "during the first sixty days following said opening no one but registered applicants will be permitted to make homestead settlement upon any of said lands, and then only in pursuance of a homestead entry duly allowed by the local land officers or of a soldier's declaratory statement duly accepted by such officers."

The order of the applications is to be determined by drawing, the plan for which is fully described.

OLD FETTERMAN CANAL.

Cheyenne Capitalists Propose to Repair and Extend Ditch.

DOUGLAS, Wyo., July 8 .- Governor De Forest Richards and Dr. J. M. Wilson, who are interested in having the old Fetterman canal placed in operation, paid a visit to the canal. After making a careful investigation they say they believe \$10,000 will make the needed extension and repairs and place

the canal in working order. Upwards of 5,000 acres of fertile land lie under the canal, and it is proposed to seed the tract to alfalfa and feed the lambs raised in this section. ing business can be established and steps will be taken at once looking to the completion of the canal, Local capital is back of the proposition.

JAMES E. YEATMAN DEAD.

84. Louis Philanthropist Breathes His Lust.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 8 .- James E. Yeatman, the well known philanthropist and one of the most respected citizens of St. Louis, died yesterday, aged 84, from the effects of uraemia, for which he was operated on nearly two

weeks ago. James E, Yeatman was born Anugst 27, 1818, in Belford county, Tenn., and came to this city in 1842. For severat years he was in the iron business, but in 1850 entered the commission business. That same year he founded the Merchants bank, which afterwards became the Merchants National bank.

Coal Transporters Combine.

PHILADELPHIA, July 8 .- The foundation for the rumor circulated North American today will publish a in the United States that a bubonic story to the effect that the entire department has been working for plague scare exists in this city. Four coal transportation east of the Misburg, after a short stay in Finland | control the entire anthracite output.