

AS TOLD IN A LINE

A BOILING DOWN OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

MENTIONED IN SMALL SPACE

The Busy Reader Can Absorb in a Few Moments a Good Deal of Information.

Congress.

Thirteen new United States senators have been elected and seven re-elected. The deadlock in Illinois continues. Five ballots have been taken and Speaker Shurtzoff and Frank O. Lowder are looming up as possibilities.

Senator Ganhie has secured a favorable report from the committee on public lands of the senate on the Le Beau land district bill. It was reported without amendment and provides for the location of land office at Le Beau.

Senator Brown of Nebraska has accepted an invitation to address the tariff commission convention at Indianapolis, February 15.

A statehood bill granting the territories of Arizona and New Mexico separate statehood has been introduced in the house.

The senate voted to place the salary of the president at \$100,000 per year.

The house passed the pension bill, which carries \$160,569,000 and abolishes all pension agencies but one.

An increase of nearly \$10,000,000 is asked for in the estimates of the war department for the fortifications appropriation. Of this amount \$3,000,000 is wanted for fortifications in the Philippine Islands, and the estimates for armament of fortifications is increased from \$2,000,000 last year to over \$4,000,000 this year.

Nebraska senators help out congressmen, and as a result of joint labors, Genoa, Neb., is likely to retain its Indian school. Gregory, S. D., gets a land office.

Secretary Garfield in a letter to senate and house, said that public lands to the value of \$110,000,000 had been fraudulently acquired by corporations and individuals within the last two years.

Bitter invective against President Roosevelt by Willett of New York was stopped by a vote of the house of representatives.

The senate voted to increase the salary of the speaker to \$15,000 a year.

Hearing on the Burkett bill to prohibit the use of telegraph lines in interstate gambling will be had before the senate judiciary committee this week. The senator expects to get the bill through.

No change in the form of government of the isthmian canal zone is to be recommended to congress at this session by the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce.

Congressman Pollard has received endorsements for his forestry bill from the officers of the American forestry association and other organizations aiming to promote forest preservation and reforestation. The bill was introduced last session.

President Roosevelt sent a special message to the house, vetoing the bill to permit the construction of a dam across the James river in Missouri.

The matter of increasing the president's salary to \$100,000 a year was discussed in the senate without definite action.

General.

James J. Hill, who has returned from a tour of the northwest, says the commercial situation looks healthy.

President Gilmore of the Model License league in session at Louisville declares the people want reformed saloon and no prohibition.

Bill for submission of a suffrage amendment passed the Dakota senate. Its advocates are confident it will go through the house.

Plans for an independent long distance telephone line from Boston to Omaha and Lincoln were discussed at a meeting in Boston.

The death list in the Chicago crib fire is now sixty-six and fears are entertained it may be too.

"Keep the child out of the factory," was the consensus of sentiment at the opening of the fifth annual national child labor conference in Chicago.

Governor Gillett of California said there was to be no legislation against the Japanese so far as he could see at this session of the legislature.

Representative Pollard of Nebraska believes there is no chance to change the rules of the house this session.

Prof. Abbott Lawrence Lowell has been confirmed as president of Harvard university.

General O. O. Howard, treasurer of the Lincoln Centennial Memorial university endowment fund, announces that generous subscriptions are being made.

Nebraska purchasers of Oklahoma lands have been served with summons to defend their title in a suit brought by the government in behalf of the Indians.

General Jose Miguel Gomez was officially proclaimed president-elect of Cuba.

An attack is made on Governor Sheldon of Nebraska for having used up the funds for the biennium before its close, leaving the incoming Governor Shallenberger of Nebraska proclaims the adoption of the judicial amendment and names Sullivan, Holcomb, Root and Fawcett as supreme judges.

Union labor leaders assert that 100 factories, employing 15,000 men, are tied up by the strike of the hatters.

Thornton Hains, charged with aiding his brother, Captain Hains to kill W. E. Annis was declared not guilty by the jury after twenty-two hours' consultation.

Governor Haskell of Oklahoma, caused the arrest of an agent of W. E. Hearst and seized evidence collected to use in the libel suit filed by the governor.

The house committee on foreign affairs wants information on expenditures from Assistant Secretary Bacon.

Receipts of the forest service amount to nearly half the sum expended for administration and improvements.

Ten persons were killed in a wreck on the Denver & Rio Grande.

Judge Taft in an address to the negro Young Men's Christian association of Augusta discussed the Christian uplift and the era of religious tolerance that has developed in recent years.

Police officers and officers from four cities attended the funeral of Patrolman Lafayette Smith of Omaha, shot by an outlaw in the performance of his duty.

Ashland, Neb., solves the tramp problem by escorting them out of town and refusing to furnish grub.

A statement from Denver says General Superintendent W. L. Park is to become head of the operative department of all Harriman lines, with headquarters in Chicago.

Edwin Root was nominated for senator at a New York republican caucus.

At Denver John C. Beatty, aged 65, of New York, said to be a wealthy land owner was found dead in a bath tub in which hot water was running.

Many deaths have marked the emigration of Richardson (Neb.) county people who emigrated to Canada. It is a great country for pneumonia harvest.

Washington.

Date for filing on Rosebud lands has been postponed to April 1 for low numbers and September 8, for all above 4,000.

The president conferred with California congressmen regarding anti-Japanese legislation. He says the matter is the most important public question now pending.

The labor leaders sentenced for contempt of court say they will not ask for clemency, as a pardon would make it necessary to fight the case over again from the beginning.

The compulsory retirement of medical officers of the rank of major in the army is provided for by a bill passed by the senate. Such officers, when found deficient upon examination for promotion for causes not originating in the service, are to be retired without increased rank, according to the terms of the bill.

The Iowa delegation in congress forwarded to William H. Taft at Augusta a strong and sweeping endorsement of Secretary James Wilson and asked that he be continued at the head of the Department of Agriculture.

The senate adopted Representative Dawson's resolution authorizing the postmaster general to design and issue a special postage stamp in connection with the 100th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln.

The president will nominate John C. O'Laughlin of this city, now secretary of the Tokio Exposition commission, as a prominent newspaper and magazine writer, to be assistant secretary of state.

President Roosevelt in one day made a trip ninety-eight miles on horseback to demonstrate that physical tests prescribed for army officers are not unreasonable.

Senator Burkett's bill to allow the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri valley railroad permission to change its course was refused.

Senator Prrazier of Tennessee said that the negroes in the Brownsville affair did not deserve reinstatement.

The senate committee on agriculture authorized a favorable report on the McCumber bill providing for the inspection and grading of grains. Under this bill national inspection and grading of grains is provided for and the Department of Agriculture is authorized to fix definite grades.

Personal.

A carload of seventy-five babies was distributed in New Orleans, coming from the New York Foundling and Orphan asylum.

The twenty-sixth victim of the Rio Grande railroad collision is dead.

Senator Bacon declares in favor of a bill providing for right of senate to demand papers of any department.

President Roosevelt wants to prevent the California legislature passing an adverse Japanese bill.

Richmond county, Georgia, proclaimed President-elect Taft as one of its citizens because he was living there when he was formally elected president.

Herbert Eric has been elected president of the Wisconsin Central railway.

George E. Chamberlain (dem) has been chosen United States senator from Oregon.

Judge Anderson is to preside at the trial of the Standard Oil case.

WORK IN THE HOUSE

LARGE SUM OF MONEY VOTED FOR THE NAVY.

AMOUNT IS \$135,000,000

An Appropriation that Calls for Two New Battleships and Five Torpedo Boat Destroyers.

Washington—Exactly as reported by the committee the naval program for the fiscal year 1910 was adopted by the house of representatives and the naval appropriation bill was passed. The opponents of the navy increase feature of the bill found themselves in a hopeless minority. The only vital alteration made in the measure was the striking out of the provision restoring marines to naval vessels. The aggregate amount appropriated by the bill is \$135,000,000.

As has been the case in the past, the increase in the naval estimate gave rise to extended and heated debate, in which members were afforded an opportunity to air their views of the Japanese question. The peace advocates were much in evidence in opposition to such increase, while the adherents of the proposition were alive at all times to every move made to cut down the number of vessels authorized.

Speaking in support of an amendment by Mr. Finley (S. C.) striking out the battleship provision, Mr. Bartold (Mo.) declared that if there ever was a time when such an appropriation was unwise and unnecessary it was now. "It is unnecessary," he said, "because we are at peace with all the world and what is more, we have wisely managed to safeguard our peace as it has never been safeguarded before."

He would have congress provide for the necessities of the peaceful development of the country. "There is," he declared, "something besides the big stick which secured our national peace."

The Finley amendment was rejected. By a vote of 108 to 158 the house sustained the committee provision of the bill calling for two battleships.

The house overwhelmingly refused to strike out the provision for five torpedo boat destroyers.

Mr. Waldo (N. Y.) advocated and Mr. Hardy (Tex.) opposed naval increase. Chairman Lawrence of the appropriations committee attacked the proposition for increase and supported the Finley amendment, because, he said, he did not believe it necessary at this time to add two of the greatest battleships simply to excel other nations.

Mr. Tawney spoke of the Japanese situation. "I am getting somewhat tired," he said, amid loud applause, "of those annually recurring wars with Japan which occur simultaneously with the consideration of the naval appropriation bill."

"During every week of the year," said Mr. Tawney, "we hear much about our peaceful relation with that or other countries, but when we come to consider the naval appropriation bill the newspapers immediately are filled with predictions of what is going to happen."

Letter Operated Upon.

Chicago, Ill.—Joseph Letter, well known in New York and Chicago social and business circles, and whose attempt to corner the wheat market some years ago caused a sensation, was operated upon for appendicitis.

A Grave Problem.

Rome—Italy is confronted with a grave problem, the caring for the 200,000 persons made homeless by the earthquake of last month in Sicily and Calabria, and who have dispersed not only to the interior of their native provinces, but have gone in great numbers to Naples and other of the large cities of the country.

MRS. LEAVITT ASKS DIVORCE

Daughter of W. J. Bryan Files Suit at Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb.—Ruth Bryan-Leavitt, daughter of W. J. Bryan, has filed suit for divorce from William H. Leavitt. The petition was immediately withdrawn. T. S. Allen, brother-in-law of Mr. Bryan, is the attorney for the plaintiff. Leavitt is now in Paris. Service will be secured by publication.

Shahan Head of a University.

Washington—Rev. Thomas J. Shahan of Hartford, Conn. It is stated in well informed circles, has been selected to succeed Bishop Dennis J. O'Connell as rector of the Catholic university of America.

Receiver of Nebraska Central.

Omaha—Judge Dickinson has been appointed receiver of the above road.

New Airship for Zeppelin.

Friedrichshafen.—Count Zeppelin is building another airship which will bear the name of Zeppelin III, and which he expects to be finished by the end of March. He is also constructing a floating tent for housing the new airship. The count has introduced a new method for discharging gas from balloons. Heretofore the gas has been discharged within the clear shaped covering, but with the new slip-tubes will reach upward, discharging it into the open air, thus eliminating danger from explosion.

THE CHILD'S SAVING INSTITUTE.

Engaged in the Noble Mission of Protecting and Saving Destitute and Helpless Children.

The chief object of the work of the Child Saving Institute is to save and protect destitute and helpless children. For the most part it is supported by the free gifts of philanthropic men and women of Omaha. Such an institute could not long survive in a small community where the people are as a rule unable to make large contributions. Experience shows that charitable organizations of the magnitude and effectiveness of the Child Saving Institute can subsist only in large population centers, where, of course, there is the greatest need of its kind offices. In the absence of such organization in the small towns dependent children must be taken into the homes of benevolent men and women who thus assume the burden for the community and in some cases these good people can ill afford to do so. In every town and village there are examples of this work of humanity, so that everybody has come to know and to realize the absolute necessity for providing some systematic means of caring for unfortunate children. This is why well-to-do people in the country towns express a willingness to contribute to the support of the Child Saving Institute which has from its origin received destitute children from many places outside of Omaha. In every case of this kind the Institute not only relieves the local community of the burden of caring for such children, but it brought to the relief of the children a systematic, efficient means of protection and care as the result of much study and experience—an equipment impossible to a small town.

The officers of the Institute do not stop to inquire whether the people of any community have done their full duty by the dependent children recommended for admission to the institute; they are taken in and given the best possible care, and later placed into good homes in this or some other community. It is purely a work of humanity, deserving of the sympathy and support of every man and woman in the west. The board of trustees make an appeal to benevolent-minded men in the towns and villages of Nebraska for contributions in support of the Institute and to help erect a new building now contemplated and which is a necessity to the increasing demands of the work.

The Johnson County Board of Commissioners estimates the expenses of conducting the affairs of the county for the coming year to amount to \$66,340.

Edward Vernon, foreman of the Burlington car repair gang, was killed at Wymore. He was working under a car, when a switch engine pushed three cars over him.

The school of agriculture and domestic science ended a most successful week at Broken Bow, between 200 and 300 farmer students having enrolled and taken advantage of the fine lectures and practical demonstrations.

George Williams, a Nebraska convict who broke his parole and left the state with almost a year yet to serve of a five-year sentence, has been arrested in Minnesota. He will be brought back to Nebraska.

F. S. West of Wood River has just returned from Europe, bringing with him twenty head of Belgian and Percheron stallions and mares. He sold three head of them at New York and a stallion in Chicago.

The gasoline motor car which carries the passengers between St. Paul and Loup City over the Union Pacific had its share of trouble during the cold weather. At times it refused to go until hauled by a locomotive.

George Uden living north of Juniata, sustained a severe fire loss. A large \$2,000 barn, eighteen head of horses, 500 bushels of corn, many tons of hay, harness, etc., were totally consumed.

James Summers of DeWitt has begun suit against Gage county for \$155 damages resulting from the loss of one of his horses last spring, which stepped through a hole in a bridge, sustaining injuries which made it necessary to kill it.

The Tecumseh school board has just paid off \$1,000 more of its bonded indebtedness on account of the new high school building. The building was erected four years ago at a cost of \$16,000, and of this amount \$7,000 has already been paid.

The Dodge County poor farm is not only self-sustaining but last year, in addition to keeping an average number of twelve inmates, it actually cleared \$498.98 over cost of fuel supplies, salaries and clothing, improvements, etc.

The dwelling on the Hanson and Oleson farm, about six miles north of Neligh, was burned to the ground with all the contents. The tenant, Mr. Kissell, lost all of his household goods. The dwelling was insured for \$600.

The new school building at Leigh, has been thrown open for occupancy. It consists of eight large rooms besides several smaller ones, and is heated by steam heat. The building stands second to none in the state in towns the size of Leigh.

Word was received in Beatrice that B. L. Colby, a young man well known in that city, is in jail at El Paso, Tex., charged with robbing a restaurant of \$100 worth of jewelry and clothing. His father, General L. W. Colby, went to his assistance.

John P. Thacker was shot and probably fatally wounded by John Clarence, Clarence, who is about twenty-three years old, came into Plattsmouth and gave himself up to the sheriff and is now confined in the county jail. The trouble was the outcome of an old feud. Both men reside about six miles from Plattsmouth.

Tramps are given lodging by Ashland authorities, but after that, they are not allowed to beg, but are paroled to town and told to hike for pastures more green.

Edward Stokes, a farmer, whose residence is nine miles north of Alameda, was in town with a four-horse team, and at 5 o'clock p. m. he was last seen un hitching his team to start home. At 9 Sunday morning he was found in Sisson's pasture at the bottom of a deep gulch, with the wagon bed across his neck. His neck was broken. He leaves a wife and seven children.

Chicago.—The wool and fur warehouse of Silberman Brothers, Michigan street and LaSalle avenue, was burned today. The firm declared that the contents, including 2,500,000 pounds of wool were worth several thousand dollars.

Iroquois Theater Cases.

Chicago.—It was made public here that after five years of litigation settlements had been made in the cases of thirty of the deaths caused by the Iroquois theater fire. It is stated that \$750 a case is to be paid by one of the firms responsible for the fire in the theater, prosecutions against the company in these cases having been withdrawn from court. In one instance a man who lost his wife and three children in the fire, received \$750 for each death. Many other suits against firms are still pending.

Mr. Bryan Will not Attend.

Tampa, Fla.—Word was received from W. J. Bryan, that he would not attend the inauguration of President Gomez in Cuba, but instead would extend his visit in Tampa until that time.

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NEBRASKA NEWS NOTES

Agricultural, Social, Religious, Political and Other Matters of Interest

The Midwest Life of Lincoln has insurance in force amount to \$1,452,000. Its officers are: N. Z. Snell, president; Dr. B. B. Davis, Omaha, vice president; A. J. Sawyer, secretary; H. S. Freeman, treasurer; Dr. M. H. Everett, medical director; C. R. Easterday, actuary, and J. H. Mockett, Jr., superintendent of agents. The Midwest Life issues all the standard forms of insurance. Local agents wanted in every town in Nebraska. Home office, 1007 "O" street, Lincoln Nebraska.

The 100th anniversary of Abraham Lincoln's birth will be appropriately celebrated at Minden.

The Nebraska hen laid 1,200,000,000 eggs in 1908, worth \$18,000,000 and then some.

Catholics of St. Paul are making arrangements for building a new church.

The general store of M. W. Duncan at Unadilla, was robbed of all the jewelry therein, amounting to something like \$200.

While serving oysters in his restaurant, Jesse Perry of Plattsmouth, found a pearl for which he was offered \$14.

Fire destroyed the large two-story house of Frank Triba, a farmer residing five miles east of Silver Creek. It was caused by a defective flue.

Stockholders of the Farmers' Elevator company at Sterling received a dividend of 25 per cent on their stock for the year 1908.

The McCook Commercial club has appropriated \$100 to build a piece of experimental road, as an object lesson, and to stimulate better and more scientific road building.

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COULD NOT SHAKE IT OFF.

Kidney Trouble Contracted by Thousands in the Civil War.

James W. Clay, 666 W. Fayette St., Baltimore, Md., says: "I was troubled with kidney complaint from the time of the Civil war. There was constant pain in the back and head and the kidney secretions were painful and showed a sediment. The first remedy to help me was Doan's Kidney Pills. Three boxes made a complete cure and during five years past I have had no return of the trouble."

Sold by all dealers. 50c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NO TEMPTATION.

Wag (referring to Miss Oldbird)—Um, I should think it would be more suitable if she were standing under "elderberries" instead of mistletoe-berries.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Teacher's Orders. "Here, ma!" requested the boy, hurrying in from school before time; "hang my jacket up behind the stove." "Is it wet?" "No; but teacher sent me home to tell you to warm my jacket for me!"—Judge.

A Giveaway. "I tell you my wife is hard to beat!" "I thought you told me that you got that black eye spitting wood?"—Houston Post.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Piles, Hemorrhoids, or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

The average woman is fond of pets but her husband is not in that class.

MR. WILLIAM A. PRESSER.

MR. WILLIAM A. PRESSER, 1722 Third Ave., Moline, Ill., writes: "I have been suffering from catarrh in the head for the past two months and tried innumerable so-called remedies without avail. No one knows how I have suffered not only from the disease itself, but from mortification when in company of friends or strangers."

"I have used two bottles of your medicine for a short time only, and it effected a complete medical cure, and what is better yet, the disease has not returned."

"I can most emphatically recommend Peruna to all sufferers from this disease."

Read This Experience. Mr. A. Thompson, Box 65, R. R. 1, Martel, Ohio, writes: "When I began your treatment my eyes were inflamed, *Joese* was *scopped* up half of the time, and was sore and scabby. I could not rest at night on account of continual *hawking and spitting*."

"I had tried several remedies and was about to give up, but thought I would try Peruna."

"After I